



Prognostic Significance of Interim Response Evaluation during Definitive Chemoradiotherapy for Locally Advanced Esophageal Squamous Cell Carcinoma

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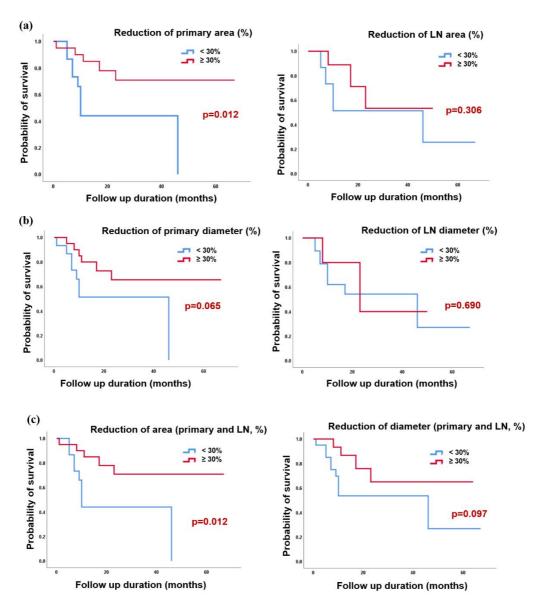


Figure S1. Kaplan–Meier analysis of progression-free survival (PFS) rates shows a relationship between the reduction of lesion size and PFS. (a) Area reduction of the primary esophageal le-sion/lymph node (LN) and PFS rates; (b) Diameter reduction of the primary esophageal lesion/LN and PFS rates; (c) Area and diameter reduction of both lesions (sum of pri-mary esophageal lesion and LN) and PFS rates.