# Subcellular localization of uc.8+ as a prognostic biomarker in bladder cancer tissue

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## Supplementary figures

**Figure S1.** A) Violin plot showing uc.8+ intensity score values across normal surrounding urothelium (NSU), low grade (LG) and high grade (HG) tissues. B) Frequency plot showing the scaled distribution of uc.8+ intensity in NSU, LG and HG according to the uc.8+ intensity. ** p-values <0.01.

**Figure S2. Violin and Frequency plots showing the correlation between the uc.8+ intensity score and clinical traits of patients cohort.** (A) Association with sex, (B) age of pts, (C) metastasis and (D) therapy.

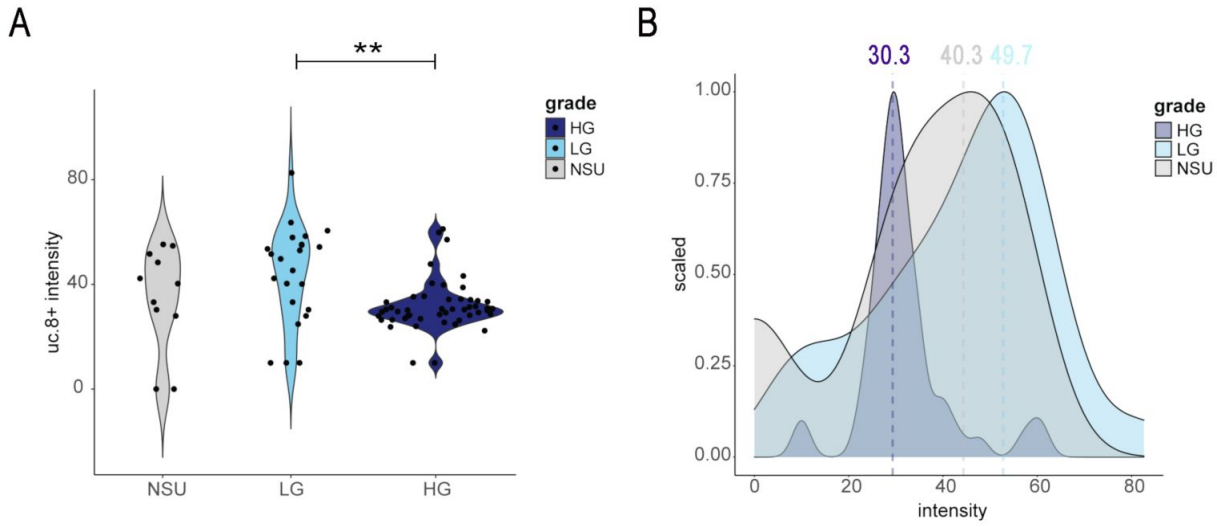
**Figure S3. Predicted secondary structure representation of the whole uc.8+.** Sequences associated with the predicted nuclear (light red) and cytosolic (light blue) localization. In purple the overlapped sequences of both localizations.

**Figure S4. uc.8+ intensity of sample belonging to HG and LG, with respect to the cellular localization.** Boxplots describing the relationship between intensity level of uc.8+ (Y axis) and cellular localization (X axis) in BlCa tissues.

**Figure S5.** Fluorescence microscopy of J82 bladder cancer control cells (first lane, Mock) after transfection with PNA-TO scramble-R8 (second lane, scramble PNA) or with TO-PNA1-R8, complementary to uc.8+ sequence (third lane, uc.8+ PNA). Images were recorded with excitation wavelength (lex)=450–490 nm (DAPI) or lex=510–540 nm (PNA-TO); the superimposition of the images recorded is also reported (Merge). Scale bar, 100 mm. Nuclei of J82 cells were stained with DAPI (blue).

## Supplementary Table

**Table S1. Subcellular localization of uc.8+ in BlCa patients.** Data were reported with respect to the lncRNA intensity expression and patients tumor Grade.

