

## Supplementary materials

### Supplementary Table S1

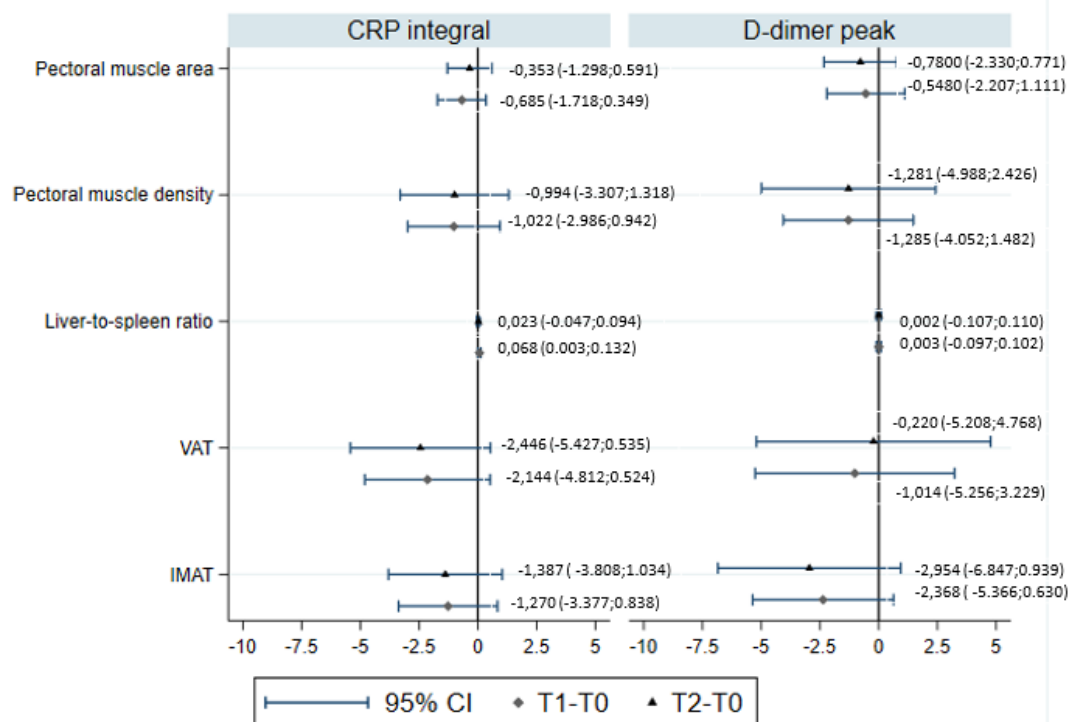
	Mean (SD)		
	T0	T1	T2
<b>SAT – observed only (n=138)</b>	159.8 (81.3)	156.3 (89.8)	161.1 (101.6)
<b>SAT – estimated only (n=65)</b>	289.6 (130.7)	297.3 (143.4)	291.9 (140.9)

Supplementary Table S1: Observed and visually estimated TAT and SAT at each time point.

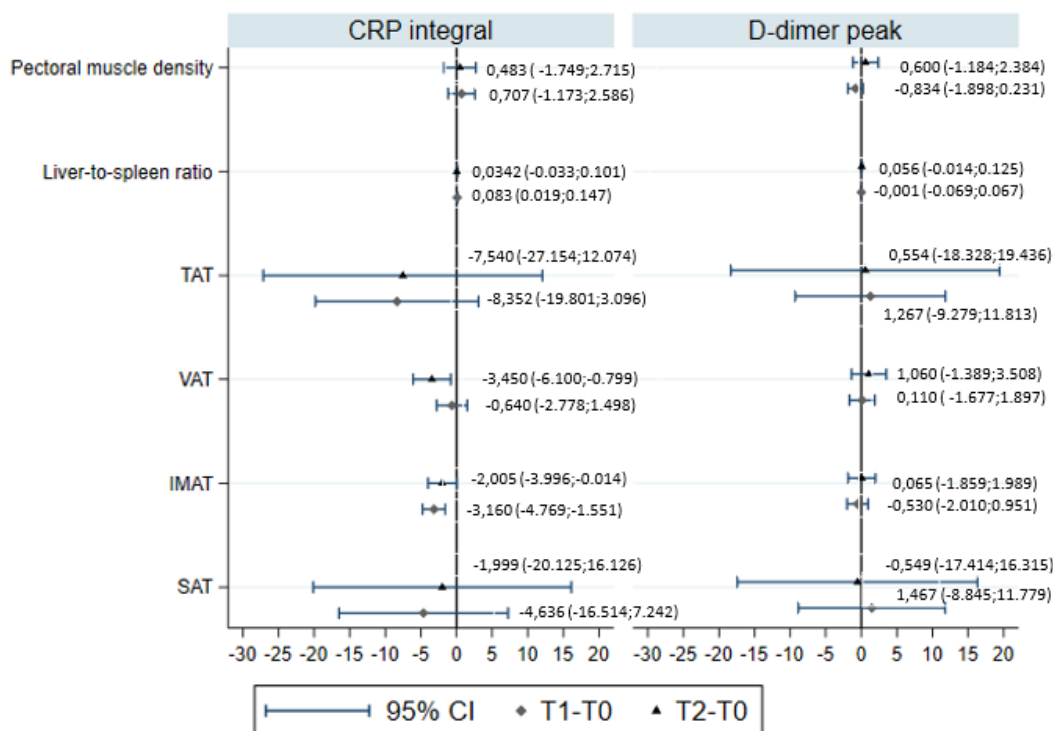
### Supplementary Table S2

	Baseline		T1	
	coefficient	p-value	coefficient	p-value
<b>TAT – BMI (n=132)</b>	0.70	<0.0001	0.73	<0.0001
<b>SAT – BMI (n=132)</b>	0.64	<0.0001	0.68	<0.0001
<b>TAT – SAT (n=202)</b>	0.97	<0.0001	0.98	<0.0001

