










Correction

Correction: Subramoney et al. Molecular Epidemiology of SARS-CoV-2 during Five COVID-19 Waves and the Significance of Low-Frequency Lineages. *Viruses* 2023, 15, 1194

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In the original publication [1], there was a mistake in Figure 1 as published. An error occurred occasionally, resulting in redundant horizontal lines in the bar graphs of 1A and 1C and the disappearance of the light yellow bars in 1C. The corrected Figure 1 appears below. The authors state that the scientific conclusions are unaffected. This correction was approved by the Academic Editor. The original publication has also been updated.

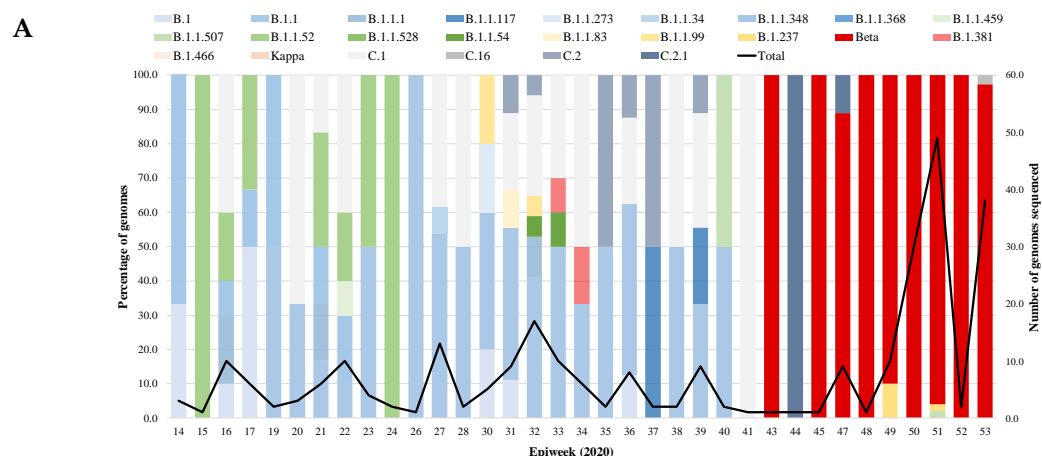


Figure 1. Cont.

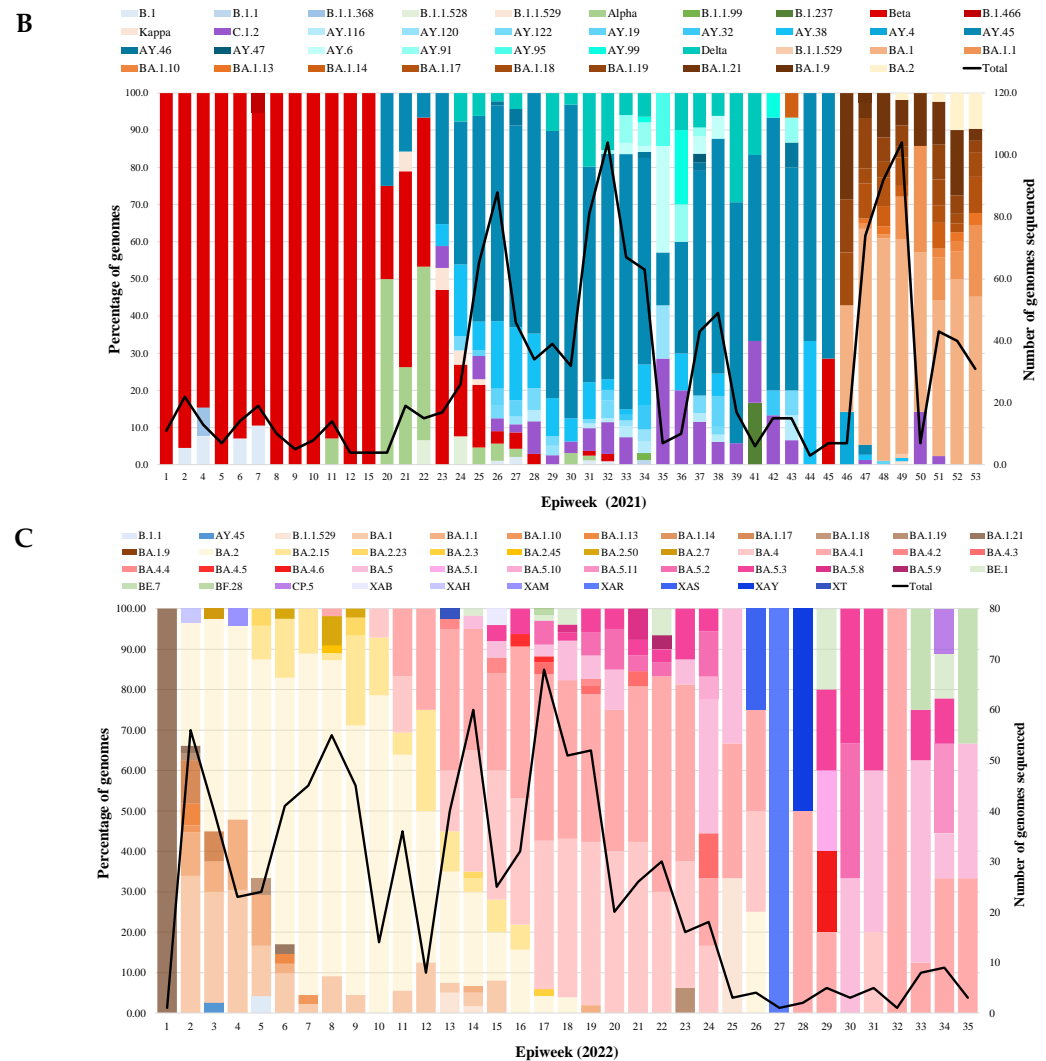


Figure 1. Prevalence of SARS-CoV-2 lineages over time from 2020 to 2022 by epiweek. The bar graph represents the SAR-CoV-2 lineages and VOCs identified in our study cohort. The black line graph represents the total number of samples that were sequenced during each epiweek. (A) Distribution of SARS-CoV-2 lineages in 2020, (B) Distribution of SARS-CoV-2 lineages in 2021, and (C) Distribution of SARS-CoV-2 lineages in 2022.

Reference

1. Subramoney, K.; Mtileni, N.; Giandhari, J.; Naidoo, Y.; Ramphal, Y.; Pillay, S.; Ramphal, U.; Maharaj, A.; Tshiabuila, D.; Tegally, H.; et al. Molecular Epidemiology of SARS-CoV-2 during Five COVID-19 Waves and the Significance of Low-Frequency Lineages. *Viruses* **2023**, *15*, 1194. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]

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