

Supplementary Materials

Table S1. The values and significance of parameters of health risk calculating.

| parameters | Unit and value | significance | reference |
|------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Cwater | mg/L | Concentration in groundwater | [45] |
| CS | mg/kg | Exposure-point concentration | [45] |
| EF | 365 d/a | Exposure frequency | [45] |
| ED | adults 70 a; children 6a | Exposure duration | [45] |
| ET | 24 h/d | Exposure frequency | [45] |
| AT | 365 × ED day | Averaging time for (non)carcinogens | [45] |
| BW | adults: 70 kg and children: 18 kg | Bodyweight | [46] |
| SA | adults 5700 cm ² ·day ⁻¹ , children and 2800 cm ² ·day ⁻¹ | Exposed skin area | [45] |
| AF | adults 0.07 mg·cm ⁻² , children 0.02 mg·cm ⁻² | Adherence factor | [45] |
| ABS | 0.001 | Dermal absorption fraction | [45] |
| PEF | 1.36 × 10 ⁹ m ³ ·kg ⁻¹ | Particle emission factor | [6] |
| CF | 10 ⁻⁶ kg·mg ⁻¹ | Units conversion factor | [45] |
| IRS | adults 100 mg·d ⁻¹ , children and 200 mg·d ⁻¹ | Ingestion rate | [45] |
| IRwheat | adults 0.225 kg·d ⁻¹ , children 0.075 kg·d ⁻¹ | Ingestion rate of wheat | [34] |
| IRwater | adults 1.82 L·person ⁻¹ ·d ⁻¹ , children 1.06 L·person ⁻¹ ·d ⁻¹ | Ingestion rate of water | [47] |
| RFD | RFD ingestion: 0.001 mg·kg ⁻¹ ·d ⁻¹ , RFD inhale: 0.00001 mg·kg ⁻¹ ·d ⁻¹ , RFDdermal: 0.00001 mg·kg ⁻¹ ·d ⁻¹ | Chronic reference | [45] |
| SF | SFingestion: 15kg·d·mg ⁻¹ , SFinhale: 6.3 kg·d·mg ⁻¹ . | Slope factor | [45] |

Table S2. The correlations coefficient between Cd-T and 7 fractions and Cdwheat.

| | Cdwheat | Cd-T | Cd-1 | Cd-2 | Cd-3 | Cd-4 | Cd-5 | Cd-6 | Cd-7 | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---|
| Cdwheat | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Cd-T | | 0.307** | | | | | | | | |
| Cd-1 | | 0.044 | 0.625** | 1 | | | | | | |
| Cd-2 | | 0.320** | 0.995** | 0.604** | 1 | | | | | |
| Cd-3 | | 0.141* | 0.894** | 0.780** | 0.874** | 1 | | | | |
| Cd-4 | | 0.300** | 0.686** | 0.182** | 0.669** | 0.439** | 1 | | | |
| Cd-5 | | 0.121 | 0.427** | 0.416** | 0.402** | 0.391** | 0.240** | 1 | | |
| Cd-6 | | 0.013 | 0.056 | 0.018 | 0.049 | 0.042 | 0.009 | 0.051 | 1 | |
| Cd-7 | | 0.390** | 0.927** | 0.379** | 0.932** | 0.675** | 0.756** | 0.317** | 0.023 | 1 |

**. Correlation is significant at $P < 0.01$ *. Correlation is significant at $P < 0.05$ level. Cd-1 water-soluble, Cd -2 exchangeable, Cd -3 carbonate-bound, Cd -4 humic acid-bound, Cd -5 Fe-Mn oxide-bound, Cd -6 organic matter-bound, Cd -7 residual, Cd-T total content

Table S3. Total Variance Explained of PCA.

| Component | Initial Eigenvalues | | | Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings | | | Rotation Sums of Squared Loadings | | |
|-----------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | Total | % of Variance | Cumulative % | Total | % of Variance | Cumulative % | Total | % of Variance | Cumulative % |
| 1 | 3.923 | 43.594 | 43.594 | 3.923 | 43.594 | 43.594 | 2.855 | 31.717 | 31.717 |
| 2 | 1.286 | 14.294 | 57.888 | 1.286 | 14.294 | 57.888 | 2.318 | 25.756 | 57.474 |
| 3 | 1.054 | 11.708 | 69.596 | 1.054 | 11.708 | 69.596 | 1.091 | 12.123 | 69.596 |
| 4 | 0.953 | 10.592 | 80.188 | | | | | | |
| 5 | 0.787 | 8.741 | 88.929 | | | | | | |
| 6 | 0.609 | 6.770 | 95.698 | | | | | | |
| 7 | 0.252 | 2.805 | 98.503 | | | | | | |
| 8 | 0.123 | 1.367 | 99.870 | | | | | | |
| 9 | 0.012 | 0.130 | 100.000 | | | | | | |

