

Vitamin D Supplementation during Intensive Care Unit Stay Is Associated with Improved Outcomes in Critically Ill Patients with Sepsis: A Cohort Study

Supplemental Materials

Table S1 ORs and HRs of each factor in adjusted model 3

| Adjusted factors | ORs for in-hospital mortality | HRs for 28-day mortality | HRs for 90-day mortality |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Age (years) | 1.02(1.01-1.02) | 1.02(1.01-1.02) | 1.01(1.01-1.02) |
| Male (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| Weight (Kg) | \ | 0.996(0.993-0.999) | \ |
| RR (/min) | 1.05(1.03-1.07) | 1.05(1.04-1.07) | 1.05(1.03-1.06) |
| SBP (mmHg) | 0.99(0.986-0.994) | 0.991(0.987-0.994) | 0.991(0.988-0.994) |
| Temperature (°C) | 0.61(0.53-0.70) | 0.69(0.62-0.76) | 0.68(0.62-0.74) |
| MI (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| CHF (n (%)) | 0.65(0.51-0.81) | 0.75(0.63-0.89) | 0.73(0.62-0.97) |
| CKD (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| AKI (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| Diabetes (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| Osteoporosis (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| Septic shock (n (%)) | 1.62(1.35-1.94) | 1.54(1.33-1.78) | 1.50(1.31-1.72) |
| Cerebral diseases (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| RBC (m/uL) | 0.72(0.63-0.82) | \ | 0.86(0.78-0.95) |
| WBC (K/uL) | 1.04(1.03-1.05) | 1.01(1.01-1.02) | 1.01(1.01-1.02) |
| Platelet (K/uL) | 0.999(0.998-0.999) | 0.999(0.988-0.994) | 0.999(0.998-0.999) |
| Hemoglobin (g/dL) | \ | \ | \ |
| Potassium (mmol/L) | 1.36(1.20-1.55) | 1.35(1.23-1.47) | 1.32(1.21-1.44) |
| Chloride (mmol/L) | \ | \ | \ |
| Creatinine(mg/dL) | 1.16(1.09-1.23) | 1.14(1.10-1.18) | 1.11(1.08-1.15) |
| Glucose (mmol/L) | 1.004(1.002-1.005) | 1.002(1.001-1.003) | 1.002(1.001-1.003) |
| Lactate (mg/dL) | 1.29(1.23-1.35) | 1.19(1.17-1.22) | 1.19(1.17-1.21) |
| Vasopressin (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| Antibiotic (n (%)) | \ | \ | \ |
| MV (n (%)) | 2.41(1.80-3.24) | 2.09(1.63-2.69) | 1.91(1.52-2.39) |

RR, respiratory rate; SBP, systolic blood pressure; MI, myocardial infarction; CHF, chronic heart failure; CKD, chronic kidney disease; AKI, acute kidney injury; RBC, red blood cell; WBC, white blood cell; MV, mechanical ventilation.

Table S2 Association between Vitamin D supplementation and clinical outcomes using multivariate regression analysis after adjusting for doses of Vitamin D

| Vitamin D Supplementation | Number of patients | ORs for in-hospital mortality | HRs for mortality | 28-day mortality | HRs for mortality | 90-day mortality |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| No | 3224 | Ref | Ref | | Ref | |
| Yes | 315 | 0.69(0.52-0.91) | 0.66(0.50-0.89) | | 0.75(0.57-0.99) | |

Ref, reference group.

Table S3 The baseline information and outcome of young patients with sepsis (age < 60 years)

