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# Synthesis of Polysubstituted <br> 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones through Domino Palladium-Catalyzed Reactions of Indol-2-ylmethyl Acetates with 1,3-Dicarbonyl Derivatives 

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#### Abstract

A straightforward assembly of polysubstituted 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones through a domino palladium-catalyzed reaction of indol-2-ylmethyl acetates with 1,3-dicarbonyl derivatives is described. The key role of the features of the 1,3-dicarbonyls on the reaction outcome has been explored. The employment of 2-methylcyclohexan-1,3-dione as the dicarbonyl source could allow further challenging indole nucleus functionalizations.


Keywords: 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones; indolyl methides; palladium catalysis; domino reactions

## 1. Introduction

The tricyclic 2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]-indole core and its oxidized derivatives represent an important structural motif found in many biologically active natural products and drug candidates [1-3]. For example, flinderole C exhibits excellent antimalarial activity against the Plasmodium falciparum parasite [4-6] and mitomycin $C$ is an effective antitumor agent [7,8]. Moreover, the antiviral [9,10] as well as antinociceptive [11] and psychotropic [12] properties of these derivatives boosted the development of effective strategies for their rapid construction. In 1983, Danishefsky described the formation of the 2-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one through the palladium-catalyzed cyclization of the $N$-(2-allylphenyl)acrylamide; [13] subsequently, various cascade reactions have been used as powerful tools to construct the 2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]-indoles in a pot fashion, achieving also remarkable progress in the rapid construction of enantioenriched pyrroloindolones [14-21].

Indeed, because of the problems of chemical sustainability of resources, the application of efficient methods for the concise synthesis of valuable scaffolds by avoiding a step-bystep approach, which involves tedious isolation processes, has attracted a great deal of attention from the synthetic community [22].

During our studies in the field of the synthesis of heterocyclic compounds, great interest has been devoted to the formation/functionalization of indole/benzofuran rings and the construction of indole-fused polycyclic systems through simple domino processes [23-26]. Nevertheless, the diversity-oriented synthesis of polysubstituted 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones through straightforward one-pot approaches from easily available building blocks would be particularly significant considering the structural variety of the biologically
active derivatives. From all possible retrosynthetic schemes of 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones, a simple one requires one C-C bond and one C-N disconnection. It was plausible to suppose that the reaction of 2-indolylmethyl acetates $\mathbf{1}$ with various common active methylene compounds 2 should achieve a general entry into the title target through the in situ generation of 2-methide- 2 H -indole intermediate $\mathbf{I} /$ nucleophile Michael addition/cyclization/decarboxylation cascade reaction (Scheme 1).


Scheme 1. Retrosynthetic approach to the 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one scaffold.
The sequential addition/annulation reaction of Meldrum's acid, malononitrile, and 1,3-dicarbonyls with ortho-quinone methides generated in situ under basic conditions was previously reported to achieve the one-pot synthesis of 3,4-dihydrocoumarins, 4 H chromenes, and xanthenones [27]. Moreover, the in situ-generated aza-ortho-quinone methydes from $o$-aminobenzyl alcohol derivatives were reacted with Meldrum's acid to afford dihydroquinolinones [28].

In the literature, methodologies are also reported to easily obtain indolo[1,2-a]indoles derivatives from $1 H$-indol-2-yl carbinols via the in situ generation of 2-methide- 2 H -indoles intermediates. Particularly, the enantioselective Brønsted acid catalyzed [3+2]-cycloaddition of cyclic enamides and organocatalyzed asymmetric $(4+3)$ cycloaddition with dienolsilanes to bicyclo[3.2.2]cyclohepta[b]indoles have been described [29-32]. In addition, recently, we observed the formation of reactive indole-methides under basic conditions, starting from indolylmethyl acetates [33].

In the following, we describe the scope and limitations of this approach to the synthesis of the 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones 3 .

## 2. Results and Discussions

We started our investigation by examining the reaction of (1H-indol-2-yl)methyl acetate $\mathbf{1 a}$ with ( 1 H -indol-2-yl)methyl ethyl carbonate $\mathbf{1 b}$ with the $2,2,5$-trimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione $\mathbf{2 a}$ under basic conditions as the model system. Pleasingly, the desired 2-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one 3a was isolated in $55 \%$ yield by reacting 1a with 2a in DMSO at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the presence of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ as the base (Table 1, entry 1).

Table 1. Optimization studies for the reaction of $\mathbf{1}$ with methyl Meldrum's acid 3a. ${ }^{\text {a }}$


1a $R=A c ; 1 b R=\mathrm{CO}_{2} E t$

Table 1. Cont.

| Entry | 1 | Catalyst | Base | Solvent | T ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | t (h) | Yield 3a (\%) ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1a | / | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | DMSO | 100 | 7 | 55 |
| 2 | 1b | / | NaH | DMSO | 100 | 72 | $42(17)^{\text {c }}$ |
| 3 | 1b | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | MeCN | 70 | 5.5 | 68 |
| 4 | 1b | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | MeCN | 80 | 7 | 68 |
| 5 | 1b | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | DMSO | 80 | 1.5 | 75 |
| 6 | 1b | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{P}\left(2\right.$-furyl) ${ }_{3}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | DMSO | 80 | 1 | 78 |
| 7 | 1b | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{dppf}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | DMSO | 80 | 1.5 | 85 |
| 8 | 1b | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{dppf}$ | / | DMSO | 80 | 24 | (30) ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| 9 | 1a | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | MeCN | 100 | 40 | 67 |
| 10 | 1a | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | DMSO | 100 | 5.5 | 75 |
| 11 | 1a | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{dppf}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | DMSO | 100 | 2 | 88 |
| 12 | 1a | $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{dppf}$ | $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | DMSO | 100 | 2 | $/(/)^{\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{~d}}$ |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Unless otherwise stated, reactions were carried out on a 0.35 mmol scale under an argon atmosphere using 0.02 equiv. of $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3}, 0.04$ equiv. of dppf or 0.08 mmol of $\mathrm{PPh}_{3}$ or $\mathrm{P}(2 \text {-furyl })_{3}, 1.5$ equiv. of $\mathbf{2 a}, 1.5$ equiv. of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ in 1.5 mL of DMSO. ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Yields are given for isolated products. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Numbers in brackets refer to the percentage of the recovered 1. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ The reaction was carried out without $\mathbf{2 a}$.

A poorer result was observed by reacting $\mathbf{1 b}$ under the same reaction conditions in the presence of the stronger base NaH (Table 1, entry 2).

The advantages of the palladium catalysis in the reaction of benzofuran-2-ylmethyl acetates with nucleophiles [34] prompted us to explore the palladium-catalyzed version of the same reaction using different ligands and solvents, as shown in Table 1. The palladiumcatalyzed reaction of indolemethyl acetates 1 with boronic acid to afford the corresponding indole-containing diarhylmethanes has been previously investigated [35]. The formation of the target 3a occurred in good-to-high yields in DMSO or MeCN, both in the presence of a palladium complex containing a monodentate phosphine ligand (Table 1, entries 3-6 and $9-10$ ) or bidentate phosphine one (Table 1, entries $7-8,11-12$ ). The best result was obtained by carrying out the reaction in DMSO at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in the presence of $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3} / \mathrm{dppf}$ as the catalyst (Table 1, entry 11). In previous studies on palladium-catalyzed benzylic substitution reactions, it was shown that the yields of the benzylation products were strongly affected by the bite angle of the bidentate bisphosphine ligand on the palladium catalyst [36-38]. The ligands dppf and DPEPhos were preferred for the benzylation of stabilized carbanions and amines, respectively. A complex mixture was observed when the reaction was performed without 2 a and the starting material 1a was not recovered.

The exploration of the substrate scope of the procedure under the optimized condition reaction (Table 2) showed that 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones 3 bearing a variety of useful functional groups can be prepared in moderate-to-good yields.

