



Section and topic	Item No.	Checklist item	Reported on page
TITLE			
Title:	1	Identify the report as a systematic review, meta-analysis, or both.	1
ABSTRACT			-
Structured summary	2	Provide a structured summary including, as applicable: background; objectives; data sources; study eligibility criteria, participants, and interventions; study appraisal and synthesis methods; results; limitations; conclusions and implications of key findings; systematic review registration number.	1
INTRODUCTION			
Rationale	3	Describe the rationale for the review in the context of what is already known	1–2
Objectives	4	Provide an explicit statement of questions being addressed with reference to participants, interventions, comparisons, outcomes, and study design (PICOS).	2–3
METHODS			
Protocol and registra- tion	5	Indicate if a review protocol exists, if and where it can be accessed (e.g., Web address), and, if available, provide registration information including registration number.	1 -
Eligibility criteria	6	Specify study characteristics (e.g., PICOS, length of follow-up) and report characteristics (e.g., years considered, language, publication status) used as criteria for eligibility, giving rationale.	2–3
Information sources	7	Describe all information sources (e.g., databases with dates of coverage, contact with study authors to identify additional studies) in the search and date last searched.	2–3
Search	8	Present full electronic search strategy for at least one database, including any limits used, such that it could be repeated.	3
Study selection	9	State the process for selecting studies (i.e., screening, eligibility, included in systematic review, and, if applicable, included in the meta-analysis).	4–5
Data collection pro- cess	10	Describe method of data extraction from reports (e.g., piloted forms, independently, in duplicate) and any processes for obtaining and confirming data from investigators.	4–5
Data items	11	List and define all variables for which data were sought (e.g., PICOS, funding sources) and any assumptions and simplifications made.	
Risk of bias in indi- vidual studies	12	Specify any assessment of risk of bias that may affect the cumulative evidence (e.g., publication bias, selective reporting within studies).	6–7
Summary measures	13	State the principal summary measures (e.g., risk ratio, difference in means).	-
Synthesis or results	14	Describe the methods of handling data and combining results of studies, if done, including measures of consistency (e.g., I ²) for each meta-analysis.	-
Risk of bias across studies	15	Specify any assessment of risk of bias that may affect the cumulative evidence (e.g., publication bias, selective reporting within studies).	6–7

Table S1. PRISMA 2009 Checklist: Recommended items in a systematic review.



Additional analyses	16	Describe methods of additional analyses (e.g., sensitivity or subgroup analyses, meta-regression), if done, indicating which were pre- specified.	-
RESULTS			
Study selection	17	Give numbers of studies screened, assessed for eligibility, and included in the review, with reasons for exclusions at each stage, ideally with a flow diagram.	4–5
Study characteristics	18	For each study, present characteristics for which data were extracted (e.g., study size, PICOS, follow-up period) and provide the citations.	7–13
Risk of bias within studies	19	Present data on risk of bias of each study and, if available, any outcome level assessment (see item 12).	6–7;7–12 Supplemen- tary material
Results of individual studies	20	For all outcomes considered (benefits or harms), present, for each study: (a) simple summary data for each intervention group (b) effect estimates and confidence intervals, ideally with a forest plot.	7–12
Synthesis of results	21	Present results of each meta-analysis done, including confidence intervals and measures of consistency.	-
Risk of bias across studies	22	Present results of any assessment of risk of bias across studies (see Item 15).	-
Additional analysis	23	Give results of additional analyses, if done (e.g., sensitivity or subgroup analyses, meta-regression [see Item 16]).	-
DISCUSSION			
Summary of evidence	24	Summarize the main findings including the strength of evidence for each main outcome; consider their relevance to key groups (e.g., healthcare providers, users, and policy makers).	19
Limitations	25	Discuss limitations at study and outcome level (e.g., risk of bias), and at review-level (e.g., incomplete retrieval of identified research, reporting bias).	20
Conclusions	26		20
FUNDING			
Funding	27	Describe sources of funding for the systematic review and other support (e.g., supply of data); role of funders for the systematic review.	21

From: Moher, D.; Liberati, A.; Tetzlaff, J.; Altman, D.G. The PRISMA Group. Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses: The PRISMA Statement.PLoS Med. 2009, 6(7): e1000097. doi:10.1371/journal.pmed1000097.

