

supplementary file:

Figure 1: Bio-physical and socio-ecological analysis

The secondary soil salinization is a complex and dynamic environmental sustainability problem, mainly occurs due to pressure from anthropogenic activities with the interactions between topography, geology, climate, hydrology, and policy [8,13–15,31,32]. In order to conduct rational desalinization design, it is necessary to understand the mechanism and related variables behind of salinity hazards [8,9]. This study selected 39 variables from reliable sources which related to soil salinization of the Keriya Oasis [7,8,10,18,19], and used the DPSIR sustainable framework [33], built the socio-ecological and bio-physical conceptual models of salinization in the Oasis, studied the mechanisms of the salinization process as below. The definition of each DPSIR component illustrates the concept of each category [33]. From the model (Fig. 1), it is apparent that the desalinization design should focus on the response category but pay close attention to the pressure category, particularly to the anthropogenic pressure component.

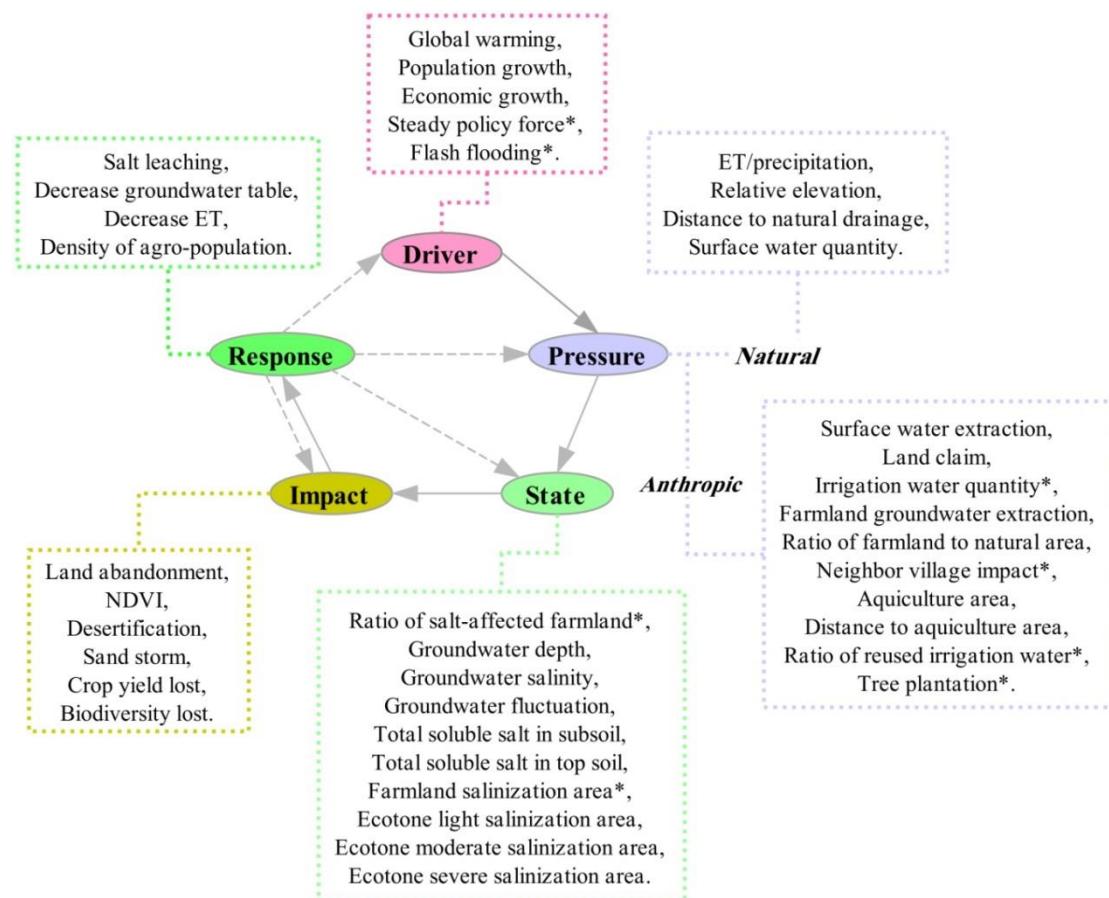


Fig.1. Conceptual model of bio-physical and socio-ecological variables related to the desalinization of secondary soil salinization in the Keriya Oasis.

*indicates qualitative data, while other components are quantitative data.

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