Table 2. Synthesis of 2-substituted 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one 3 from indol-2-ylmethyl acetates 1 and Meldrum's acid derivatives 2. ${ }^{\text {a }}$


1


2


3

Table 2. Cont.

| Entry | 1 | $\mathrm{R}^{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}^{\mathbf{2}}$ | 2 | $\mathrm{R}^{3}$ | t (h) | Yield 3 (\%) ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1a | H | H | 2b | $\begin{gathered} -\mathrm{CH}_{2}(4-\mathrm{OMe}- \\ \left.\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 1 | 3b (78) |
| 2 | 1a | H | H | 2c | $-\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ (furyl) | 4 | 3c (63) |
| 3 | 1a | H | H | 2d | -Ph | 24 | (/) |
| 4 | 1a | H | H | 2e | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 3 | 3d (74) |
| 5 | 1c | 5-Me | H | 2a | -Me | 3 | 3 e (70) |
| 6 | 1d | $5-\mathrm{Br}$ | H | 2a | -Me | 5 | 3 f (50) |
| 7 | 1e | $\begin{aligned} & 5-(4-\mathrm{Me}- \\ & \left.\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}\right) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | H | 2a | -Me | 4.5 | 3 g (70) |
| 8 | 1 f | $\begin{gathered} \text { 5-(4-F,3-Me- } \\ \left.\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{3}\right) \end{gathered}$ | H | 2a | -Me | 5 | 3h (70) |
| 9 | 1 g | H | Ph | 2a | -Me | 3 | $3 \mathbf{i}$ (58) |
| 10 | 1 g | H | -Ph | 2b | $\begin{gathered} -\mathrm{CH}_{2}(4-\mathrm{OMe}- \\ \left.\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 2 | 3j (64) |
| 11 | 1 g | H | -Ph | 2c | $\begin{gathered} -\mathrm{CH}_{2}(2- \\ \text { furyl) } \end{gathered}$ | 2 | 3k (54) |
| 12 | 1 g | H | -Ph | 2e | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Me}$ | 2.5 | 31 (66) |
| 13 | 1h | H | 4-CF3-C6 $\mathrm{C}_{4}$ | 2a | -Me | 1 | 3m (71) |
| 14 |  | H | H | 2a | -Me | 3 | 3a (72) ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Unless otherwise stated, reactions were carried out on a 0.35 mmol scale under an argon atmosphere using 0.02 equiv. of $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3}, 0.04$ equiv. of dppf, 1.5 equiv. of $2,1.5$ equiv. of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ in 1.5 mL of DMSO at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Yields are given for isolated products. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ The reaction was carried out on a 5.28 mmol scale.
Several substituents, including methyl, nitro, fluoro, bromo, and tolyl, on the indole moiety of 3 were tolerated. A gram-scale experiment was also performed and showed the practicability of this methodology (Table 2, entry 14) Moreover, we tested the reactivity of the ( 1 H -indol-2-yl)(phenyl)methyl acetate $\mathbf{4 a}$ and the 1 -( 1 H -indol-2-yl)ethyl acetate $\mathbf{4 b}$ with some 5-substituted Meldrum's acid derivatives (Table 3).

Table 3. Synthesis of 1,2-disubstituted 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one 5/5' from indol-2ylmethyl acetates 4 and Meldrum's acid derivatives 2. ${ }^{\text {a }}$


| Entry | 4 | $\mathbf{R}^{1}$ | 2 | $\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | t (h) | Ratio 5/5 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Yield $5+5^{\prime}(\%)^{\text {c }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 4a | -Ph | 2a | -Me | 2 | 84/16 | $5 \mathrm{a}+5^{\prime} \mathbf{a}$ (74) |
| 2 | 4a | -Ph | 2b | $-\mathrm{CH}_{2}\left(4-\mathrm{OMe}-\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}\right)$ | 3 | 94/6 | $5 \mathrm{~b}+5^{\prime} \mathbf{b}$ (50) |
| 3 | 4a | -Ph | 2c | $-\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ (furyl) | 2 | 74/26 | $5 \mathrm{c}+5^{\prime} \mathrm{c}$ (52) |
| 4 | 4b | -Me | 2a | -Me | 24 | 84/16 | $5 \mathrm{~d}+5^{\prime} \mathrm{d}$ (76) |

[^0]In all the tested cases, the reaction led to the formation of the corresponding 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one with good-to-excellent diastereoselectivity. Control experiments have shown that the observed diastereoselectivity depends on the relative stability of the trans 5 compared to the cis-diastereomer $5^{\prime}$. In fact, by heating the pure diastereomer 5 a or $5 \mathbf{a}^{\prime}\left(\mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{Ph}, \mathrm{R}^{2}=\mathrm{Me}\right)$ at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in DMSO for 1 h in the presence of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$, a rapid equilibrium occurred, leading to the formation of the mixture of the two diastereomers in equal ratio to that observed in the synthetic run (Table 3, entry 1). These data match with $\Delta \mathrm{G}^{\circ}$ calculated with Gaussian (HF, 3-21G*) (the trans stereoisomer is more stable than cis by $1.23 \mathrm{Kcal} / \mathrm{mol}$, corresponding to the $88 / 12 \mathbf{5 a} / 5 \mathbf{a}^{\prime}$ ratio) [39].

Regarding the reaction mechanism for the one-pot synthesis of 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one 3 from indol-2-ylmethyl acetates and Meldrum's acid derivatives, we believe that the in situ generation of the indolyl methide intermediate I could be a common intermediate both for the base promoted and the palladium-catalyzed process (Scheme 2). Experiments to detect the key intermediate I under basic conditions have been previously described. [31] Regarding the palladium-catalyzed procedure, it is well known that the oxidative addition of the $\operatorname{Pd}(0)$ to the indol-2-ylmethyl acetate generates the $\eta^{3}$ palladium complex III in equilibrium with the $\eta^{1}$ palladium complex II. It may be supposed that an unusual 1,4- elimination from this later intermediate, involving cleavage of the N-H bond, [40] may afford the indolyl methide I with the regeneration of the $\mathrm{Pd}(0)$ catalyst. Although the formation of the intermediate derivative 6 via the palladiumcatalyzed Tsuji-Trost-type reaction could not be ruled out, we failed to isolate any C3 functionalized indole derivative.


Scheme 2. The reaction of 1a with Meldrum's acid 2.
The subsequent sequential cyclization of $\mathbf{6}$, followed by the elimination of acetone and $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$, affords the target products (Scheme 3).

Accordingly, we continued our studies to address product selectivity control. For this purpose, we analyzed the reaction outcome when the indol-2-ylmethyl acetate 1a was reacted with unsubstituted Meldrum's acid 7 in different stoichiometric ratios. Our result suggested that the competitive deprotonation of the Michael adduct 6a under the basic reaction conditions generates a new enolate species which is prone to undergo a second Michael addition over the indolyl methide intermediate to afford the 2-( $(1 \mathrm{H}$-indol-

2-yl)methyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one 9 after cyclization. Conversely, the prevalence of the cyclization of $\mathbf{6 a}$ allowed the isolation of the 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one 8 when the reaction was carried out in the presence of a large excess of Meldrum's acid (Scheme 4).


Scheme 3. Cyclization of 6.



Scheme 4. The reaction of 1a with Meldrum's acid 7.
Next, we explored the reactivity of the building block 1a with other methylene active compounds. Both the ethyl malonate 10 and the ethyl-3-oxobutanoate $\mathbf{1 2}$ were compatible with the procedure, allowing to obtain, respectively, the title products 11 and 13 in moderate yields in the presence of 5 equiv. excess of the starting dicarbonyl (Scheme 5).


Scheme 5. Reaction of 1a with ethyl malonate 10 and the ethyl-3-oxobutanoate 12.

