

A DFT Insight into the Tuning Effect of Potassium Promoter on the Formation of Carbon Atoms via carburization gases dissociation on Iron-Based Catalysts

Juhui Gong¹, Cheng Cao¹, Ruiqin Sun¹, Linxia Cui¹, Rui Gao¹, Haigang Hao^{1*}

¹ College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Inner Mongolia University, Hohhot 010021, China.

* Correspondences: haohaigang@imu.edu.cn .

Contents:

Figure S1. The energy profiles of C₂H₄ dissociation on Fe(110), as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates.

Figure S2. The energy profiles of C₂H₄ dissociation on Fe(110)-K₂O, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates.

Figure S3. The energy profiles of C₂H₄ dissociation on Fe(211), as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates.

Figure S4. The energy profiles of C₂H₄ dissociation on Fe(211)-K₂O, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates.

Figure S5. The energy profiles of CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(110), as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates.

Figure S6. The energy profiles of CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(110)-K₂O, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates.

Figure S7. The energy profiles of CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(211), as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates.

Figure S8. The energy profiles of CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(211)-K₂O, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates.

Figure S9. The top and side view structures of 2CH+H, C+CH+3H and 2C+4H on Fe(110).

Table S1. The distances between the two atoms (d , Å) be dissociated in the transition states of the element steps for C₂H₄ and CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(110), Fe(110)-K₂O, Fe(211) and Fe(211)-K₂O surfaces

