

S1 Table. Competitive generalized linear models of the *Aedes aegypti* infection with Zika virus after feeding on infected rhesus macaques.

<b>Model</b>	<b>K</b>	<b>AICc</b>	<b>ΔAICc</b>	<b>ModelLik</b>	<b>AICcWt</b>	<b>LL</b>
Null model	1	153.59	14.62	0	0	-75.79
Infection ~ mosquito population	2	152.54	9.58	0.01	0	-74.26
<b>Infection ~ log (macaque viral load)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>143.46</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.78</b>	<b>0.24</b>	<b>-69.72</b>
Infection ~ d.p.m.i.	2	153.12	10.15	0.01	0	-74.55
<b>Infection ~ mosquito population + log (macaque viral load)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>142.96</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.31</b>	<b>-68.47</b>
Infection ~ mosquito population + d.p.m.i.	3	154.56	11.59	0	0	-74.26
<b>Infection ~ log (macaque viral load) + d.p.m.i.</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>144.5</b>	<b>1.54</b>	<b>0.46</b>	<b>0.14</b>	<b>-69.24</b>
<b>Infection ~ mosquito population + log (macaque viral load) + d.p.m.i.</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>144.42</b>	<b>1.45</b>	<b>0.48</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>-68.18</b>

d.p.m.i.: days post mosquito infection; K: number of parameters; AICc: Akaike Information Criterion corrected; ΔAICc: difference between the AICc of a given model and the lowest AICc, which ΔAICc > 2 means high support for a given model; Wt: model probability based on Akaike weight. Best GLMs are in bold.