

Table S1. Definition of HRV measures.

Parameter	Unit	Description
Time-domain measures		
SDNN	ms	Standard deviation of normal RR intervals
RMSSD	ms	Root mean square of successive RR interval differences
Frequency-domain measures		
LF power	ms ²	Absolute power of the low-frequency band (0.04–0.15 Hz)
HF power	ms ²	Absolute power of the high-frequency band (0.15–0.40 Hz)
LF/HF	%	Ratio of LF-to-HF power

RR intervals = interbeat intervals between all successive heartbeats.

Table S2. Compared HRV index for cardiovascular diagnostic categories in study population (n=788) ^{a, b}.

		SDNN(ms)				RMSSD(ms)				LF(ms ²)				HF (ms ²)				LF/HF		
		n	mean	sd	p-value	mean	sd	p-value	mean	sd	p-value	mean	sd	p-value	mean	sd	p-value	mean	sd	p-value
Cardiovascular disease (ICD-9-CM: 390-459)	No	627	30.5	15.3	0.015	19.1	13.8	0.137	341.8	499.8	0.005	149.1	349.9	0.053	3.57	3.55	0.249			
	Yes	161	29.1	24.7		19.2	18.8		268.5	464.7		124.8	193.5		3.34	3.98				
Cardiovascular disease (not included Hypertensive disease) (ICD9: 391, 392.0, 393-398, 410-414, 416, 420-429)	No	739	29.9	15.0	0.433	18.8	13.3	0.922	324.7	472.1	0.203	144.0	326.4	0.081	3.48	3.47	0.650			
	Yes	49	34.2	40.5		24.4	30.5		357.7	751.2		145.9	291.1		4.15	5.54				
Hypertensive disease (ICD9: 401-405)	No	660	30.8	17.1	<0.001	19.4	14.9	0.021	342.3	498.9	0.005	148.8	343.6	0.029	3.53	3.50	0.398			
	Yes	128	27.1	19.9		17.5	14.9		246.9	458.2		120.3	194.9		3.46	4.31				
Ischemic heart disease (ICD9: 410-414)	No	753	30.1	16.5	0.776	18.9	14.1	0.971	324.6	474.6	0.645	143.4	325.0	0.622	3.50	3.56	0.970			
	Yes	35	32.8	34.0		23.4	27.4		374.2	807.9		159.1	310.5		3.93	5.02				
Congestive heart failure (CHF) (ICD9: 398.91, 422, 425, 428, 402.x1, 404.x1, 404.x3)	No	773	30.0	16.3	0.947	18.9	14.2	0.515	326.5	492.0	0.501	143.9	325.5	0.332	3.49	3.54	0.714			
	Yes	15	40.3	52.1		29.8	35.8		339.7	583.8		157.0	254.0		4.90	7.02				

a. The selection criterial for CVD events was the least five clinical visit records within a year or at least one inpatient record

b. Assess the difference in mean natural log (Ln)-transformed markers

Table S3. Hazard ratios and 95% confidence intervals for cardiovascular diagnostic categories by HRV index in the study population (n = 788).