| | Before PSM | | | After PSM | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|---------|--|--|-------------|
| | Non-VD supplementation group (n= 3224) | VD-supplementation group (n= 315) | p-value | Non-VD supplementation group (n= 70) | VD-supplementation group (n= 70) | p- value |
| | | | | | | |
| Demographic data | | | | | | |
| Age (years) | 51(42-56) | 52(44-56) | 0.22 | 52(43-56) | 52(43-56) | 0.78 |
| Male (n (%)) | 457(43.9) | 35(46.1) | 0.40 | 24(34.3) | 31(44.3) | 0.15 |
| Weight (Kg) | 80(68-100) | 84(68-107) | 0.58 | 88(69-102) | 84(69-107) | 0.51 |
| Vital signs | | | | | | |
| RR (/min) | 22(18-25) | 21(17.1-25) | 0.37 | 21(18-25) | 21(17-25) | 0.73 |
| SBP (mmHg) | 109(96-126) | 108(95-123) | 0.56 | 117(99-127) | 108(93-124) | 0.27 |
| DBP (mmHg) | 61(52-70) | 62(52-76) | 0.46 | 63(52-75) | 64(52-76) | 0.67 |
| Temperature (°C) | 37.1(36.7-37.6) | 37.0(36.7-37.6) | 0.83 | 37.1(36.8-37.7) | 37.1(36.7-37.6) | 0.54 |
| Comorbidities | | | | | | |
| MI (n (%)) | 54(5.2) | 1(1.3) | 0.10 | 3(4.3) | 1(1.4) | 0.31 |
| AF (n (%)) | 44(4.2) | 7(9.2) | 0.052 | 11(15.7) | 6(8.6) | 0.15 |
| CHF (n (%)) | 82(7.9) | 10(13.2) | 0.09 | 13(18.6) | 10(14.3) | 0.32 |
| CKD (n (%)) | 136(13.1) | 16(21.1) | 0.04 | 10(14.3) | 15(21.4) | 0.19 |
| AKI (n (%)) | 581(55.8) | 42(55.3) | 0.51 | 36(51.4) | 37(52.9) | 0.50 |
| Diabetes (n (%)) | 274(26.3) | 26(34.2) | 0.09 | 19(27.1) | 24(34.3) | 0.23 |
| Osteoporosis (n (%)) | 21(2.0) | 12(15.8) | <0.001 | 13(18.6) | 10(14.3) | 0.32 |
| Cerebral diseases (n (%)) | 113(10.8) | 6(7.9) | 0.28 | 5(7.1) | 6(8.6) | 0.50 |
| Clinical indices | | | | | | |
| RBC (m/uL) | 3.3(2.8-3.8) | 3.2(2.8-3.9) | 0.72 | 3.4(2.8-3.9) | 3.2(2.8-4.0) | 0.81 |
| WBC (K/uL) | 10.2(6.6-15.3) | 8.0(5.9-14.0) | 0.18 | 10.1(5.8-15.2) | 8.0(5.8-15.3) | 0.80 |
| Platelet (K/uL) | 178(112-272) | 177(112-285) | 0.78 | 178(121-253) | 177(113-276) | >0.90 |
| Hemoglobin | 9.8(8.5-11.3) | 10.0(8.4-11.7) | 0.83 | 9.5(8.7-11.3) | 10.0(8.4-11.7) | 0.49 |
| Creatinine(mg/dL) | 1.0(0.6-1.7) | 1.1(0.6-1.9) | 0.61 | 1.0(0.6-2.0) | 1.0(0.6-2.0) | 0.73 |
| Glucose (mmol/L) | 115(95-147) | 113(91-145) | >0.90 | 115(92.6-142.8) | 108(90.8-137.5) | 0.60 |
| Lactate | 1.7(1.1-2.9) | 1.6(1.1-2.6) | 0.56 | 1.6(1.0-3.0) | 1.6(1.2-2.8) | >0.90 |
| Potassium | 4.0(3.6-4.4) | 4.0(3.7-4.3) | 0.54 | 4.10(3.7-4.4) | 4.0(3.8-4.3) | 0.34 |
| Chloride | 103(99-108.0) | 103.0(98-107) | 0.33 | 101(98-105) | 103(98-107) | 0.53 |
| Clinical measures | | | | | | |
| Vasopressin (n (%)) | 243(23.3) | 21(27.6) | 0.22 | 16(22.9) | 19(27.1) | 0.35 |
| Antibiotic (n (%)) | 1020(97.9) | 71(93.4) | 0.03 | 66(94.3) | 65(92.9) | 0.50 |
| MV (n (%)) | 846(81.2) | 55(72.4) | 0.046 | 55(78.6) | 52(74.3) | 0.35 |

PSM, propensity score matching; RR, respiratory rate; SBP, systolic blood pressure; DBP, diastolic blood pressure; MI, myocardial infarction; AF, atrial fibrillation; CHF, chronic heart failure; CKD, chronic kidney disease; AKI, acute kidney injury; RBC, red blood cell; WBC, white blood cell; MV, mechanical ventilation.

