

## **Supporting Information**

# **Sustainable Electrochemical NO Capture and Storage System Based on the Reversible Fe<sup>2+</sup>/Fe<sup>3+</sup>-EDTA Redox Reaction**

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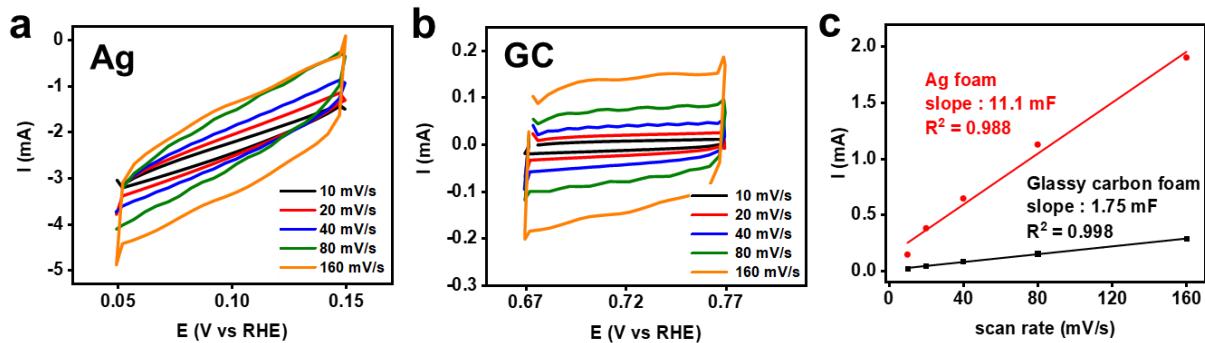
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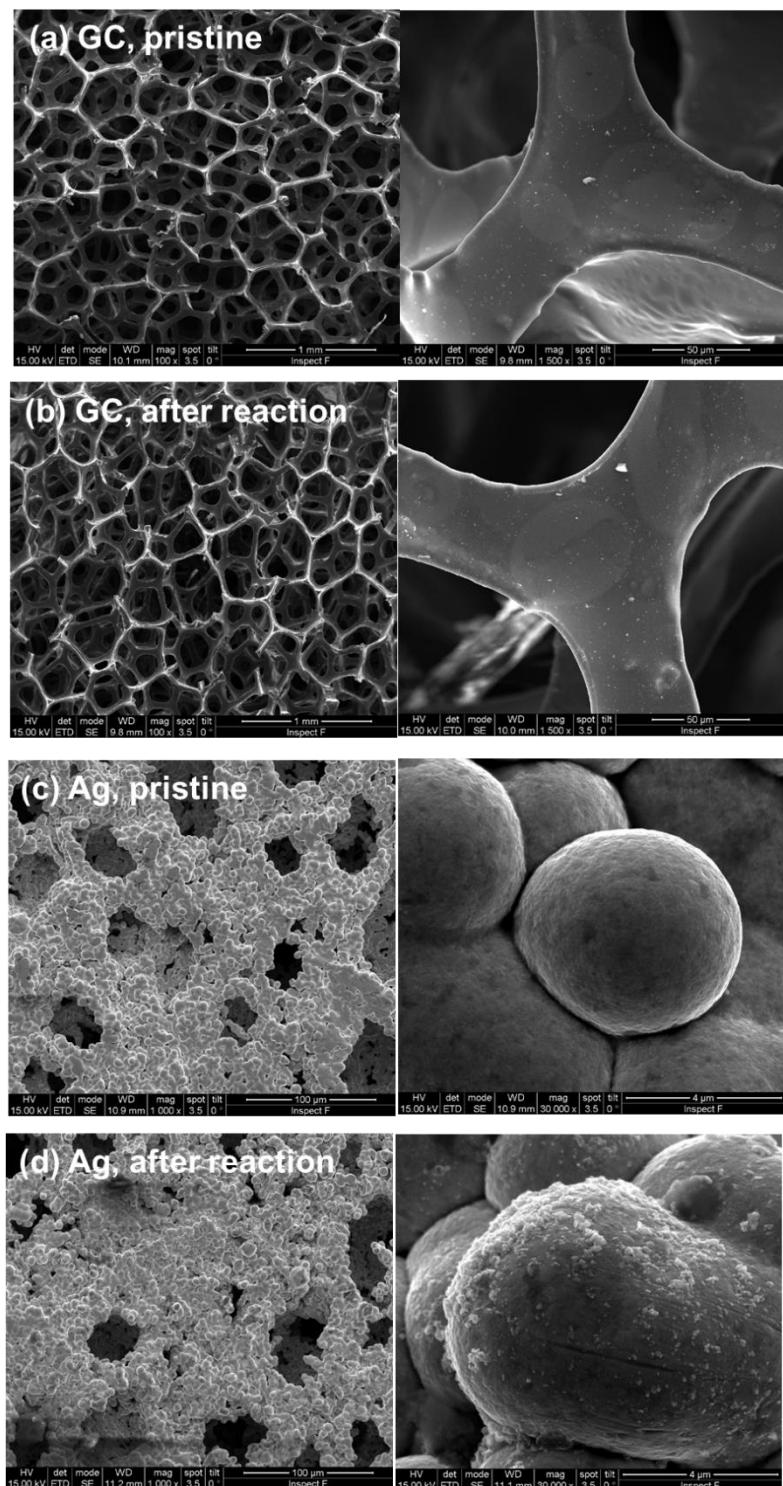
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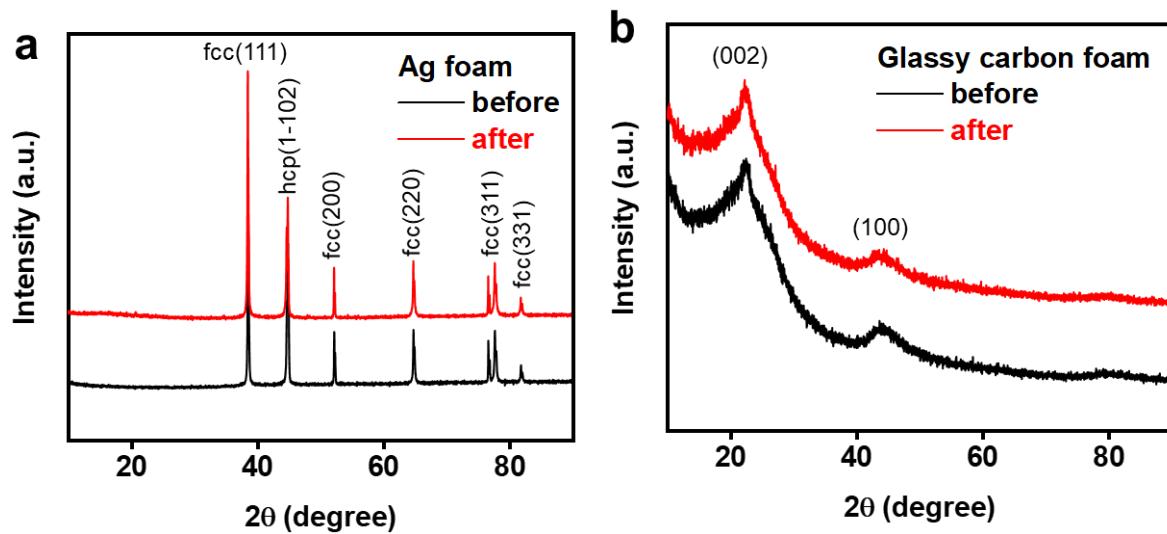
**Figure S1.** Electrochemical active surface area (ECSA) analysis foam electrodes. Cyclic voltammetry curves of (a) Ag and (b) GC foam electrodes at varied scan rate from  $10$  to  $160\text{ mVs}^{-1}$  in a  $0.1\text{ M Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  solution (pH 2.7). The geometric surface area of Ag and GC foam was  $18\text{ cm}^2_{\text{geo}}$ . The ECSA was determined by dividing (c) double layer capacitance by intrinsic areal capacitance of Ag ( $33\text{ }\mu\text{F/cm}^2$ ) and GC ( $30\text{ }\mu\text{F/cm}^2$ ). The ESCA of Ag and GC foam was  $370\text{ cm}^2$  and  $53\text{ cm}^2$ , respectively



**Figure S2.** SEM images of (a, b) GC and (c, d) Ag foam electrodes before and after reaction of full-cell system (Figure 4).

**Table S1.** Elemental analysis of GC and AG foam electrode before and after reaction of full-cell (Figure 4)

	C (at%)	Ag (at%)	Fe (at%)	O (at%)	N (at%)
<b>GC, pristine</b>	89.0	0.0	0.0	4.4	6.7
<b>GC, after reaction</b>	88.8	0.0	0.0	4.6	6.6
<b>Ag, pristine</b>	21.2	52.7	0.0	11.8	14.3
<b>Ag, after reaction</b>	20.1	50.2	0.0	17.1	12.6



**Figure S3.** XRD patterns of (a) Ag and (b) GC foam electrodes before and after reaction of full-cell (Figure 4).