

Supplementary Data: Biodiversity observation for land and ecosystem health (BOLEH): A robust method to evaluate the management impacts on the bundle of carbon and biodiversity ecosystem services in tropical production forests

Authors: Kanehiro Kitayama ^{1,*}, Shogoro Fujiki ¹, Ryota Aoyagi ^{1,2}, Nobuo Imai ³, John Sugau ⁴, Jupiri Titin ⁴, Reuben Nilus ⁴, Peter Lagan ⁴, Yoshimi Sawada ¹, Robert Ong ⁴, Frederick Kugan ⁴ and Sam Mannan ⁴

¹ Graduate School of Agriculture, Kyoto University, Kitashirakawa Oiwake-cho, Kyoto 606-8502, Japan; fujiki5636@gmail.com (S.F.); aoyagi.ryota@gmail.com (R.A.); sawada.yoshimi.5r@kyoto-u.ac.jp (Y.S.)

² Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute, Apartado 0843-03092, Balboa, Ancón, Panamá, Panama

³ Department of Forest Science, Tokyo University of Agriculture, Sakuragaoka 1-1-1, Setagaya, Tokyo 156-8502, Japan; i96nobuo@gmail.com (N.I.)

⁴ Sabah Forestry Department, Locked Bag 68, 90009, Sandakan, Malaysia; John.Sugau@sabah.gov.my (J.S.); Jupiri.Titin@sabah.gov.my (J.T.); reuben.nilus@sabah.gov.my (R.N.); peter_lagan@hotmail.com (P.L.); Robert.Ong@sabah.gov.my (R.O.); frederick.kugan@gmail.com (F.K.); Sam.Mannan@sabah.gov.my (S.M.)

* Correspondence: kanehiro@kais.kyoto-u.ac.jp; Tel.: +81-75-753-6080

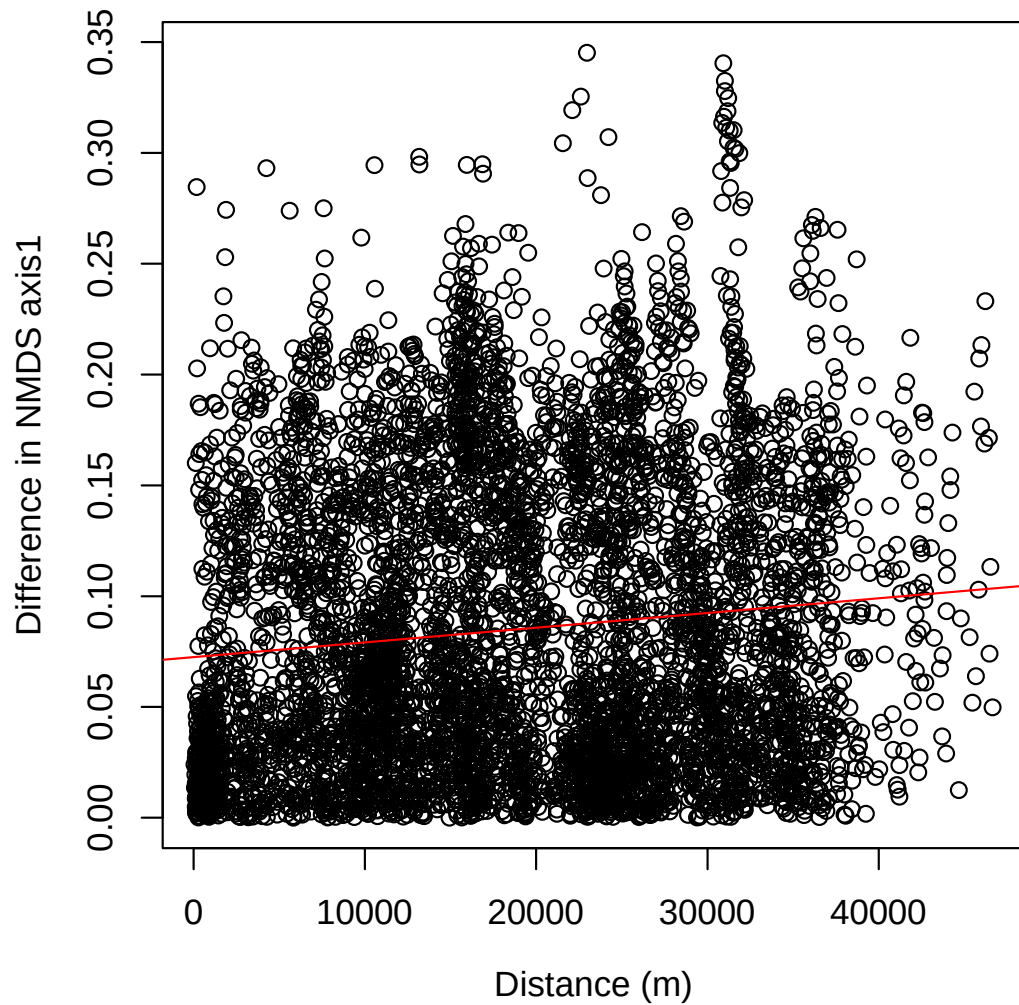


Figure S1. Effects of distance on the difference in the nMDS axis-1 scores of given paired vegetation plots. See the main text for the procedures of deriving nMDS axis-1 values. A positive relationship was observed, potentially indicating the presence of spatial autocorrelation. However, adjusted R² score was extremely low: R² = -0.01, P < 0.0001. The positive relationships may simply reflect the consolidated occurrence of intact forests or disturbed forests.