More intriguing results were observed when 1a was reacted with the ethyl 2-methyl-3oxobutanoate 14a or the diethyl 2-methylmalonate 14b (Scheme 6). Surprisingly, both the palladium reaction of the ethyl 2-methyl-3-oxobutanoate 14 a and its base-promoted one occurred with poor results, while a good yield of the corresponding product 3 was observed in the reaction of $\mathbf{1 a}$ with the ethyl 2-acetylpent-4-enoate 14c (Table 4, entries 3). Moreover, we isolated in satisfactory yield the ethyl 2-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro- 1 H -pirrolo[1,2-a]indole-2-carboxylate 15 in the palladium-catalyzed reaction of $\mathbf{1 a}$ with $\mathbf{1 4 b}$.

19


16a $1 a$


16b


17 (39\%, isolated yield)


17(55\%, isolated yield)


18 (20\%, isolated yield)


18 (16\%, isolated yield)

Scheme 6. Reaction of indol-2-ylmethyl acetate 1a with 2-methylciclohexan-1,3-dione 16a and its potassium salt 16b.

Table 4. Synthesis of 2-substituted 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one $3 / 15$ from indol-2ylmethyl acetates 1a and substituted methylene active compound 14. ${ }^{\text {a }}$



14
$\xrightarrow[\substack{\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}, \mathrm{DMSO} \\ 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}}]{\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3}, \mathrm{dppf}}$
: $R^{1}=M e ; R^{2}=M e$
b: $\mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{OEt} ; \mathrm{R}^{2}=\mathrm{Me}$
c: $\mathrm{R}^{1}=\mathrm{Me} ; \mathrm{R}^{2}=-\mathrm{CH} 2 \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}$

| Entry | 14 | $\mathrm{R}^{1}$ | $\mathbf{R}^{\mathbf{2}}$ | t (h) | Yield 3 (\%) | Yield 15 (\%) ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 14a | -Me | -Me | 1 | 3a (45) | 15a (18) ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| 2 | 14a | -Me | -Me | 3 | 3a (46) | traces |
| 3 | 14b | --OEt | -Me | 24 | / | 15b (60) |
| 4 | 14c | -Me | $-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}$ | 4 | 3n (71) | / |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Unless otherwise stated, reactions were carried out on a 0.35 mmol scale under an argon atmosphere at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ using 0.02 equiv. of $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3}, 0.04$ equiv. of dppf, 1.5 equiv. of $14,1.5$ equiv. of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ in 1.5 mL of DMSO.
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Yields are given for isolated products. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ The reaction was carried out without a catalyst.

Finally, we examined the reaction of 1a with the 2-methylcyclohexan-1,3-dione 16a or its potassium salt 16b. In both cases, the product of sequential Michael addition/retro Dieckmann reaction 7 -( 1 H -indol-2-yl)-6-methyl-5-oxoheptanoic acid 17, together with its cyclized derivative 4-(2-methyl-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-yl)butanoic acid 18 ( $16 \%$ yield), was isolated (Scheme 6).

## 3. Materials and Methods

### 3.1. General Information

All the commercially available reagents, catalysts, bases, and solvents were used as purchased, without further purification. Starting materials and reaction products were purified by flash chromatography using $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ as the stationary phase, eluting with $n$ hexane/ethyl acetate mixture. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ), ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ), and ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ spectra ( 376.5 MHz ) were recorded with an Avance 400 spectrometer (Bruker, Milan, Italy). Splitting patterns were designed as s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), dt (doublets of triplets), td (triplet of doublets), triplets of triplets ( tt ), q (quartet), m (multiplet), or br s (broad singlet). IR spectra were recorded with a FT/IR-430 spectrometer (Jasco Europe, Milan, Italy) (compounds 1e-f, 2e, 3a-h, 3j-n, 5a-d, $\mathbf{5}^{\prime} \mathbf{a}-\mathbf{d}, \mathbf{1 5 a - b}, 18$ ) and FT/IR 6800, ATR (Jasco Europe, Milan, Italy) (compounds 1a, 1c-d, 1g-h, 2b-c, 3i, 4a-b, 8, 9, 11, 13, 17). HRMS were recorded on Orbitrap Elite Mass Spectrometer (Thermo Fisher, Monza, Italy) (3a-h, 3j-n, 5a-d, 11, 13, and 17), or on Orbitrap Exactive Mass Spectrometer (Thermo Fisher, Monza Italy) ( $\mathbf{1 a}, \mathbf{c}-\mathrm{h}, \mathbf{2 b} \mathbf{- e}, \mathbf{3 i}, \mathbf{4 a - b}, \mathbf{8}, \mathbf{9}, \mathbf{1 5}, \mathbf{1 8}$ ). Melting points were determined with a Büchi B-545 apparatus (Büchi, Milan, Italy) and were uncorrected. To obtain suitable NMR spectra of diastereoisomers 5 and $5^{\prime}$, the isomeric mixtures were further purified by semi-preparative HPLC (Waters, Milan, Italy) under normal phase conditions using a Nucleodur 100-5 column (762007.100) and eluting with $n$-hexane/ AcOEt mixtures (Merck Science Life, Milan, Italy).

### 3.2. Synthetic Procedures and Characterization Data

3.2.1. General Procedure for the Preparation of ( 1 H -indol-2-yl)methyl Acetates

The ( $1 H$-indol-2-yl)methyl acetates ( $\mathbf{1 a}, \mathbf{1 c} \mathbf{-} \mathbf{h} ; \mathbf{4 a - b}$ ) were synthesized according to the procedures reported in the Supplementary Materials.

