## Article

## Photoresponsive Photoacid-Macroion NanoAssemblies

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## Supporting Information



Figure S1. Assembly formation and photoresponse of the dendrimer-1N36S system at $\mathrm{r}=4.0$. DLS; electric field autocorrelation function $\mathrm{g}^{1}(\tau)$ and distribution of relaxation times $\mathrm{A}(\tau)$ at a scattering angle of $\theta=90^{\circ}$.


Figure S2. Assembly formation and photoresponse of the dendrimer-1N36S system at higher concentration at $\mathrm{r}=0.5$. DLS; electric field autocorrelation function $\mathrm{g}^{1}(\tau)$ and distribution of relaxation times $A(\tau)$ at a scattering angle of $\Theta=90^{\circ}$.


Figure S3. Assembly formation and photoresponse of the dendrimer-1N36S system at higher concentration $\left(c(1 N 36 S)=9.33 \cdot 10^{-3} \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}\right)$. DLS; dependency of $R_{\mathrm{H}}$ on the charge ratio.


Figure S4. UV/Vis spectroscopy of the pH-dependency of 1N36S in solution.


Figure S5. Assembly formation and photoresponse of the dendrimer-2N36S system at $r=0.1$. DLS; electric field autocorrelation function $\mathrm{g}^{1}(\tau)$ and distribution of relaxation times $\mathrm{A}(\tau)$ at a scattering angle of $\theta=90^{\circ}$.


Figure S6. UV/Vis spectroscopy of the pH -dependency of 1 N 38 S in solution.


Figure S7. Assembly formation and photoresponse of the dendrimer-1N38S system at $r=0.1$. DLS; electric field autocorrelation function $\mathrm{g}^{1}(\tau)$ and distribution of relaxation times $\mathrm{A}(\tau)$ at a scattering angle of $\theta=90^{\circ}$.

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