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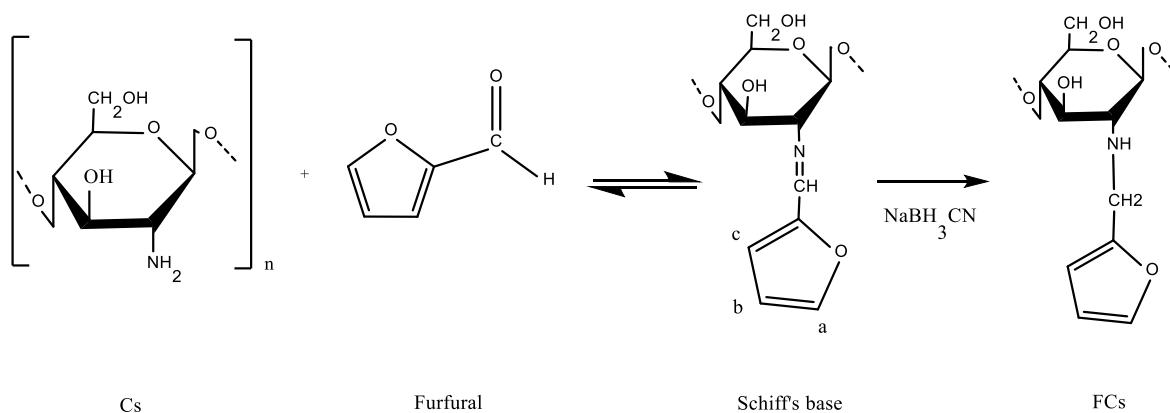
Chitosan Hydrogels Based on the Diels–Alder Click Reaction: Rheological and Kinetic Study

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Scheme S 1. Synthesis of *N*-furfuryl chitosan.

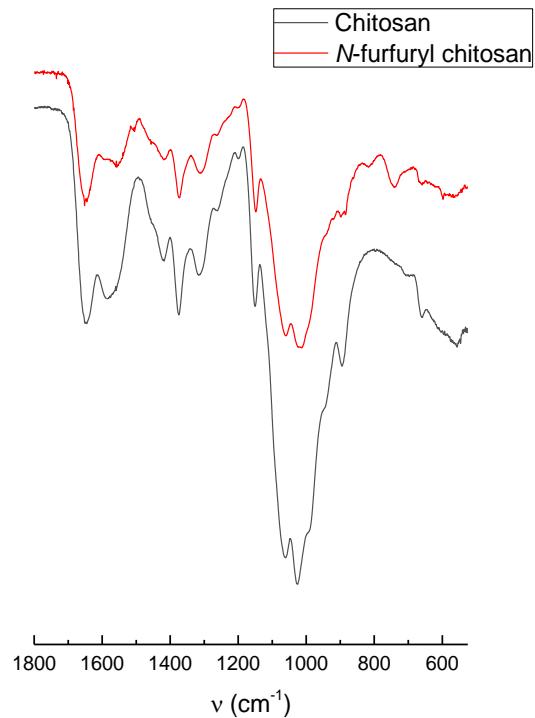


Figure S1. FT-IR spectra of chitosan and N-furfuryl chitosan.

