

## Supplementary Material

# Hatsusamides A and B: Two New Metabolites Produced by the Deep-Sea-Derived Fungal Strain *Penicillium steckii* FKJ-0213

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Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (120 MHz, acetone-*d*<sub>6</sub>) spectrum of **1**

Figure S3. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY (500 MHz, acetone-*d*<sub>6</sub>) spectrum of **1**

Figure S4. HMQC (500 MHz, acetone-*d*<sub>6</sub>) spectrum of **1**

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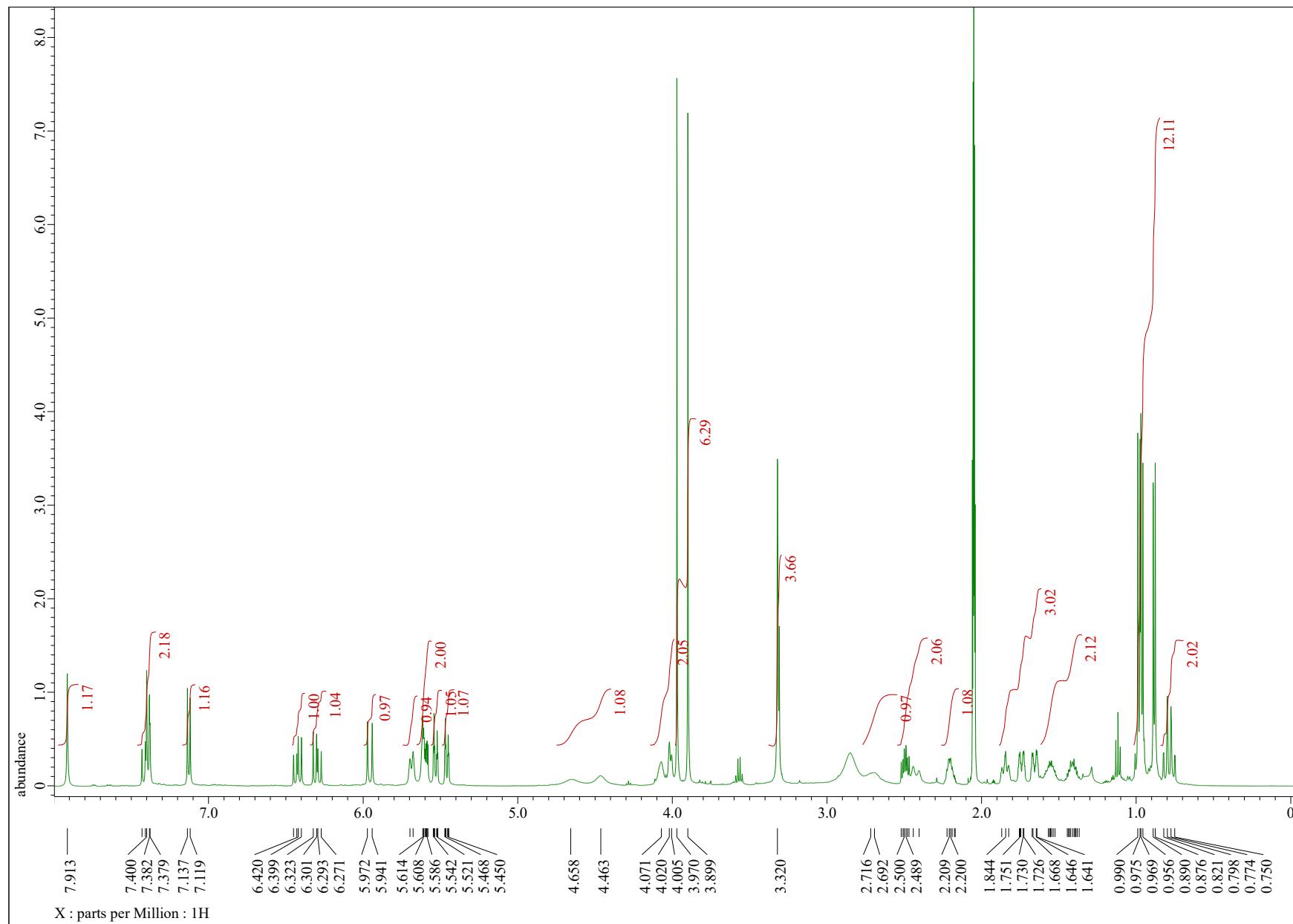


Figure S1.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) spectrum of **1**

