

Table S1. Species list and occurrence in traps of ants in the boreal forest sites along with functional traits and shade-tolerance. Functional traits were determined using several sources, from published descriptions, field guides and previous studies [1–9]. Using the same sources, shade-tolerance was determined as either low (marked preference for open habitats), moderate (found in both open and closed habitats), high (marked preference for closed habitats), unknown (if the study was not studied enough to make a determination) and NA if it was a morphospecies.

Species	Control	Outbreak	Functional groups	Shade tolerance
<i>Camponotus alaskensis</i>	1		Subordinate, honeydew	Moderate
<i>Camponotus herculeanus</i>	18	8	Dominant, non aggressive omnivore, cold tolerant	Moderate
<i>Camponotus nearcticus</i>	1		Subordinate, honeydew, extrafloral and gall nectar, sap fluxes, bird and reptile droppings, and occasional insect or spider prey	Moderate
<i>Camponotus novaeboracensis</i>	62	46	Subordinate, honeydew, extrafloral and gall nectar, sap fluxes, and occasional insect or spider prey	Moderate
<i>Camponotus</i> spp	4		Subordinate, general forager	Moderate
<i>Formica aserva</i>	1		Facultative slavemaker, honeydew	Moderate
<i>Formica fossiceps</i>	1	1	Cold-climate specialist, honeydew	Low
<i>Formica girksi impexa</i>	1	1	Cold-climate specialist, cryptic species	Unknown
<i>Formica glacialis</i>	2	2	Cold-climate specialist, opportunists, honeydew	Unknown
<i>Formica integra</i>	3	7	Opportunist, Cold-climate specialist	High
<i>Formica neogagates</i>	13	8	Dominant, Cold-climate specialist	Moderate
<i>Formica neorufibarbis</i>	16	12	Dominant, opportunists, Cold-climate specialist	Moderate
<i>Formica pallidefulva</i>		1	Cold-climate specialist, Honeydew	High
<i>Formica podzolica</i>	19	17	Cold-climate specialist, Honeydew, opportunists	Moderate
<i>Formica rubicunda</i>		1	Cold-climate specialist, facultative slavemakers, honeydew	Moderate
<i>Formica</i> spp 1	9	1	Cold-climate specialist	NA
<i>Formica</i> spp 2	1		Cold-climate specialist	NA
<i>Formica subaenescens</i>	31	24	Cold-climate specialist, predators	Moderate
<i>Formica subintegra</i>	1		Slave makers, honeydew	Low
<i>Harpagoxenus canadensis</i>	1		Cold-climate specialist, social parasite	
		13	Omnivorous specie, seeds, live insects and carcasses of dead ones and honeydew	Low
<i>Lasius americanus</i>	8			
<i>Lasius subglaber</i>	1		Honeydew	Low
<i>Leptothorax retracts</i>	5	5	Cold-climate specialist, forested habitats	High
<i>Leptothorax sphagnicola</i>		2	Cold-climate specialist	Moderate
		31	Cold-climate specialist, dead wood, honeydew from aphids	Moderate
<i>Myrmica alaskensis</i>	35			
<i>Myrmica</i> AF sub		1	Opportunists	Unknown
<i>Myrmica detritinodis</i>	9	1	Dominant, scavenger	High
<i>Myrmica lobifrons</i>		1	Opportunists, Honeydew, extrafloral	Unknown
<i>Myrmica pinetorum</i>	2		Opportunist	High
<i>Myrmica quebecensis</i>	1	1	Parasitic, Conifer forests	Moderate
<i>Myrmica</i> spp	19	7	Opportunist	NA

Nylanderia parvula	1		Scavengers, generalized predator	Low
Tapinoma sessile	5	3	Opportunist, scavengers, predators, and tenders of aphids and other scale insects.	Moderate
Tapinoma spp	1		Opportunist	NA
Temnothorax ambiguus	1	1	Cryptic species, honeydew, plant nectar, tiny insects	Moderate
unknown	1			

Table S2. Species list and occurrence in traps of ants in the temperate forest sites along with functional traits and shade-tolerance. Functional traits were determined using several sources, from published descriptions, field guides and previous studies [1–9]. Using the same sources, shade-tolerance was determined as either low (marked preference for open habitats), moderate (found in both open and closed habitats), high (marked preference for closed habitats), unknown (if the study was not studied enough to make a determination) and NA if it was a morphospecies.

Species	Control	Outbreak	Functional groups	Shade tolerance
Aphaenogaster picea	6	6	Opportunists, omnivorous scavenger and disperser of seeds of woodland herbs	Moderate
Camponotus herculeanus	1		Dominant, non aggressive omnivore, cold tolerant	Moderate
Camponotus pennsylvanicus	3		Honeydew, extrafloral nectaries, dead insects	High
Formica rubicunda	1		Cold-climate specialist, facultative slavemakers, honeydew	Moderate
Lasius americanus	5		Omnivorous specie, seeds, live insects and carcasses of dead ones and honeydew	Low
Lasius aphidicola	1		Social parasite, honeydew	Moderate
Lasius neoniger	1		Opportunist, polyphagous, insect and nectar	Low
Lasius umbratus	1		Temporary social parasite, polyphagous, insect and nectar	Low
Leptothorax AF-can	1		Cryptic species	Unknown
Leptothorax AF-erg		1	Cryptic species	Unknown
Myrmica incompleta	1		Cold-climate specialist, honeydew	High
Myrmica punctiventris	2		Opportunists, generalist scavenger	High
Myrmica rubra	1		Opportunists, honeydew, extrafloral and gall nectar, sap and seeds.	Low
Prenolepis imparis	3	1	Cold-climate specialist, liquids (honeydew, nectar and extrafloral nectaries, the exudates of living oak-galls, the juices of dead earthworms and derived from the young tissues of plants)	Low
Stenamma diecki	3	2	Cryptic species, predate on springtails	Moderate
Stenamma impar	2	1	Cryptic species	High
Temnothorax longispinosus	2	1	Cryptic species, honeydew, plant nectar, tiny insects.	High
unknown	1	1		

Table S3. Potential predator abundance. Collected from pitfall traps.

Forest	Defoliation history	Spiders	Beetles	Flies	Wasps	True bugs
Boreal	Control	194	168	327	102	23
	Outbreak	264	182	275	117	27
Temperate	Control	210	329	485	83	17
	Outbreak	195	312	414	90	24

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