



Supplementary

Associations of Dietary Patterns with Incident Depression: the Maastricht Study

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Table S1. Baseline characteristics of the study population stratified for prevalent depression.

Characteristic	Total Population (n = 2,857)	No Depression at Baseline (PHQ-9 < 10 and No MDD (MINI))	Prevalent Clinically Relevant Depressive Symptoms (PHQ-9 ≥ 10)	Prevalent MDD (MINI) (n = 89 Cases)	
		(n = 2,699)	(n = 117 Cases)		
Sex (women)	1,431 (50.1)	1,342 (49.7)	72 (61.5)	45 (50.6)	
Age (years)	59.7 ± 8.15	59.86 ± 8.11	56.01 ± 7.73	58.73 ± 8.37	
Education					
Low	894 (31.9)	829 (31.3)	45 (39.8)	40 (47.1)	
Medium	802 (28.6)	754 (28.5)	36 (31.9)	26 (30.6)	
High	1,106 (39.5)	1,067 (40.3)	32 (28.3)	19 (22.4)	
Smoking					
Never	1,009 (35.8)	970 (36.4)	28 (24.8)	20 (23.0)	
Former	1,469 (52.1)	1,392 (52.2)	54 (47.8)	49 (56.3)	
Current	341 (12.1)	303 (11.4)	31 (27.4)	18 (20.7)	
Waist circumference (cm)	95.52 ± 13.64	95.14 ± 13.31	102.05 ± 18.40	102.60 ± 17.48	
BMI (kg/m²)	26.99 ± 4.50	26.85 ± 4.38	29.42 ± 6.13	29.42 ± 5.92	
Hypertension	1,593 (55.8)	1,494 (55.4)	73 (62.4)	60 (67.4)	
Total cholesterol-to-HDL cho- lesterol ratio	3.66 ± 1.17	3.64 ± 1.15	3.84 ± 1.45	3.98 ± 1.37	
History of CVD	464 (16.5)	427 (16.1)	27 (23.7)	20 (22.7)	
Diabetes	()	()		_== (==)	
No diabetes	1,654 (58.4)	1,587 (59.3)	51 (44.0)	38 (43.2)	
Pre-diabetes	434 (15.3)	413 (15.4)	16 (13.8)	11 (12.5)	
T2DM	769 (26.2)	675 (25.2)	49 (42.2)	39 (44.3)	
MVPA (hours/week)	5.50 ± 4.33	5.59 ± 4.3	4.03 ± 4.47	3.64 ± 3.13	
Having a partner (yes)	2,381 (84.6)	2,269 (85.2)	82 (71.9)	67 (77.0)	
That ing a partitle (jee)	2,001 (01.0)	Depression	02 (7117)	07 (77.0)	
Depression score at baseline (PHQ-9 score)	2.71±3.36	2.17±2.24	14.10±4.16	11.76±6.44	
Major depressive disorder at baseline (MINI), n (%)	89 (3.1)	0	48 (41.0)	89 (100)	
Use of antidepressants at baseline	187 (6.5)	146 (5.4)	35 (29.9)	26 (29.2)	
Diet					
Energy intake (Kcal)	2,180 ± 604	2,180 ± 601	2,145 ± 643	2,218 ± 646	
Protein total (g/day)	85.7 ± 23.0	85.8 ± 22.9	83.8 ± 26.3	84.1 ± 23.0	
Carbohydrates total (g/day)	232.5 ± 69.5	232.3 ± 69.3	234.5 ± 72.6	242.8 ± 73.7	
Fat total (g/day)	84.3 ± 31.1	84.3 ± 30.9	83.0 ± 32.6	85.9 ± 32.8	
Fatty acids total saturated (g/day)	29.6 ± 12.0	29.6 ± 12.0	29.6 ± 12.0	29.6 ± 12.4	
Fatty acids total monounsaturated (d/day)	29.7 ± 11.4	29.7 ± 11.3	29.7 ± 11.4	30.3 ± 11.8	

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Fatty acids total polyunsaturated (g/day)	17.7 ± 7.7	17.7 ± 7.7	17.7 ± 7.7	18.8 ± 8.6
Alcohol intake (g/day)	12.2 ± 13.9	12.4 ± 13.9	9.1 ± 13.8	10.7 ± 15.9
DHD, (range 0–140)	83.6 ± 14.7	83.8 ± 14.7	80.1 ± 14.2	80.2 ± 14.2
Mediterranean Score, (range 0–9)	4.56 ± 1.64	4.57 ± 1.60	4.28 ± 1.63	4.42 ± 1.62
DASH score, (range 8–40)	24.0 ± 4.5	24.1 ± 4.5	23.0 ± 4.4	23.4 ± 4.1

^{*} Results are presented as mean ± SD or n (%). MDD=Major Depressive Disorder.

Table S2. Cross-sectional association of dietary patterns with prevalent clinically relevant depressive symptoms and major depressive disorder.