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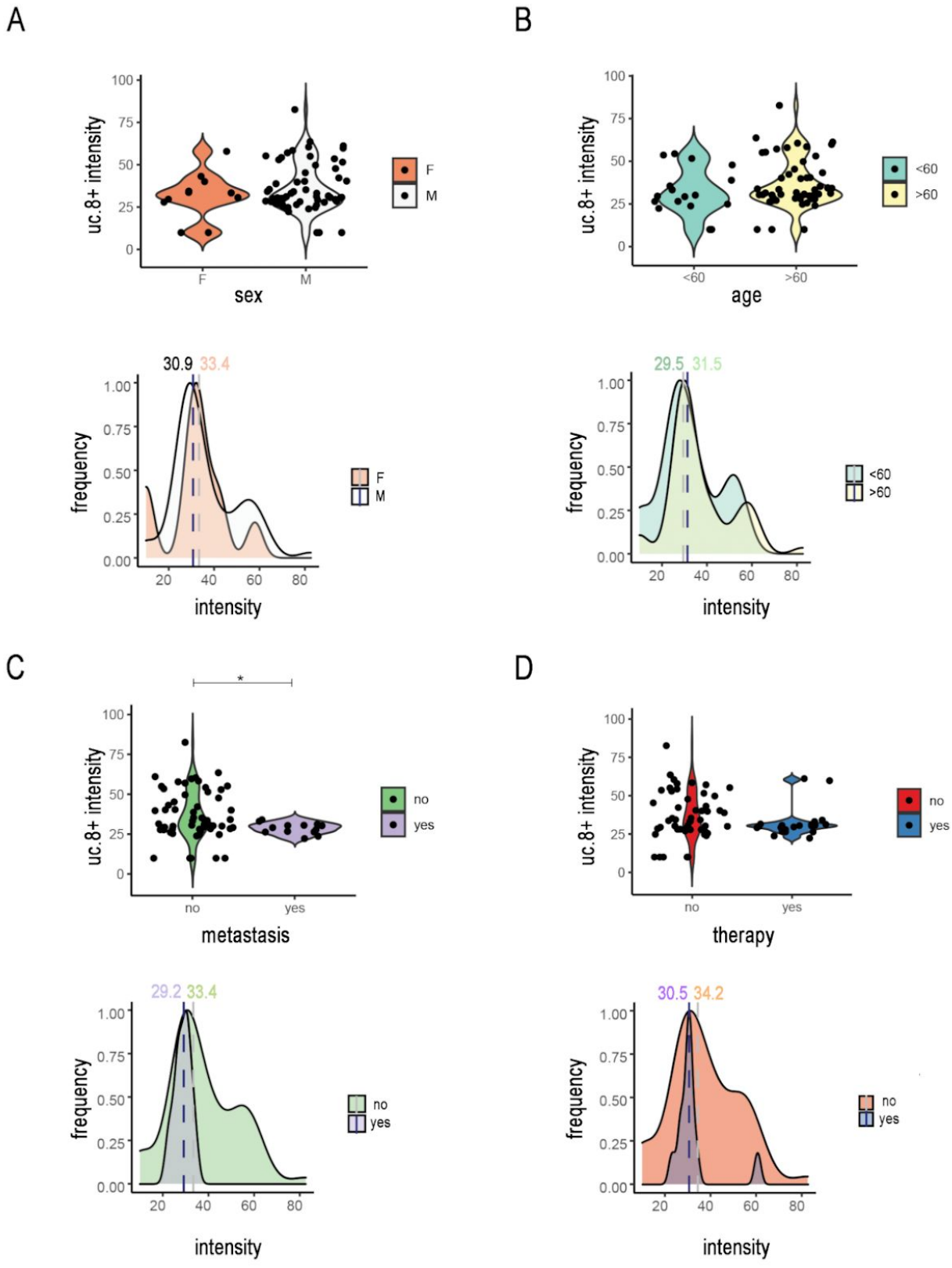