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

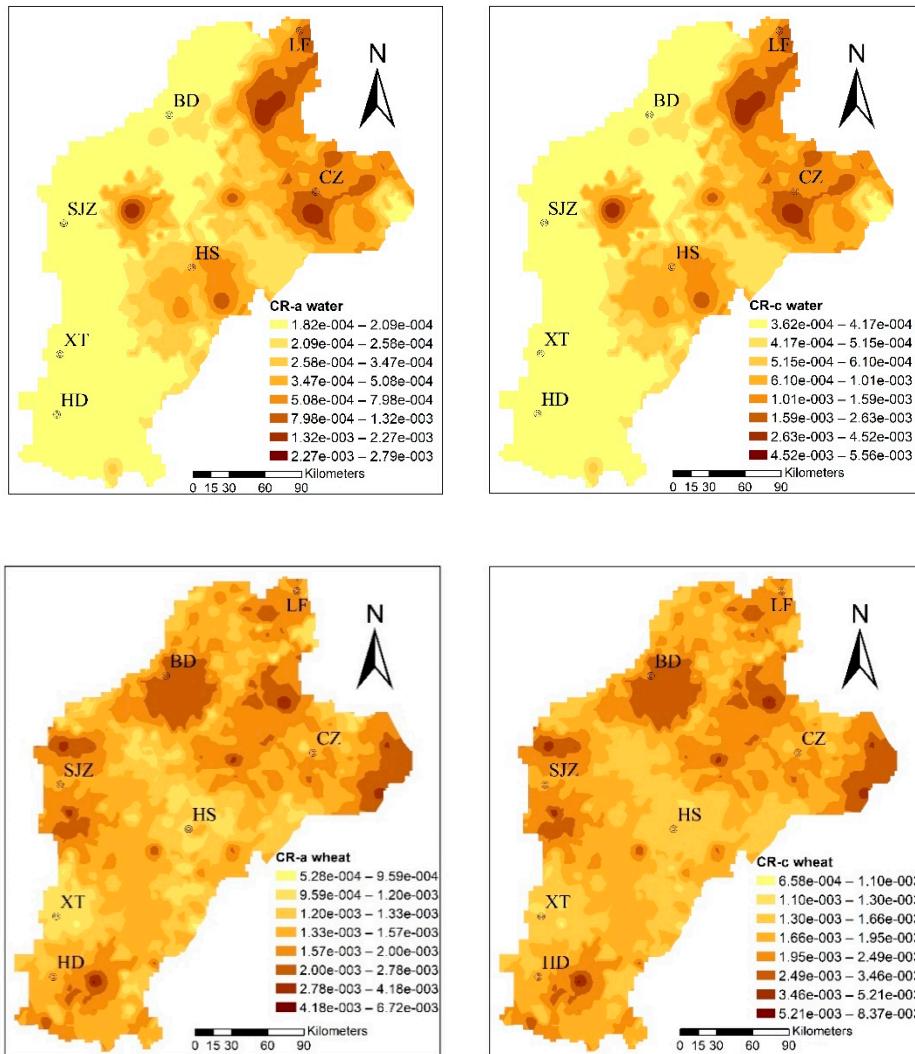
Table S4. Rotated Component Matrix^a of 1,2,3 components.

| elements | Component 1 | Component 2 | 3Component 3 |
|----------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Cd1 | 0.894 | -0.016 | -0.060 |
| Cd2 | 0.740 | 0.630 | 0.002 |
| Cd3 | 0.886 | 0.309 | -0.052 |
| Cd4 | 0.260 | 0.801 | 0.172 |
| Cd5 | 0.601 | 0.069 | 0.212 |
| Cd6 | 0.128 | -0.152 | 0.683 |
| Cd7 | 0.515 | 0.788 | 0.038 |
| Cdwheat | -0.073 | 0.693 | -0.067 |
| Fe2O3 | -0.082 | 0.231 | 0.733 |

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Varimax with Kaiser Normalization.

^a. Rotation converged in 5 iterations.



FigureS1. The spatial Distribution of cancer risk to adults and children predicted by water and wheat when ingestion.