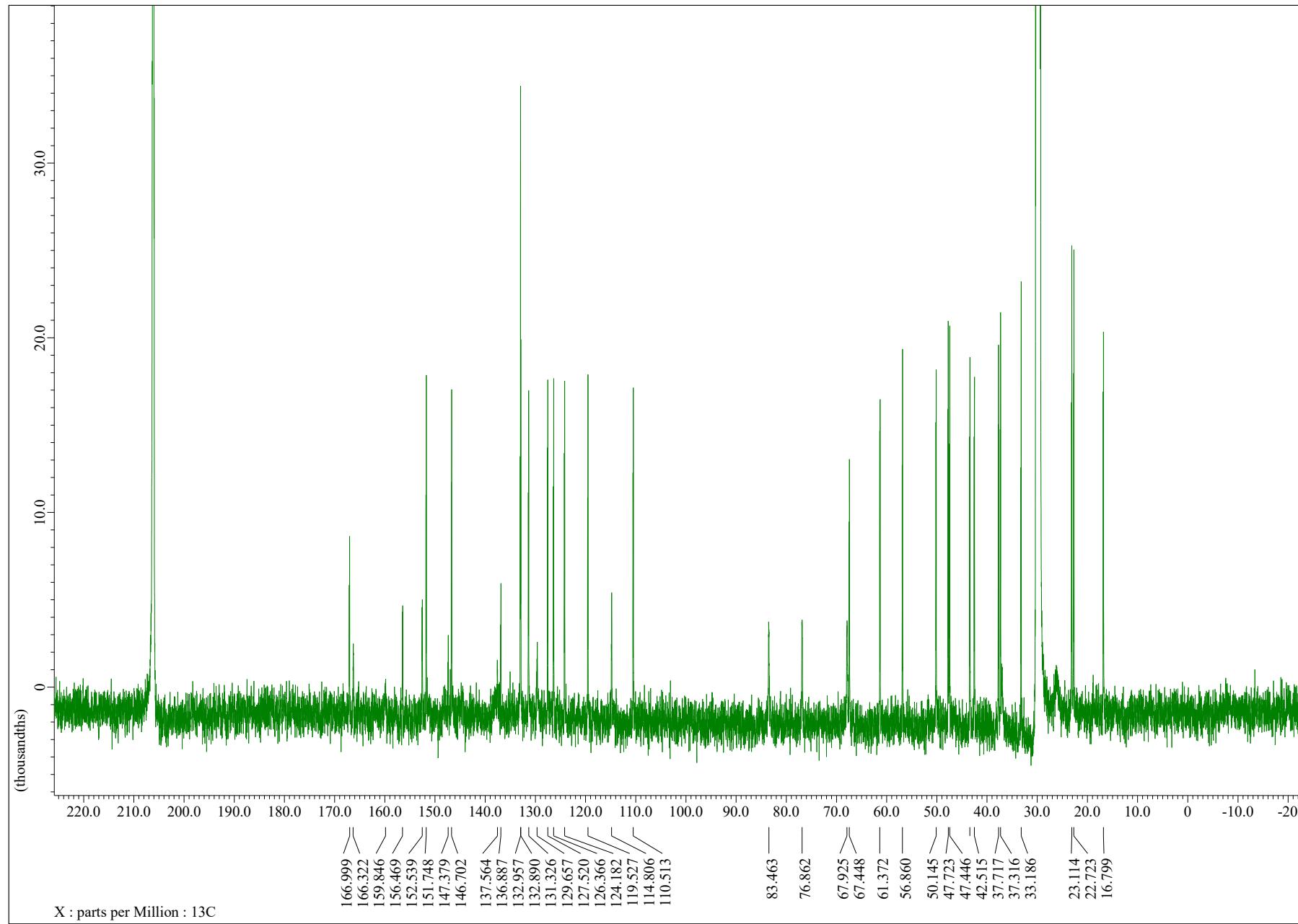


Figure S2.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (125 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) spectrum of **1**