### 3.2.2. Characterization Data of (1H-indol-2-yl)methyl Acetates (1a, c-h; 4a-b)

(1H-indol-2-yl)methyl acetate (1a): known compound; 95\% yield (7.47 mmol scale, 1.34 g ); yellow solid; lit. [35] mp: 111-112 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; . \mathrm{mp}: 111-112{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.27$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 80:20); IR (neat): $3303,1726,1045,1454,1274,805 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400.13 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta=8.51(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.13(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.00\left(\mathrm{t}, J_{1}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.46(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.15(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.03(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 172.3(\mathrm{C}), 136.6(\mathrm{C}), 133.0(\mathrm{C}), 127.5(\mathrm{C}), 122.8(\mathrm{CH}), 120.9(\mathrm{CH}), 120.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $111.1(\mathrm{CH}), 103.9(\mathrm{CH}), 59.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 188.0717; found: 188.0705 .
(5-methyl-1H-indol-2-yl)methyl acetate (1c): known compound; 98\% yield ( 7.47 mmol scale, 1.49 g ); brown solid; lit. [35] mp: $84-86^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; mp: $84-86^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 75:25); IR (neat): $3427,1718,1361,806 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.42$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.31(\mathrm{q}, ~ J=0.80 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.96\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.38(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.14(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.36(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.03(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 172.3(\mathrm{C}), 134.9(\mathrm{C}), 133.1(\mathrm{C}), 129.2(\mathrm{C}), 127.8(\mathrm{C}), 124.5(\mathrm{CH}), 120.5(\mathrm{CH})$, $110.8(\mathrm{CH}), 103.4(\mathrm{CH}), 59.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}_{2} \mathrm{Na}$ : 226.0838 ; found: 226.0838 .
(5-bromo-1H-indol-2-yl)methyl acetate (1d): $98 \%$ yield ( 7.47 mmol scale, 1.96 g ); brown solid; mp: 69-71 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.21$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, $87: 13$ ); IR (neat): 3323, 2916, 1714, 1383, $1211,1133 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.87(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.71(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.28\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 5.20 (s, 2 H$), 2.11(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 172.5$ (C), 135.2 (C), 134.4 (C), $129.4(\mathrm{C}), 125.8(\mathrm{CH}), 123.5(\mathrm{CH}), 113.2(\mathrm{C}), 112.7(\mathrm{CH}), 103.5(\mathrm{CH}), 59.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{H}]^{-}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{BrNO}_{2}: 265.9822$; found: 265.9818.
(5-( $p$-tolyl)-1H-indol-2-yl)methyl acetate (1e): 98\% yield ( 4.35 mmol scale, 1.19 g ); yellow solid; mp : $178-180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 75:25); IR (KBr): 3399, 2919, 1728, 1385, 1235; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=8.62$ (br s, 1 H$), 7.79$ (s, 1 H ), $7.55-7.53(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.45\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=8.50 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.62,1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.39(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.50 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.25(\mathrm{~m}$,
$2 \mathrm{H}), 6.58(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.17 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.24(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.40(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.11(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=172.5(\mathrm{C}), 139.6(\mathrm{C}), 136.1(\mathrm{C}), 136.0(\mathrm{C}), 133.8(\mathrm{C}), 133.7(\mathrm{C}), 129.5(\mathrm{CH})$, $128.2(\mathrm{C}), 127.3(\mathrm{CH}), 122.8(\mathrm{CH}), 119.2(\mathrm{CH}), 111.4(\mathrm{CH}), 104.3(\mathrm{CH}), 59.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $21.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{2} \mathrm{Na}$ : 302.1152; found: 302.1153.
(5-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-1H-indol-2-yl)methyl acetate (1f): 97\% yield ( 3.14 mmol scale, 0.90 g ); yellow solid; mp : $98-100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.26$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 80:20); IR ( $\mathrm{KBr} \mathrm{):} \mathrm{3366}$, 2919, 1712, 1472, 1385, 1265; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz$)\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=8.55(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.73(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.543-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.51-7.34(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.05(\mathrm{t}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.57(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.24(\mathrm{~s}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 2.34(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.11(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=172.5$ (C), 161.0 (d, $J=241.5 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{C}), 138.3(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{C}), 136.1(\mathrm{C}), 134.0(\mathrm{C}), 133.0(\mathrm{C}), 130.3(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz})$, $128.2(\mathrm{C}), 126.2(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{CH}), 125.0(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.5 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{C}), 122.7(\mathrm{CH}), 119.3(\mathrm{CH}), 121.4$, $118.6,115.16(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=15.5 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{C}), 111.5(\mathrm{CH}), 104.3(\mathrm{CH}), 59.86\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 14.9(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=3.5 \mathrm{~Hz}) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$-coupled ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}(376.5 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta-121.6$ (hept, $\left.J=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right) ; \mathrm{HRMS}: m / z$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{FNO}_{2} \mathrm{Na}$ : 320.1057; found: 320.1051.
(3-phenyl-1H-indol-2-yl) methyl acetate ( $\mathbf{1 g}$ ): yield quantitative ( 5.15 mmol scale, 1.37 g ); yellow solid; mp: $133-135^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.25$ (n-hexane-EtOAc, 80:20); IR (neat): 3391, 2917, 1730, $1456,1384,1231 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.71$ (br s, 1 H$), 7.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.41(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.30(\mathrm{t}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.17$ (d, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.06(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.19(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.06(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 172.8(\mathrm{C}), 135.8(\mathrm{C}), 134.2(\mathrm{C}), 129.8(\mathrm{CH}), 129.4(\mathrm{C}), 128.8(\mathrm{CH}), 126.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $126.7(\mathrm{C}) 123.5(\mathrm{CH}), 120.4(\mathrm{CH}), 120.2(\mathrm{CH}), 118.8(\mathrm{C}), 111.4(\mathrm{CH}), 58.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}_{2} \mathrm{Na}$ : 288.0995; found: 288.0997 .
(3-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1H-indol-2-yl)methyl acetate (1h): 95\% yield ( 5.39 mmol scale, 1.71 g ); red solid; mp: $120-122^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.30$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, $75: 25$ ); IR (neat): 3388, $3287,2941,1730,1616,1384,1326 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400.13 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.81(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.62-7.57(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.21(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.09(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.17(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.07(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 172.6(\mathrm{C}), 138.0(\mathrm{C}), 135.7(\mathrm{C}), 129.9(\mathrm{C}), 129.8(\mathrm{CH}), 128.7\left(\mathrm{q}, J_{\mathrm{CF}}=33.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 126.2(\mathrm{C})$, $125.7\left(\mathrm{q}, J_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 124.3\left(\mathrm{q}, J_{\mathrm{CF}}=273.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 123.7(\mathrm{CH}), 120.7(\mathrm{CH}), 119.6(\mathrm{CH})$, $117.3(\mathrm{C}), 111.5(\mathrm{CH}), 58.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ NMR $(376.5 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=-62.3$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{H}]^{-}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}_{2}: 332.0904$; found: 332.0894 .
(1H-indol-2-yl)(phenyl)methyl acetate (4a): 95\% yield ( 6.20 mmol scale, 1.56 g ); yellow solid; mp: $93-95^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.25$ (n-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (neat): 3362, 2919, 1445, $1383,1238 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.45(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.53(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.50-7.48(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.45-7.39(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.34-7.32(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.19\left(\mathrm{td}, J_{1}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.J_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.01\left(\mathrm{td}, J_{1}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.05(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.22-6.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.18(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=171.2(\mathrm{C}), 137.6(\mathrm{C}), 136.9(\mathrm{C}), 136.4(\mathrm{C})$, $128.6(\mathrm{CH}), 128.5(\mathrm{CH}), 127.5(\mathrm{C}), 127.2(\mathrm{CH}), 122.7(\mathrm{CH}), 120.9(\mathrm{CH}), 120.0(\mathrm{CH}), 111.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $103.4(\mathrm{CH}), 71.8(\mathrm{CH}), 21.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$;) HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}_{2} \mathrm{Na}$ : 288.0995; found: 288.0989.

1-(1H-indol-2-yl)ethyl acetate (4b): 96\% yield ( 6.20 mmol scale, 1.18 g ); brown solid; $\mathrm{mp}: 209-211^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ (n-hexane-EtOAc, 80:20); IR (neat): 3330, 2918, 1713, 1455, 1384 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400.13 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.60(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.60(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.35(\mathrm{dd}$, $\left.J_{1}=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.19\left(\mathrm{td}, J_{1}=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.10\left(\mathrm{td}, J_{1}=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.J_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.53-6.53(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.07(\mathrm{q}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.09(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(100.6 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 172.1(\mathrm{C}), 138.0(\mathrm{C}), 136.1(\mathrm{C}), 127.5(\mathrm{CH}), 122.7(\mathrm{CH})$, $121.0(\mathrm{CH}), 120.1,111.2(\mathrm{CH}), 100.7,66.5(\mathrm{CH}), 21.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 18.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$ calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{NO}_{2} \mathrm{Na}$ : 266.0838; found: 266.0838 .
3.2.3. General Procedure for the Preparation of

5-(aryl-2-ylmethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-diones (2)
The 5-(aryl-2-ylmethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-diones (2a-c) were synthesized according to the one-pot procedure reported by Shibasaki et al.; [41] (2e) was synthesized according to the procedure reported by Chande et al. [42].
3.2.4. Characterization Data of 5-(aryl-2-ylmethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-diones (2)

5-(4-Methoxybenzyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione (2b): known compound; $98 \%$ yield ( 4.50 mmol scale, 1.17 g ); yellow solid; lit. [41] mp: $82-85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{mp}: 83-85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}$ 0.24 ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 75:25); IR (neat): 3036, 2920, 1784, 1743, 1514, $1243 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400.13 MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.25$ (d, $\left.J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.77$ (s, 3 H ), $3.72(\mathrm{t}, J=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.72(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.48(\mathrm{~d}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100.6 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 165.6$ (C), $158.9(\mathrm{C}), 131.1(\mathrm{CH}), 129.2(\mathrm{C}), 114.1(\mathrm{CH}), 105.3(\mathrm{C})$, $55.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.5(\mathrm{CH}), 31.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 27.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{O}_{5}: 263.0925$; found: 263.0922 .