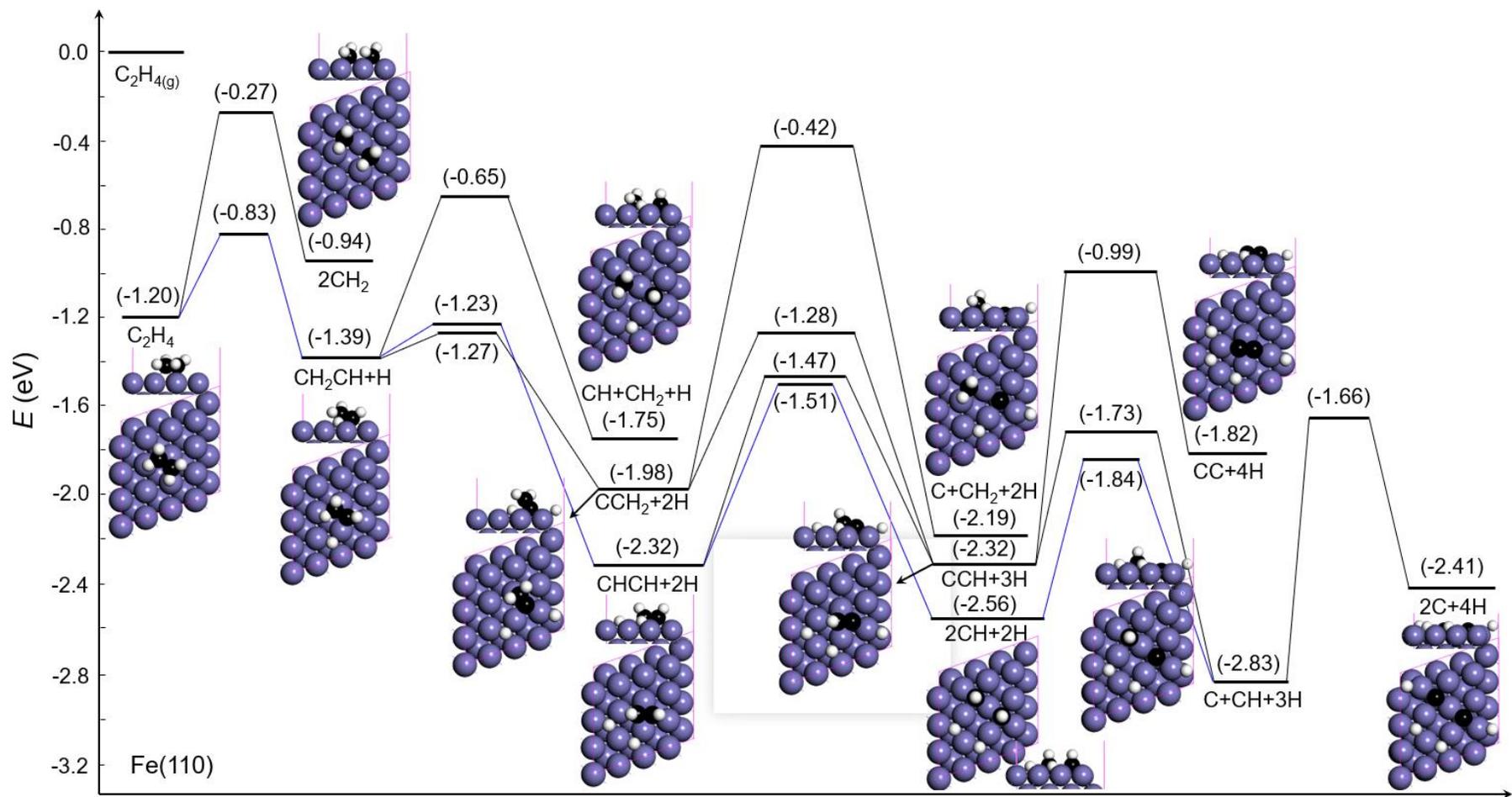


Figure S1. The energy profiles of C_2H_4 dissociation on $Fe(110)$, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates. The Fe, O, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, red, black and white, respectively.

