## Supplementary Materials: Camelid Single-Domain Antibodies (VHHs) against Crotoxin: A Basis for Developing Modular Building Blocks for the Enhancement of Treatment or Diagnosis of Crotalic Envenoming

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**Figure S1.** Cytotoxic activity evaluation of *Crotalus d. terrificus* venom, CTX and CB in murine C2C12 skeletal muscle myoblasts.



Figure S2. Determination of CTX myotoxic activity in mice.

KF498204

CTX

0.005537

47.18

8.134x10<sup>-8</sup>

**Table S1.** Interaction analysis by SPR.

Binding kinetics parameters were measured according to SPR sensorgrams shown in Figure 3 using the 1:1 Langmuir model

6.807x10<sup>+4</sup>

Table S2. In silico studies' data

Target (VHH	Template	%	Resolution	RMSD	Reference
clone)	(PDB:chain)	Identity	(Å)	(Å)	Template
KF498602	1xfp:A	64	1.50	1.95	[1]
KF498603	1xfp:A	64	1.50	0.21	[1]
KF498604	1kxt:B	66	2.00	0.36	[2]
KF498605	2vxs:K	76	2.63	0.29	[3]
KF498606	4b41:A	78	1.19	0.27	[4]

Table S3. Llama immunization schedule with CTX and CA and CB subunits.

Day	Immunization	Toxin dose			Adiuwant	Serum
	number	СТХ	CA	СВ	Aujuvant	collection
-7	-	-	-	-	-	Yes
0	1	100 µg	50 µg	50 µg	-	Yes
7	2	100 µg	50 µg	50 µg	50 μL CFA <sup>a</sup>	Yes
14	3	200 µg	100 µg	100 µg	100 µL IFA <sup>b</sup>	Yes
21	4	200 µg	100 µg	100 µg	100 µL IFA	Yes
28	5	200 µg	100 µg	100 µg	100 µL IFA	Yes
31	-	-	-	-	-	Yes

<sup>a</sup>CFA: Complete Freund's adjuvant; <sup>b</sup>IFA: Incomplete Freund's adjuvant; The llama was immunized with CTX, CA and CB subunits by subcutaneous route. Blood was collected from the jugular vein three days after final boost.

## References

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