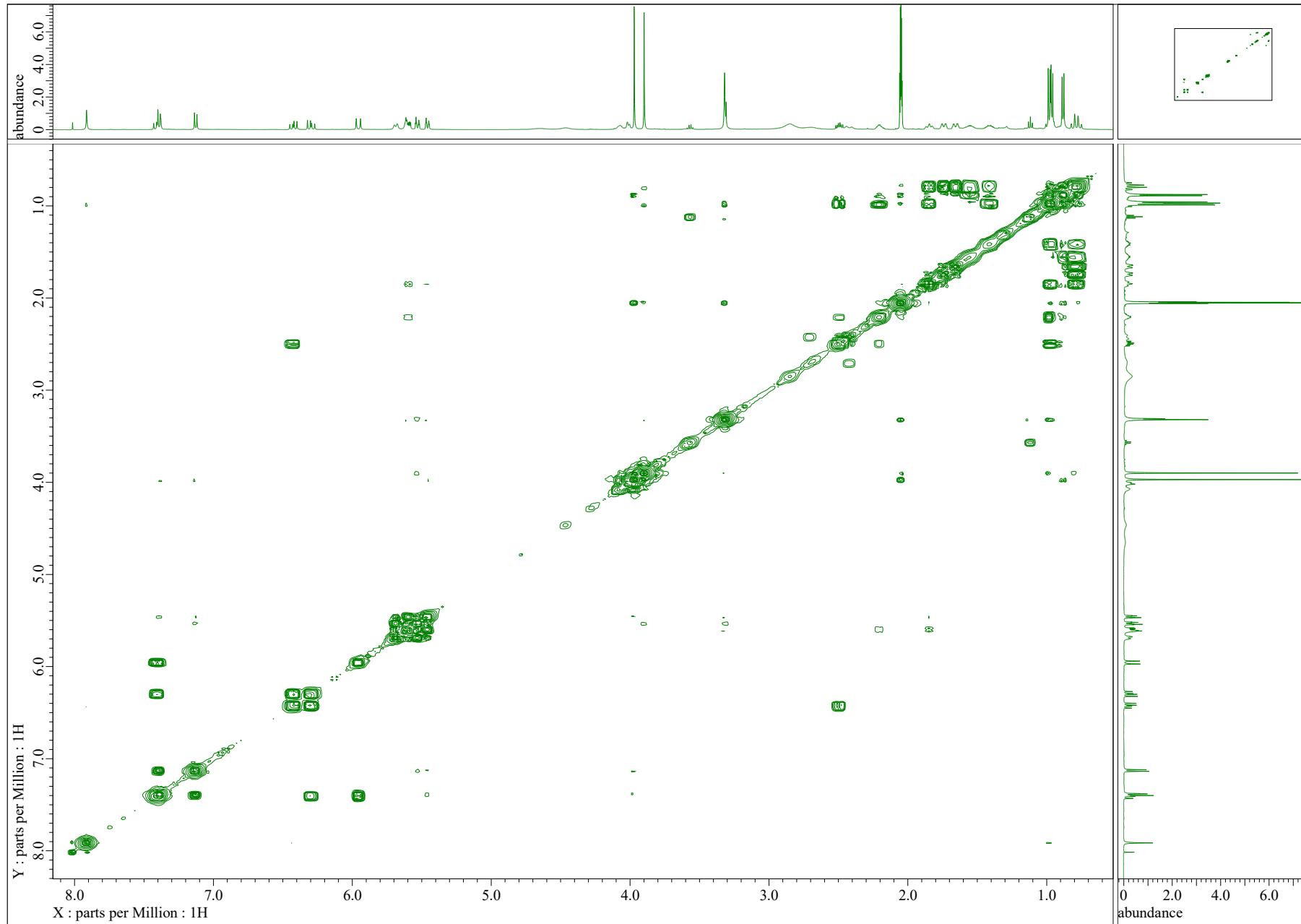


Figure S3.  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY (500 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) spectrum of **1**