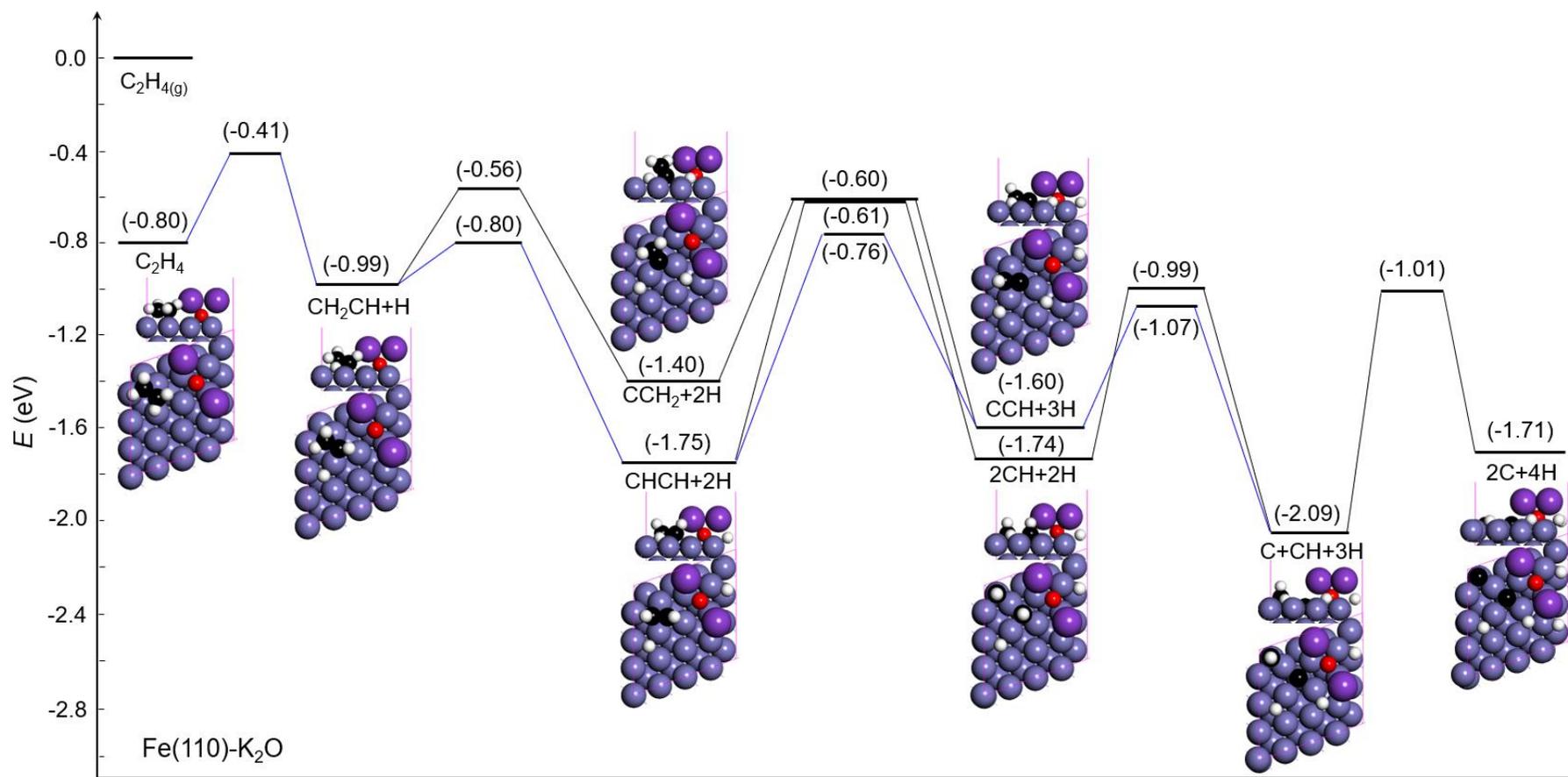


Figure S2. The energy profiles of C_2H_4 dissociation on $Fe(110)-K_2O$, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates. The Fe, K, O, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, purple, red, black and white, respectively.

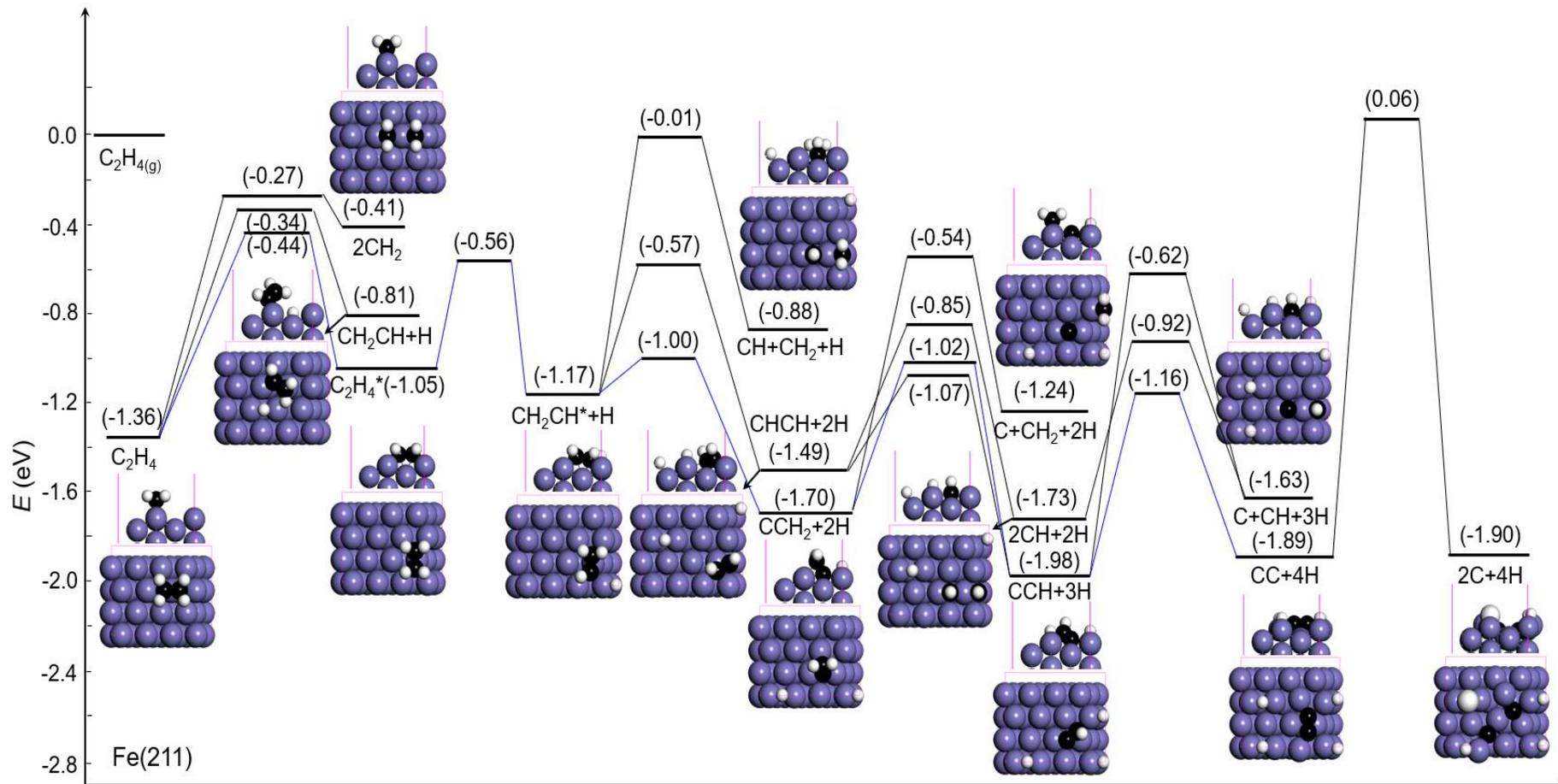


Figure S3. The energy profiles of C_2H_4 dissociation on Fe(211), as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates. The Fe, O, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, red, black and white, respectively.

