

Supplementary Materials

Design and Manufacture of a Low-Cost Microfluidic System for the Synthesis of Giant Liposomes for the Encapsulation of Yeast Homologues: Applications in the Screening of Membrane-Active Peptide Libraries

Saúl C. Gómez ^{1,†}, Valentina Quezada ^{1,†}, Isabella Quiroz ¹, Carolina Muñoz-Camargo ¹, Johann F. Osma ^{2,*}, Luis H. Reyes ^{3,*} and Juan C. Cruz ^{1,*}

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¹ Department of Biomedical Engineering, Universidad de los Andes, Cra. 1E No. 19a-40, Bogotá 111711, Colombia; sc.gomez11@uniandes.edu.co (S.C.G.); v.quezada@uniandes.edu.co (V.Q.); i.quiroz@uniandes.edu.co (I.Q.); c.munoz2016@uniandes.edu.co (C.M.-C.)

² Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering, Universidad de los Andes, Cra. 1E No. 19a-40, Bogotá 111711, Colombia

³ Department of Food and Chemical Engineering, Universidad de los Andes, Cra. 1E No. 19a-40, Bogotá 111711, Colombia

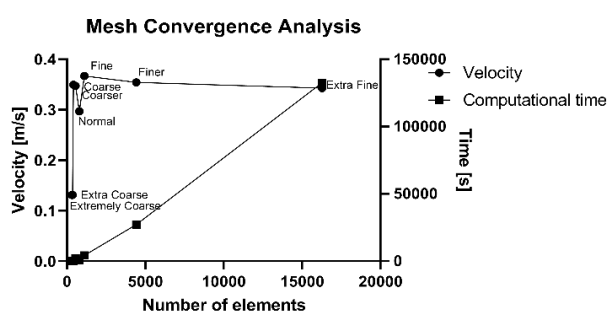
* Correspondence: jf.osma43@uniandes.edu.co (J.F.O.); lh.reyes@uniandes.edu.co (L.H.R.); jc.cruz@uniandes.edu.co (J.C.C.); Tel.: +57-1-3394949 (ext. 1789) (J.C.C.)

† Co-first author, these authors contributed equally to this work.

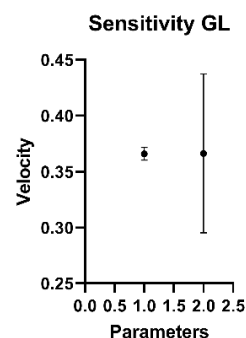
SI1. Double Emulsion Generation Simulation. Two-phase Flow, Level-set model in COMSOL Multiphysics®**Table S1.** Summary of parameters for the Multiphysics simulations to produce GUVs.

Parameter	Value	Units
V_{IA}	0.001851853	m/s
V_{LO}	0.018518533	m/s
V_{OA}	0.0555556	m/s
FRR	1:10:30	
TFR	0.075926	m/s

(a)



(b)

**Figure S1.** (a) Mesh convergence analysis for the velocity field and the computational time and (b) sensitivity analysis for FRR and TFR.**SI2. Yeast Encapsulation by Direct Interaction Simulation. Mixture Model in COMSOL Multiphysics®****Table S2.** Summary of parameters for the Multiphysics simulations of encapsulation.

Parameter	Value	Units
FRR	1:1 – 2:1 – 3:1	-
TFR	0.084	m/s
Particle diameter (d_p)	50	μm
Maximum packaging concentration (ϕ_{max})	0.2	-
Minimum volume fraction – Dispersed phase (ϕ_d)	0.2	-