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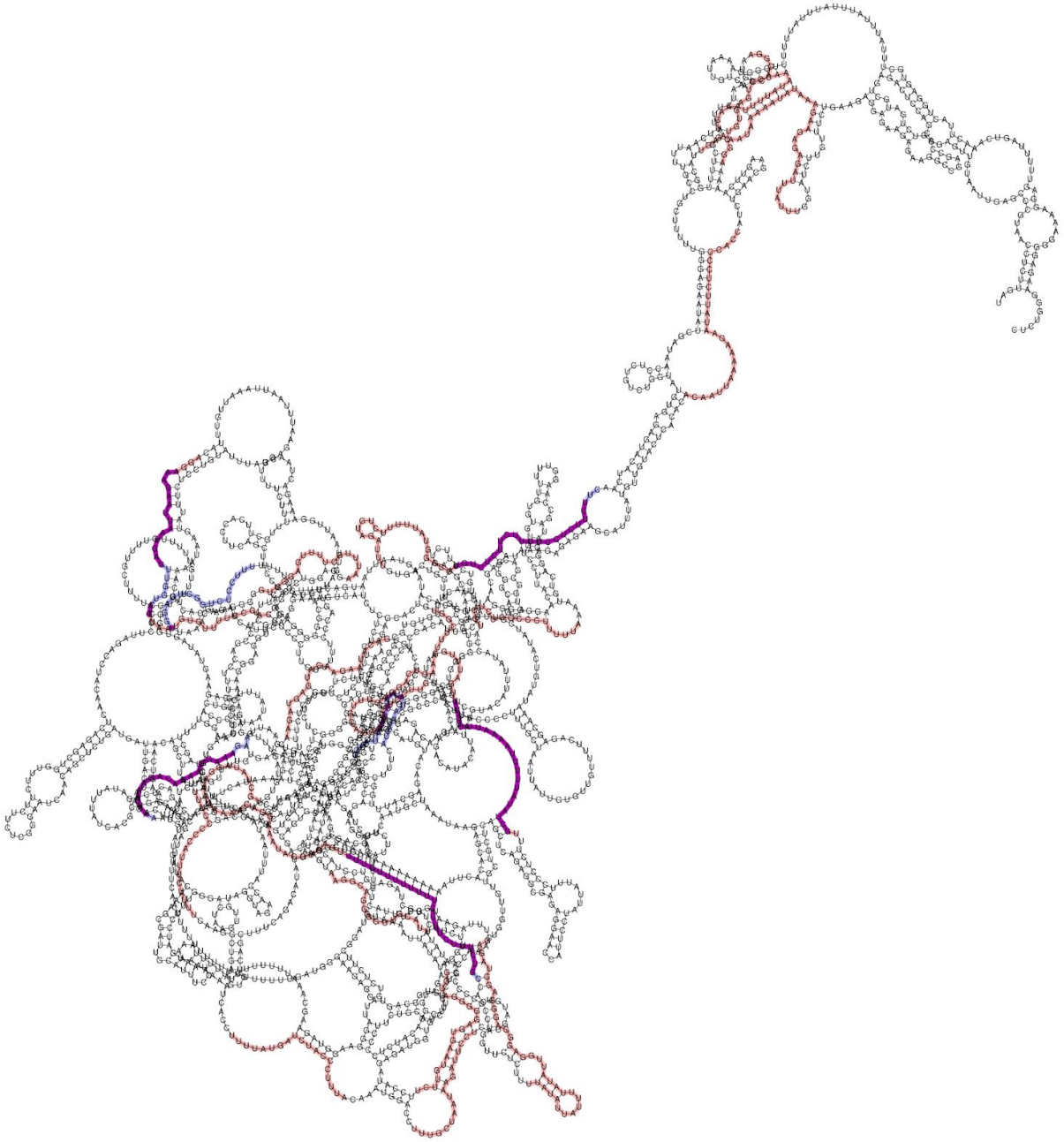