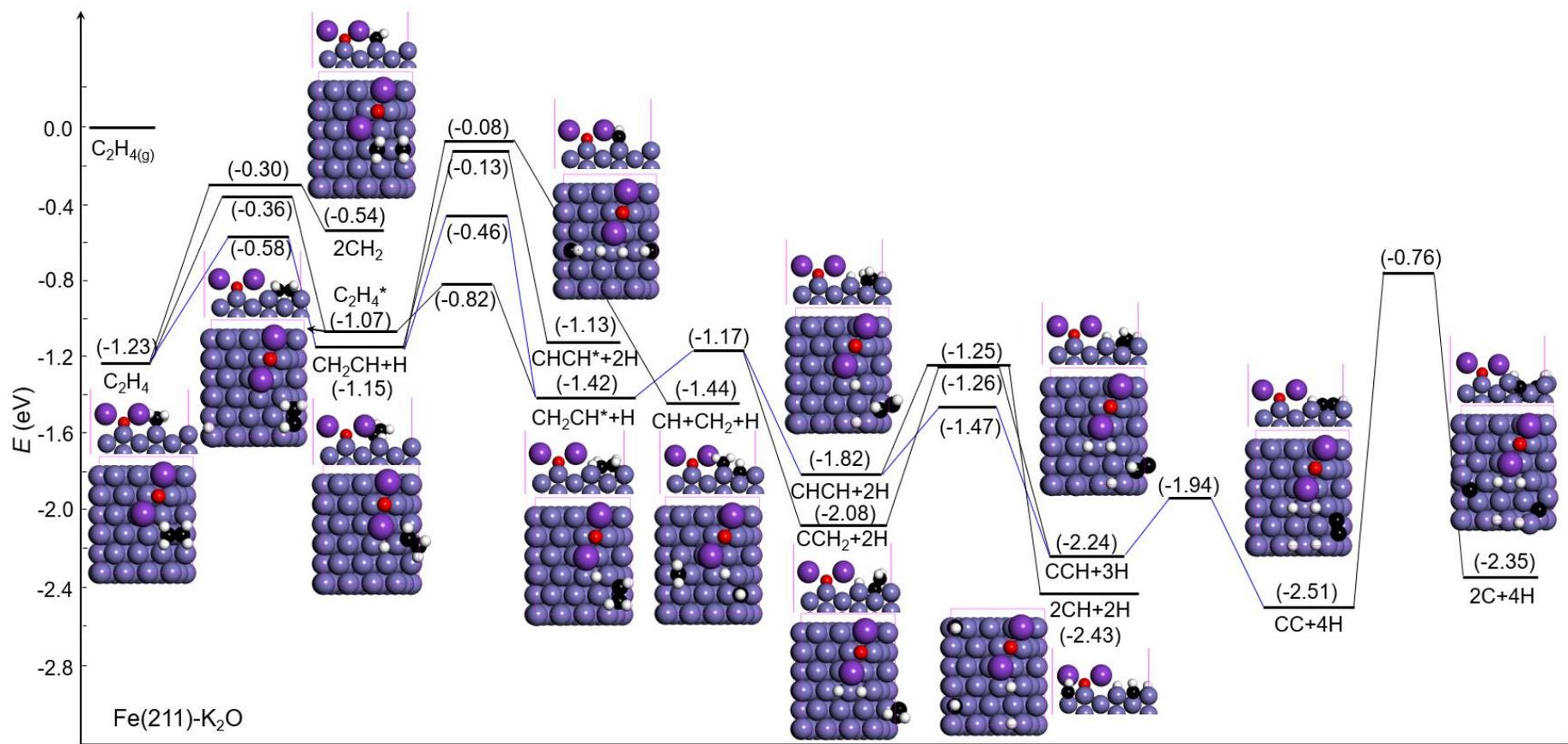


Figure S4. The energy profiles of C_2H_4 dissociation on $Fe(211)-K_2O$, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates. The Fe, K, O, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, purple, red, black and white, respectively.