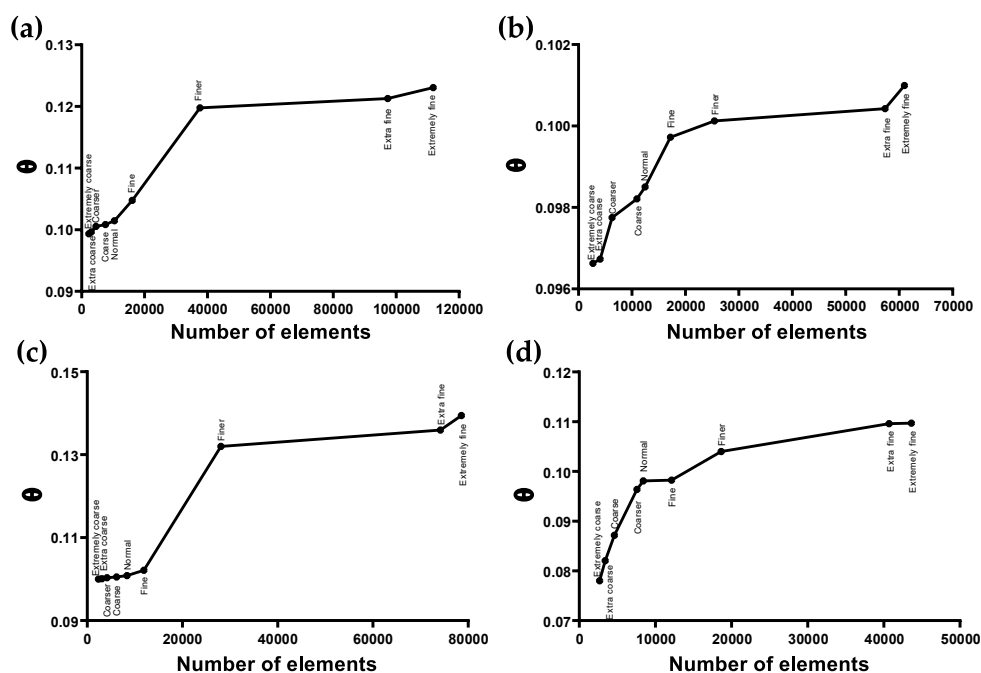


Figure S2. Mesh convergence analysis for the volume fraction dispersed phase (θ) of the micromixers: (a) Chambers; (b) Circular features; (c) SARS; (d) Serpentine.