Clinical relevant depressive symptoms (PHQ-9 > 10)	Model 1 OR (95% CI) n = 112/2,666	Model 2 OR (95% CI) n = 111/2,637	Model 3 OR (95% CI) n = 101/2,483
DHD-score			
Standardized score*	0.86 (0.70-1.06)	0.90 (0.73-1.11)	0.91 (0.72–1.16)
Tertiles			
Low (≤ 77.27) [n=49/912]	Ref	Ref	Ref
Medium (77.27-90.43) [n=36/914]	0.87 (0.55-1.39)	0.98 (0.61–1.57)	1.09 (0.66-1.81)
High (> 90.43) [n=32/914]	0.84 (0.51-1.37)	0.93 (0.56-1.55)	0.99 (0.56-1.75)
Linear trend p-value⁺	0.224	0.442	0.850
Mediterranean Diet Score			
Standardized score*	0.95 (0.78-1.15)	0.96 (0.79-1.18)	0.99 (0.80-1.24)
Cut-off**			
Low (0-3) [n=38/702]	Ref	Ref	Ref
Medium (4-6) [n=27/614]	0.83 (0.48-1.41)	0.85 (0.50-1.46)	0.73 (0.40-1.32)
High (6–9) [n=52/1424]	0.86 (0.55-1.34)	0.88 (0.56-1.39)	0.92 (0.57-1.49)
Linear trend p-value ⁺	0.489	0.405	0.157
DASH score			
Standardized score*	0.92 (0.75-1.13)	0.97 (0.79-1.19)	1.04 (0.83-1.30)
Tertiles			
Low (≤ 22) [n=53/1022]	Ref	Ref	Ref
Medium (22–26) [n=36/909]	0.87 (0.55–1.37)	0.92 (0.58-1.46)	0.95 (0.58–1.56)
High (> 26) [n=28/809]	0.99 (0.61-1.62)	1.11 (0.67–1.83)	1.32 (0.77–2.27)
Linear trend p-value ⁺	0.254	0.461	0.615
Major depressive disorder (MINI)	Model 1 OR (95% CI) n = 85/2,693	Model 2 OR (95% CI) n = 85/2,663	Model 3 OR (95% CI) n = 75/2,509
DHD-index			
Standardized score*	0.89 (0.70-1.12)	0.92 (0.73–1.17)	0.99 (0.75-1.30)
Tertiles	,	,	,
Low (≤ 77.27) [n=37/924]	Ref	Ref	Ref
Medium (77.27–90.43) [n=29/921]	0.94 (0.56-1.58)	1.01 (0.59-1.70)	1.13 (0.64–1.99)
High (> 90.43) [n=23/923]	0.89 (0.50-1.58)	0.97 (0.54-1.73)	1.09 (0.56-2.14)
Linear trend p-value ⁺	0.259	0.363	0.761
Mediterranean Diet Score			
Standardized score*	1.03 (0.83-1.30)	1.04 (0.82-1.30)	1.13 (0.87–1.45)
Cut-off*	<u>, </u>	· · · · · ·	
Low (0-3) [n=25/715]	Ref	Ref	Ref
Medium (4–6) [n=19/622]	0.95 (0.51–1.77)	0.92 (0.49-1.73)	0.87 (0.43–1.76)
High (6–9) [n=45/1431]	1.13 (0.68–1.90)	1.13 (0.67–1.90)	1.33 (0.76–2.35)
Linear trend p-value +	0.156	0.145	0.044
DASH score			

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Standardized score*	1.00 (0.79–1.25)	1.04 (0.82-1.31)	1.09 (0.84-1.41)
Tertiles			
Low (≤ 22) [n=36/1039]	Ref	Ref	Ref
Medium (22-26) [n=28/917]	1.02 (0.61–1.71)	1.07 (0.63-1.80)	1.02 (0.58-1.80)
High (> 26) [n=25/812]	1.23 (0.71–2.12)	1.36 (0.78-2.37)	1.55 (0.85-2.85)
Linear trend p-value +	0.878	0.670	0.724

^{*} Standard deviations for DHD, Mediterranean and DASH diet scores were 14.7, 1.64 and 4.5, respectively.

** Based on literature, Trichopoulou A. et al. (30).

Model 1 adjusted for socio-demographic characteristics (age, sex, level of education) and diabetes status. Model 2 additional adjustment for cardiovascular risk factors: history of CVD, hypertension, total cholesterol and HDL cholesterol, waist circumference) and partner status.

Model 3 additional adjustment for lifestyle factors (MVPA, smoking, and energy intake). (n cases/non cases), [n=cases/non-cases].

Table S3. Sensitivity analysis of the association of dietary patterns with incident clinically relevant depressive symptoms during 7-years of follow-up (median 6.1 years) additionally adjusted.

