



## Supplementary Materials: Comparative Evaluation of Solubility, Cytotoxicity and Photostability Studies of Resveratrol and Oxyresveratrol Loaded Nanosponges

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## 1. Calibration Curve

Beta-cyclodextrin ( $\beta$ -CD and a carbonate standard (diphenyl carbonate; DPC) were mixed together in an increasing molar ratio of 1:1 to 1:8. KBr pellets were prepared by keeping a constant weight for each pellet and FTIR spectra were recorded. A calibration curve was plotted in between I<sub>1774</sub>/I<sub>2929</sub> peak ratio vs. molar ratio of  $\beta$ -CD to DPC.

 $I_{1774}$  corresponds to the C=O stretching vibration of cross-linker and  $I_{2929}$  corresponds to the C–H stretching vibration of  $\beta$ -CD.

A linear calibration curve with a regression coefficient of 0.9971 was obtained.



**Figure S1.** Calibration Curve of  $\beta$ -CD and carbonate standard.

Comparison of reference ( $\beta$ -CD: DPC; 1:4) and sample (nanosponges) spectra are shown below.



Figure S2. Reference and sample FTIR spectra.

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	Standard		Sample		
Nanosponges	Molar Ratio (Crosslinker: β- CD)	Reference I1774/I2929 Value	Sample I1774/I2929 Value	Calculated Molar Ratio (Crosslinker: β- CD)	% Crosslinking = Sample I1774/I2929 Value ÷ Reference I1774/I2929 Value*100
CDNSs	4	3.650	2.920	2.99	80%