

Micropatterned Poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene) Thin films with Improved Color-switching Rates and Coloration Efficiency

Cheng-Lan Lin^{a,b,*}, Tzung-Lin Cheng^a, Nian-Jheng Wu^c

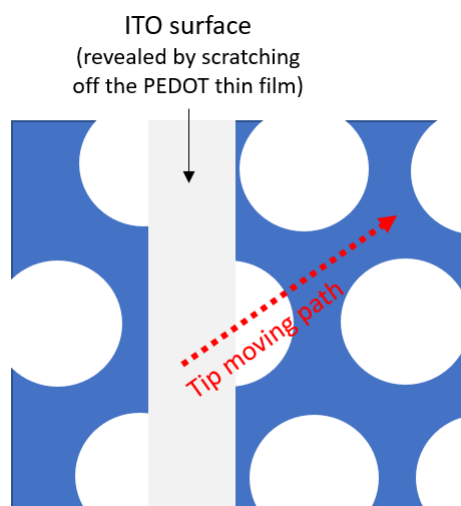
^a Department of Chemical and Materials Engineering, Tamkang University, New Taipei City, Taiwan

^b Water Treatment Science and Technology Research Center, Tamkang University, New Taipei City, Taiwan

^c Institut des Sciences Moléculaires d'Orsay, Université Paris-Saclay, CNRS, Orsay, France

*Corresponding author. Department of Chemical and Materials Engineering, Tamkang University, New Taipei City 25137, Taiwan. Tel.: + 886 2 26215656 ext. 2723; E-mail address: cllin@mail.tku.edu.tw; cllintw@gmail.com.

Supporting Information



Scheme S1 Illustration of the surfacorder tip moving path when measuring the thickness of a mPEDOT thin film.

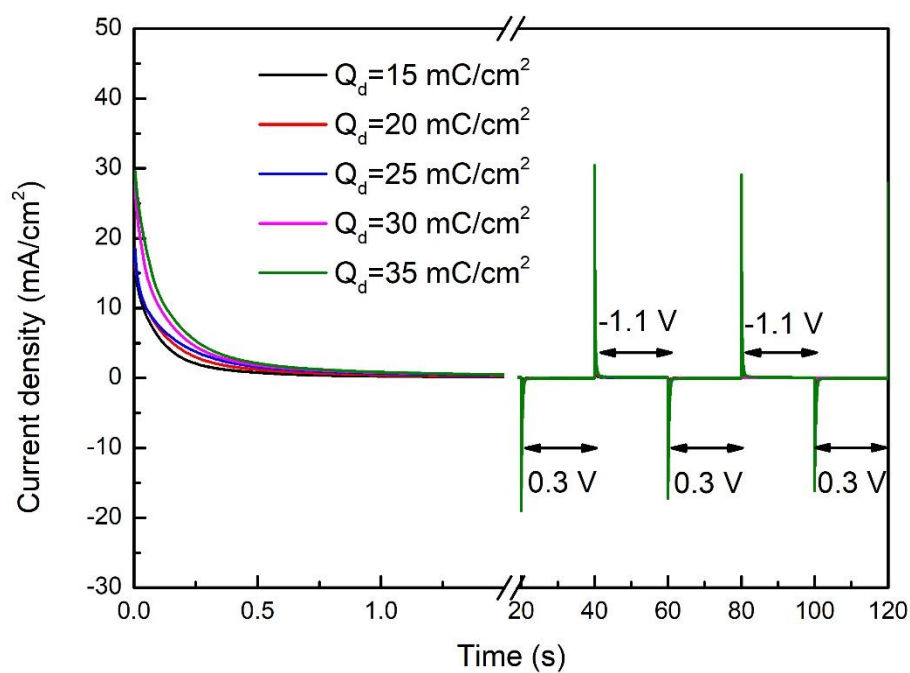


Figure S1 *i-t* curves of the successive chronoamperometry experiments of the PEDOT thin films electrodeposited using different Q_d .

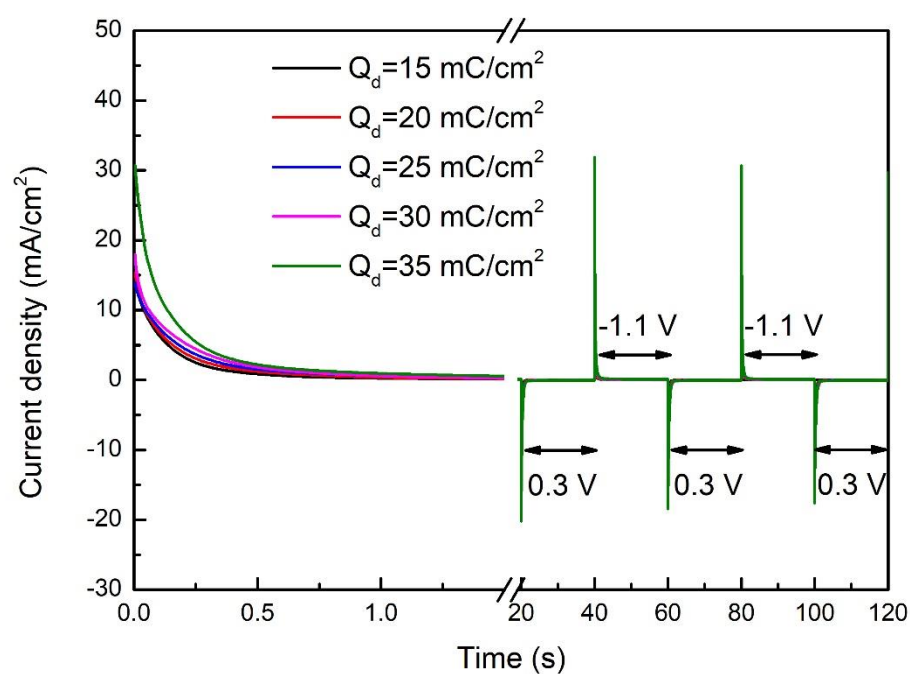


Figure S2 *i-t* curves of the successive chronoamperometry experiments of the mPEDOT thin films electrodeposited using different Q_d .