

Table S1 CONSORT 2010 checklist of information to include when reporting a randomized trial*

Section/Topic	Item No	Checklist item	Reported on page No
Title and abstract			
	1a	Identification as a randomised trial in the title	Title (page 1)
	1b	Structured summary of trial design, methods, results, and conclusions (for specific guidance see CONSORT for abstracts)	Abstract (page
			1)
Introduction			
Background and	2a	Scientific background and explanation of rationale	Introduction
objectives			(pages 1-2)
	2b	Specific objectives or hypotheses	Introduction
			(page 2)
Methods			
Trial design	3a	Description of trial design (such as parallel, factorial) including allocation ratio	Methods (page
			2)
	3b	Important changes to methods after trial commencement (such as eligibility criteria), with reasons	N/A
Participants	4a	Eligibility criteria for participants	Methods (page
			3)
	4b	Settings and locations where the data were collected	Methods (page
			4)
Interventions	5	The interventions for each group with sufficient details to allow replication, including how and when they were actually	Methods (page
		administered	4)
Outcomes	6a	Completely defined pre-specified primary and secondary outcome measures, including how and when they were assessed	Methods (pages
			4-6)
	6b	Any changes to trial outcomes after the trial commenced, with reasons	N/A
Sample size	7a	How sample size was determined	Methods (page
			5)
	7b	When applicable, explanation of any interim analyses and stopping guidelines	N/A
Randomisation:	0		
Sequence	8a	Method used to generate the random allocation sequence	Methods (page
generation	01		4)
	8b	Type of randomisation; details of any restriction (such as blocking and block size)	Methods (page

			4)
Allocation	9	Mechanism used to implement the random allocation sequence (such as sequentially numbered containers), describing any	Methods (page
concealment mechanism		steps taken to conceal the sequence until interventions were assigned	4)
Implementation	10	Who generated the random allocation sequence, who enrolled participants, and who assigned participants to interventions	Methods (page
			4)
Blinding	11a	If done, who was blinded after assignment to interventions (for example, participants, care providers, those assessing outcomes) and how	Methods (page 4)
	11b	If relevant, description of the similarity of interventions	Methods (pages 2-4)
Statistical methods	12a	Statistical methods used to compare groups for primary and secondary outcomes	Methods (pages 5-6)
	12b	Methods for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	N/A
.	120	Wethous for additional analyses, such as subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses	11/11
Results Participant flow (a	120	For each group, the numbers of participants who were randomly assigned, received intended treatment, and were analysed	Fig 1 (Study
Participant flow (a diagram is strongly	13a	for the primary outcome	Fig.1 (Study flow diagram)
recommended)	13b	For each group, losses and exclusions after randomisation, together with reasons	Results (page
recommended)	130	Tor each group, losses and exclusions area randomisation, together with reasons	6)
Recruitment	14a	Dates defining the periods of recruitment and follow-up	Methods (page
	1.0	2 wife at the patient of the patient with tener of	3)
	14b	Why the trial ended or was stopped	Results (page
			6)
Baseline data	15	A table showing baseline demographic and clinical characteristics for each group	Results (page
			6), Tables 2-3
Numbers analysed	16	For each group, number of participants (denominator) included in each analysis and whether the analysis was by original	Fig.1 (Study
		assigned groups	flow diagram)
Outcomes and	17a	For each primary and secondary outcome, results for each group, and the estimated effect size and its precision (such as	Results (pages
estimation		95% confidence interval)	7-11), Tables
			4-7
	17b	For binary outcomes, presentation of both absolute and relative effect sizes is recommended	N/A
Ancillary analyses	18	Results of any other analyses performed, including subgroup analyses and adjusted analyses, distinguishing pre-specified	N/A
		from exploratory	
Harms	19	All important harms or unintended effects in each group (for specific guidance see CONSORT for harms)	Results (page
			12)

Discussion	20		Diagramia a
Limitations	20	Trial limitations, addressing sources of potential bias, imprecision, and, if relevant, multiplicity of analyses	Discussion
			(pages 12-14)
Generalisability	21	Generalisability (external validity, applicability) of the trial findings	Discussion
			(pages 12-14)
Interpretation	22	Interpretation consistent with results, balancing benefits and harms, and considering other relevant evidence	Discussion
			(pages 12-14)
Other information			
Registration	23	Registration number and name of trial registry	Methods (page
			5)
Protocol	24	Where the full trial protocol can be accessed, if available	Methods (pages
			2-6)
Funding	25	Sources of funding and other support (such as supply of drugs), role of funders	Funding (page
			14)

^{*}We strongly recommend reading this statement in conjunction with the CONSORT 2010 Explanation and Elaboration for important clarifications on all the items. If relevant, we also recommend reading CONSORT extensions for cluster randomised trials, non-inferiority and equivalence trials, non-pharmacological treatments, herbal interventions, and pragmatic trials. Additional extensions are forthcoming: for those and for up to date references relevant to this checklist, see www.consort-statement.org.