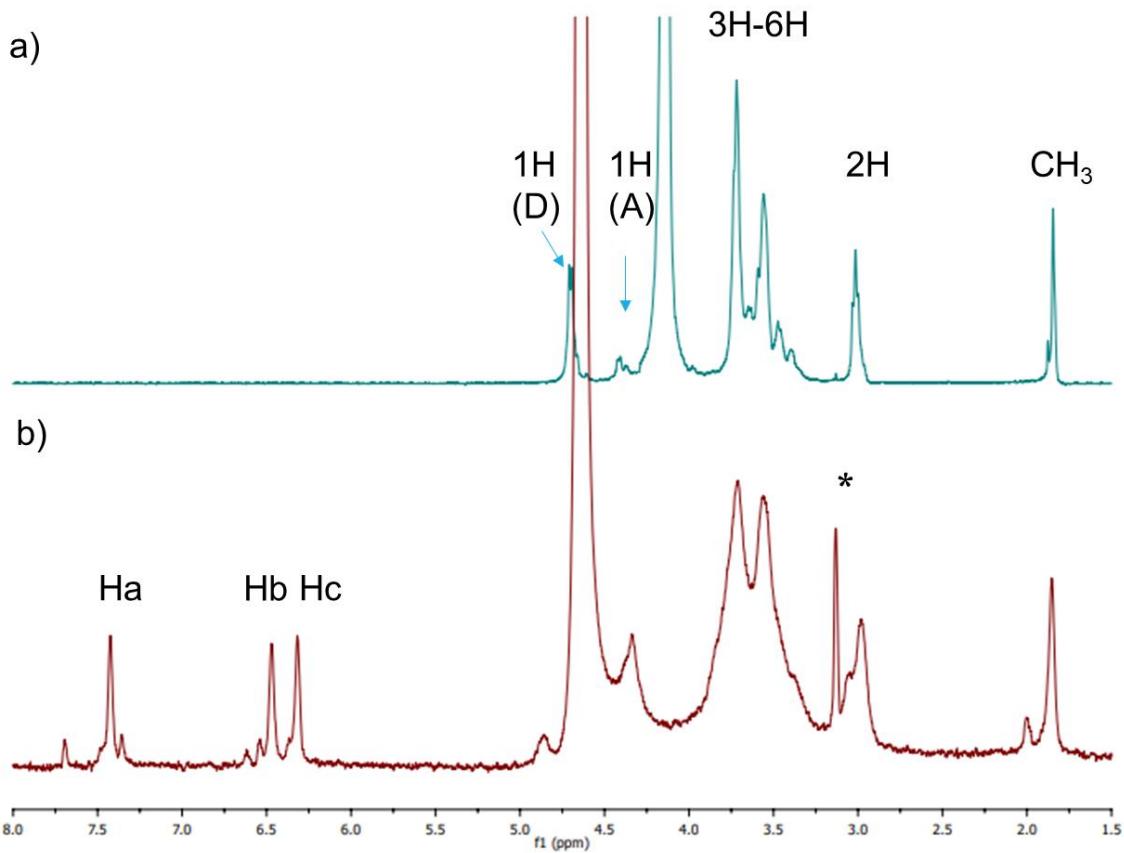
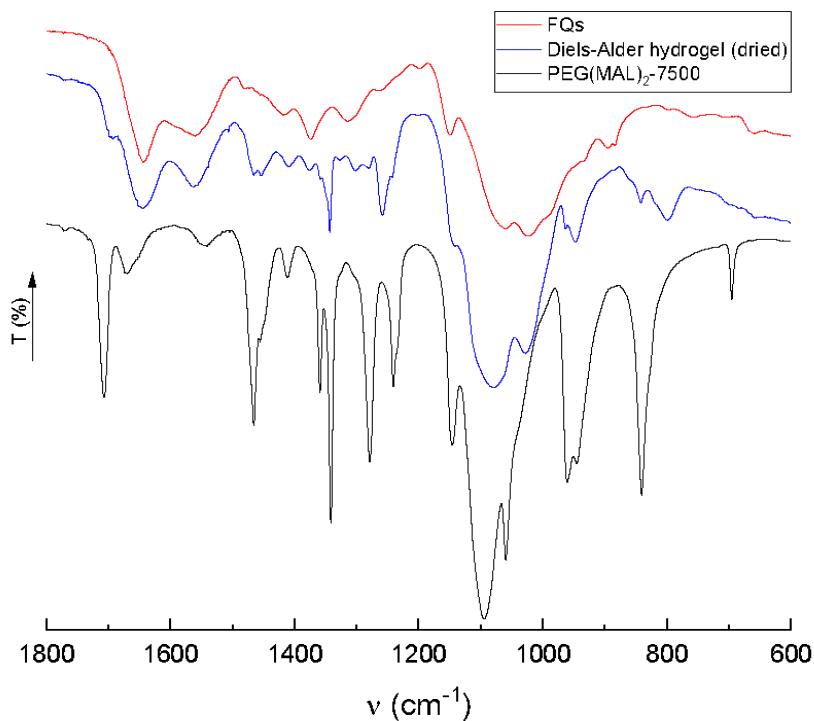
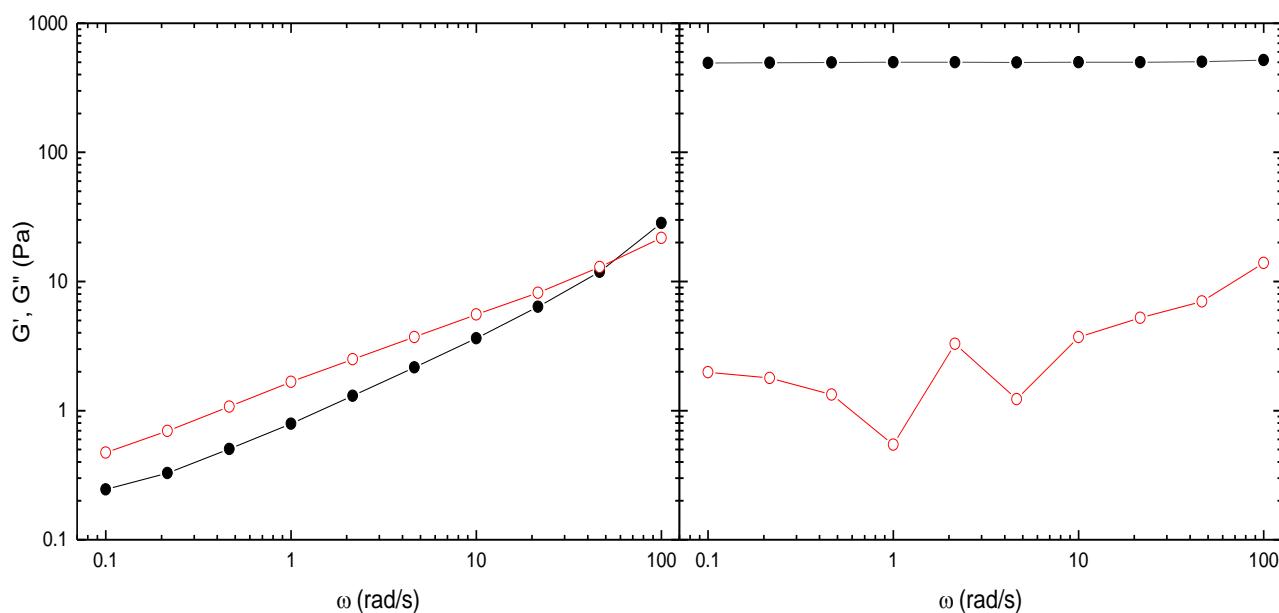