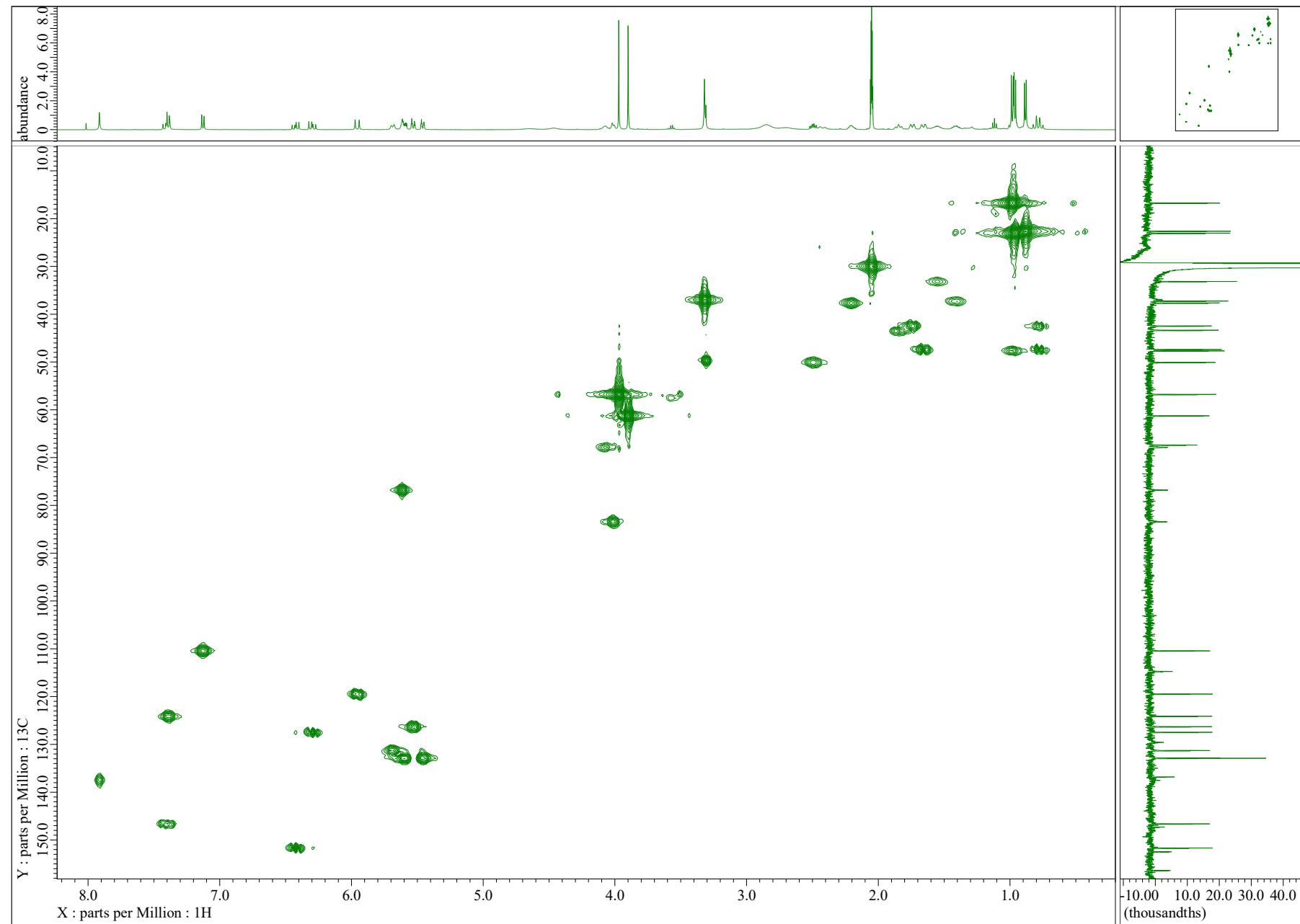


Figure S4. HMQC (500 MHz, acetone-*d*<sub>6</sub>) spectrum of **1**

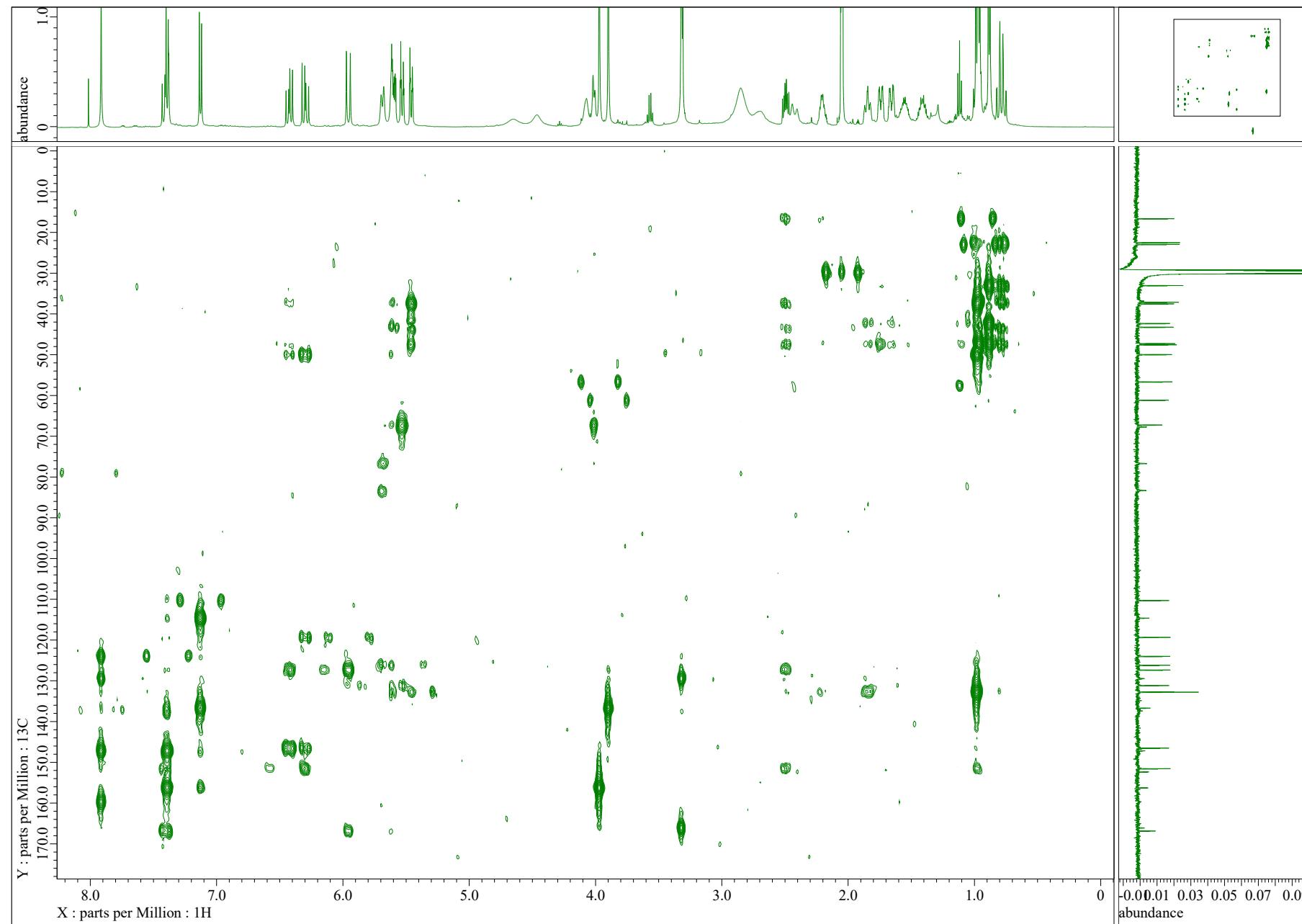


Figure S5. HMBC (500 MHz, acetone-*d*<sub>6</sub>) spectrum of **1**

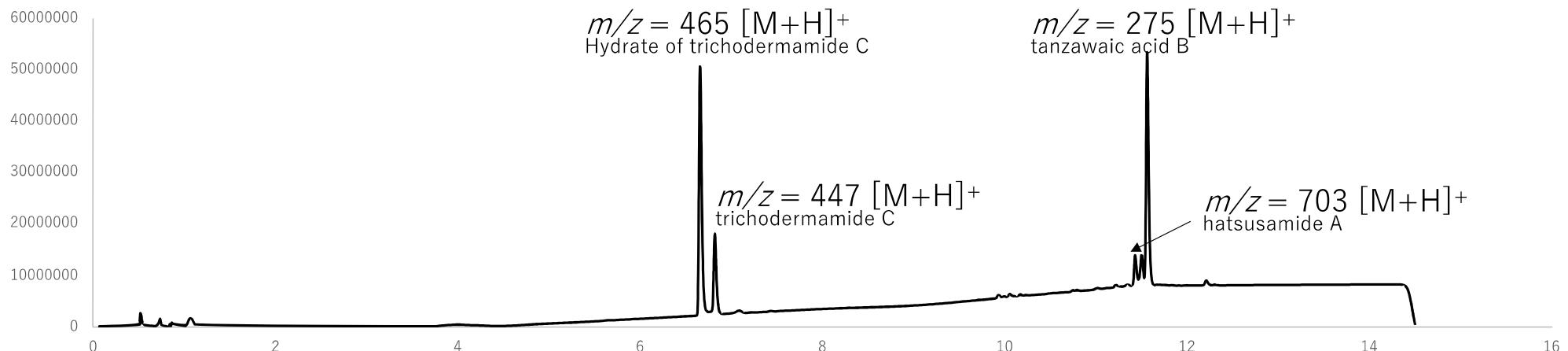


