Supplementary Materials

Therapeutic potential of chemically modified miR-489 in Triple Negative Breast Cancers

Young Hwa Soung 1† , Heesung Chung 1,3† , Cecilia Yan 1 , Andrew Fesler 1 , Hyungjin Kim 2 , EokSoo Oh 3 , Jingfang Ju 1 and Jun Chung 1*

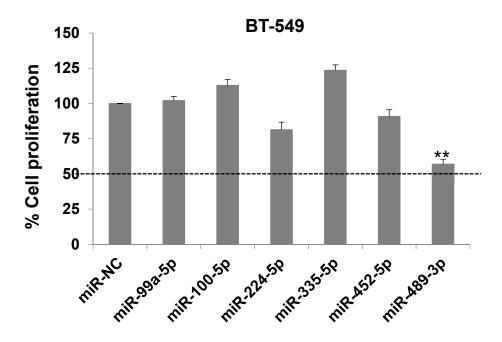


Figure S1. BT-549 cells transfected with indicated miRNA mimics were incubated for 96 hrs. Proliferation of these cells was measured by MTT assay. Data are represented as mean \pm SD (n = 3). **P < 0.01 compared with the control

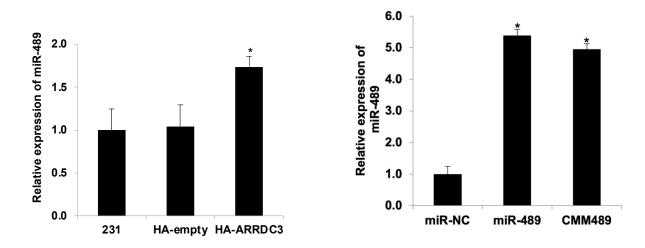
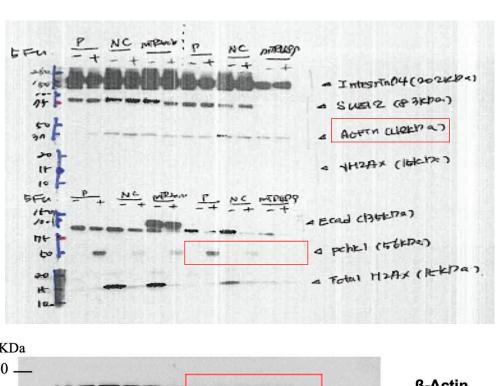


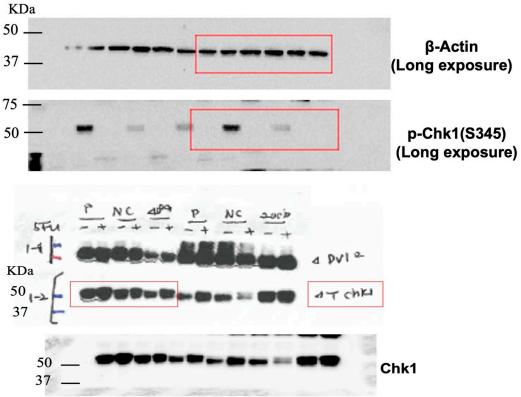
Figure S2. miR-489 expression level quantitated by qRT-PCR in MDA-MB-231 cells. RNAs were isolated from cells transfected with indicated (A) vector or (B) miRNAs. qRT-PCR was performed as described in the Material and Method section. Column, mean from at least three independent experiments; bars, SD. The statistical analysis was done using Student's t test. *, P < 0.05.

Figure S3. Full pictures of the western blots. Images of band were acquired using ChemiDoc Imaging system with ImageLab software 6. 1. (Bio-Rad).

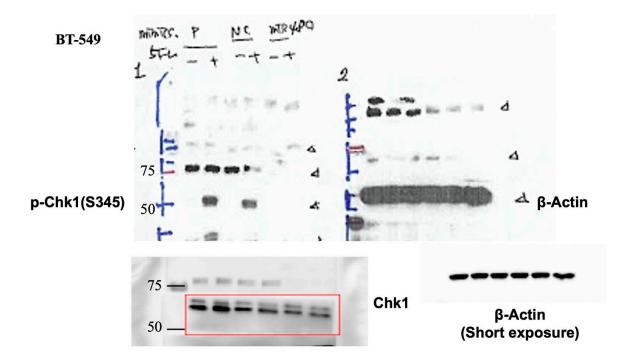
The Western blot original images for Figure 1C

