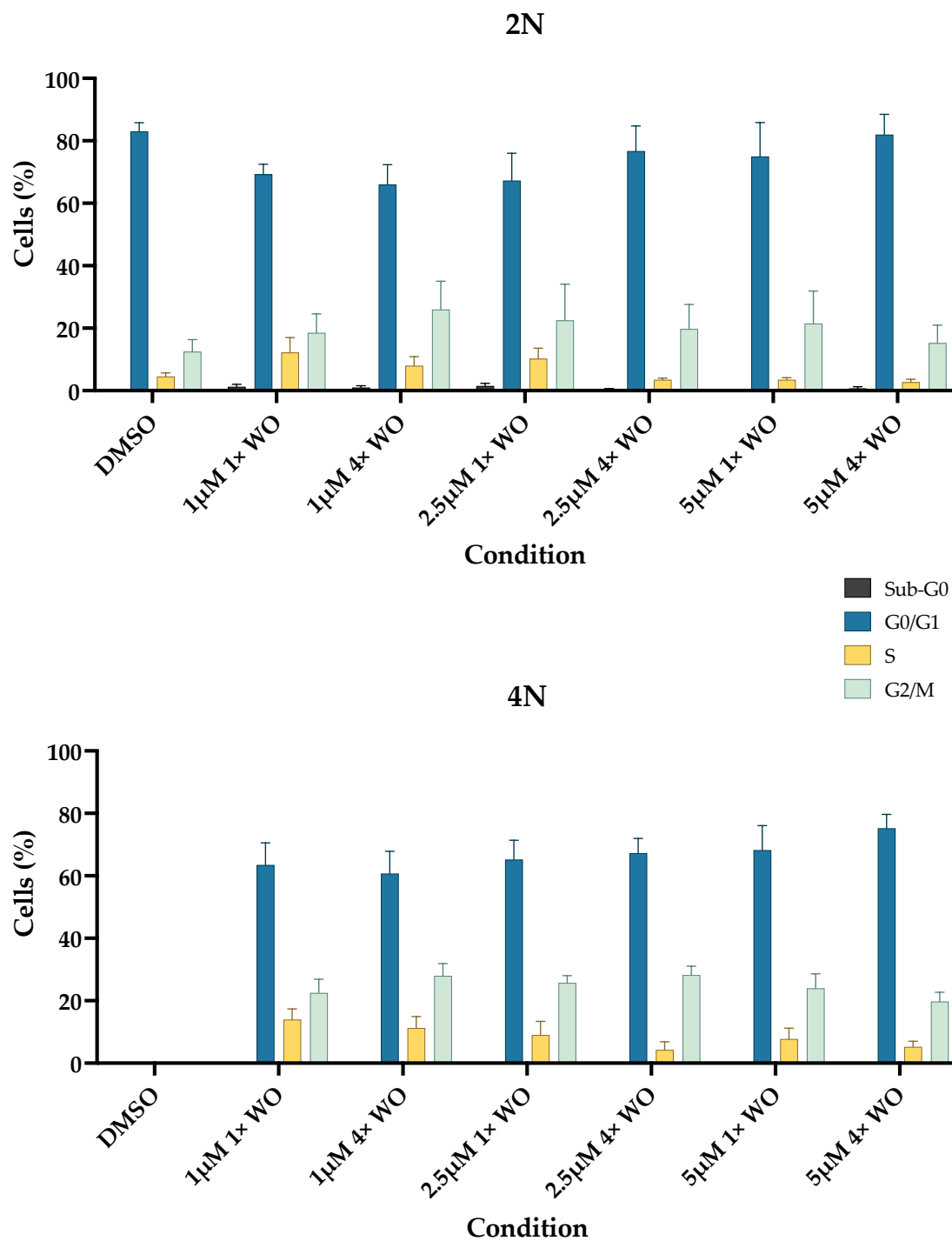


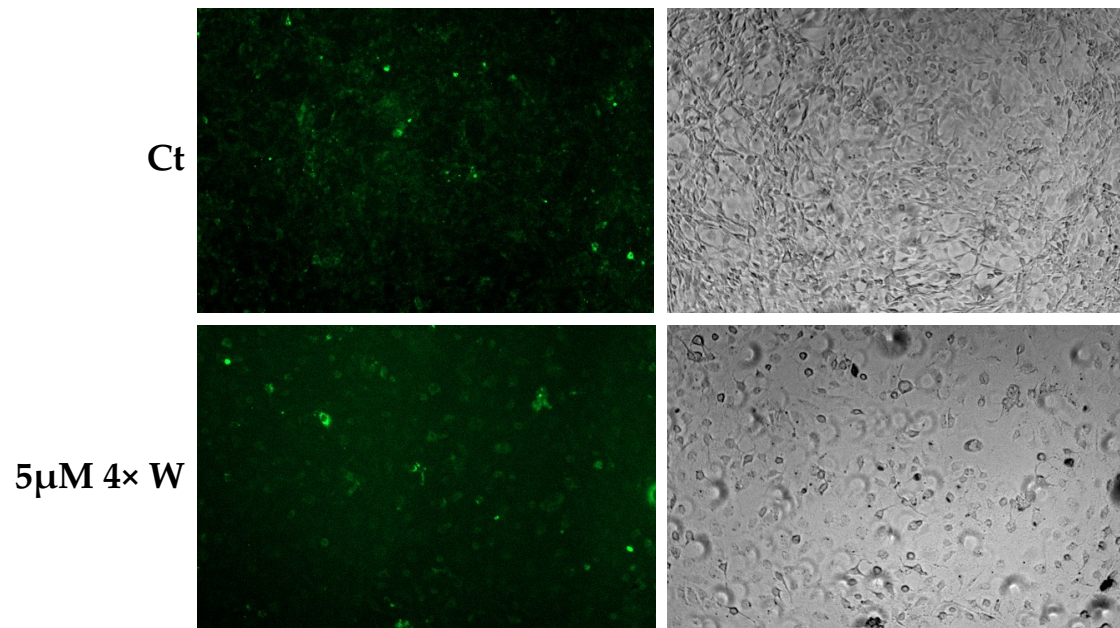
**Table S1.** Reversine screening conditions