Figure S6. Total ion current (TIC) chromatogram of hydrolysate of **1**

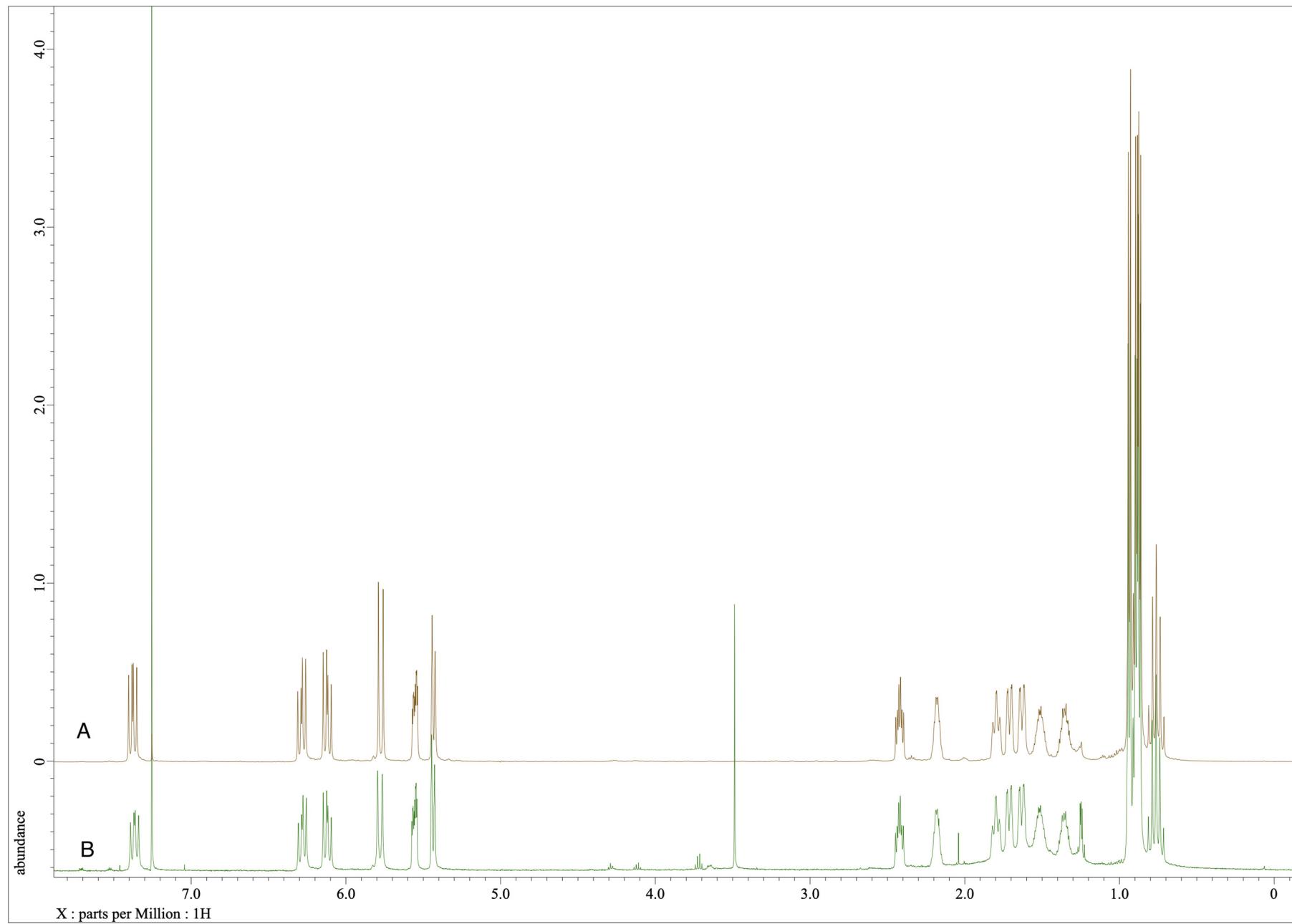


Figure S7. Comparison of  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) of isolated tanzawaic acid B (A: brown) and hydrolysated tanzawaic acid B (B: green) derived from **1**.

