

Supplementary Materials

Inhibition of Glucose Uptake Blocks Proliferation but Not Cytotoxic Activity of NK Cells

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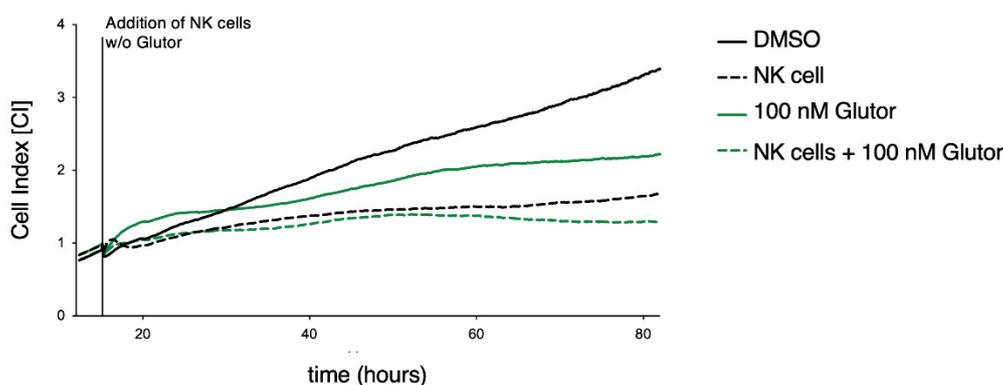


Figure S1. Impedance-based analysis of MCF7 cells. Representative graph of the impedance-based analysis of MCF7 cells in the presence or absence of 0.185×10^4 NK cells, 100 nM Glutor or 0.185×10^4 NK cells + 100 nM Glutor.

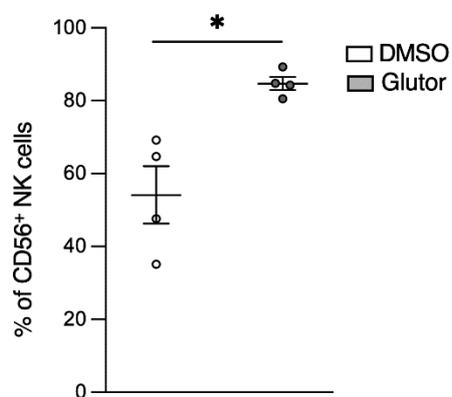


Figure S2. Enhanced GLUT-1 expression on NK cells after long-term treatment with Glutor. Expression level of GLUT-1 was analyzed on day 21 of long-term treated NK cells (100 nM Glutor or 0.1% DMSO). n=4. Data were pooled from two independent experiments each experiment was performed with two donors. Statistics: paired t-test. Statistics: paired t-test. significant differences are indicated by asterisk * $P \leq 0.05$, ** $P \leq 0.01$, *** $P \leq 0.001$, **** $P \leq 0.0001$.

