

Dynamic Behavior of Advanced Materials and Structures

Weidong Song * and Lijun Xiao

State Key Laboratory of Explosion Science and Safety Protection, Beijing 100081, China; xljbit@bit.edu.cn

* Correspondence: swdgh@bit.edu.cn

Following the rise in applications of materials and structures in complex environments, such as high-speed impacts and explosions, research on the dynamic response of materials and structures is becoming increasingly important [1–3]. Studying their mechanical behavior of advanced materials and structures, such as mechanical metamaterials [4–8], composites [9–11], and lightweight sandwich structures [12–14], under dynamic loads and gaining a thorough understanding of their behavioral characteristics under extreme conditions are vital for both material and structural optimization, as well as ensuring their safety and reliability in service. This Special Issue (SI), “Dynamic Behavior of Advanced Materials and Structures”, presents recent theoretical, experimental, and simulation research findings regarding the dynamic behavior of advanced material and structures. This Editorial summarizes the ten publications (nine research articles and one review article) included in this SI.

Unlike traditional materials that expand laterally under compression, auxetics display a distinct negative Poisson’s ratio characteristic, which enhances their energy absorption capacity under dynamic loading [15–17]. Accordingly, auxetics have attracted extensive research attention in recent years [18–20]. Galea Mifsud et al. [21] summarized the research progress on analyzing the mechanical properties and deformation mechanisms of auxetic systems through finite-element simulations.

Carbon-fiber-reinforced polymers (CFRPs) have a variety of advantages properties in comparison to metals, including light weight, high strength, high stiffness, corrosion resistance, and fatigue resistance [22,23], and have been widely used in fields of aerospace and traffic control. However, the dynamic performance and failure mechanism of CFRPs remain unclear due to their complex mesoscopic structure. Qiang et al. [24] presented the low-velocity impact response and residual compressive properties of carbon fiber–epoxy resin (CF/EP) composites, revealing the impact damage on the compression failure mechanisms of the materials. Xi et al. [25] reported that the energy absorption capacities and failure modes of the open-section, thin-walled composite structures under axial crushing loading could be regulated by changing the geometry of the cross-section. Stachyra et al. [26] introduced a novel analytical description for coupled mode shapes of a cantilever composite beam. Lan et al. [27] demonstrated that the preloading value and the impact velocity affected the delamination behavior of CFRP laminated plates significantly. The resistance to out-of-plane displacement of the laminated plates could be enhanced by biaxial tensile preload.

With the advancement of technology, lightweight materials have become widespread in the development of protective structures. Sandwich structures filled with lightweight materials, such as foams and honeycombs, have been widely applied in energy-absorbing devices for collision protection in fields including aerospace, rail transportation, and the automotive industry, due to their light weight, high specific strength, and high specific stiffness [28,29]. How to design high-efficiency sandwich structures for energy absorption



Received: 26 March 2025

Accepted: 16 June 2025

Published: 18 June 2025

Citation: Song, W.; Xiao, L. Dynamic Behavior of Advanced Materials and Structures. *Materials* **2025**, *18*, 2878. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ma18122878>

Copyright: © 2025 by the authors. Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland. This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

is a widely studied topic. Mahgoub et al. [30] experimentally investigated the dynamic response of a sandwich beam filled with a stepwise gradient polymethacrylimide (PMI) foam core under low-velocity impacts, demonstrating that a negative gradient core is beneficial for energy absorption.

In military and public security safety fields, materials and structures are often subjected to explosive shock waves. Bian et al. [31] investigated the dynamic response of non-metallic annular protective structures made by the continuous winding of PE fibers under internal blasts, indicating that the blast resistance of the structure can be improved by adding polyurethane foam in the inner layer. The dynamic response of a rectangular steel plate subjected to shock waves was examined by Li et al. [32] through the wavelet transform (WT) and the improved ensemble empirical mode decomposition (EEMD) methods.