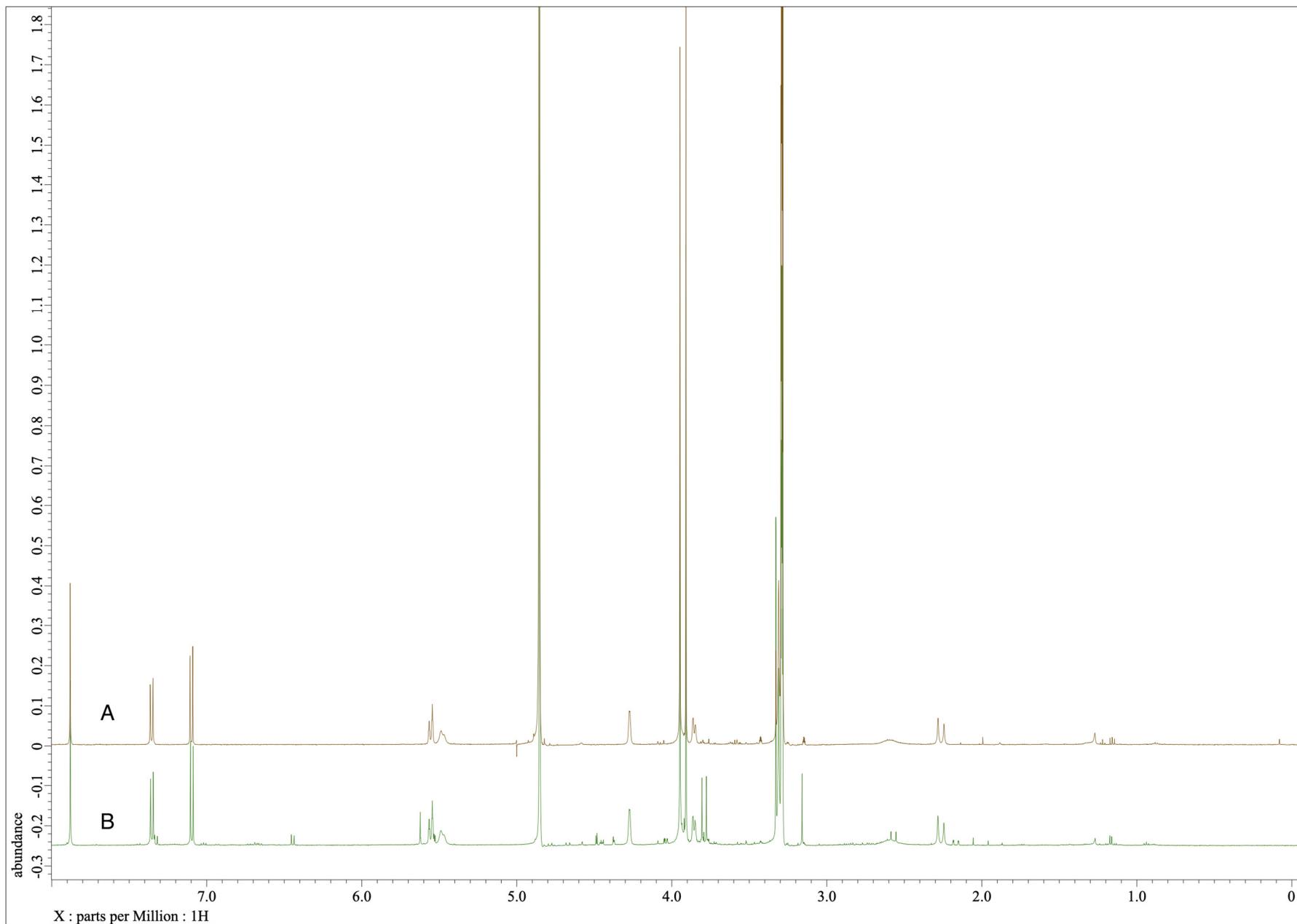


Figure S8. Comparison of  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (in methanol- $d_4$ ) of isolated trichodermamide C (A: brown) and hydrolysated trichodermamide C (B: green) derived from **1**.