5-(Furan-2-ylmethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione (2c): known compound; $98 \%$ yield ( 4.50 mmol scale, 988.8 mg ); grey solid; lit. [41] mp: $92-93^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; mp: $92-93^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}$ $0.30\left(R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24\right.$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (neat): 3123, 2896, 1783, 1740, 1067, $907 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400.13 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.30\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.29\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.J_{2}=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.18\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.83(\mathrm{t}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.51(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.79$ (s, 3 H ), 1.67 (s, 3 H ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100.6 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 164.9$ (C), $150.7(\mathrm{C}), 141.7(\mathrm{CH}), 110.8(\mathrm{CH}), 107.9(\mathrm{CH}), 105.4(\mathrm{C}), 45.6(\mathrm{CH}), 28.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 27.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $25.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Na}$ : 247.0577; found: 247.0581.

Methyl 3-(2,2-dimethyl-4,6-dioxo-1,3-dioxan-5-yl)propanoate (2e): known compound; $78 \%$ yield ( 4.50 mmol scale, 1.10 g ); white solid; lit. [42] mp: 75-76 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \mathrm{mp}: 78-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}$ $0.21\left(R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24\right.$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 75:25); IR (KBr): 2995, 2952, 2893, $1749 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400.13 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=3.92(\mathrm{t}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.67(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.64(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $2.40-2.35(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.82(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}),{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=173.4(\mathrm{C})$, $165.2(\mathrm{C}), 105.2(\mathrm{C}), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 44.8(\mathrm{CH}), 30.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 26.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 292.1332; found: 292.1321.
3.2.5. Typical Procedure for the Preparation of 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones (3a-m; 5a-d): Synthesis of 2-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3a)

In a 50 mL Carousel Tube Reactor (Radely Discovery Technology) containing a magnetic stirring bar, $\mathrm{Pd}_{2} \mathrm{dba}_{3}(6.4 \mathrm{mg}, 0.007 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.025$ equiv.) and dppf ( $7.8 \mathrm{mg}, 0.014 \mathrm{mmol}$, 0.04 equiv.) were dissolved with 1.5 mL of anhydrous DMSO , at room temperature under Ar . Then, ( 1 H -indol-2-il)methyl acetate (1a) ( $66.15 \mathrm{mg}, 0.35 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.0$ equiv.), 2,2,5-trimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione (5a) ( $138.6,0.525 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5$ equiv.) and $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(72.5 \mathrm{mg}, 0.525 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1.5 equiv.) were added and the mixture reaction was stirred for 1 h at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After this time, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, and washed with a solution of $\mathrm{KHSO}_{4}(10 \% \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{w})$ and with brine. The organic extract was dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by chromatography on $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}(25-40 \mu \mathrm{~m})$, eluting with a $80 / 20(\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{v}) n$-hexane/EtOAc mixture $\left(R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.22\right)$ to obtain $102.4 \mathrm{mg}(85 \%$ yield $)$ of 2-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3a): known compound ${ }^{7}$; $85 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 102.4 mg ); yellow solid; mp: $73-76{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.22$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 80:20); IR (KBr): 3052, 2969, 1729, 1589, $1384 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz$)\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=8.00-7.97(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.42-7.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.20-7.15(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.17$ (s, 1 H), 3.31 (m, 1 H), 3.19-3.10 (m, 1 H$), 2.68(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.37$ (d, J = $7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=174.7$ (C), 142.0 (C), 135.3 (C), 130.5 (C), 124.0 (C), $123.2(\mathrm{CH}), 120.5(\mathrm{CH}), 113.6(\mathrm{CH}), 100.3(\mathrm{CH}), 41.6(\mathrm{CH}), 28.4(\mathrm{CH} 2), 17.0(\mathrm{CH} 3) ;$ HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{NO}$ : 186.0913; found: 186.0902.

### 3.2.6. Characterization Data of of 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones (3b-3m; 5a-d)

2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3b): known compound; [43] $78 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 79 mg ); yellow solid; mp : $109-110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ ( $n$-hexaneEtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3098, 2924, 1744, $1384 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta=8.09-8.07(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.48-7.45(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27-7.25(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.83(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.20(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.48-3.41(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.32\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=14.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.J_{2}=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.17-3.10(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.91-2.84(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 173.4(\mathrm{C}), 158.6(\mathrm{C}), 142.2(\mathrm{C}), 135.4(\mathrm{C}), 130.5(\mathrm{C}), 130.2(\mathrm{C}), 130.1(\mathrm{CH}), 124.2(\mathrm{CH})$,
$123.4(\mathrm{CH}), 120.6(\mathrm{CH}), 114.2(\mathrm{CH}), 113.8(\mathrm{CH}), 100.5(\mathrm{CH}), 55.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.5(\mathrm{CH}), 36.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $25.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 292.1332; found: 292.1321.

2-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3c): $63 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 55 mg ); brown solid; mp: $95-97{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.25$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3092, 2917, 1737, 1454, $1384 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.03-7.97(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.42-7.38(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.22-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.19\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.15(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.02\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=3.14 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.46-3.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.27\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=15.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.J_{2}=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz} 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.23-3.17(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.95\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=15.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz} 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 2.90-2.85(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 172.3(\mathrm{C}), 152.2(\mathrm{C}), 142.0(\mathrm{C}), 141.9(\mathrm{CH}), 135.3(\mathrm{C})$, $130.5(\mathrm{C}), 124.1(\mathrm{CH}), 123.3(\mathrm{CH}), 120.6(\mathrm{CH}), 113.7(\mathrm{CH}), 110.3(\mathrm{CH}), 107.0(\mathrm{CH}), 100.5(\mathrm{CH})$, $46.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $29.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{NO}_{2}: 252.1019$; found: 252.1009.
methyl 3-(3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-2-yl)propanoate (3d): 74\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 67 mg ); brown solid; mp: 41-43 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.25$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 80:20); IR (KBr): $3007,2916,1754,1455,1385 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400.13 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=8.06-8.03(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 7.50-7.48 (m, 1 H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 2 H$), 6.27$ (br s, 1 H$), 3.70(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.39-3.32(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.26-3.19(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.82\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=15.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=4.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 2.58(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.34-2.26(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.08-2.00(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz$)\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=173.3(\mathrm{C}), 173.2(\mathrm{C}), 141.7$ (C), $135.4(\mathrm{C}), 130.5(\mathrm{C}), 124.2(\mathrm{CH}), 123.4(\mathrm{CH}), 120.7(\mathrm{CH}), 113.8(\mathrm{CH}), 100.6(\mathrm{CH}), 52.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $45.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $31.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $27.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $26.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ : 258.1114; found: 258.1124.

2,7-dimethyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3e): 70\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 49 mg ); brown wax; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.20$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 90:10); IR (KBr): 3004, 2918, 1717, 1475, $1352 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=7.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.29(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.09\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.19-6.18(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.42-3.34(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.26-3.20(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.78-2.72(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.44(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.45(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=174.7(\mathrm{C}), 142.2(\mathrm{C}), 135.8(\mathrm{C}), 133.8(\mathrm{C}), 128.8(\mathrm{CH}), 124.6(\mathrm{CH}), 120.6(\mathrm{CH})$, $113.3(\mathrm{CH}), 100.2(\mathrm{CH}), 41.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 28.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 17.7(\mathrm{CH})$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$ calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{NO}$ : 200.1070; found: 200.1062.

7-bromo-2-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3f): $50 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 46 mg ); yellow solid; mp: $96-99^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.21$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 90:10; IR (KBr): 3091.0, 2918.7, 1731.8, 1590.0, 1447.5, $1384.6 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{DMSO}_{6}\right): \delta=7.85(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.40\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.39(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.45-3.30(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.82-2.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) (DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 175.3(\mathrm{C}), 145.3(\mathrm{C}), 137.5(\mathrm{C}), 128.9(\mathrm{C}), 125.9(\mathrm{CH})(\mathrm{CH}), 123.6(\mathrm{CH}), 116.6(\mathrm{C})$, $114.8(\mathrm{CH}), 99.5(\mathrm{CH}), 41.4(\mathrm{CH}), 28.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 16.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{BrNO}: 264.0019$; found: 264.0008 .