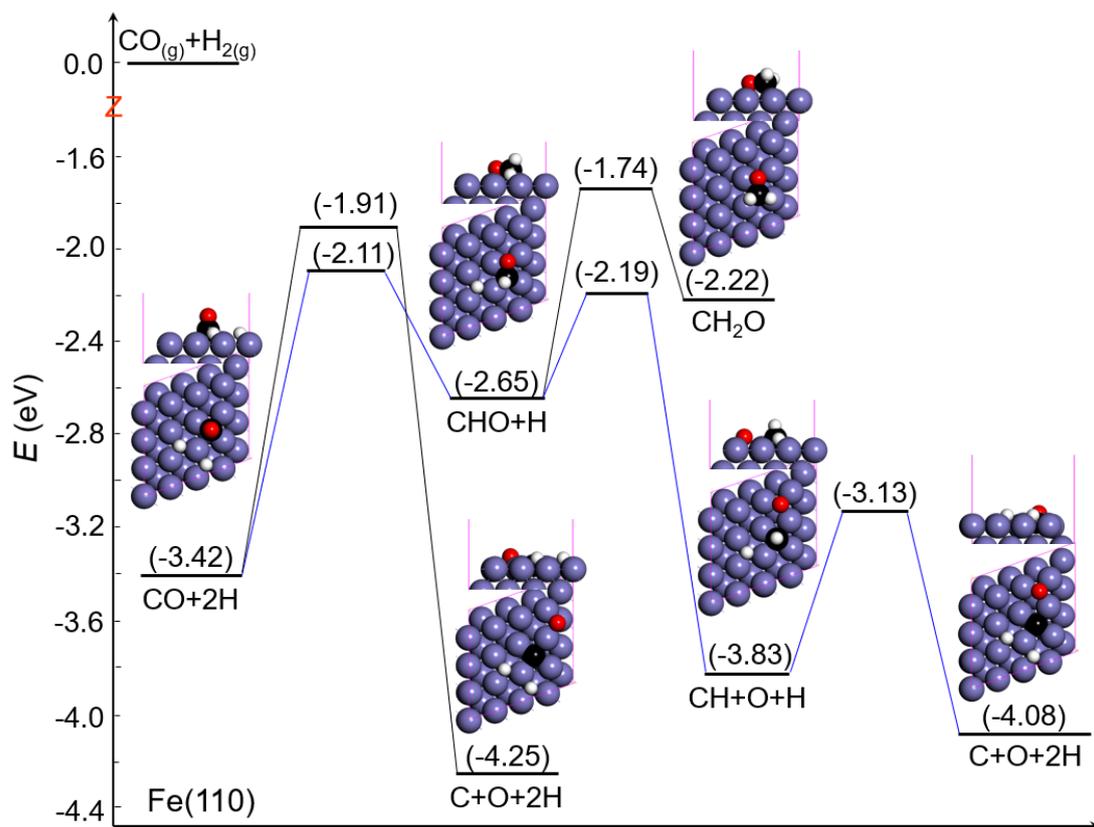


Figure S5. The energy profiles of CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(110), as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates. The Fe, O, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, red, black and white, respectively.