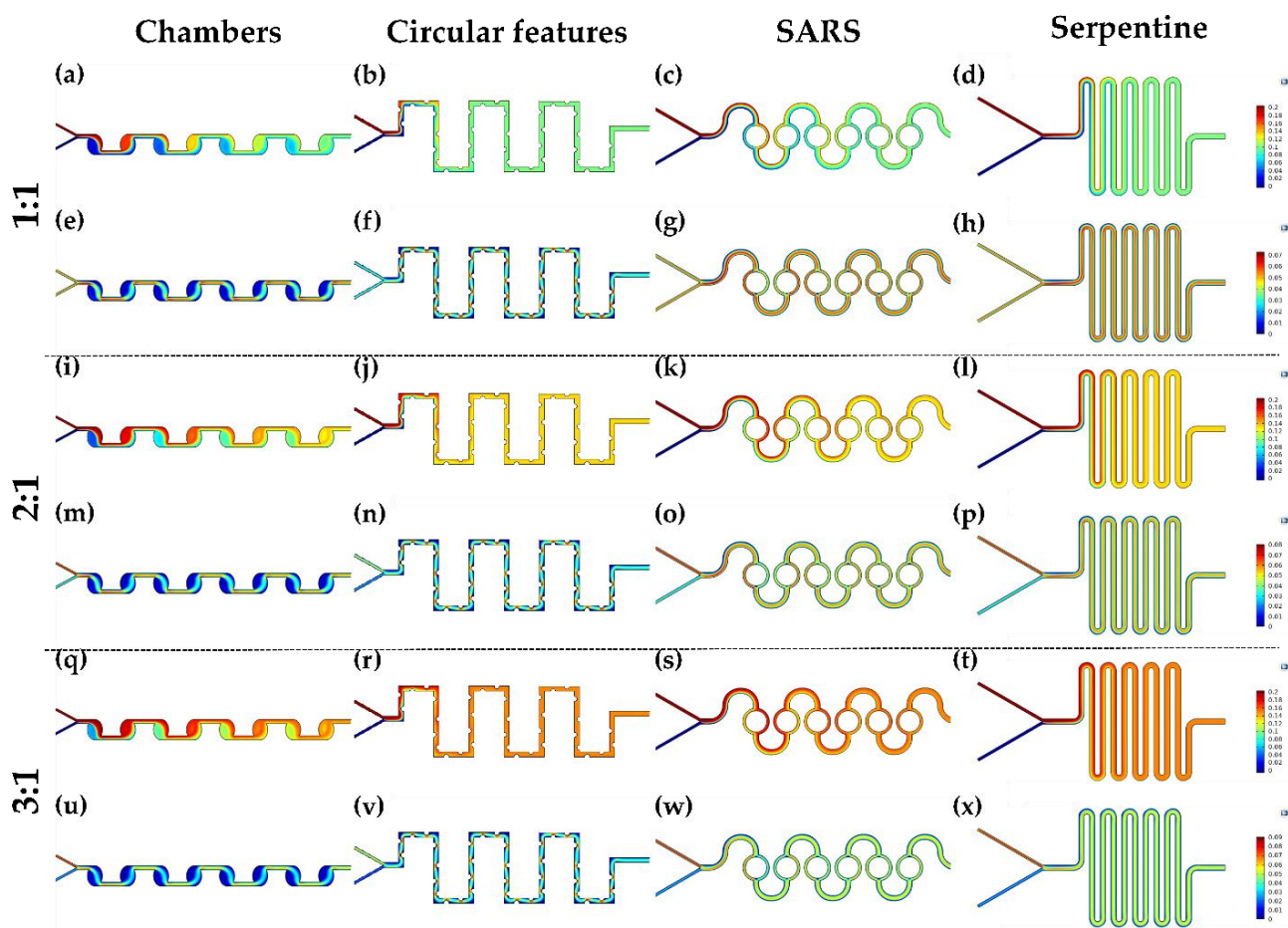


Figure S3. *In silico* results for the volume fraction of the dispersed phase (θ) (a-d; i-l; q-t) and the velocity field (e-h; m-p; u-x) (VF) for each FRR in the micromixers.

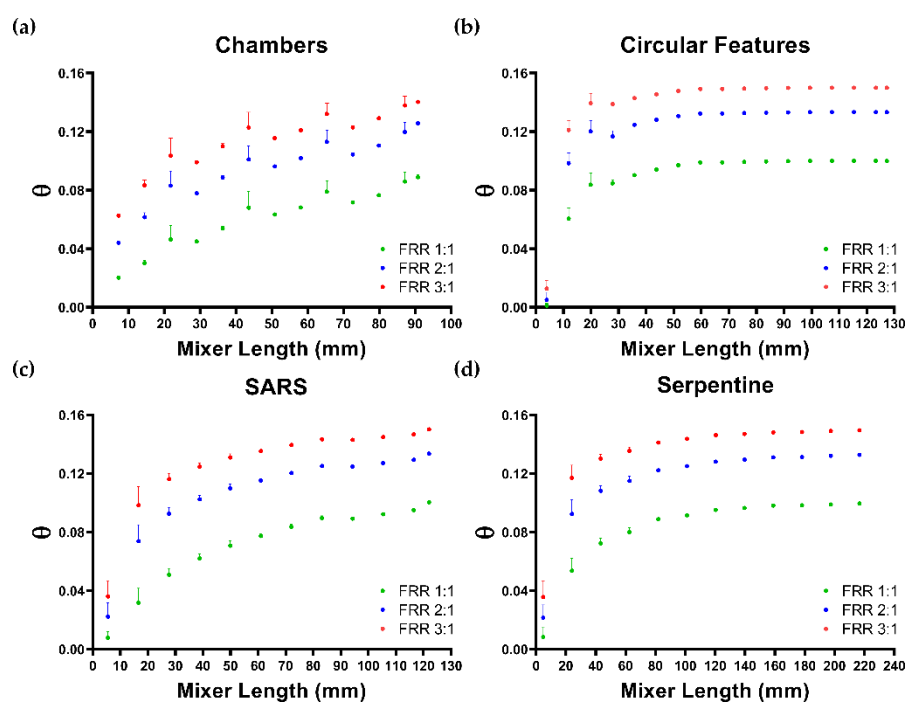


Figure S4. *In silico* mixing behavior: (a) Chambers; (b) Circular features; (c) SARS; (d) Serpentine.

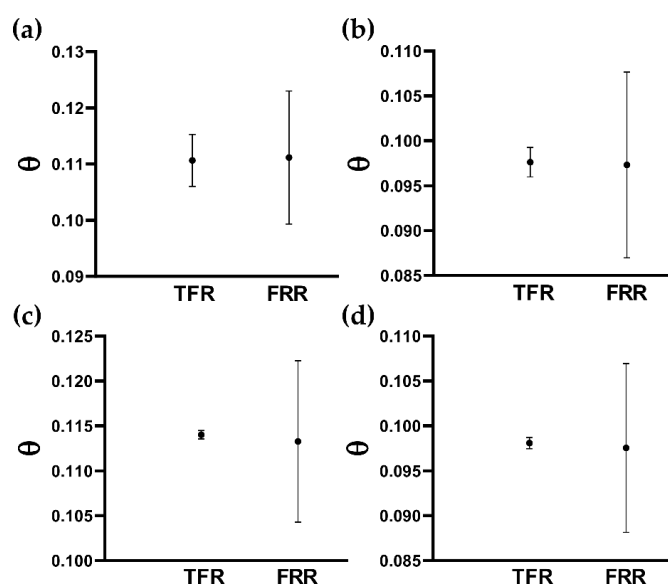


Figure S5. Sensitivity analysis for the FRR and TFR micromixers parameters: (a) Chambers; (b) Circular features; (c) SARS; (d) Serpentine.

