



## Supplementary Materials: Assessing the Potential of Co-Pt Bronze for Electrocatalysis in Acidic Media

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Table S1. Experimental set-ups for ORR test and accelerated durability test.

Component	Detail		
Cell	Three electrode cell		
Working electrode	Catalyst deposited on Glassy carbon		
Counter electrode	Au mesh connected with a salt bridge		
Reference electrode	RHE		
Electrolyte	0.1 M HClO <sub>4</sub> (Kanto Chemical, Ultrapure) 310 mL for OER and ORR measurements		
	With 48 ppm Cl <sup>-</sup> (by addition of 35 µL of 12M HCl) for potential cycles		
Temperature	30 °C for OER and ORR measurement		
	60 °C for potential cycles		

**Table S2.** Experimental procedures for OER test.

Procedure	Details
1. Electrolyte deaeration	Ar bubbling (30 min)
2. Cyclic Voltammetry	Potential cycling 0.05–1.7 V, 50 mV s <sup>-1</sup> , 400 rpm, 5 cycles
3 Potential step and holding	0.4 V for 10s to 1.7 V for 60 s, 400 rpm

**Table S3.** Experimental procedures for ORR test.

Procedure	Details
1. Electrolyte deaeration	Ar bubbling (30 min)
2. Electrode cleaning	Potential cycling 0.05–1.2 V, 500 mV s <sup>-1</sup> ,100 cycles
3. ECSA determination	Potential cycling 0.05–1.0 V, 50 mV s <sup>-1</sup> , 5 cycles
4. Background voltammetry	0.05–1.0 V, 10 mV s <sup>-1</sup> , 3 cycles
5. O <sub>2</sub> saturation	O <sub>2</sub> bubbling (30 min)
6. ORR measurement	0.05–1.0 V, 10 mV s <sup>-1</sup> , 400 rpm, 1 cycle

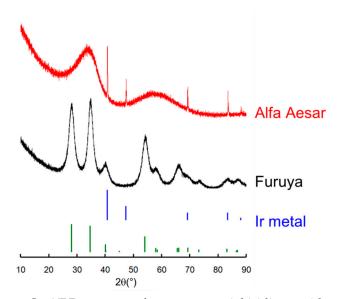
**Table S4.** Experimental procedures for accelerated durability test.

Procedure	Details		
1. ORR test	Same condition with Table S2		
2. Electrolyte change	adding 12 M HCl, 35 μL		
3. ORR measurement	in the electrolyte containing 48 ppm Cl-		
4. Electrolyte deaeration	Ar bubbling (30 min)		
5. ECSA measurement	0.05–1.0 V, 50 mV s <sup>-1</sup> , 5 cycles		
6. Potential step cycle	at 60 °C: 0.4–1.0 V each 3 s hold, 400 rpm		
7. ECSA measurement	0.05–1.0 V, 50 mV s <sup>-1</sup> , 5 cycles after 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000, 6000, 7000, 8000, 9000 and 10,000 potential step cycles		
8. Electrolyte sampling	(3 mL) for Pt ion concentration analysis after 0, 100, 200, 1000, 2000 and 10,000 Potential step cycles		
9. ORR measurement	at 30 °C after O₂ bubbling (30 min)		
10. ECSA measurement	after Ar bubbling (30 min)		
11. ORR measurement	after exchanging electrolytes to one without Cl-		

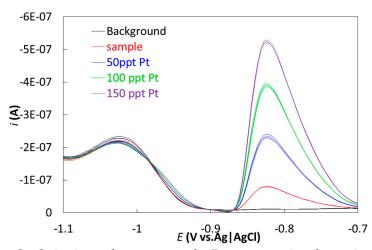
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Table CE	Dt ion	concentration	determination	
Lanie 55	12T 1(M)	concentration	determination	

Item	Detail		
Apparatuses	Metrohm VA663, Metrohm IME663		
Electrodes	WE: hanging mercury drop, CE: Glassy carbon, RE: Ag/AgCl/3 M KCl		
Supporting	0.6 M sulfuric acid, 0.18 mM hydrazine and 6.6 mM formaldehyde mixture		
Electrolyte	deaerated by nitrogen bubbling 10 min		
Operational	Potential sweep mode Differential pulse mode (modulation time: 0.05 s,		
modes	modulation amplitude: 0.05 V, Interval: 0.2 s, step potential: 0.004 V)		
Procedures	Nitrogen bubbling: 10 s		
	Mercury drop refresh: 5 drops		
	Pre-condensation: at −0.7 V, stirrer 1500 rpm, 60 s		
	Potential sweep 10 s after stirrer stop: −0.7 to −1.1 V		
Signal Peak	at −0.83 V Pt: 50, 100 and 150 ppt. See Figure S2.		
Calibration	Pt: 50, 100 and 150 ppt. See Figure S2.		

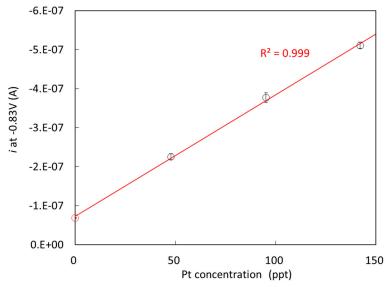


**Figure S1.** XRD patterns of two commercial iridium oxides.

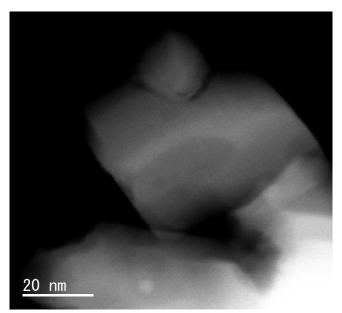


**Figure S2.** Stripping voltammogram for Pt concentration determination.

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**Figure S3.** Calibration line for Pt concentration determination using the peak current at -0.83 V.



**Figure S4.** TEM image of Co-Pt bronze after ADT.