Table S4 The baseline characteristics of septic patients without septic shock

| | Before PSM | | | After PSM | | |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---------|--|--------------------------------------|---------|
| | Non-VD supplementation group (n= 3224) | VD-supplementation group (n= 315) | p-value | Non-VD supplementation group (n= 138) | VD-supplementation group (n= 138) | p-value |
| | | | | | | |
| Demographic data | | | | | | |
| Age (years) | 67(55-80) | 74(62-85) | 0.03 | 71(60-84) | 73(62-86) | 0.52 |
| Male (n (%)) | 582(43.1) | 76(52.4) | 0.02 | 69(50.0) | 70(50.7) | 0.50 |
| Weight (Kg) | 78(65-93) | 72(62-87) | 0.02 | 76(63-92) | 72(62-71) | 0.36 |
| Vital signs | | | | | | |
| RR (/min) | 21(18-24) | 21(18-24) | 0.46 | 20(18-23) | 21(18-24) | 0.46 |
| SBP (mmHg) | 116(101-134) | 115(100-136) | 0.49 | 115(101-134) | 116(100-137) | 0.90 |
| DBP (mmHg) | 59(50-69) | 59(49-70) | 0.83 | 58(49-65) | 60(49-71) | 0.16 |
| Temperature (°C) | 36.9(36.6-37.4) | 36.9(36.6-37.2) | 0.15 | 36.9(36.5-37.3) | 36.9(36.6-37.2) | >0.90 |
| Comorbidities | | | | | | |
| MI (n (%)) | 116(8.6) | 12(8.3) | 0.53 | 11(8.0) | 12(8.7) | 0.50 |
| AF (n (%)) | 58(4.3) | 9(6.2) | 0.19 | 11(8.0) | 9(6.5) | 0.41 |
| CHF (n (%)) | 250(18.5) | 36(24.8) | 0.045 | 41(29.7) | 36(29.1) | 0.30 |
| CKD (n (%)) | 293(21.7) | 37(25.5) | 0.17 | 39(28.3) | 36(26.1) | 0.39 |
| AKI (n (%)) | 759(56.2) | 79(54.5) | 0.38 | 78(56.5) | 77(55.58) | 0.50 |
| Diabetes (n (%)) | 436(32.3) | 48(33.1) | 0.45 | 51(37.0) | 47(34.1) | 0.35 |
| Osteoporosis (n (%)) | 61(4.5) | 23(15.9) | <0.001 | 20(14.5) | 21(15.2) | 0.50 |
| Cerebral diseases (n (%)) | 145(10.7) | 18(12.4) | 0.31 | 19(13.8) | 18(13.0) | 0.50 |
| Clinical indices | | | | | | |
| RBC (m/uL) | 3.4(2.9-3.8) | 3.3(2.9-3.7) | 0.72 | 3.4(2.9-3.9) | 3.3(2.9-3.7) | 0.68 |
| WBC (K/uL) | 9.7(6.6-14.3) | 10.2(7.1-14.6) | 0.77 | 10.7(7.0-14.2) | 10.2(7.0-14.5) | >0.90 |
| Platelet (K/uL) | 195(125-288) | 204(138-259) | 0.37 | 198(142-289) | 205(142-289) | 0.87 |
| Hemoglobin | 10.1(8.8-11.4) | 9.9(8.7-11.5) | 0.46 | 10.2(8.8-11.5) | 10.0(8.7-11.5) | 0.70 |
| Creatinine(mg/dL) | 1.0(0.7-1.7) | 1.0(0.7-1.7) | >0.90 | 1.1(0.7-1.7) | 1.0(0.7-1.6) | 0.77 |
| Glucose (mmol/L) | 118(97-151) | 108(88-144) | 0.09 | 107(92-134) | 109(88-144) | 0.31 |
| Lactate | 1.6(1.1-2.5) | 1.7(1.2-2.5) | 0.65 | 1.7(1.2-2.6) | 1.8(1.2-2.6) | 0.69 |
| Potassium | 4.0(3.7-4.4) | 4.1(3.8-4.5) | 0.33 | 4.0(3.7-4.4) | 4.1(3.8-4.5) | 0.13 |
| Chloride | 104(100-108) | 103(99-108) | 0.17 | 103(99-107) | 103(100-108) | 0.52 |
| Clinical measures | | | | | | |
| Vasopressin (n (%)) | 307(22.7) | 29(20.0) | 0.23 | 24(17.4) | 29(21.0) | 0.27 |
| Antibiotic | 1324(98.0) | 140(96.6) | 0.19 | 134(97.1) | 134(97.1) | 0.64 |
| MV | 1105(81.8) | 119(82.1) | 0.52 | 122(88.4) | 113(81.9) | 0.09 |