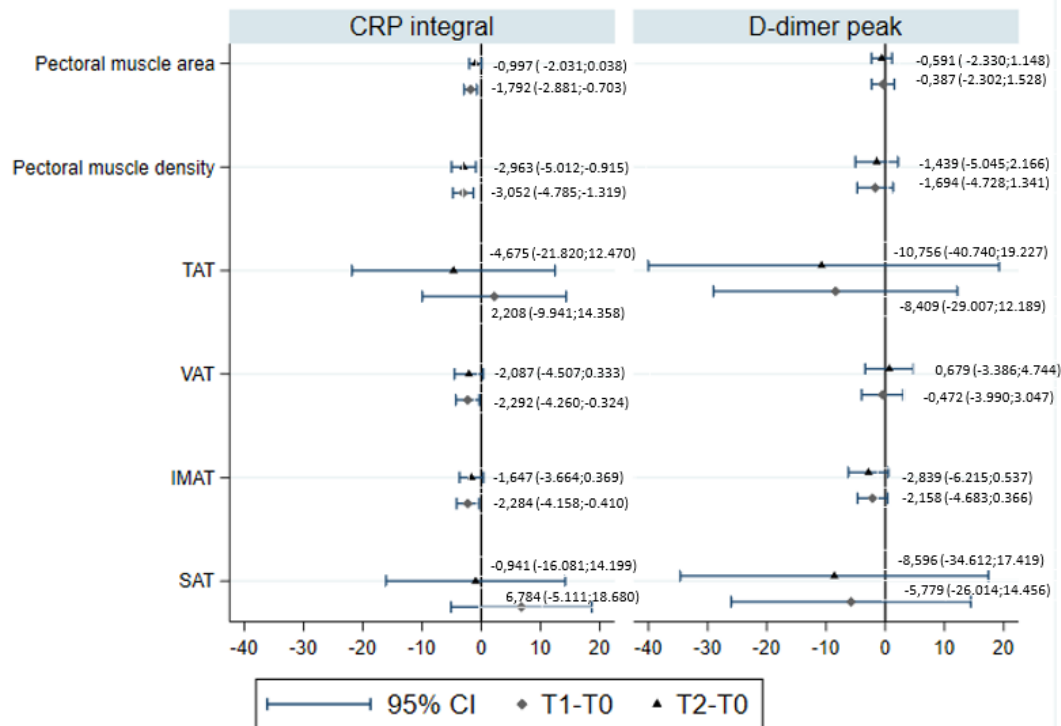
Supplementary Table S2: Linear association coefficients at baseline and T1 (2-3 months after diagnosis) among BMI, body mass index, TAT, total adipose tissue area, and SAT, subcutaneous adipose tissue area.



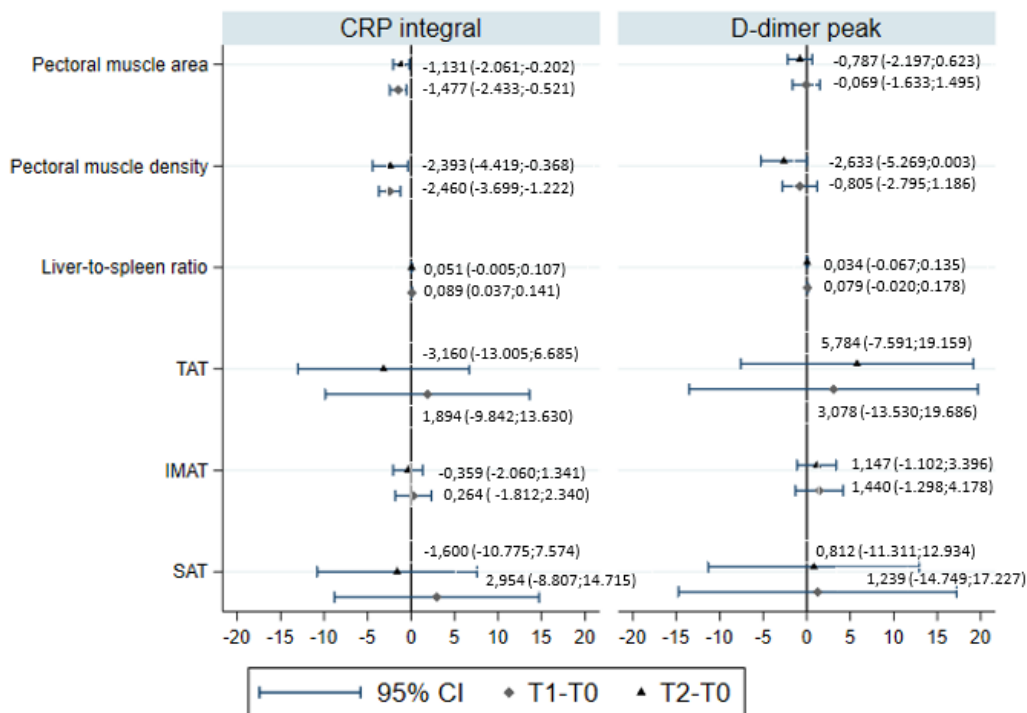
A



B



C



D

**Supplementary Figure S1:** Associations of CRP integral and D-dimer peak with CT body composition changes in models adjusted for age, sex, and baseline TAT, in different subgroups of patients: highest TAT tertile (A), lowest pectoral muscle area tertile (B), lowest liver-to-spleen ratio tertile (C), and highest VAT tertile (D).