Figure S2. ^1H NMR spectra of (a) chitosan and (b) *N*-furfuryl chitosan.**Figure S3.** FTIR spectra of the *N*-furfuryl chitosan, PEG-bismaleimide and Diels–Alder cycloadduct.**Figure S4.** Mechanical spectra at 25 °C of the system of *N*-(furfuryl)-chitosan (1 %-*w/w*) and PEG(mal)₂-7500 with R = 0.25 in 2% acetic acid a) before gelation and b) after gelation at 50 °C. G' , closed symbols, and G'' , open symbols.

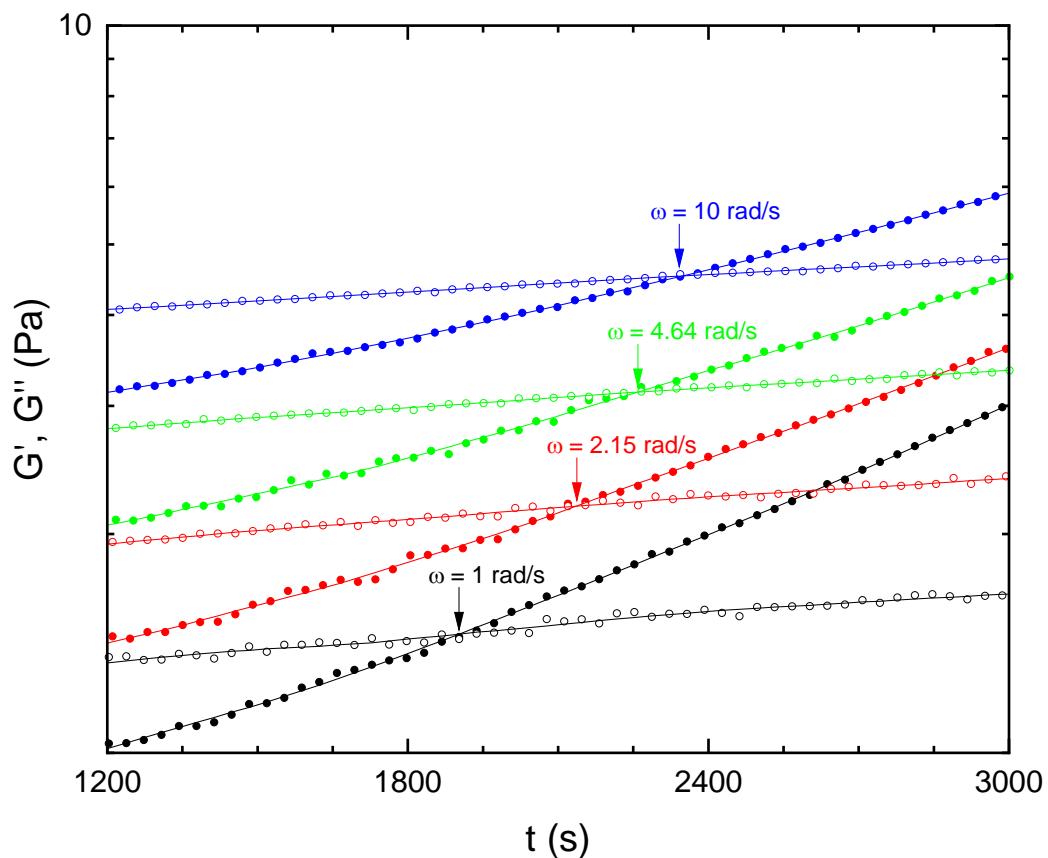


Figure S5. Storage and loss moduli as a function of the reaction time of the gelation process at 50 °C. N-furfuryl chitosan (21% degree of substitution) and PEG(mal) 2 -7500 dissolved in 2% acetic acid. Curves at different frequencies as marked in the graph. The frequency-dependence of moduli crossover point is obvious. Polymer concentration: 1 wt.%, $R = 0.25$.