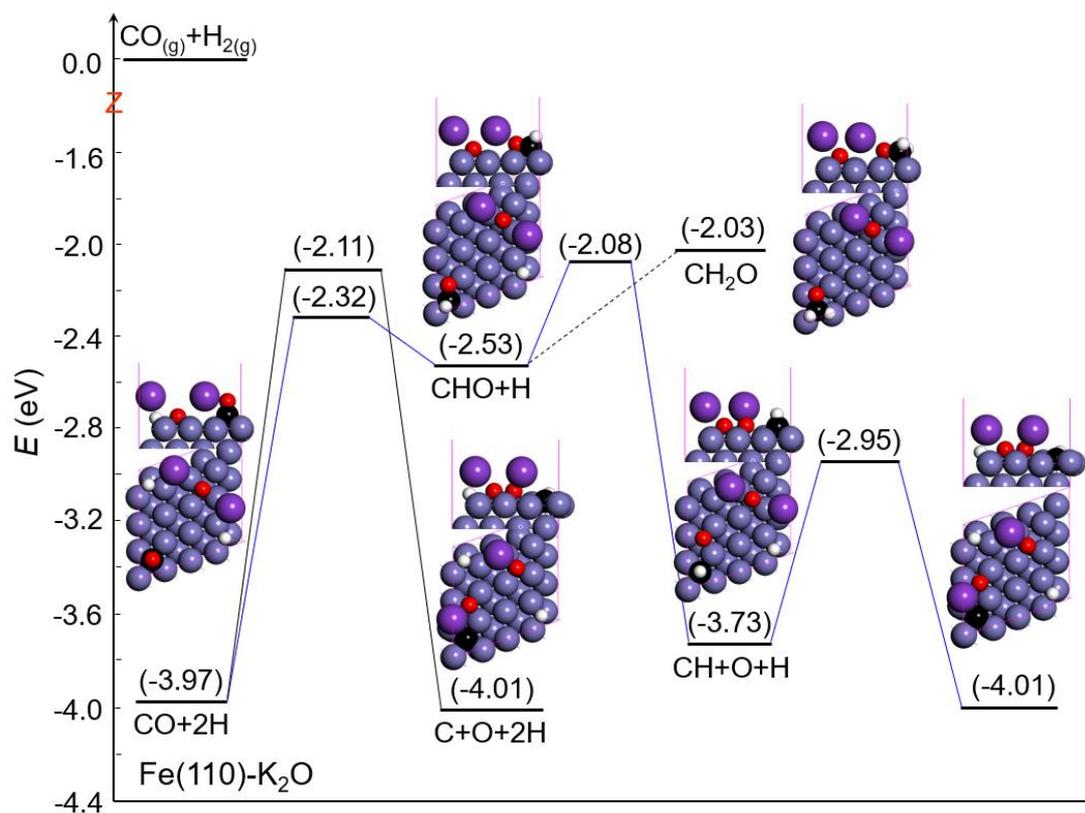


Figure S6. The energy profiles of CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(110)-K₂O, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates. The Fe, K, O, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, purple, red, black and white, respectively.

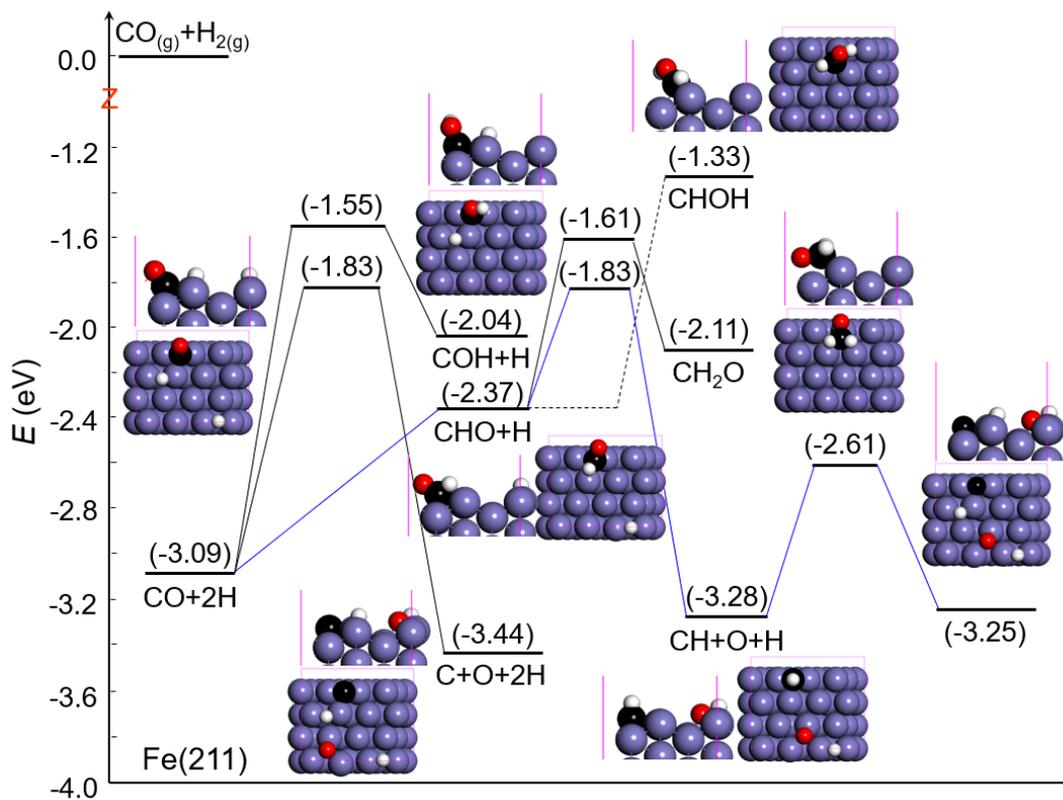


Figure S7. The energy profiles of CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(211), as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates. The Fe, O, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, red, black and white, respectively.