Steel automotive wheel rims typically experience dynamic wear and tear during service, which significantly affect their service life. Borecki et al. [33] proposed new methods for identifying the technical condition of steel car wheel rims and predicting the approaching end of wheel rim service life with limited parameters.

Electromagnetic springs, which act as an active vibration isolation system, have been widely researched due to their fast response, non-contact, and adjustable stiffness [34,35]. In the study by Zheng et al. [36], an improved Bouc–Wen Model was proposed to describe the dynamic characteristics of a toothed electromagnetic spring, which enhanced the accuracy of predicting the hysteresis behavior in electromagnetic spring active isolators.

Nowadays, with the rapid development of advanced manufacturing technologies such as additive manufacturing, an increasing number of advanced materials and structures have been developed, including multi-component alloys [37–39], interpenetrating phase composites [40–42], and nanomaterials [43,44]. Future research needs to pay more attention to the dynamic behavior of these novel materials. Simultaneously, the dynamic behavior of materials often depends on their microstructures, necessitating more extensive application of multi-scale analysis methods for investigation [45–47]. Additionally, integrating artificial intelligence technologies with mechanical design and the prediction of materials/structures [48–50] also requires further investigation.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

References

1. Meyers, M.A. *Dynamic Behavior of Materials*; John Wiley & Sons: Hoboken, NJ, USA, 1994.
2. Silberschmidt, V. *Dynamic Deformation, Damage and Fracture in Composite Materials and Structures*; Woodhead Publishing: Cambridge, UK, 2016.
3. Shukla, A.; Ravichandran, G.; Rajapakse, Y. *Dynamic Failure of Materials and Structures*; Springer: Berlin/Heidelberg, Germany, 2010.
4. Yu, X.; Zhou, J.; Liang, H.; Jiang, Z.; Wu, L. Mechanical Metamaterials Associated with Stiffness, Rigidity and Compressibility: A Brief Review. *Prog. Mater. Sci.* **2018**, *94*, 114–173. [\[CrossRef\]](#)
5. Xiao, L.; Shi, G.; Song, W. Machine Learning Predictions on the Compressive Stress–Strain Response of Lattice-Based Metamaterials. *Int. J. Solids Struct.* **2024**, *300*, 112893. [\[CrossRef\]](#)
6. Zheng, X.; Lee, H.; Weisgraber, T.H.; Shusteff, M.; DeOtte, J.; Duoss, E.B.; Kuntz, J.D.; Biener, M.M.; Ge, Q.; Jackson, J.A.; et al. Ultralight, Ultrastiff Mechanical Metamaterials. *Science* **2014**, *344*, 1373–1377. [\[CrossRef\]](#)
7. Song, W.; Li, R.; Feng, G.; Xiao, L. Large Dynamic Mechanical Behaviors and Deformation Mechanism of Hybrid Triply Periodic Minimal Surface Structures. *Int. J. Impact Eng.* **2025**, *203*, 105359. [\[CrossRef\]](#)
8. Feng, G.; Li, S.; Xiao, L.; Song, W. Mechanical Properties and Deformation Behavior of Functionally Graded TPMS Structures under Static and Dynamic Loading. *Int. J. Impact Eng.* **2023**, *176*, 104554. [\[CrossRef\]](#)
9. Zhu, T.; Ren, Z.; Xu, J.; Shen, L.; Xiao, C.; Zhang, C.; Zhou, X.; Jian, X. Damage evolution model and failure mechanism of continuous carbon fiber-reinforced thermoplastic resin matrix composite materials. *Compos. Sci. Technol.* **2023**, *244*, 110300. [\[CrossRef\]](#)