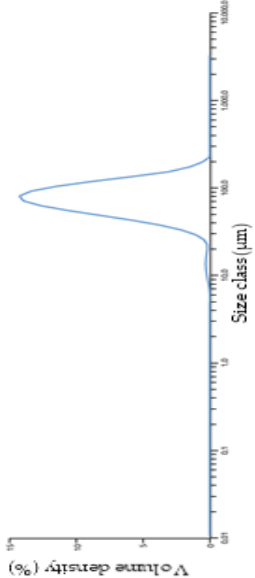
SI3. Low-cost Octanol-assisted Liposomes Assembly FRR Characterization

Table S3. Summary of fluidic parameters for the experimental characterization of GUVs synthesis.

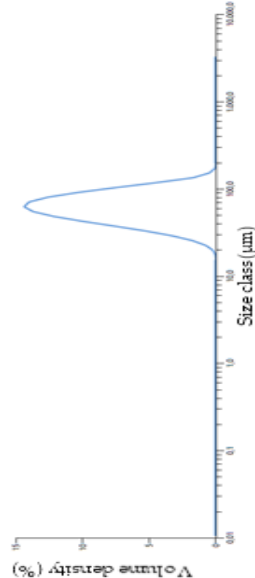
FRR	Flow rate [mL/h]	TFR [mL/h]
1:10:30	Q _{IA} : 10; Q _{LO} : 100; Q _{OA} : 300	410
1:20:60	Q _{IA} : 10; Q _{LO} : 200; Q _{OA} : 600	810
1:30:90	Q _{IA} : 6.7; Q _{LO} : 200.8; Q _{OA} : 602.5	810

SI4. Static light scattering (SLS) measurements of GUVs samples synthesized by the microfluidic system proposed

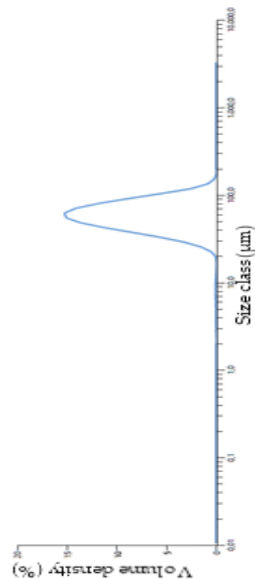
Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:10:30 – 0.01%



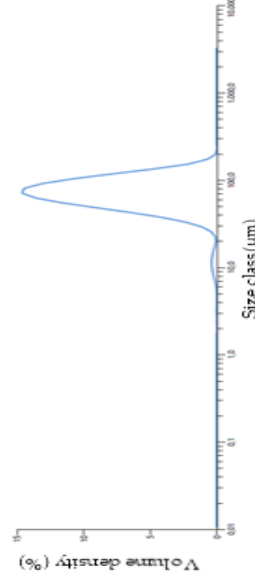
Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:10:30 – 0.02%



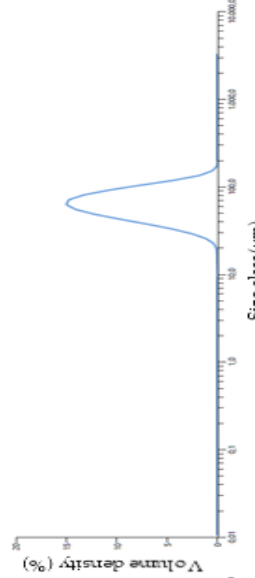
Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:10:30 – 0.04%



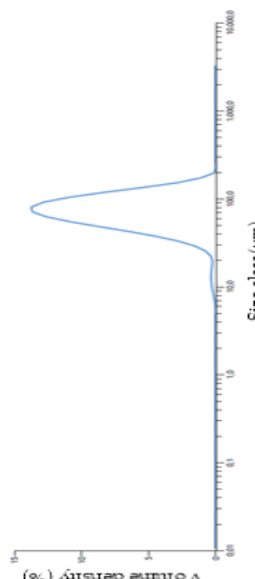
Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:20:60 – 0.01%