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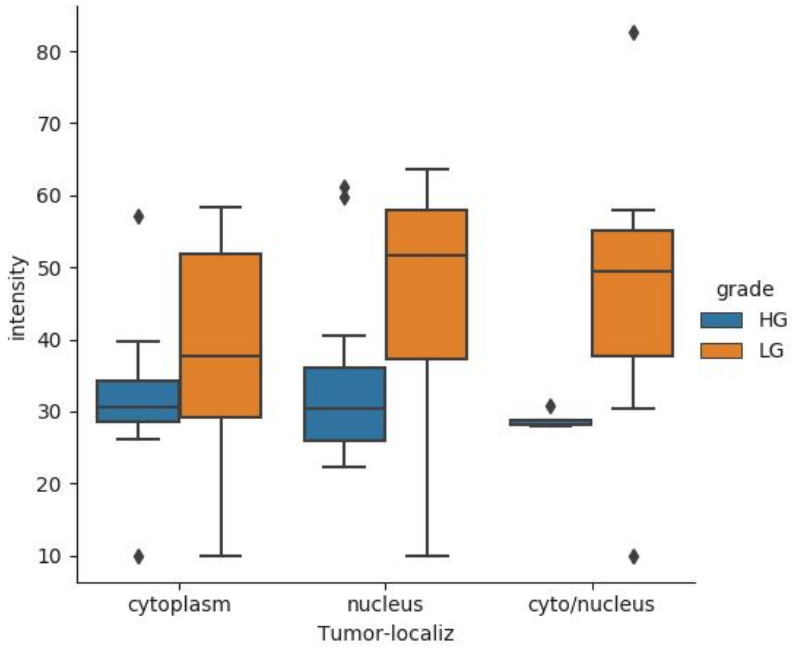


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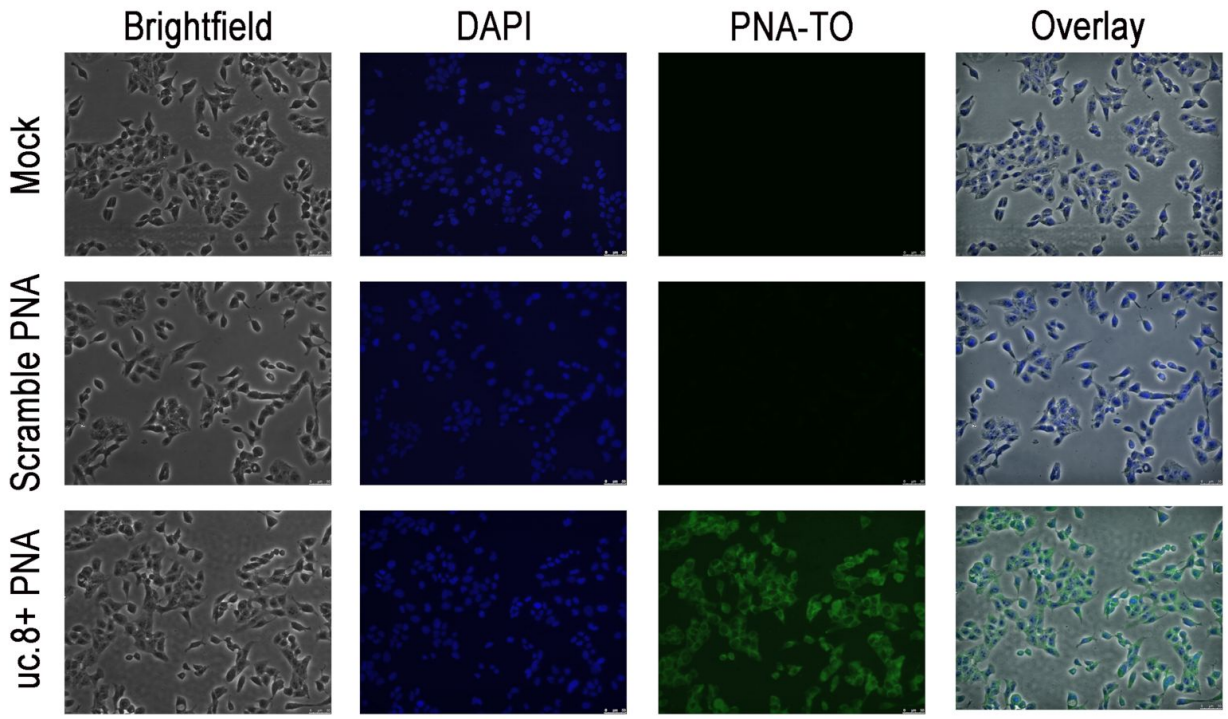


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| | % of BlCa patients | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Grade | | Intensity-score subgroups | |
| | LG | HG | HI | LI |
| Localization | | | | |
| cytoplasm | 26 | 46 | 26 | 49 |
| nucleus | 30 | 38 | 37 | 35 |
| nucleus-cytoplasm | 44 | 16 | 37 | 16 |