2-methyl-7-(p-tolyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3g): 70\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 67 mg ); yellow solid; mp: 140-143 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.18 R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 75:25); IR (KBr): 3071, 2917, 1728, 1585, 1470, $1384 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400.13 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.09$ (d, $J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.55-7.52(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.50\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz} ; J_{2}=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.46-3.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.30-3.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.82-2.77$ (m, 1 H$), 3.10(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ; 1.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 174.7$ (C), 142.7 (C), 139.0 (C), 137.5 (C), 136.8 (C), $136.0(\mathrm{C}), 129.8(\mathrm{CH}), 129.6(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(\mathrm{CH})$, $122.8(\mathrm{CH}), 118.9(\mathrm{CH}), 113.8(\mathrm{CH}), 100.7(\mathrm{CH}), 41.7(\mathrm{CH}), 28.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 17.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}$ 276.1383; found: 276.1372.

7-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-2-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3h): $70 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 72 mg ); pink solid; mp: $136-139^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): $3102,2972,1743,1586,1467,1384 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 8.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.68(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.46-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.07\left(\mathrm{t}, J_{1}=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.46-3.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.30-3.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.82-2.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.34(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$; $1.48(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 174.7(\mathrm{C}), 161.0(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=249.3 \mathrm{~Hz})$ (C), 142.8 (C), $137.8(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.5 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{C}), 136.8(\mathrm{C}), 136.0(\mathrm{C}), 130.6(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.12 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{CH})$, 129.8 (C), 126.3 (d, $J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) (CH), 125.2 (C)., 125.0 (C), 120.9 (d, $J=380.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (CH),
$115.4(\mathrm{CH}), 115.2(\mathrm{CH}), 107.2(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=1337.1 \mathrm{~Hz}), 41.8(\mathrm{CH}), 28.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 17.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 14.8(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=3.4 \mathrm{~Hz})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$-coupled ${ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}(376.5 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta-120.6$ (hept, $\left.J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right) ;$ HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{FNO}$ 294.1289; found: 294.1275.

2-methyl-9-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3i): $58 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 53 mg ); white solid; mp: $148-149{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, $85: 15$ ); IR (neat): 2973, 2924, 1720, 1603, $1079 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.16-8.13(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.80-7.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.61$ (d, $J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz} 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.49$ (d, $J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz} 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.36-7.33$ (m, 3 H ), 3.60-3.54 (m, 1 H$), 3.34-3.25(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.97-2.92(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 174.7$ (C), $138.4(\mathrm{C}), 133.8(\mathrm{C}), 133.7(\mathrm{C}), 130.9(\mathrm{C}), 129.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $128.5(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(\mathrm{CH}), 126.8(\mathrm{CH}), 124.4(\mathrm{CH}), 123.8(\mathrm{CH}), 119.8(\mathrm{CH}), 114.8(\mathrm{C}), 114.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $41.5(\mathrm{CH}), 28.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $17.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NONa}$ 284.1046; found: 284.1046.

2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-9-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3j): 64\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 82 mg ); white solid; mp: 156-159 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.21$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3093, 2917, 1742, $1582 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz$)\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.09-8.04(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 7.68-7.63 (m, 1 H), 7.46-7.43 (m, 2 H), 7.37-7.33 (m, 2 H), 7.27-7.20 (m, 3 H), 7.09-7.06 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.77-6.73(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.68(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.44-3.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.28\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=14.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.20\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 2.90\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 2.81(\mathrm{dd}$, $\left.J_{1}=14.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 173.2(\mathrm{C}), 158.6(\mathrm{C})$, 138.4 (C), 133.9 (C), 133.6 (C), 130.9 (C), 130.2 (C), $130.0(\mathrm{CH}), 129.0(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(\mathrm{CH})$, $126.9(\mathrm{CH}), 124.5(\mathrm{CH}), 123.9(\mathrm{CH}), 119.8(\mathrm{CH}), 114.9(\mathrm{C}), 114.3(\mathrm{CH}), 114.0(\mathrm{CH}), 55.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $48.3(\mathrm{CH}), 36.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$.); HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 368.1645; found: 368.1629.

2-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-9-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3k): 54\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 62 mg ); white solid; mp: $162-165{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3002, 2917, 1733, 1576, $1455 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.18-8.12(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.79-7.76$ (m, 1 H$), 7.58-7.56(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.49-7.45(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.35-7.33(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.31-7.30$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.29\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.13\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right)$, 3.61-3.55 (m, 1 H), 3.49-3.38 (m, 2 H$), 3.15-3.13(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 172.7$ (C), 152.2 (C), 142.0 (CH), 138.2 (C), 133.9 (C), 133.5 (C), 130.9 (C), 129.0 (CH), $128.0(\mathrm{CH}), 126.9(\mathrm{CH}), 124.5(\mathrm{CH}), 123.9(\mathrm{CH}), 119.9(\mathrm{CH}), 115.0(\mathrm{C}), 114.1(\mathrm{CH}), 110.5(\mathrm{CH})$, $107.2(\mathrm{CH}), 46.0(\mathrm{CH}), 29.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 26.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;$ HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 328.1332; found: 328.1317.
methyl 3-(3-oxo-9-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-2-yl)propanoate (31): 66\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 77 mg ); brown solid; mp: $126-129^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.19$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): $3004,2918,1737,1454,1383 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}(400.13 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.15-8.10(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.80-7.76(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.61-7.59(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.51-7.47(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.37-7.32(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.70(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 3.53\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.33-3.26(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.99\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.J_{2}=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 2.67-2.54(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.40-2.31(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.11-2.02(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(100.6 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 173.2$ (C), 173.1 (C), 138.0 (C), 133.9 (C), 133.5 (C), 130.8 (C), $129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(\mathrm{CH}), 127.0(\mathrm{CH}), 124.5(\mathrm{CH}), 124.0(\mathrm{CH}), 119.9(\mathrm{CH}), 115.0(\mathrm{C}), 114.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $51.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 45.6(\mathrm{CH}), 31.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 27.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 26.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;$ HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ : 334.1438; found: 334.1421 .