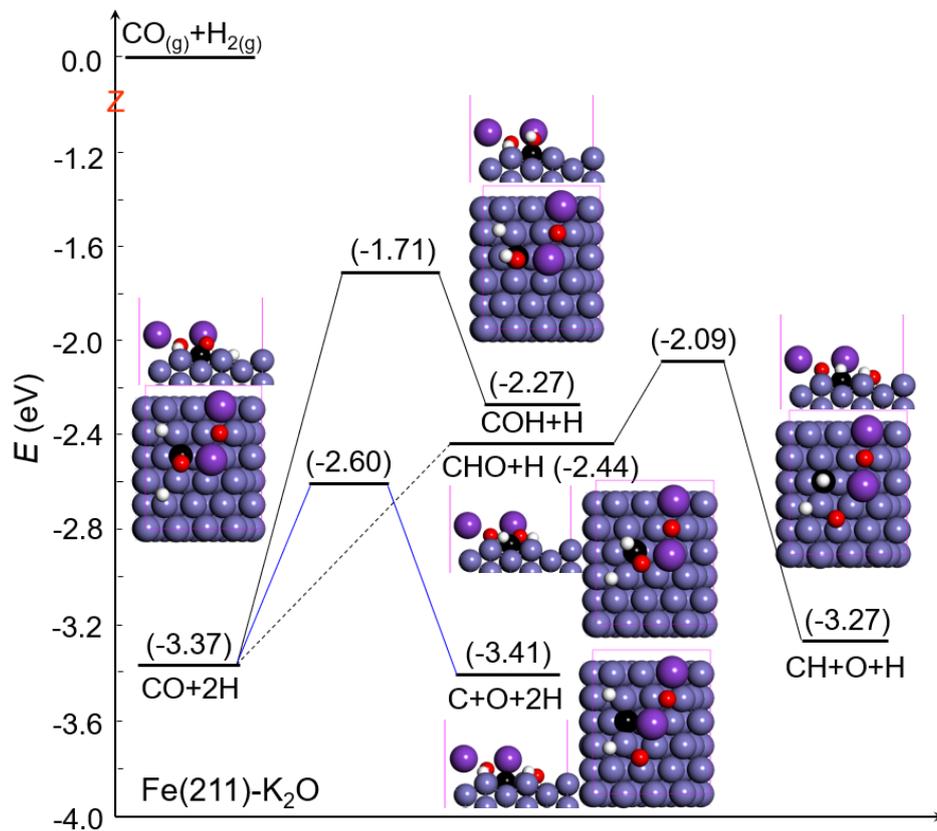


Figure S8. The energy profiles of CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(211)-K₂O, as well as the top and side view of the configurations for the corresponding intermediates. The Fe, K, O, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, purple, red, black and white, respectively.