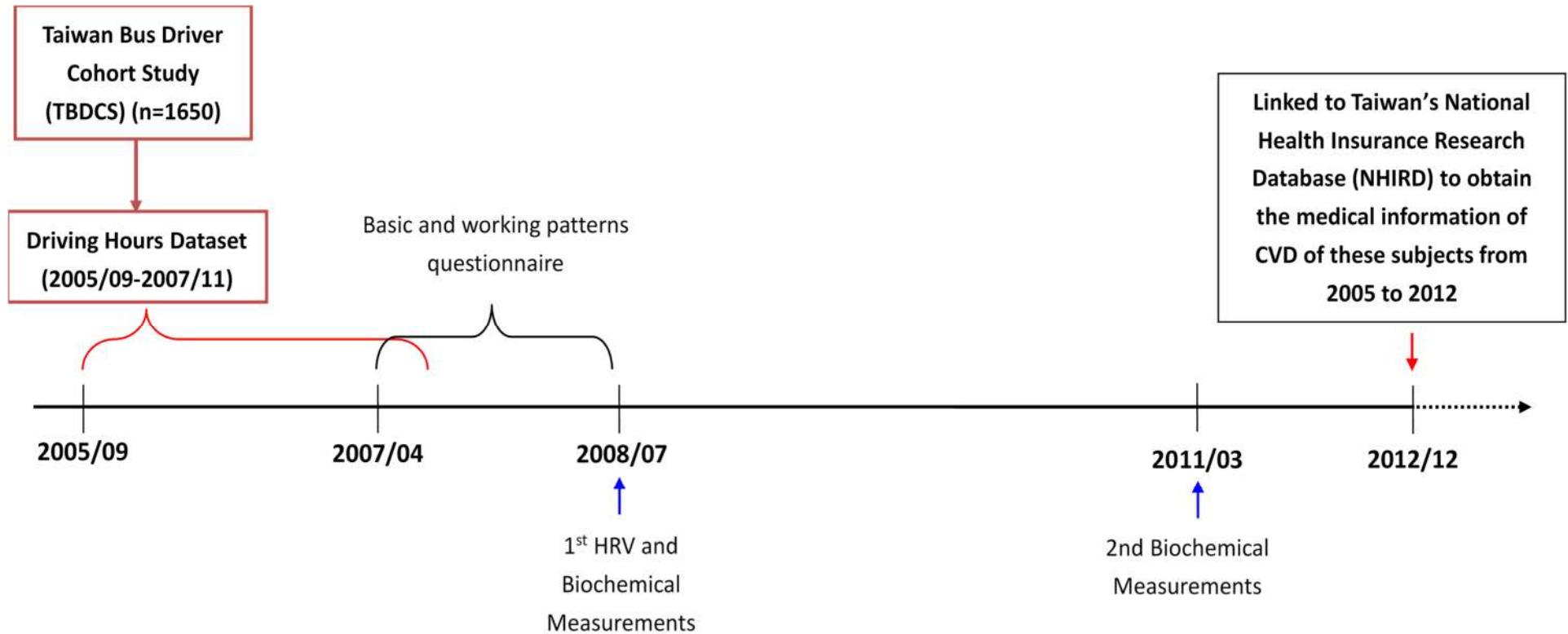
Independent variables ^c	Cardiovascular disease (not included Hypertensive disease)				Hypertensive disease			Ischemic heart disease			Congestive heart failure (CHF)		
	Hazard Ratio	95%CI	p-value	Hazard Ratio	95%CI	p-value	Hazard Ratio	95%CI	p-value	Hazard Ratio	95%CI	p-value	
Model 1 ^a													
1 As a continuous (LnSDNN)	0.73	0.40 1.35	0.32	0.57	0.39 0.83	0.001	0.99	0.48 2.06	0.98	1.14	0.38 3.41	0.82	
2 As a categorical variable: SDNN (≤ 30 vs. >30)	2.00	1.04 3.85	0.04	1.51	1.02 2.23	0.04	1.42	0.68 2.98	0.35	1.64	0.50 5.41	0.42	
3 As a continuous (LnRMSSD)	0.96	0.58 1.57	0.86	0.74	0.54 1.02	0.06	1.07	0.59 1.94	0.82	1.94	0.82 4.57	0.13	
4 As a categorical variable: RMSSD (≤ 20 vs. >20)	1.54	0.81 2.94	0.19	1.48	0.99 2.21	0.06	1.17	0.57 2.41	0.68	0.93	0.31 2.78	0.89	
5 As a continuous (LnLF)	0.87	0.68 1.11	0.26	0.83	0.71 0.97	0.02	0.99	0.74 1.34	0.97	0.97	0.60 1.55	0.88	
6 As a categorical variable: LF (≤ 380 vs. >380)	1.36	0.65 2.86	0.41	1.28	0.82 2.01	0.28	1.11	0.48 2.58	0.81	0.95	0.25 3.55	0.94	
7 As a continuous (LnHF)	0.83	0.65 1.05	0.12	0.90	0.77 1.04	0.15	0.98	0.73 1.31	0.87	0.89	0.56 1.43	0.63	
8 As a categorical variable: HF (≤ 168 vs. >168)	1.06	0.53 2.12	0.87	1.18	0.76 1.85	0.46	0.86	0.40 1.86	0.70	0.53	0.15 1.80	0.31	
9 As a continuous (LnLF/HF)	1.08	0.80 1.46	0.60	0.89	0.74 1.08	0.24	1.03	0.73 1.45	0.88	1.12	0.64 1.94	0.70	
10 As a categorical variable: LF/HF (≤ 3.5 vs. >3.5)	0.76	0.43 1.34	0.34	1.25	0.85 1.83	0.25	0.77	0.39 1.52	0.45	0.98	0.33 2.91	0.97	
Model 2 ^a													
11 As a continuous (LnSDNN)	0.85	0.47 1.51	0.58	0.59	0.40 0.87	0.01	1.08	0.56 2.10	0.81	1.12	0.36 3.49	0.85	