10. Wang, A.; Xu, G.; Liu, X. Effect of polyurea coating on low-velocity impact properties of unidirectional carbon fiber-reinforced polymer composites plates. *Structures* **2024**, *61*, 106090. [[CrossRef](#)]
11. Chen, P.; Li, Y.; Yin, B.; Li, S.; Jia, W.; Lao, D.; Wang, H.; Liu, J. New design of bismuth borate ceramic/epoxy composites with excellent fracture toughness and radiation shielding capabilities. *Mater. Today Commun.* **2023**, *35*, 106102. [[CrossRef](#)]
12. Zhu, Y.; Sun, Y. Dynamic response of foam core sandwich panel with composite face sheets during low-velocity impact and penetration. *Int. J. Impact Eng.* **2020**, *139*, 103508. [[CrossRef](#)]
13. Acanfora, V.; Zarrelli, M.; Riccio, A. Experimental and numerical assessment of the impact behaviour of a composite sandwich panel with a polymeric honeycomb core. *Int. J. Impact Eng.* **2023**, *171*, 104392. [[CrossRef](#)]
14. Li, J.; Zhang, W.; Wang, Z.; Wang, Q.; Wu, T.; Qin, Q. Dynamic response and failure of CFRP Kagome lattice core sandwich panels subjected to low-velocity impact. *Int. J. Impact Eng.* **2023**, *181*, 104737. [[CrossRef](#)]
15. Jin, X.; Wang, Z.; Ning, J.; Xiao, G.; Liu, E.; Shu, X. Dynamic Response of Sandwich Structures with Graded Auxetic Honeycomb Cores under Blast Loading. *Compos. Part B Eng.* **2016**, *106*, 206–217. [[CrossRef](#)]
16. Zhang, X.; Hao, H.; Tian, R.; Xue, Q.; Guan, H.; Yang, X. Quasi-Static Compression and Dynamic Crushing Behaviors of Novel Hybrid Re-Entrant Auxetic Metamaterials with Enhanced Energy-Absorption. *Compos. Struct.* **2022**, *288*, 115399. [[CrossRef](#)]
17. Zhang, Y.; Ren, X.; Han, D.; Cheng, X.; Jiang, W.; Zhang, X.; Zhang, X.; Xie, Y. Static and Dynamic Properties of a Perforated Metallic Auxetic Metamaterial with Tunable Stiffness and Energy Absorption. *Int. J. Impact Eng.* **2022**, *164*, 104193. [[CrossRef](#)]
18. Guo, M.; Yang, H.; Ma, L. 3D Lightweight Double Arrow-Head Plate-Lattice Auxetic Structures with Enhanced Stiffness and Energy Absorption Performance. *Compos. Struct.* **2022**, *290*, 115484. [[CrossRef](#)]
19. Duncan, O.; Shepherd, T.; Moroney, C.; Foster, L.; Venkatraman, P.D.; Winwood, K.; Allen, T.; Alderson, A. Review of Auxetic Materials for Sports Applications: Expanding Options in Comfort and Protection. *Appl. Sci.* **2018**, *8*, 941. [[CrossRef](#)]
20. Kolken, H.M.A.; Zadpoor, A.A. Auxetic Mechanical Metamaterials. *RSC Adv.* **2017**, *7*, 5111–5129. [[CrossRef](#)]
21. Galea Mifsud, R.; Muscat, G.A.; Grima-Cornish, J.N.; Dudek, K.K.; Cardona, M.A.; Attard, D.; Farrugia, P.-S.; Gatt, R.; Evans, K.E.; Grima, J.N. Auxetics and FEA: Modern Materials Driven by Modern Simulation Methods. *Materials* **2024**, *17*, 1506. [[CrossRef](#)]
22. Sridharan, S.; Pankow, M. Performance Evaluation of Two Progressive Damage Models for Composite Laminates under Various Speed Impact Loading. *Int. J. Impact Eng.* **2020**, *143*, 103615. [[CrossRef](#)]
23. Liu, S.; Luan, Y.; Li, Y.; Su, Q.; Guo, Z.; Song, W. A 3D printed continuous carbon fiber reinforced composite with function of self-detecting and self-healing of internal damages. *Compos. Sci. Technol.* **2023**, *243*, 110264. [[CrossRef](#)]