MDA-MB-231

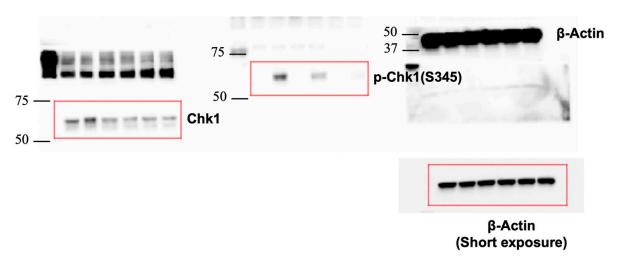




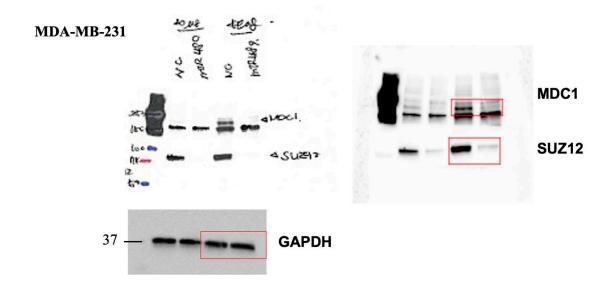
The Western blot original images for Figure 1C

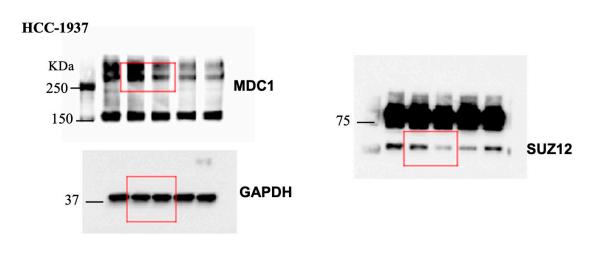


MDA-MB-468



The Western blot original images for Figure 2B

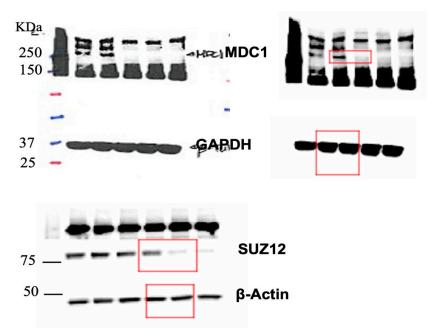






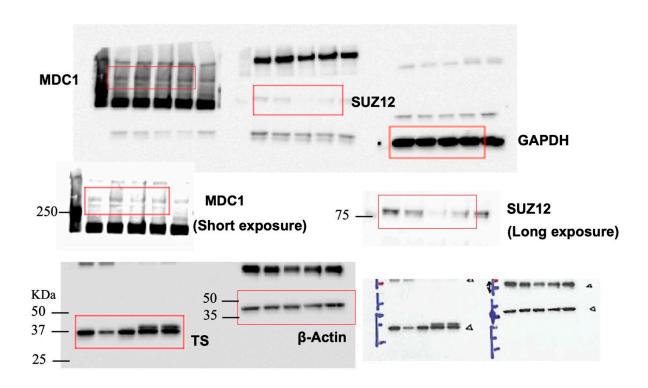


The Western blot original images for Figure 2C

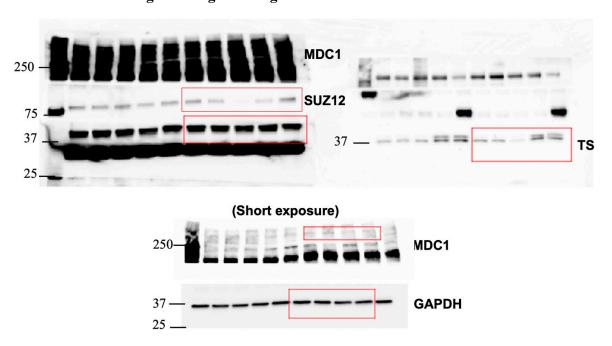


The Western blot original images for Figure 3B

MDA-MB-231



The Western blot original images for Figure 3B



The Western blot original images for Figure 4C