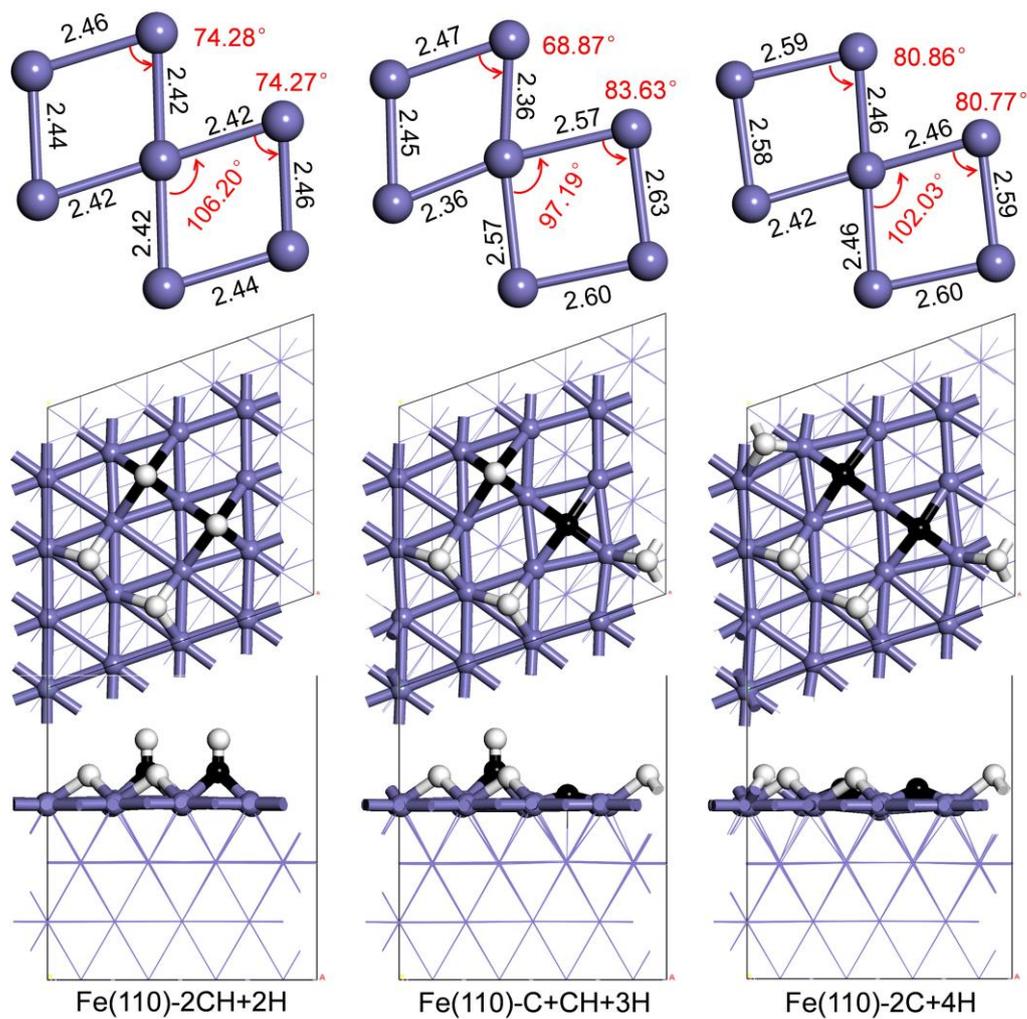


Figure S9. The top and side view structures of 2CH+H, C+CH+3H and 2C+4H on Fe(110). The Fe, C and H atoms are given in grayish blue, black and white, respectively.

Table S1. The distances between the two atoms (d , Å) be dissociated in the transition states of the element steps for C₂H₄ and CO/H₂ dissociation on Fe(110), Fe(110)-K₂O, Fe(211) and Fe(211)-K₂O surfaces

Fe(110)				Fe(110)-K₂O			
element steps	$d_{C...H}$ (Å)	$d_{C...C}$ (Å)	$d_{C...O}$ (Å)	element steps	$d_{C...H}$ (Å)	$d_{C...C}$ (Å)	$d_{C...O}$ (Å)
C ₂ H ₄ →C ₂ H ₃ +H	1.585	/	/	C ₂ H ₄ →C ₂ H ₃ +H	1.584	/	/
C ₂ H ₃ +H→CHCH+2H	1.344	/	/	C ₂ H ₃ +H→CHCH+2H	1.463	/	/
CHCH+2H→2CH+2H	/	2.027	/	CHCH+2H→CCH+3H	1.544	/	/
2CH+2H→C+CH+3H	1.418	/	/	CCH+2H→C+CH+3H	1.461	/	/
C+CH+3H→2C+4H	1.489	/	/	C+CH+3H→2C+4H	/	1.908	/
CO+2H→CHO+H	1.536	/	/	CO+2H→CHO+H	1.231	/	/
CHO+H→CH+O+H	/	/	1.739	CHO+H→CH+O+H	/	/	1.844
CH+O+H→C+O+2H	1.410	/	/	CH+O+H→C+O+2H	1.435	/	/
Fe(211)				Fe(211)-K₂O			
element steps	$d_{C...H}$ (Å)	$d_{C...C}$ (Å)	$d_{C...O}$ (Å)	element steps	$d_{C...H}$ (Å)	$d_{C...C}$ (Å)	$d_{C...O}$ (Å)
C ₂ H ₄ →C ₂ H ₃ +H	1.585	/	/	C ₂ H ₄ →C ₂ H ₃ +H	1.555	/	/
C ₂ H ₃ +H→CCH ₂ +2H	1.497	/	/	C ₂ H ₃ +H→CHCH+2H	1.539	/	/
CCH ₂ +2H→CCH+3H	1.572	/	/	CHCH+2H→CCH+3H	1.501	/	/
CCH+3H→CC+4H	1.571	/	/	CCH+3H→CC+4H	1.461	/	/
CC+4H→2C+4H	/	1.939	/	CC+4H→2C+4H	/	2.009	/
CO+2H→CHO+H	/	/	/	CO+2H→C+O+2H	/	/	1.887
CHO+H→CH+O+H	/	/	1.819				
CH+O+H→C+O+2H	1.482	/	/				