2-methyl-9-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3m): $71 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 82 mg ); white solid; mp: $128-130^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.19$ ( $n$-hexaneEtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3103, 2972, 1753, 1323, $1132 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 8.17-8.14(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.76-7.69(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.38-7.33(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.56\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.35-3.27(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.95\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 1.51(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 174.5(\mathrm{C}), 139.5(\mathrm{C}), 137.5(\mathrm{C}), 133.3(\mathrm{C}), 130.9(\mathrm{C}), 128.9(\mathrm{q}$, $J=32.4 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{CH}), 128.0(\mathrm{CH}), 126.0(\mathrm{q}, J=3.7 \mathrm{~Hz})(\mathrm{CH}), 124.8(\mathrm{CH}), 124.5(\mathrm{q}, J=272.1 \mathrm{~Hz})$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 124.2(\mathrm{CH}), 119.5(\mathrm{CH}), 114.2(\mathrm{CH}), 113.6(\mathrm{C}), 41.6(\mathrm{CH}), 29.09\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 17.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{19} \mathrm{~F}$ (376.5 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta-62.4$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{NO}: 330.1100$; found: 330.1084 .
(trans)- 2-methyl-1-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (5a): 62\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 57 mg ); yellow wax; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3021, 2919, 1736, 1587, 1452, $1385 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{DMSO}_{6}\right): \delta=7.98$ $(\mathrm{d}, \mathrm{J}=7.42 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.58-7.56(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.43-7.37(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.35-7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.27(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $4.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.28-3.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2,3 \mathrm{H})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) (DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 173.4,146.4,140.6,135.3,130.3,129.3(\mathrm{CH}), 128.3(\mathrm{CH}), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 124.3(\mathrm{CH})$, $123.8(\mathrm{CH}), 121.5(\mathrm{CH}), 113.4(\mathrm{CH}), 100.5(\mathrm{CH}), 51.5(\mathrm{CH}), 47.3(\mathrm{CH}), 14.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{NO}: 262.1226$; found: 262.1215.
(cis)- 2-methyl-1-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one+ (5'a): 12\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 11 mg ); yellow wax; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3060, 2919, 1736, 1452, $1386 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) (DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 8.01-7.97(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 7.61-7.56 (m, 1 H), 7.36-7.26 (m, 5 H), 7.13-7.10 (m, 2 H), $6.41(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.94$ (dd, $J_{1}=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.J_{2}=0.83 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.78-3.70(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7,3 \mathrm{H})$.
(trans)-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-1-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (5b): $48 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 62 mg ); orange solid; mp: $111-113^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.19$ ( $n$-hexaneEtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3074, 2918, 1738, 1451, $1384 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.14(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.34-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.19(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.02-6.99(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.84-6.80(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.30(\mathrm{dd}$, $\left.J_{1}=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.42-3.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.25-3.15(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 172.2$ (C), 158.7 (C), 145.6 (C), 141.1 (C), 135.3 (C), 130.7 (CH), $130.5(\mathrm{C}), 129.5(\mathrm{C}), 128.9(\mathrm{CH}), 127.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(\mathrm{CH}), 124.3(\mathrm{CH}), 123.8(\mathrm{CH}), 121.0(\mathrm{CH})$, $114.3(\mathrm{CH}), 114.1(\mathrm{CH}), 101.5(\mathrm{CH}), 58.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.4(\mathrm{CH}), 43.6(\mathrm{CH}), 34.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;$ HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 368.1645; found: 368.1627.
(cis)-2-(4-methoxybenzyl)-1-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one ( $\mathbf{5}^{\prime} \mathbf{b}$ ): $2 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 3 mg ); yellow solid; mp: 135-138 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.19$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3074, 2919, 1737, 1512, 1452, $1385 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz$)\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.15(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.51(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36-7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 6.91-6.89(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.75-6.71$ (m, 4 H$), 6.24(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.88-3.82(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.78$ (s, 3 H$), 3.17$ (dd, $\left.J_{1}=15.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 2.43\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=15.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=10.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right)$.
(trans)-2-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-1-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (5c): $39 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 44.2 mg ); red solid; mp: 101-103 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.19$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 90:10); IR (KBr): 3053, 2197, 1739, 1586, $1453 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400.13 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.14(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.35-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 7.12-7.10(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.28-6.27(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.35\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right)$, 3.43-3.39 (m, 1H), 3.33-3.22 (m, 2 H$) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 171.6(\mathrm{C}), 151.7(\mathrm{C})$, 145.3 (C), $142.0(\mathrm{CH}), 140.8(\mathrm{C}), 135.3(\mathrm{C}), 130.6(\mathrm{C}), 129.0(\mathrm{CH}), 127.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.6(\mathrm{CH})$, $124.4(\mathrm{CH}), 123.8(\mathrm{CH}), 121.0(\mathrm{CH}), 114.1(\mathrm{CH}), 110.5(\mathrm{CH}), 108.0(\mathrm{CH}), 101.6(\mathrm{CH}), 56.7(\mathrm{CH})$, $44.3(\mathrm{CH}), 28.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 328.1332; found: 328.1316.
(cis)-2-(furan-2-ylmethyl)-1-phenyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (5'c): 13\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 15.5 mg ); a suitable characterization is not available.
(trans)- 1,2-dimethyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-alindol-3-one (5d): 64\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 45 mg ); yellow solid; mp : 46-49 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3058, 2918, 1741, 1453, $1384 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400.13 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.05-8.03(\mathrm{~m}$ $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.51-7.49(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.29-7.23(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=0.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.08-3.04(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.78-2.71(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 174.0(\mathrm{C}), 147.6(\mathrm{C}), 135.3(\mathrm{C}), 130.5(\mathrm{C}), 124.1(\mathrm{CH}), 123.5(\mathrm{CH}), 120.7(\mathrm{CH})$, $113.9(\mathrm{CH}), 99.4(\mathrm{CH}), 50.4(\mathrm{CH}), 36.6(\mathrm{CH}), 18.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 15.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$ calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{NO}$ : 200.1070; found: 200.1061.
(cis)-1,2-dmethyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one ( $\mathbf{5}^{\prime} \mathbf{d}$ ): 12\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 8 mg ); yellow solid; mp: 58-61 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR ( KBr ): 3060, 2917, 1735, 1584, $1453 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.06-8.04(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.52-7.50(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.30-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.29(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.63-3.55(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.31$ (quint, $J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$.
3.2.7. Typical Procedure for the Preparation of 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (8), ethyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indole-2-carboxylate (11) and 2-acetyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (13)

The products 10 and 12 were synthesized according to the typical procedure described for the preparation of 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones using 5 equiv. of 9 and 11, respectively, as a nucleophile instead of 5.

1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (8): known compound of $52 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 31 mg ); grey solid; lit. [44] mp: 150-151 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, mp: 153-154; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.20$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (neat): $2973,2937,1722,1387,1168 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta=8.11-8.08(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.53-7.51(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.30-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.32(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.20-3.17(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.13-3.09(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=171.8(\mathrm{C}), 143.7(\mathrm{C}), 135.4(\mathrm{C})$, $124.2(\mathrm{CH}), 123.4(\mathrm{CH}), 120.6(\mathrm{CH}), 113.7(\mathrm{CH}), 100.5(\mathrm{CH}), 35.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 19.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{NONa}$ : 194.0576; found: 194.0578.

2-((1H-indol-2-yl)methyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (9): 54\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 57 mg ); purple solid; mp: 164-165 $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.24$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (neat): $3404,1715,1593,1544,1173,667 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(400.13 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.64$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}), 8.02-8.00(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.41-7.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.22-7.17(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.05\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.99\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.24(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.17$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.52-3.48(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.32-3.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.25-3.22(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $2.92\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=16.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(100.6 \mathrm{MHz})\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 174.1,141.7,136.6$, $135.5,135.3,130.5,128.4,124.5,123.6,121.7,120.8,120.1,119.9,113.8,110.9,101.8,101.2,47.1$, 29.6, 26.1; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{ONa}$ : 323.1155; found: 323.1154.
ethyl 3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indole-2-carboxylate (11): $58 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 49 mg ); white solid; mp: 99-100; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ (n-hexane-EtOAc, $80: 20$ ); IR (neat): 2991, 2919, 1726, 1596, 1187, $743 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz$)\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.10-8.08(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.55-7.53(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.31(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.34(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.25\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right)$, $4.22\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.68\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.07(\mathrm{dd}$, $\left.J_{1}=17.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 1.72(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 168.2(\mathrm{C}), 166.1(\mathrm{C}), 141.1(\mathrm{C}), 135.6(\mathrm{C}), 130.6(\mathrm{C}), 124.6(\mathrm{CH}), 123.7(\mathrm{CH})$, $120.8(\mathrm{CH}), 113.8(\mathrm{CH}), 101.2(\mathrm{CH}), 62.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.7(\mathrm{CH}), 24.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ : 244.0868; found: 244.0857.