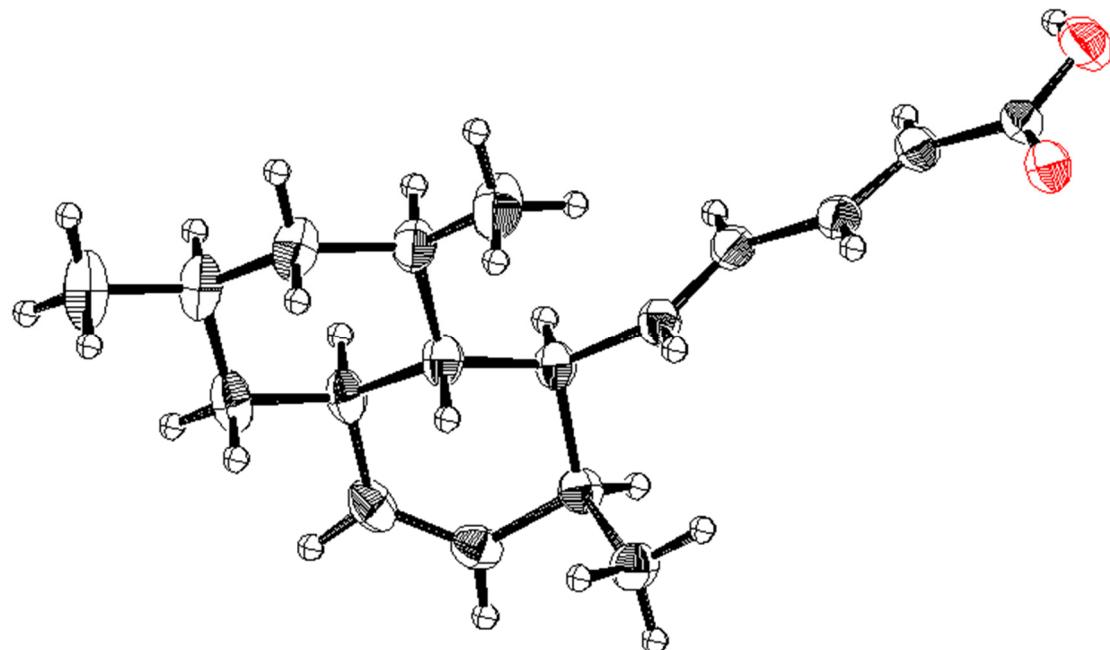


Figure S9. Single-crystal X-ray crystallographic data of **3**

The crystal of **3**,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_2$  as the space group  $\text{P}2_1\text{2}_1\text{2}_1$  (#19) with  $a = 7.27873(13)$  Å,  $b = 12.7268(2)$  Å,  $c = 36.8385(7)$  Å,  $V = 3412.53(11)$  Å $^3$ ,  $Z = 8$ ,  $D_{\text{calcd}} = 1.068$  g/cm $^3$ ,  $\mu = 5.268$  cm $^{-1}$  and  $T = 23.0^\circ\text{C}$ . X-ray intensity data were collected on a Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer employing graphite-monochromated Cu K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda = 1.54187$  Å) and the  $\omega$  scan technique. The structure was solved by direct methods. For refinement, 6238 unique reflections with  $F^2 > 2.0\sigma(F^2)$  were used. Full-matrix least-squares refinement based on  $F^2$ , minimizing the quantity  $\Sigma w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2$  with  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0648P)^2 + 0.9177P]$  where  $P = (\text{Max}(F_o^2, 0) + 2F_c^2)/3$ , GOF = 1.076, R1 = 0.0715,  $R_w = 0.1890$  and flack parameter = -0.05(9).