24. Qiang, X.; Wang, T.; Xue, H.; Ding, J.; Deng, C. Study on Low-Velocity Impact and Residual Compressive Mechanical Properties of Carbon Fiber-Epoxy Resin Composites. *Materials* **2024**, *17*, 3766. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
25. Xi, X.; Xue, P.; Liu, X.; Bai, C.; Zhang, X.; Li, X.; Zhang, C.; Yang, X. Energy Absorption and Failure Modes of Different Composite Open-Section Crush Elements under Axial Crushing Loading. *Materials* **2024**, *17*, 3197. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
26. Stachyra, G.; Kloda, L.; Szmit, Z. Coupled Modal Analysis and Aerodynamics of Rotating Composite Beam. *Materials* **2023**, *16*, 7356. [[CrossRef](#)]
27. Lan, K.; Wang, H.; Wang, C. Delamination Behavior of CFRP Laminated Plates under the Combination of Tensile Preloading and Impact Loading. *Materials* **2023**, *16*, 6595. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
28. Li, J.; Gao, G.; Yu, Y.; Zhuo, T. Experimental and numerical study on the lightweight design of load-bearing energy absorption structure for subway train. *Thin-Walled Struct.* **2024**, *197*, 111542. [[CrossRef](#)]
29. Zhao, X.; Wei, L.; Wen, D.; Zhu, G.; Yu, Q.; Ma, Z. Bending response and energy absorption of sandwich beams with novel auxetic honeycomb core. *Eng. Struct.* **2021**, *247*, 113204. [[CrossRef](#)]
30. Mahgoub, M.; Liu, C.; Tan, Z. Study on Dynamic Mechanical Properties of Sandwich Beam with Stepwise Gradient Poly-methacrylimide (PMI) Foam Core under Low-Velocity Impact. *Materials* **2024**, *17*, 2099. [[CrossRef](#)]
31. Bian, X.; Yang, L.; Wang, T.; Huang, G. Numerical Investigation on Anti-Explosion Performance of Non-Metallic Annular Protective Structures. *Materials* **2023**, *16*, 7549. [[CrossRef](#)]
32. Li, Z.; Xu, W.; Wang, C.; Liu, X.; Sun, Y. Investigation on Vibration Characteristics of Thin-Walled Steel Structures under Shock Waves. *Materials* **2023**, *16*, 4748. [[CrossRef](#)]
33. Borecki, M.; Rychlik, A.; Zan, L.; Korwin-Pawłowski, M.L. Steel Automotive Wheel Rims—Data Fusion for the Precise Identification of the Technical Condition and Indication of the Approaching End of Service Life. *Materials* **2024**, *17*, 475. [[CrossRef](#)]
34. Yu, S.; Wang, A.; Zhao, L. Characteristics test study on electromagnetic actuator. *Mach. Des. Manuf.* **2011**, *1*, 136–138.
35. Zhang, B. Research on Hybrid Isolator Design Technique. Master's Thesis, Harbin Engineering University, Harbin, China, 2011.
36. Zheng, X.; Zhang, C.; Lou, Y.; Xue, G.; Bai, H. Dynamic Characteristic Analysis of a Toothed Electromagnetic Spring Based on the Improved Bouc—Wen Model. *Materials* **2023**, *16*, 4889. [[CrossRef](#)]
37. Liu, S.; Hu, M.; Xiao, L.; Feng, G.; Song, K.; Song, W.; Qiao, J. Effects of Strain Rate and Low Temperature on Dynamic Behaviors of Additively Manufactured CoCrFeMnNi High-Entropy Alloys. *Mater. Sci. Eng. A* **2024**, *913*, 147100. [[CrossRef](#)]
38. Medvedev, A.E.; Maconachie, T.; Leary, M.; Qian, M.; Brandt, M. Materials & Design Perspectives on Additive Manufacturing for Dynamic Impact Applications. *Mater. Des.* **2022**, *221*, 110963.