2-acetyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (13): $55 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 40 mg ); brown solid; mp: 96-97; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.21$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (neat): 2916, 2849, 1641, $1454,1190,772 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. In a chloroform solution, this compound has as an equilibrium mixture of ketone and enol forms; both tautomers were observed by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} N \mathrm{NR}$, and the peaks of enol form were reported as marked with an asterisk*; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ (ketone: enol $=75 / 25$ ): $\delta 11.41^{*}$ (br s, 1 H$) 8.04-7.98(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, aromatic protons of both tautomers), 7.53-7.47 (m, 2 H , aromatic protons of both tautomers), 7.29-7.25 ( $\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}$ aromatic protons of both tautomers), $6.32^{*}$ (br s, 1 H ), 6.30 (br s, 1 H ), 4.26 (dd, $\left.J_{1}=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=4.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.76^{*}(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.64^{*}(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.17-3.10(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.56(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $2.06^{*}(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ (unselected signals): $\delta 200.2(\mathrm{C}), 169.5(\mathrm{C})$, 167.7 (C), 166.5 (C), 141.4 (C), 139.7 (C), 135.6 (C), 134.6 (C), 130.6 (C), 124.7 (CH), 123.8 (CH), $123.7(\mathrm{CH}), 123.2(\mathrm{CH}), 120.9(\mathrm{CH}), 120.8(\mathrm{CH}), 113.7(\mathrm{CH}), 113.5(\mathrm{CH}), 102.7(\mathrm{C}), 101.3(\mathrm{CH})$, $100.2(\mathrm{CH}), 60.5(\mathrm{CH}), 29.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 29.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 23.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 19.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 214.0862; found: 214.0887 .

2-allyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (3n): $71 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 52 mg ); brown oil; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.25$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3081, 2918, 1714, 1454, $1385 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (400.13 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): ~ \delta 8.11-8.09(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.53-7.50(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.32-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $6.29(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.89-5.78(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.23-5.11(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.34-3.26(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.96-2.88(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.81-2.75(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.53-2.46(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 173.5(\mathrm{C}), 142.3(\mathrm{C})$, $135.5(\mathrm{C}), 134.2(\mathrm{CH}), 130.5(\mathrm{C}), 124.2(\mathrm{CH}), 123.4(\mathrm{CH}), 120.6(\mathrm{CH}), 118.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 113.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $100.5(\mathrm{CH}), 46.2(\mathrm{CH}), 35.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{NO}$ : 212.1070; found: 212.1057.

2-acetyl-2-methyl-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-one (15a): 18\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 14 mg ); brown oil; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 85:15); IR (KBr): 3073, 2919, 1736, $1714,1455,1386 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.05-8.02(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.52-7.50(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.30-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.32(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.84\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 2.88(\mathrm{dd}$, $\left.J_{1}=17.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 2.37(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.70(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 203.5(\mathrm{C}), 170.8(\mathrm{C}), 140.0(\mathrm{C}), 135.5(\mathrm{C}), 130.6(\mathrm{C}), 124.6(\mathrm{CH}), 123.7(\mathrm{CH}), 120.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $113.8(\mathrm{CH}), 101.4(\mathrm{CH}), 63.9(\mathrm{C}), 30.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$ calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 214.0862; found: 214.0887.
ethyl 2-methyl-3-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indole-2-carboxylate (15b): 60\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 54 mg ); yellow oil; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.23$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, 80:20); IR (KBr): 2984, 2934, 1710, 1602, $1127 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz$)\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 8.10-8.08(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.55-7.53$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.33-7.31(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.34(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.25\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 4.22(\mathrm{dd}$, $\left.J_{1}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=0.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.68\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 3.07\left(\mathrm{dd}, J_{1}=17.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.J_{2}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 1.72(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 100.6 MHz$)\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 168.2(\mathrm{C}), 166.1(\mathrm{C}), 141.1(\mathrm{C}), 135.6(\mathrm{C}), 130.6(\mathrm{C}), 124.6(\mathrm{CH}), 123.7(\mathrm{CH}), 120.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $113.8(\mathrm{CH}), 101.2(\mathrm{CH}), 62.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.7(\mathrm{CH}), 24.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS: $m / z[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}]^{+}$ calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{Na}$ : 280.0944; found: 280.0943 .

7-(1H-indol-2-yl)-6-methyl-5-oxoheptanoic acid (17): 47\% yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 45 mg ); red solid; mp: $112-115{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.18$ (n-hexane-EtOAc, 70:30, $10 \% \mathrm{MeCO}_{2} \mathrm{H}$ ); IR (neat): 3055, 2951, 1735, 1713, $1456 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) (DMSO-d $\mathrm{d}_{6}$ ): $\delta 12.08$ (br s, 1 H ), 10.90 $(\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.00\left(\mathrm{td}, J_{1}=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.92\left(\mathrm{td}, J_{1}=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, J_{2}=1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-2.98(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 2.68-2.56 (m, 2 H), 2.49-2.45 (m, 1 H), 2.17 (t, $J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.66$ (quint, $J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $1.03(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) (DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 213.2$ (C), 174.7 (C), 138.2 (C), $136.4(\mathrm{C}), 128.7(\mathrm{C}), 120.6(\mathrm{CH}), 119.6(\mathrm{CH}), 119.1(\mathrm{CH}), 111.1(\mathrm{CH}), 99.7(\mathrm{CH}), 45.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $39.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $33.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 19.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 16.6 .\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ : 274.1438; found: 274.1425.

4-(2-methyl-1H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-yl)butanoic acid (18): $22 \%$ yield ( 0.35 mmol scale, 20 mg ); red solid; mp: $130-133^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.25$ ( $n$-hexane-EtOAc, $70: 30,10 \% \mathrm{MeCO}_{2} \mathrm{H}$ ); IR (KBr): 3102, 2918, 1699, 1485, 1452, $1384 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400.13 MHz ) (DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 12.18$ (br s, 1 H ), $7.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.30(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.06(\mathrm{t}$, $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.83(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.85(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.30(\mathrm{t}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $2.02(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.76$ (quint., $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100.6 MHz) (DMSO-d $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 179.1$ (C), 142.0 (C), 135.2 (C), 134.0 (C), $127.5(\mathrm{CH}), 125.9(\mathrm{CH}), 122.3$ (CH), 122.2 (C), 120.8 (C), $110.3(\mathrm{CH}), 102.8(\mathrm{CH}), 32.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 23.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.6(\mathrm{CH} 3)$; HRMS: $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}[\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{H}]^{-}$calcd. for $\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : 254.1187; found: 254.1179.

## 4. Conclusions

In summary, a viable approach to polysubstituted 1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol3 -ones through a domino palladium-catalyzed reaction of the readily available indol-2ylmethyl acetates with 1,3-dicarbonyl derivatives has been developed. The employment of 5-substituted Meldrum's as the dicarbonyl source in the palladium-catalyzed reaction with indol-2-ylmethyl acetates method allowed the synthesis of the 2-substituted-1,2-dihydro$3 H$-pyrrolo [1,2-a]indol-3-one derivatives in moderate-to-high yields and tolerates a variety of useful functional groups both in the indole and in Meldrum's acids, including bromo, fluoro, nitro, aryl, heteroaryl ether, and ester groups. The extension of the procedure to the highly diastereoselective synthesis of the trans-1,2-disubstituted-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol-3-ones from the ( 1 H -indol-2-yl)phenyl acetate under the same reaction conditions has been explored. The product selectivity control of the outcome of the reaction of indol-2-ylmethyl acetate with various alicyclic 1,3-dicarbonyls was addressed by a suitable choice of the reagent ratio. A different cascade reaction of the indol-2-ylmethyl acetate with 2-methylcyclohexan-1,3-dione and the corresponding potassium salt involving Michael addition/retro Dieckmann or/and Michael addition/retro Dieckmann/cyclization
sequences provides promise for further challenging the elaboration of the indole nucleus, and is under investigation in our laboratories.

Supplementary Materials: The following supporting information can be downloaded at: https:/ / www.mdpi.com/article/10.3390/catal12121516/s1 [35,45-48].

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[^0]:    ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Unless otherwise stated, reactions were carried out on a 0.35 mmol scale under an argon atmosphere at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ using 0.02 equiv. of $\mathrm{Pd}_{2}(\mathrm{dba})_{3}, 0.04$ equiv. of dppf, 1.5 equiv. of $2,1.5$ equiv. of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ in 1.5 mL of DMSO.
    ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Diastereomeric ratios were calculated from the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR analyses. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ Yields are given for isolated products.