12 As a categorical variable: SDNN (≤ 30 vs. >30)	1.81	0.93 3.53	0.08	1.53	1.02 2.29	0.04	1.27	0.60 2.70	0.53	2.13	0.59 7.75	0.25	
13 As a continuous (LnRMSSD)	1.00	0.64 1.58	1.00	0.73	0.53 1.01	0.06	1.13	0.66 1.92	0.66	1.65	0.67 4.05	0.28	
14 As a categorical variable: RMSSD (≤ 20 vs. >20)	1.44	0.75 2.76	0.28	1.54	1.02 2.33	0.04	1.07	0.51 2.22	0.87	1.01	0.30 3.38	0.99	
15 As a continuous (LnLF)	0.93	0.73 1.19	0.54	0.86	0.73 1.01	0.07	1.07	0.81 1.42	0.64	0.95	0.57 1.56	0.82	
16 As a categorical variable: LF (≤ 380 vs. >380)	1.23	0.58 2.57	0.59	1.25	0.79 1.99	0.34	1.02	0.44 2.37	0.96	1.13	0.26 4.94	0.87	
17 As a continuous (LnHF)	0.88	0.70 1.11	0.29	0.89	0.76 1.04	0.13	1.01	0.77 1.32	0.93	0.83	0.51 1.35	0.46	

	As a categorical variable:															
18 HF (≤ 168 vs. > 168)	1.01	0.50	2.03	0.97	1.29	0.82	2.05	0.27	0.83	0.38	1.82	0.65	0.61	0.16	2.41	0.48
19 As a continuous (LnLF/HF)	1.11	0.82	1.52	0.50	0.97	0.80	1.18	0.77	1.09	0.77	1.54	0.65	1.21	0.67	2.19	0.53
	As a categorical variable:															
20 LF/HF (≤ 3.5 vs. > 3.5)	0.67	0.37	1.21	0.18	1.05	0.71	1.54	0.82	0.70	0.35	1.40	0.31	0.73	0.24	2.27	0.59

^a. Model 1: Adjusted for age at first employment (≥ 45 vs. < 45 years), body mass index (> 30 vs. ≤ 30), education, drinking, smoking, exercise, time since first employment (years), and shift work.

^b. Model 2: As Model 1 and with additional adjustments for systolic blood pressure, LnCHOL, LnTG, LnHDL, and LnAC.

^c. Each independent variable (1–20) was separately included in the models.



Supplement Figure S1. Taiwan Bus Driver Cohort Study (TBDCS) schedule diagram