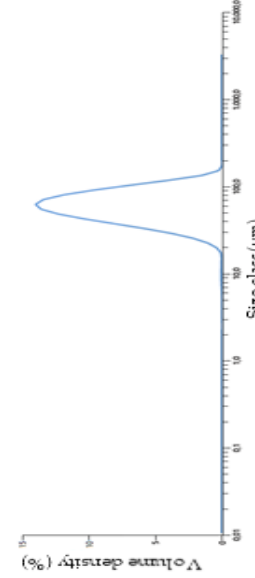
Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:20:60 – 0.02%



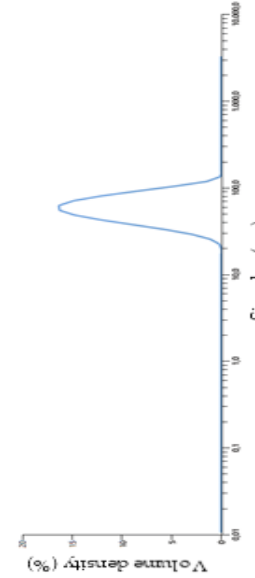
Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:20_60 – 0.04%



Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:30:90 – 0.01%



Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:30:90 – 0.02%



Size Distribution by Inetnsity FRR 1:30:90 – 0.04%

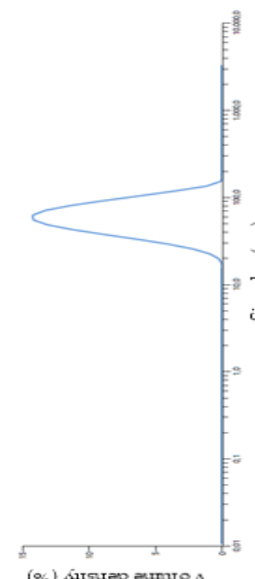


Figure S6. SLS measurements of GUVs samples synthesized varying the flow rate ratio (FRR) and the concentration of the LO phase.

SI5. Colorimetric Mixing Efficiency Test vs. *In silico* approach

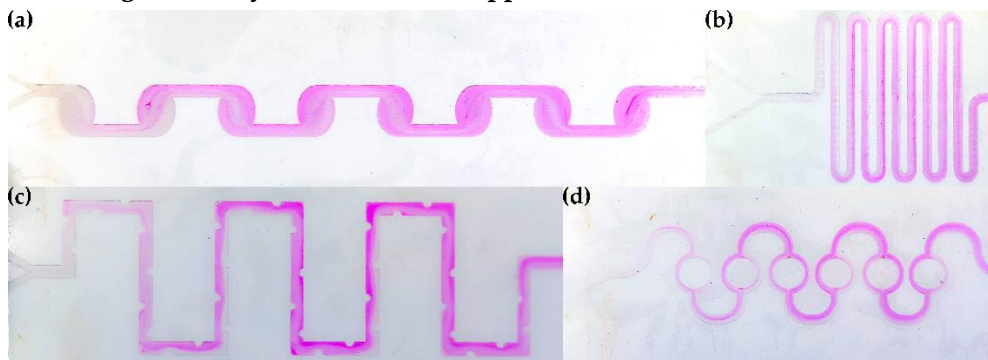


Figure S7. Image acquisition for the mixture efficiency calculation.

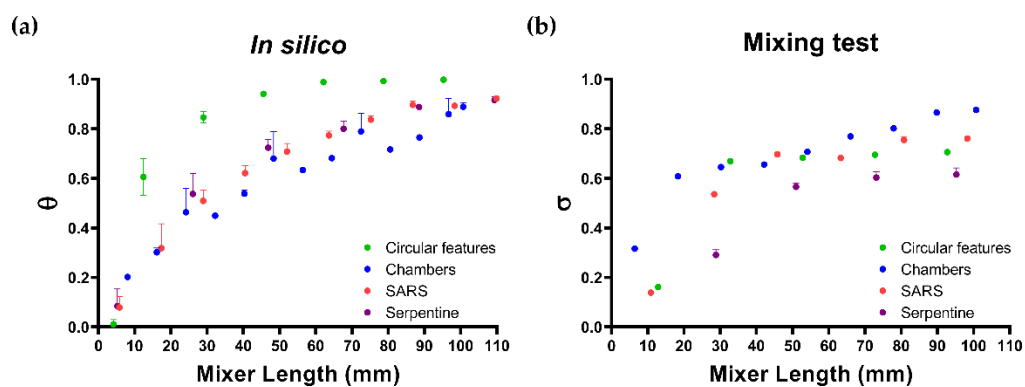


Figure S8. Comparison of *in silico* mixing behavior for FRR 1:1 and experimentally for the micromixers.