Section/Topic	Item No.	Rayfield et al. [36]	Undlien et al. [37]	Ruducha et al. [38]	Robinson et al. [39]	Jenkins et al. [40]
Title and abot	1a	\checkmark	х	х	\checkmark	\checkmark
Title and abstract	1b	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Introduction						
Background/Rationale	2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Objectives	3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Methods						
Study design	4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	х
Setting	5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
-	6	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Participants	6b	\checkmark	-	-	-	-
Variables	7	\checkmark	х	х	\checkmark	х
Data sources/Measurement	8	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	х
Bias	9	х	х	х	х	х
Study size	10	х	х	х	х	х
Quantitative variables	11	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	х
	12a	\checkmark	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	х
	12b	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	х
Statistical methods	12c	х	х	х	х	х
	12d	х	х	х	х	х
	12e	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	х	х
Results						
	13a	\checkmark	\checkmark	х	\checkmark	\checkmark
Participants	13b	-	\checkmark	х	х	х
	13c	х	х	х	х	х
	14a	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Descriptive data	14b	х	х	х	х	х
	14c	-	-	-	-	-
Outcome data	15	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	16a	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Main Results	16b	\checkmark	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	16c	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-
Other analyses	17	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Discussion						
Key results	18	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Limitations	19	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Interpretation	20	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

 Table S2. Methodological quality evaluation of observational studies—STROBE scale.

Generalizability	21	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Other information						
Funding	25	\checkmark	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

X: Unidentified item

✓: Identified item

-: Not applicable

From: von Elm, E.; Altman, D.G.; Egger, M.; Pocock, S.J.; Gøtzsche, P.C.; Vandenbroucke, J.P..STROBE Initiative. The Strengthening the Reporting of Observational Studies in Epidemiology (STROBE) statement: guidelines for reporting observational studies. PLoS Med. **2007**,*16*:e296. doi: 10.1371/journal.pmed.0040296.

Section/Topic	Item No.	Moudy et al. [28]	Niela-Vilén et al. [29]	Scott et al. [33]	Schreck et al. [34]	Saggurti et al. [30]	Lee et al. [35]	Hazra et al. [32]	M'Liria et al. [31]
Title and determine	1a	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark
Title and abstract	1b	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	2a	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Background and objectives	2b	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
m·11 ·	3a	\checkmark	\checkmark	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Trial design	3b	x	х	х	х	x	х	x	х
	4a	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Participants	4b	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Interventions	5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	6a	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Outcomes	6b	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
	7a	\checkmark	\checkmark	x	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Sample size	7b	\checkmark	\checkmark	x	х	х	х	х	х
	8a	\checkmark	\checkmark	_	_	\checkmark	_	_	\checkmark
Sequence generation	8b	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	_	-	\checkmark
Allocation concealment mechanism	9	х	x	_	_	x	-	-	\checkmark
Implementation	10	\checkmark	х	-	х	\checkmark	х	х	\checkmark
*	11a	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	\checkmark
Blinding	11b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark
	12a	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Statistical methods	12b	\checkmark	х	х	х	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Participant flow (a diagram is strongly	13a	\checkmark	✓	-	x	x	\checkmark	x	\checkmark
recommended)	13u 13b	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	x	x	\checkmark	x	\checkmark
	130 14a	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	X ✓	\checkmark	X ✓	\checkmark
Recruitment	14b	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

 Table S3. Evaluation of the methodological quality of experimental studies – CONSORT 2010 checklist.

Baseline data	15	\checkmark	\checkmark	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Numbers analysed	16	\checkmark							
	17a	\checkmark							
Outcomes and estimation	17b	\checkmark							
Ancillary analyses	18	\checkmark							
Harms	19	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Limitations	20	х	\checkmark						
Generalisability	21	\checkmark							
Interpretation	22	\checkmark							
Registration	23	х	\checkmark	-	х	х	х	х	х
Protocol	24	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Funding	25	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	х	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

X: Unidentified item

 \checkmark : Identified item

-: Not applicable From: Schulz, K.F.; Altman, D.G.; Moher, D.; for the CONSORT Group. CONSORT 2010 Statement: updated guidelines for reporting parallel group randomized trials. BMJ. **2010**, 23:c332. doi: 10.1136/bmj.c332