PSM, propensity score matching; RR, respiratory rate; SBP, systolic blood pressure; DBP, diastolic blood pressure; MI, myocardial infarction; AF, atrial fibrillation; CHF, chronic heart failure; CKD, chronic kidney disease; AKI, acute kidney injury; RBC, red blood cell; WBC, white blood cell; MV, mechanical ventilation.

Table S5 Clinical outcomes of young patients with sepsis (age < 60 years) after PSM

| Clinical outcomes | All septic patients (n=140) | Non-VD Supplementation group (n=70) | VD Supplementation group (n=70) | P-value |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Primary outcomes | | | | |
| In-hospital mortality (n (%)) | 33(23.6) | 16(22.9) | 17(24.3) | 0.50 |
| 28-mortality (n (%)) | 24(17.1) | 11(15.7) | 13(18.6) | 0.41 |
| 90-mortality (n (%)) | 32(22.9) | 15(21.4) | 17(24.3) | 0.42 |
| Secondary outcomes | | | | |
| Mean SAPS II | 34(27-45) | 34(26-44) | 33(27-46) | 0.17 |
| Mean APS III | 58(45-75) | 58(46-82) | 58.3(44-73) | 0.19 |
| Mean SOFA | 7(4-9) | 7(4-9) | 6(4-8) | 0.07 |
| ICU LOS (days) | 3.6(1.8-8.3) | 3.5(1.4-9.3) | 3.6(1.8-7.6) | 0.77 |
| Hospital LOS (days) | 10.8(5.5-24.2) | 10.8(5.0-24.6) | 10.4(5.6-22.2) | 0.76 |

PSM, propensity score matching; SAPS II, Simplified Acute Physiology Score-II; APS III, Acute Physiology Score III; SOFA, Sequential Organ Failure Assessment; LOS, lengths of stay.

Table S6 Clinical outcomes of septic patients without septic shock after PSM

| Clinical outcomes | All septic patients (n=276) | Non-VD Supplementation group (n=138) | VD Supplementation group (n=138) | P-value |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--------------|
| Primary outcomes | | | | |
| In-hospital mortality (n (%)) | 59(21.4) | 33(23.9) | 26(18.8) | 0.19 |
| 28-mortality (n (%)) | 55(19.9) | 32(23.2) | 23(16.7) | 0.11 |
| 90-mortality (n (%)) | 65(23.6) | 34(24.6) | 31(22.5) | 0.39 |
| Secondary outcomes | | | | |
| Mean SAPS II | 41(33-49) | 41(33-51) | 41(34-47) | 0.85 |
| Mean APS III | 52(42-73) | 53(43-74) | 51(41-71) | 0.56 |
| Mean SOFA | 5(3-8) | 6(3-8) | 5(3-8) | 0.048 |
| ICU LOS (days) | 2.3(1.4-4.9) | 2.7(1.6-6.1) | 2.0(1.3-3.9) | 0.91 |
| Hospital LOS (days) | 9.0(5.4-16.1) | 9.0(5.6-16.8) | 9.1(5.3-15.3) | 0.44 |

SAPS II, Simplified Acute Physiology Score-II; APS III, Acute Physiology Score III; SOFA, Sequential Organ Failure Assessment; LOS, lengths of stay.

Table S7 Clinical outcomes in patients with serum 25(OH)D values before and after PSM

| | Before PSM | | | After PSM | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|-------------|--|---|-------------|
| | Non-VD supplementation group (n= 21) | VD- supplementation group (n= 12) | p- value | Non-VD supplementation group (n= 7) | VD- supplementation group (n= 7) | p- value |
| | | | | | | |
| serum 25(OH)D(ng/ml) | 22.50(13.00-34.50) | 14.00(11.00-24.00) | < 0.001 | 16(12-22) | 15(11-24) | 0.64 |
| <i>Clinical outcomes</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>In-hospital mortality</i> | 6(28.6) | 3(25.0) | 0.82 | 3(42.9) | 1(14.3) | 0.56 |
| <i>28-day mortality</i> | 4(19.0) | 2(16.7) | 0.86 | 2(28.6) | 0(0) | 0.46 |
| <i>90-day mortality</i> | 7(33.3) | 4(33.3) | >0.90 | 3(42.9) | 2(28.6) | 0.59 |

PSM, propensity score matching.

