

Article

The Dietary Inflammatory Index and All-Cause, Cardiovascular Disease, and Cancer Mortality in the Multiethnic Cohort Study

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Supplementary Materials

Supplementary Table S1. The 45 food components identified for the Dietary Inflammatory Index calculation.

28 components included in the DII calculation for the Multiethnic Cohort	Carbohydrate; protein; total fat; saturated, monounsaturated, and polyunsaturated fats; ω -3 and ω -6 FAs; alcohol; fiber; cholesterol; vitamins A, B-6, B-12, C, D, and E; thiamin; riboflavin; niacin; iron; magnesium; zinc; selenium; folate; β -carotene; isoflavones; and caffeine
17 components not included in the DII calculation for the Multiethnic Cohort	Eugenol; garlic; ginger; onion; trans fat; turmeric; green tea; black tea; falan-3-ol; flavones; flavonols; flavonones; anthocyanins; pepper; thyme; oregano; and rosemary

Supplementary Table S2. Hazard ratios (HR) (95% confidence intervals (CI)) for all-cause, cardiovascular disease (CVD), and cancer mortality according to quintiles of Dietary Inflammatory Index scores excluding deaths occurred within the first three years of follow-up in the Multiethnic Cohort Study, 1993–2014.

	Men			Women			<i>P</i> for Heterogeneity ³
	Deaths <i>n</i>	HR (95% CI) ¹	HR (95% CI) ²	Deaths <i>n</i>	HR (95% CI) ¹	HR (95% CI) ²	
All causes							
Quintile 1	3,115	1.00	1.00	5,930	1.00	1.00	
Quintile 2	3,597	1.02 (0.97-1.07)	1.03 (0.98-1.09)	5,144	1.03 (0.99-1.07)	1.03 (0.99-1.08)	
Quintile 3	4,490	1.08 (1.03-1.13)	1.04 (0.98-1.09)	4,363	1.10 (1.06-1.14)	1.06 (1.01-1.11)	
Quintile 4	5,249	1.16 (1.11-1.21)	1.07 (1.01-1.12)	3,559	1.19 (1.14-1.24)	1.11 (1.05-1.17)	
Quintile 5	6,292	1.40 (1.34-1.46)	1.15 (1.09-1.21)	2,952	1.44 (1.38-1.51)	1.21 (1.14-1.28)	
P for trend		<0.001	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	0.77
Continuous		1.07 (1.06-1.07)	1.03 (1.02-1.03)		1.06 (1.06-1.07)	1.03 (1.02-1.04)	
CVD							
Quintile 1	1,100	1.00	1.00	2,026	1.00	1.00	
Quintile 2	1,254	1.01 (0.93-1.09)	1.04 (0.95-1.15)	1,751	1.03 (0.97-1.10)	1.07 (0.99-1.16)	
Quintile 3	1,621	1.11 (1.03-1.20)	1.05 (0.96-1.15)	1,539	1.16 (1.09-1.24)	1.13 (1.04-1.23)	
Quintile 4	1,806	1.13 (1.05-1.22)	1.08 (0.99-1.19)	1,168	1.20 (1.11-1.29)	1.10 (1.00-1.20)	
Quintile 5	2,021	1.30 (1.20-1.40)	1.14 (1.03-1.25)	960	1.48 (1.36-1.60)	1.29 (1.17-1.43)	
P for trend		<0.001	0.005		<0.001	<0.001	0.73
Continuous		1.05 (1.04-1.06)	1.02 (1.01-1.04)		1.07 (1.05-1.08)	1.04 (1.02-1.06)	
Cancer							
Quintile 1	841	1.00	1.00	1,562	1.00	1.00	
Quintile 2	1,024	1.06 (0.97-1.16)	1.02 (0.92-1.14)	1,378	1.01 (0.94-1.08)	1.01 (0.92-1.10)	
Quintile 3	1,287	1.12 (1.03-1.22)	1.02 (0.92-1.13)	1,191	1.05 (0.98-1.14)	1.01 (0.92-1.11)	
Quintile 4	1,564	1.21 (1.11-1.32)	1.01 (0.92-1.12)	1,066	1.19 (1.10-1.29)	1.06 (0.96-1.17)	
Quintile 5	2,093	1.56 (1.44-1.69)	1.11 (1.00-1.22)	941	1.44 (1.33-1.57)	1.13 (1.02-1.26)	
P for trend		<0.001	0.04		<0.001	0.02	0.90
Continuous		1.09 (1.07-1.10)	1.02 (1.01-1.04)		1.07 (1.05-1.08)	1.02 (1.00-1.04)	

¹ Adjusted for age at cohort entry and race/ethnicity. ² Adjusted for age at cohort entry, race/ethnicity, body mass index, history of diabetes, education, marital status, physical activity, alcohol intake, energy intake, and menopausal hormone therapy use (for women only) in the smoking model including smoking status, average number of cigarettes, squared average number of cigarettes, number of years smoked (time-dependent), number of years since quitting (time-dependent), and interactions between ethnicity and smoking status, average number of cigarettes, squared average number of cigarettes and number of years smoked. ³ Based on the multivariable-adjusted models.