Models Incident Clinically Relevant (PHQ-9 ≥ 10) HR		-		
DHD-score	Standardized score	,	Tertiles	
		Low	Ref	
1) model 3+ alcohol intake (n= 280)	0.83 (0.73-0.96)	Medium	0.83 (0.63–1.12)	
		High	0.77 (0.55–1.06)	
		Low	Ref	
2) model 3 + occupational status (n= 234 cases)	0.88 (0.76-1.01)	Medium	0.91 (0.67-1.25)	
		High	0.83 (0.59–1.18)	
		Low	Ref	
3) model 3 + antidepressant drugs use (n= 280 cases)	0.89 (0.78-1.01)	Medium	0.88 (0.66–1.17)	
		High	0.87 (0.63–1.20)	
		Low	Ref	
4) model 3 + baseline MDD (n= 280 cases)	0.86 (0.75-0.98)	Medium	0.88 (0.66–1.17)	
		High	0.82 (0.60-1.13)	
		Low	Ref	
5) model 3 excluding antidepressant users (n= 239 cases)	0.88 (0.76-1.01)	Medium	0.82 (0.60-1.12)	
		High	0.85 (0.60–1.19)	
		Low	Ref	
6) model 3 excluding baseline MDD (n= 264 cases)	0.87 (0.76–0.99)	Medium	0.85 (0.64–1.15)	
		High	0.83 (0.60-1.14)	
		Low	Ref	
7) model 3 excluding lifetime MDD (n= 126 cases)	0.73 (0.60-0.90)	Medium	0.76 (0.50–1.17)	
-		High	0.70 (0.44-1.13)	
0)		Low	Ref	
8) model 3 excluding participants with maximum 2 missing PHQ-9 data	0.88 (0.77–1.00)	Medium	0.90 (0.68-1.20)	
over 7-years follow-up (n= 280 cases)		High	0.81 (0.59-1.11)	
Mediterranean Diet Score	Standardized score	Cut-off		
	0.92 (0.81–1.05)	Low	Ref	
1) model 3+ alcohol intake (n= 280)		Medium	0.94 (0.68-1.31)	
		High	0.96 (0.72-1.28)	
		Low	Ref	
2) model 3 + occupational status (n= 234 cases)	0.89 (0.78-1.02)	Medium	0.93 (0.67–1.29)	
		High	0.93 (0.67-1.28)	
		Low	Ref	
3) model 3 + antidepressant drugs use (n= 280 cases)	0.92 (0.81–1.04)	Medium	1.03 (0.77-1.39)	
		High	0.95 (0.70-1.28)	

⁺ Based on median.

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			Low	Ref
	4) model 3 + baseline MDD (n= 280 cases)	0.90 (0.80-1.02)	Medium	0.94 (0.70-1.27)
			High	0.91 (0.67-1.22)
			Low	Ref
	5) model 3 excluding antidepressant users (n= 239 cases)	0.90 (0.79-1.04)	Medium	0.96 (0.70-1.33)
			High	0.97 (0.70-1.33)
			Low	Ref
	6) model 3 excluding baseline MDD (n= 264 cases)	0.90 (0.79-1.02)	Medium	0.99 (0.73-1.34)
			High	0.89 (0.65-1.22)
			Low	Ref
	7) model 3 excluding lifetime MDD (n= 126 cases)	0.79 (0.65-0.96)	Medium	1.01 (0.65–1.56)
			High	0.96 (0.61–1.50)
0)	1.12 · 1.15 · notice of the content		Low	Ref
8)	model 3 excluding participants with maximum 2 missing PHQ-9 data	0.90 (0.80-1.02)	Medium	0.97 (0.72-1.31)
	over 7-years follow-up (n= 280 cases)		High	0.89 (0.66–1.20)
	DASH score	Standardized score	r	Tertiles
			Low	Ref
	1) model 3+ alcohol intake (n= 280)	0.95 (0.83-1.07)	Medium	1.06 (0.81-1.39)
			High	0.83 (0.60–1.15)
		0.91 (0.79–1.05)	Low	Ref
	2) model 3 + occupational status (n= 234 cases)		Medium	0.97 (0.73-1.31)
			High	0.75 (0.52–1.07)
			Low	Ref
	3) model 3 + antidepressant drugs use (n= 280 cases)	0.94 (0.83-1.07)	Medium	1.05 (0.80–1.38)
			High	0.85 (0.62-1.18)
			Low	Ref
	4) model 3 + baseline MDD (n= 280 cases)	0.94 (0.83-1.07)	Medium	1.05 (0.80-1.38)
			High	0.82 (0.60-1.13)
			Low	Ref
	5) model 3 excluding antidepressant users (n= 239 cases)	0.95 (0.83-1.09)	Medium	1.03 (0.77-1.38)
			High	0.86 (0.61–1.21)
			Low	Ref
	6) model 3 excluding baseline MDD (n= 264 cases)	0.95 (0.84-1.09)	Medium	1.06 (0.80–1.40)
	·	,	High	0.83 (0.59–1.16)
			Low	Ref
	7) model 3 excluding lifetime MDD (n= 126 cases)	0.83 (0.69-1.01)	Medium	1.19 (0.81–1.76)
			High	0.56 (0.33-0.97)
0)		Low		Ref
8)	model 3 excluding participants with maximum 2 missing PHQ-9 data		1.07 (0.82-1.40)	
	over 7-years follow-up (n= 280 cases)		High	0.85 (0.61–1.17)
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Model 3: age, sex, level of education, diabetes status, history of CVD, hypertension, total cholesterol and HDL cholesterol, waist circumference, partner status, MVPA, smoking, and energy intake.