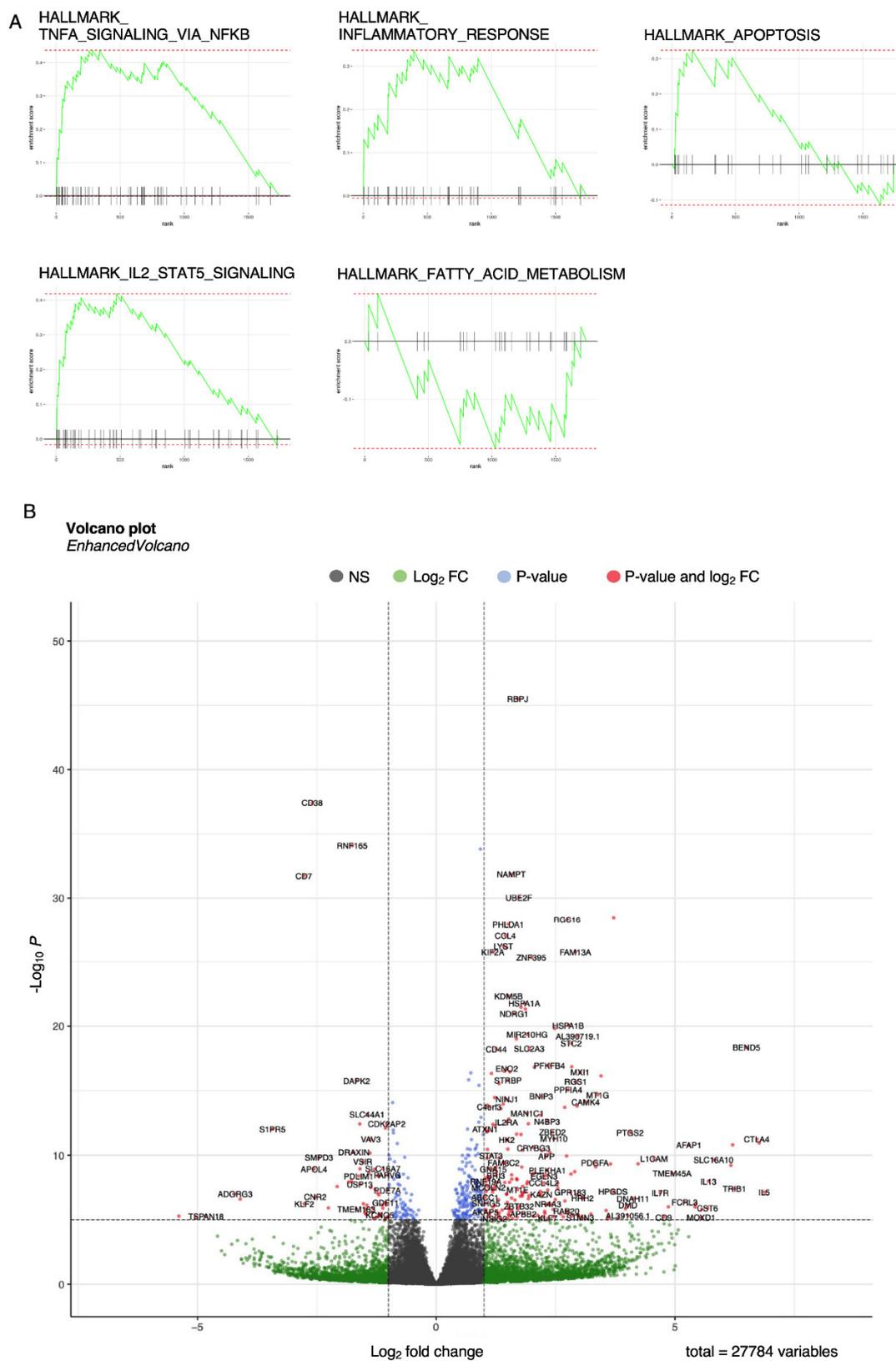


Figure S3. RNA sequencing results. A) GSEA of long-term treated NK cells. Hallmark apoptosis, hallmark fatty acid metabolism, hallmark inflammatory response, hallmark Il2 STAT5 signaling, hallmark TNF- α signaling via Nfkb n=6. B) Volcano plot displaying differences in relative gene expression after long-term treatment with Glut. Plot represents the $-\log_{10}$ of the p-value against log₂ fold change. Grey dots: non-significant; green dots: log₂ fold change significant; blue dots: p-value significant; red dots: p-value and log₂ fold change significant. n=6

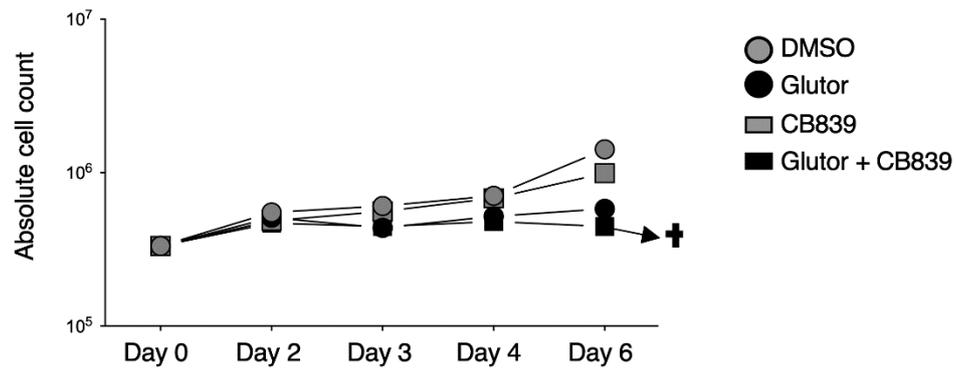


Figure S4. Inhibition of Glutaminase and glucose transporters results in cell death of NK cells. Proliferation of Glutor-treated (100 nM), Glutaminase inhibitor (CB839)-treated (0,5 μ M) or CB839 + Glutor-treated NK cells in comparison to control (DMSO)-treated NK cells. Absolute cell count was calculated at indicated time points. $n=4$. At day 6 no living cells could be recovered from the Glutor+CB839 treated sample (indicated by †). Data were pooled from three independent experiments each experiment was performed with one or two donors.