

BIODIVERSITY AND SPECIES IDENTIFICATION

Dear Participant,

The aim of this Nordic-Baltic Research Project is to find out methods and ways to make teaching and learning of biodiversity and species identification both effective and understandable and at the same time also an interesting and attractive part of our life experience. The target group is student teachers from eight Nordic-Baltic countries. The test is in every respect confidential and does not affect your study results. We would very much appreciate if you could write your name and e-mail address in the questionnaire. Of course, you can also participate in the test anonymously, but then you can't participate in our lottery of 50 cinema tickets. Thank you for your time and honest answers!

On behalf of the Nordic-Baltic Research Group: Project leader Irmeli Palmberg, Åbo Akademi University, Vaasa, Finland (<u>irmeli.palmberg@abo.fi</u>) & Local researcher NN (e-mail)

Instructions:

The test consists of two parts: 1) a questionnaire and 2) a PowerPoint-presentation. The Power Point-presentation of totally 18 species is running non-stop all the time while the test goes on (45 minutes).

- ➤ Answer the questions in part A (1-9) about your background.
- ➤ Identify species from the PowerPoint-presentation and write down in part B (1-18) the <u>official</u> <u>names of the species</u> in your language or their scientific names (Latin). Note: it is important to have the names at <u>a species' level</u> (but if you don't know the name of a species it's better to give at least a group name).
- ➤ Continue with part C (1-13) about your ways and experiences of identifying species and your opinion about the importance of biodiversity and species identification. Note: some questions require one answer; some require you to tick 1-3 alternatives. Read the questions carefully. Please also try to briefly explain your answers whenever asked for. In the last question (C13) you can sum up your opinion about the importance of species identification. There is also space for free comments at the end of the questionnaire.

A. Background					
[A1. Your name and e-ma	il-address (o	optional)]:			
A2. Gender: woman		man			
A3. Age: under 25		25-35		over 35	
A4. The place where you have big city (over 100 000 is medium-sized city (50 columns) small town (under 50 0columns) rural area	nhabitants) 000–100 000		:		
A5. University/College, Fa					
A7. Ongoing study year:	\square_3	☐ 4	□ 5	other, w	hat?
A8. Have you taken a course including biology in teacher education? yes no If yes, which year was it? Year 1, autumn Year 1, spring Year 2, autumn Year 2, spring					
Year 1, autumn other, what?				, autumn	Year 2, spring
A9. What is your level of i		nture?	low	very lov	v

B. The Power Point-presentation of totally 18 species [PP included several photos of each species, and only the common names in the students' own language were asked for, or their scientific names (Latin) as in this key]. **Plants:** 1. (Picea abies) 2. (Betula pendula) 3. (Viola tricolor) 4. (Ranunculus acris) 5. (Trifolium repens) 6. (Epilobium angustifolium) 7. (Plantago major) 8. (Phragmites communis) 9. (Tussilago farfara) **Animals:** 10. (Parus major) 11. (Larus ridibundus) 12. (Bufo bufo) 13. (Inachis io) 14. (Formica rufa) 15. (Vipera berus) 16. (Vulpes vulpes)

17. (Perca fluviatilis)

18. (Esox lucius)

C1. What kind of principles do you use when identifying plant and animal species a) in photos, and b) in nature? **Plants:** a) In the PP-photos (# 1-9) you see plants. How do you identify them? Tick the (1-3) most important things you use when you identify plants in photos: seeds flowers leaves colour shape _____ (please specify) b) Think of some plants you know in nature. How do you identify them? Tick the (1-3) most important things you use when you identify plants in nature: size flowers leaves shape seeds "movement" taste sound _____ (please specify) **Animals:** a) In the PP- photos (# 10-18) you see animals. How do you identify them? Tick the (1-3) most important things you use when you identify animals in photos: size colour shape others: _____ (please specify) b) Think of some animals you know in nature. How do you identify them? Tick the (1-3) most important things you use when you identify animals in nature: L colour L touch J smell shape sound others: ______(please specify) C2. Are you interested in plants and/or animals? Tick 1 of the alternatives \square animals \square both plants and animals \square neither plants nor animals plants If you answered plants or both plants and animals, tick all the plant groups that interest you: garden plants wild flowers trees and bushes mosses

algae

crops

indoor flowers

(please specify)

lichens

If you answered animals or both plants and animals, tick all the animal groups that interest you:					
pets	domestic animals	fishes b	pirds		
amphibians	mammals	insects and other invertebrates			
reptiles	others:		(please specify)		
C3. Why do these plants ar	nd/or animals interest you?				
C4. What do plants and/or	animals mean to you in gen	eral?			
•	rmation about plant and/or	•			
	sources for plant and/or anima	al information for you:			
☐ family	school	university	peers		
□ media	hobby				
others:		(please specify)			
C5a If your answer included	d school or university tick tl	he most important source there:			
teachers	learning materials	field trips and field work			
species identification in		Tield trips and field work			
•	uic classroom				
	d media, tick the most impor				
newspapers	nature journals	other journal t	V		
internet	social media (facebook,				
Please explain your answer	:				

C6. How often did you have species identification at school?				
very often often occasionally not at all can't remember				
If you had species identification at school, tick at which level(s) you had it: primary education lower secondary education upper secondary education somewhere else				
C7. What, in your experience, are the most efficient methods in teaching, studying and learning plant and				
animal identification? Tick the (1-3) most efficient methods for you among the following 18 indoor and				
outdoor alternatives:				
Indoors:				
teacher-centred indoor education				
group inquiry				
traditional group work				
cooperative learning (expert and home group work)				
project work (teacher and students together)				
experiential learning method (learning through experiences)				
experimental learning method (learning through experiments)				
problem based learning method PBL (learning based on questions)				
other indoor methods (please name them)				
Outdoors:				
teacher-centred outdoor education				
group inquiry				
traditional group work				
cooperative learning (expert and home group work)				
project work (teacher and students together)				
experiential learning method (learning through experiences)				
experimental learning method (learning through experiments)				
problem based learning method PBL (learning based on questions)				

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other outdoor methods (please name them):		
Why? Discountain constitution		
Why? Please explain your view		
C8. What, in your experience, are the most efficient manimal identification? Tick the (1–3) most efficient tea		ying and learning plant and
stuffed animals (birds, mammals, fishes)	dried plants	living plants
living animals photos and drawings	cd/DVD	books
magazines Internet		
others	(please name them))
C9. How important is species identification for citizen	s today?	
Tick 1 alternative from the scale:		
very important important neither no	r less important	l not important at all
Why? Please explain your view		
C10. How important is species identification for citize	ns <u>in the</u> <u>future</u> ?	
Tick 1 alternative from the scale:		
very important important neither no	r less important	not important at all
Why? Please explain your view		

C11. How important is species identification for sustainable development?

Tick 1 alternative from	om the scale:			
very important	important	neither nor	less important	not important at all
Why? Please explain	your view			
C12. How important	•	r sustainable devel	opment?	
Tick 1 alternative fro	om the scale:			
very important	important	neither nor	less important	not important at all
Why? Please explain	your view			
C13. Describe your o development (you ca				biodiversity and sustainable
Additional comment	cs:			

THANK YOU!