Table S1. Multivariate-adjusted means of eGFR and its 6-year change according to the quartile groups of UNa/K levels.

	Q1 (*n* = 232)			Q2 (*n* = 232)			Q3 (*n* = 232)			Q4 (*n* = 231)			*p*-Value
	Mean	(95% CI)		Mean	(95% CI)		Mean	(95% CI)		Mean	(95% CI)		
Egfr (6 years later), mL/min/1.73m^2	75.0	(74.5 –	75.5)	74.6	(74.1 –	75.1)	74.5	(74.0 –	75.0)	73.4	(72.9 –	73.9)	<0.001
eGFR amount of change, mL/min/1.73m^2/year	-0.71	(-0.80 –	-0.62)	-0.77	(-0.86 –	-0.69)	-0.80	(-0.88 –	-0.71)	-0.97	(-1.06 –	-0.88)	<0.001
change rate in eGFR, %/year	-0.88	(-1.01 –	-0.76)	-0.97	(-1.09 –	-0.85)	-1.01	(-1.13 –	-0.90)	-1.24	(-1.36 –	-1.12)	0.001

Q1: UNa/K < 1.3; Q2: 1.3 ≤ UNa/K<1.9; Q3: 1.9 ≤ UNa/K < 2.6; Q4: UNa/K ≥ 2.6; Data are presented as mean and 95% confidence interval. Analysis of variance were used to adjust for sex, age, BMI, cigarettes smoking(current/past/none), alcohol drinking (current/past/none), HDL-C, LDL-C, HbA1c, eGFR (baseline), hypertension. *p*-Values for difference between groups. eGFR: estimated glomerular filtration rate, BMI: body mass index, HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein cholesterol, LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, hypertension: SBP ≥ 130 or/and DBP ≥ 80.