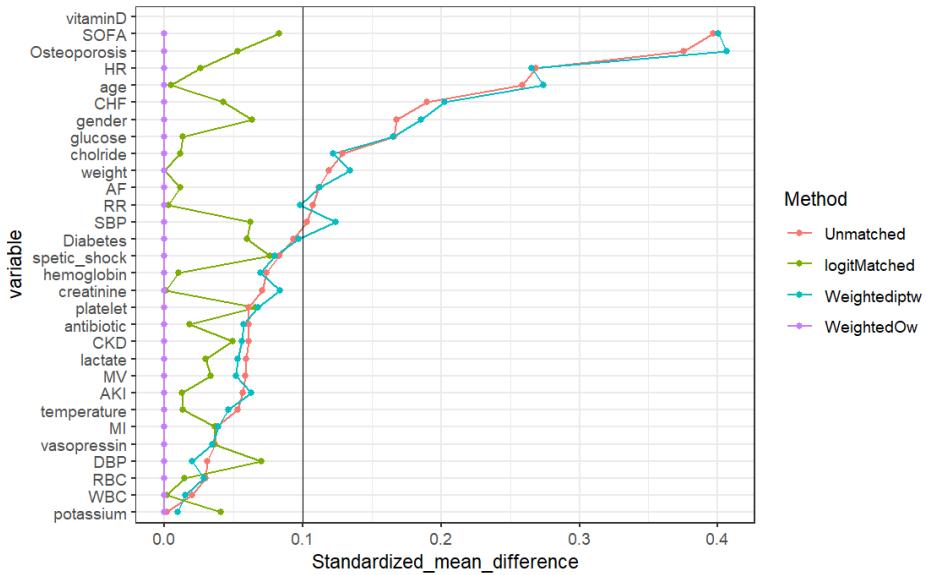


Figure S1 Standardized mean differences of baseline characteristics in unmatched, 1:1 PSM, IPTW and OW-adjusted cohort. PSM, propensity score matching; IPTW, inverse probability of treatment weighting; OW, overlap weighting.

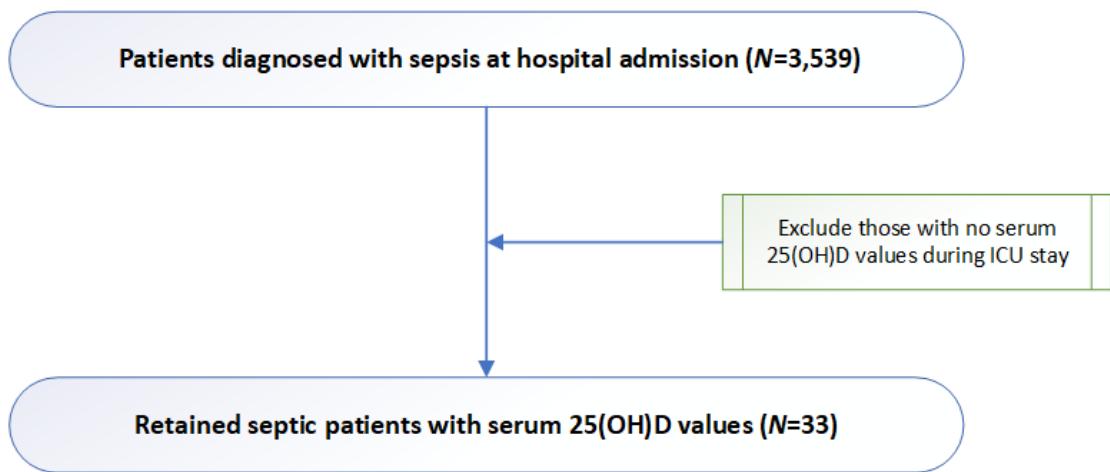


Figure S2 Flow chart of identifying patients with serum 25(OH)D values.



Figure S3 Association between serum 25(OH)D and in-hospital mortality in patients with serum 25(OH)D values. The y axis represents the survival probabilities of patients.