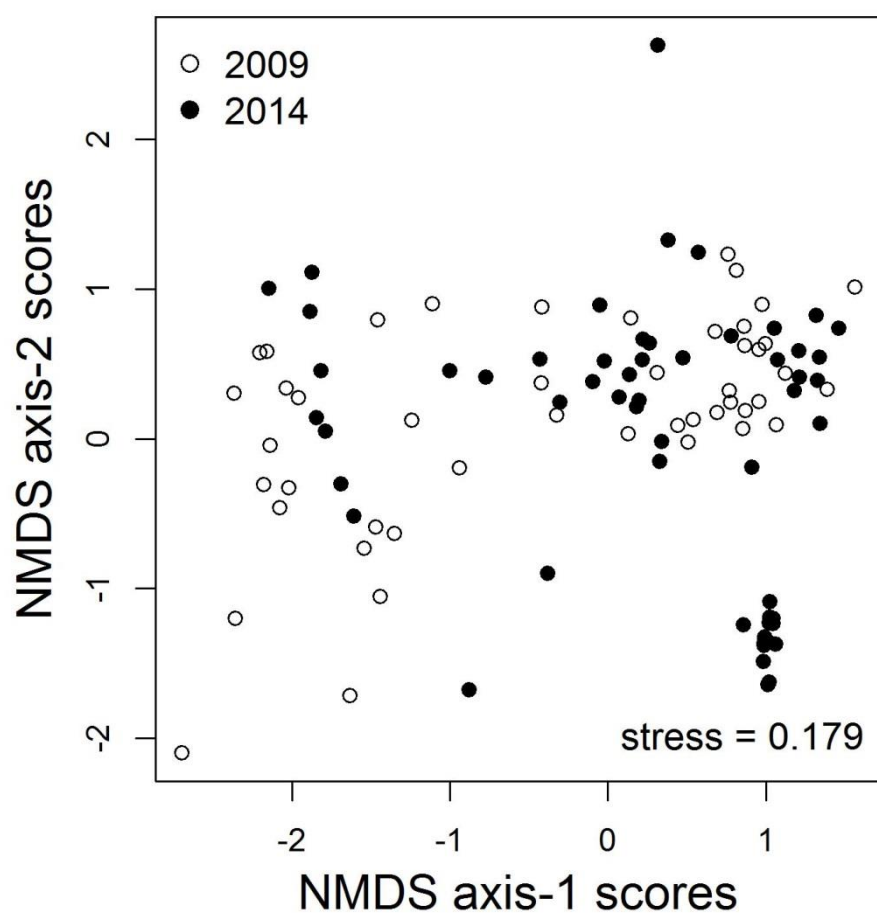


Figure S2. Results of the nMDS analysis.

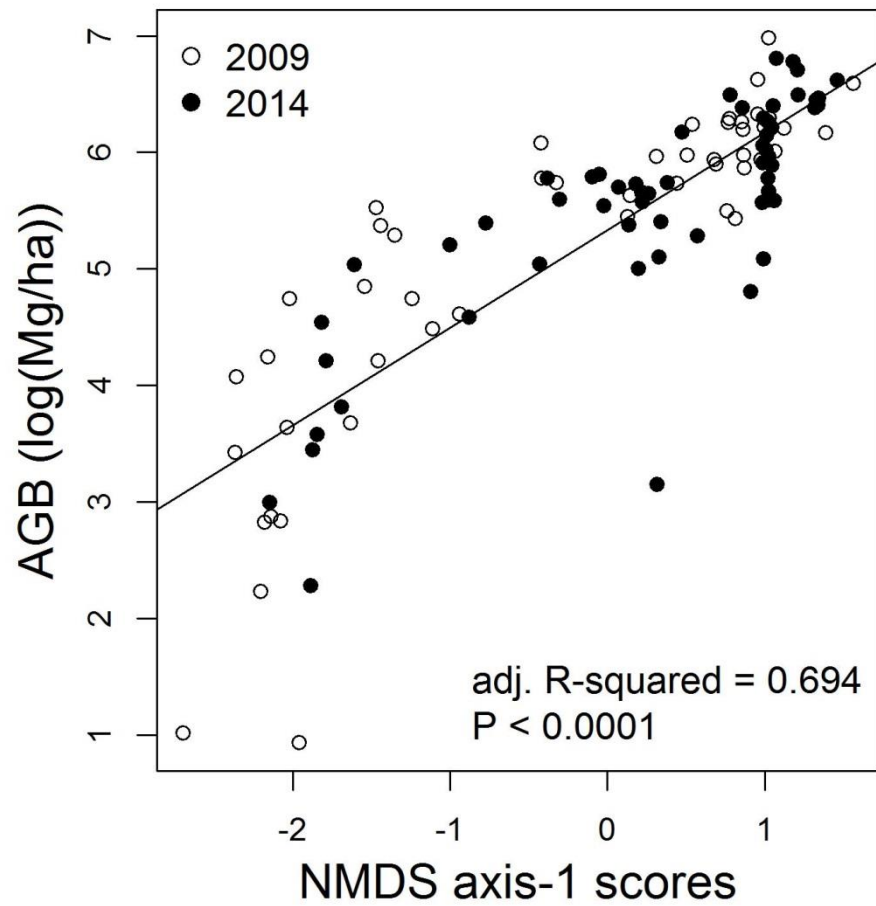


Figure S3. Correlation of nMDS Axis-1 values with logarithmic above-ground biomass.