Group	Reversine Concentration	Cell culture medium renewal (each 24h)	Number of reversine administrations
DMSO	0 $\mu$ M	No	0
1 $\mu$ M 1 $\times$ WO	1 $\mu$ M	No	1
1 $\mu$ M 4 $\times$ W	1 $\mu$ M	Yes	4
1 $\mu$ M 4 $\times$ WO	1 $\mu$ M	No	4
2.5 $\mu$ M 1 $\times$ WO	2.5 $\mu$ M	No	1
2.5 $\mu$ M 4 $\times$ W	2.5 $\mu$ M	Yes	4
2.5 $\mu$ M 4 $\times$ WO	2.5 $\mu$ M	No	4
5 $\mu$ M 1 $\times$ WO	5 $\mu$ M	No	1
5 $\mu$ M 4 $\times$ W	5 $\mu$ M	Yes	4
5 $\mu$ M 4 $\times$ WO	5 $\mu$ M	No	4

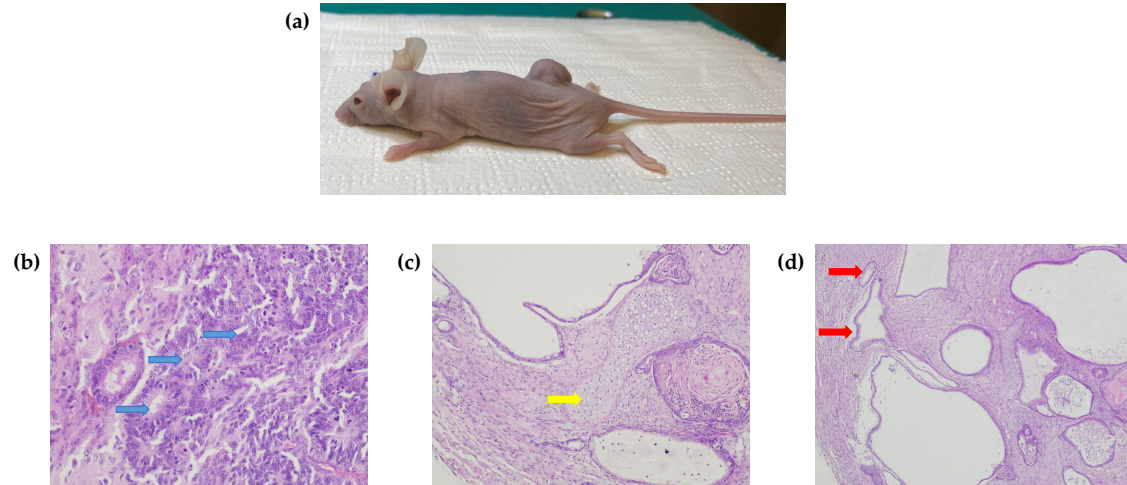
1 $\times$ : one administration. 4 $\times$ : four administrations. W: with medium change; WO: without medium change



**Figure S1:** Cell cycle analysis. Percentage of cells in Sub-G0, G0/G1, S, and G2/M phases for the 2N and 4N populations. Results were obtained by flow cytometry and are presented as mean  $\pm$  SE of at least three independent experiments. 1 $\times$ : one administration. 4 $\times$ : four administrations. WO: without medium change.



**Figure S2.** Channel images of the enzymatic activity labeling of alkaline phosphatase. The fluorescence (left column) and optical (right column) are shown for the control group and the dedifferentiated cells (5 $\mu$ M 4 $\times$  W). Ct: control. 4 $\times$ : four administrations. W: with medium change.



**Figure S3.** Teratoma formation **(a)** Teratoma formation occurred after subcutaneous injection of mouse embryonic stem cells (mESCs). Representative images of **(b)** mature and immature nervous tissue (ectoderm) – blue arrows, 200× magnification; **(c)** cartilage (mesoderm) – yellow arrows, 100× magnification and **(d)** glandular tissue (endoderm) – red arrows, 40× magnification are shown. Hematoxylin and eosin staining.