39. George, E.P.; Curtin, W.A.; Tasan, C.C. High Entropy Alloys: A Focused Review of Mechanical Properties and Deformation Mechanisms. *Acta Mater.* **2020**, *188*, 435–474. [[CrossRef](#)]
40. Song, W.; Mu, K.; Feng, G.; Huang, Z.; Liu, Y.; Huang, X.; Xiao, L. Mechanical Properties of 3D Printed Interpenetrating Phase Composites with TPMS Architectures. *Thin-Walled Struct.* **2023**, *193*, 111210. [[CrossRef](#)]
41. Xiao, L.; Mu, K.; Liu, S.; Song, W. Experimental Study on the Fracture Behavior of 3D Printed Interpenetrating Phase Composites with Triply Periodic Minimal Surface Architectures. *Thin-Walled Struct.* **2025**, *208*, 112847. [[CrossRef](#)]
42. Zhang, M.; Zhao, N.; Yu, Q.; Liu, Z.; Qu, R.; Zhang, J.; Li, S.; Ren, D.; Berto, F.; Zhang, Z.; et al. On the Damage Tolerance of 3-D Printed Mg-Ti Interpenetrating-Phase Composites with Bioinspired Architectures. *Nat. Commun.* **2022**, *13*, 1–13. [[CrossRef](#)] [[PubMed](#)]
43. Crook, C.; Bauer, J.; Guell Izard, A.; Santos de Oliveira, C.; Martins de Souza e Silva, J.; Berger, J.B.; Valdevit, L. Plate-Nanolattices at the Theoretical Limit of Stiffness and Strength. *Nat. Commun.* **2020**, *11*, 1–11. [[CrossRef](#)]
44. Wang, Y.; Zhang, X.; Li, Z.; Gao, H.; Li, X. Achieving the Theoretical Limit of Strength in Shell-Based Carbon Nanolattices. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* **2022**, *119*, 1–11. [[CrossRef](#)]
45. Liu, S.; Sun, T.; Kou, Z.; Han, X.; Gao, Q.; Zhang, J.; Liu, X.; Zhang, L.; Orava, J.; Song, K.; et al. Promising Pathways for Balancing Strength and Ductility in Chemically Complex Alloys with Medium-to-high Stacking Fault Energies. *Int. J. Plast.* **2025**, *190*, 104358. [[CrossRef](#)]
46. Lei, M.; Aditya, R.; Liu, L.; Wu, M.; Wang, J.; Zhou, K.; Yao, Y. A Multi-Scale Constitutive Model for AlSi10Mg Alloy Fabricated via Laser Powder Bed Fusion. *Int. J. Solids Struct.* **2025**, *306*, 113111. [[CrossRef](#)]
47. Tang, Y.; Li, D. Dynamic Response of High-Entropy Alloys to Ballistic Impact. *Sci. Adv.* **2022**, *8*, 1–9. [[CrossRef](#)]
48. Yu, G.; Xiao, L.; Song, W. Deep Learning-Based Heterogeneous Strategy for Customizing Responses of Lattice Structures. *Int. J. Mech. Sci.* **2022**, *229*, 107531. [[CrossRef](#)]
49. Li, X.; Wang, P.; Zhao, M.; Su, X.; Tan, Y.; Ding, J. Customizable Anisotropic Microlattices for Additive Manufacturing: Machine Learning Accelerated Design, Mechanical Properties and Structural-Property Relationships. *Addit. Manuf.* **2024**, *89*, 104248. [[CrossRef](#)]
50. Liu, Q.; Wu, D. Machine Learning and Feature Representation Approaches to Predict Stress-Strain Curves of Additively Manufactured Metamaterials with Varying Structure and Process Parameters. *Mater. Des.* **2024**, *241*, 112932. [[CrossRef](#)]

Disclaimer/Publisher’s Note: The statements, opinions and data contained in all publications are solely those of the individual author(s) and contributor(s) and not of MDPI and/or the editor(s). MDPI and/or the editor(s) disclaim responsibility for any injury to people or property resulting from any ideas, methods, instructions or products referred to in the content.