Supplementary Table S3. Hazard ratios (HR) (95% confidence intervals (CI)) for all-cause, cardiovascular disease (CVD), and cancer mortality according to quintiles of Dietary Inflammatory Index scores excluding participants with missing values on any of the covariates (complete cases analysis) in the Multiethnic Cohort Study, 1993-2014.

	Deaths <i>n</i>	Men (n=65,605)		Deaths <i>n</i>	Women (n=77,710)		<i>P</i> for Heterogeneity ³
		HR (95% CI) ¹	HR (95% CI) ²		HR (95% CI) ¹	HR (95% CI) ²	
All causes							
Quintile 1	3195	1.00	1.00	5591	1.00	1.00	
Quintile 2	3692	1.02 (0.97-1.07)	1.03 (0.97-1.09)	4915	1.04 (1.00-1.08)	1.04 (0.99-1.10)	
Quintile 3	4629	1.09 (1.04-1.14)	1.03 (0.97-1.09)	4116	1.10 (1.06-1.15)	1.06 (1.01-1.12)	
Quintile 4	5430	1.16 (1.11-1.22)	1.07 (1.01-1.12)	3392	1.20 (1.15-1.25)	1.10 (1.04-1.16)	
Quintile 5	6571	1.41 (1.36-1.48)	1.15 (1.09-1.21)	2828	1.46 (1.39-1.53)	1.21 (1.14-1.28)	
P for trend		<0.001	<0.001		<0.001	<0.001	0.90
Continuous		1.07 (1.06-1.08)	1.03 (1.02-1.04)		1.07 (1.06-1.07)	1.03 (1.02-1.04)	
CVD							
Quintile 1	1125	1.00	1.00	1886	1.00	1.00	
Quintile 2	1298	1.02 (0.94-1.10)	1.05 (0.95-1.15)	1655	1.05 (0.98-1.12)	1.08 (0.99-1.17)	
Quintile 3	1666	1.11 (1.03-1.20)	1.05 (0.96-1.15)	1417	1.16 (1.08-1.24)	1.13 (1.03-1.23)	
Quintile 4	1887	1.15 (1.07-1.24)	1.11 (1.01-1.21)	1106	1.22 (1.13-1.31)	1.11 (1.00-1.22)	
Quintile 5	2115	1.32 (1.22-1.42)	1.14 (1.04-1.25)	894	1.48 (1.36-1.60)	1.29 (1.16-1.44)	
P for trend		<0.001	0.002		<0.001	<0.001	0.93
Continuous		1.05 (1.04-1.07)	1.03 (1.01-1.04)		1.07 (1.05-1.08)	1.04 (1.02-1.06)	
Cancer							
Quintile 1	878	1.00	1.00	1527	1.00	1.00	
Quintile 2	1051	1.04 (0.95-1.14)	1.00 (0.90-1.11)	1381	1.03 (0.96-1.11)	1.04 (0.95-1.13)	
Quintile 3	1350	1.13 (1.04-1.23)	1.01 (0.91-1.11)	1165	1.06 (0.98-1.14)	1.01 (0.92-1.11)	
Quintile 4	1644	1.22 (1.13-1.33)	1.01 (0.92-1.11)	1052	1.21 (1.11-1.31)	1.04 (0.94-1.15)	
Quintile 5	2199	1.57 (1.45-1.70)	1.09 (0.99-1.20)	931	1.46 (1.35-1.59)	1.15 (1.03-1.28)	
P for trend		<0.001	0.03		<0.001	0.03	0.96
Continuous		1.09 (1.08-1.10)	1.02 (1.01-1.04)		1.07 (1.05-1.08)	1.02 (1.00-1.03)	

¹ Adjusted for age at cohort entry and race/ethnicity. ² Adjusted for age at cohort entry, race/ethnicity, body mass index, history of diabetes, education, marital status, physical activity, alcohol intake, energy intake, and menopausal hormone therapy use (for women only) in the smoking model including smoking status, average number of cigarettes, squared average number of cigarettes, number of years smoked (time-dependent), number of years since quitting (time-dependent), and interactions between ethnicity and smoking status, average number of cigarettes, squared average number of cigarettes and number of years smoked. ³ Based on the multivariable-adjusted models.