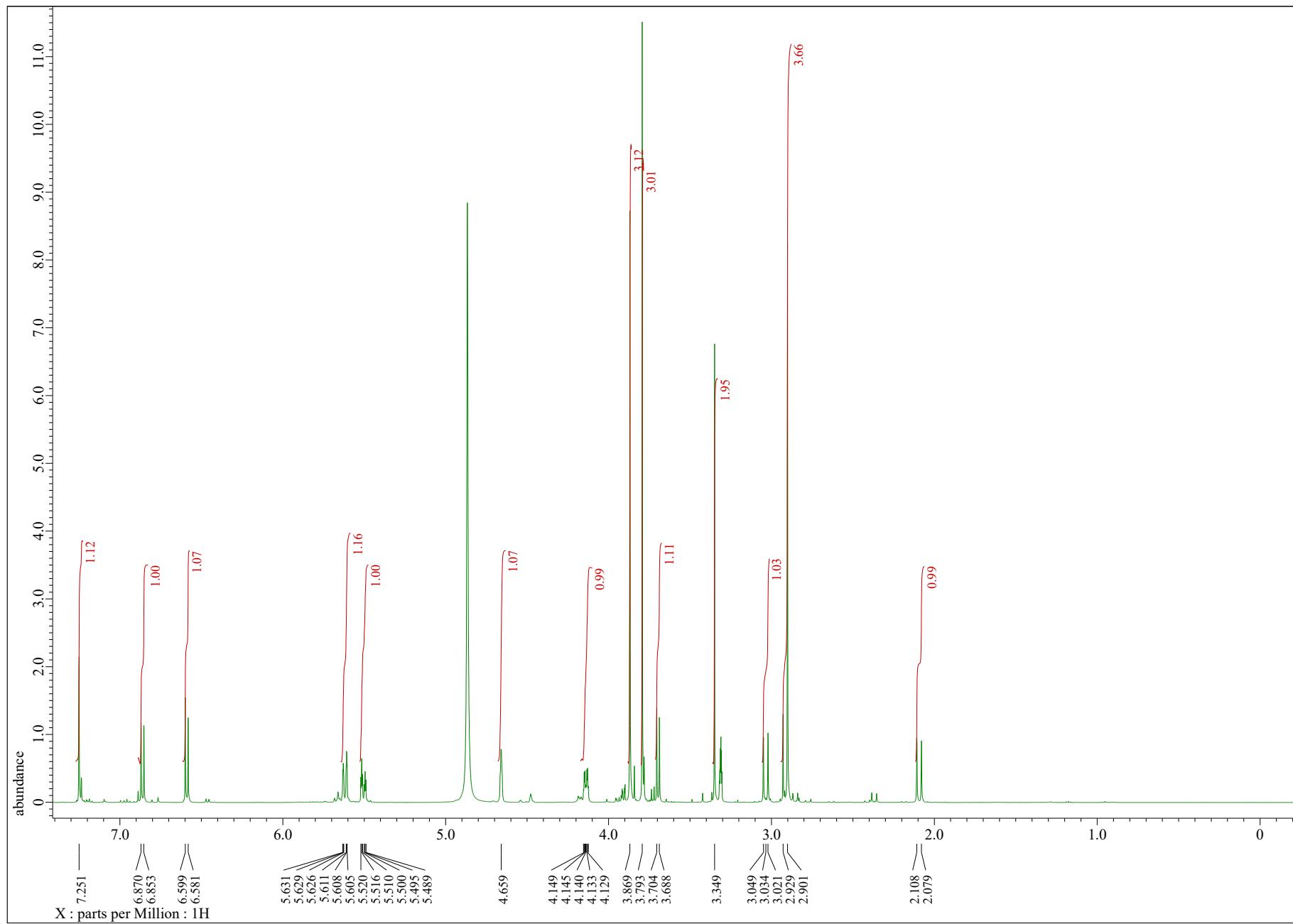


Figure S10.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz, methanol- $d_4$ ) spectrum of **2**

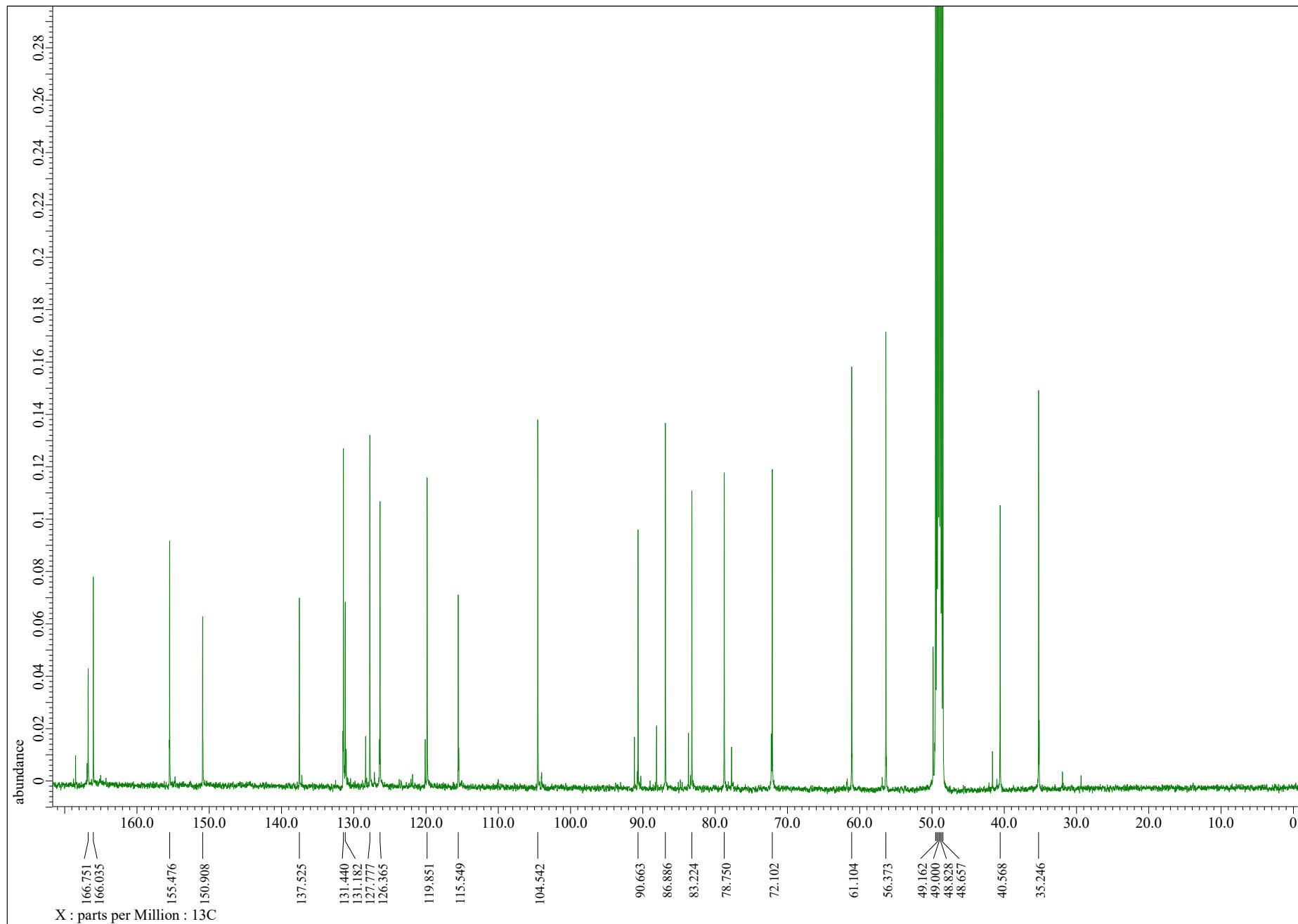


Figure S11.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (125 MHz, methanol- $d_4$ ) spectrum of **2**

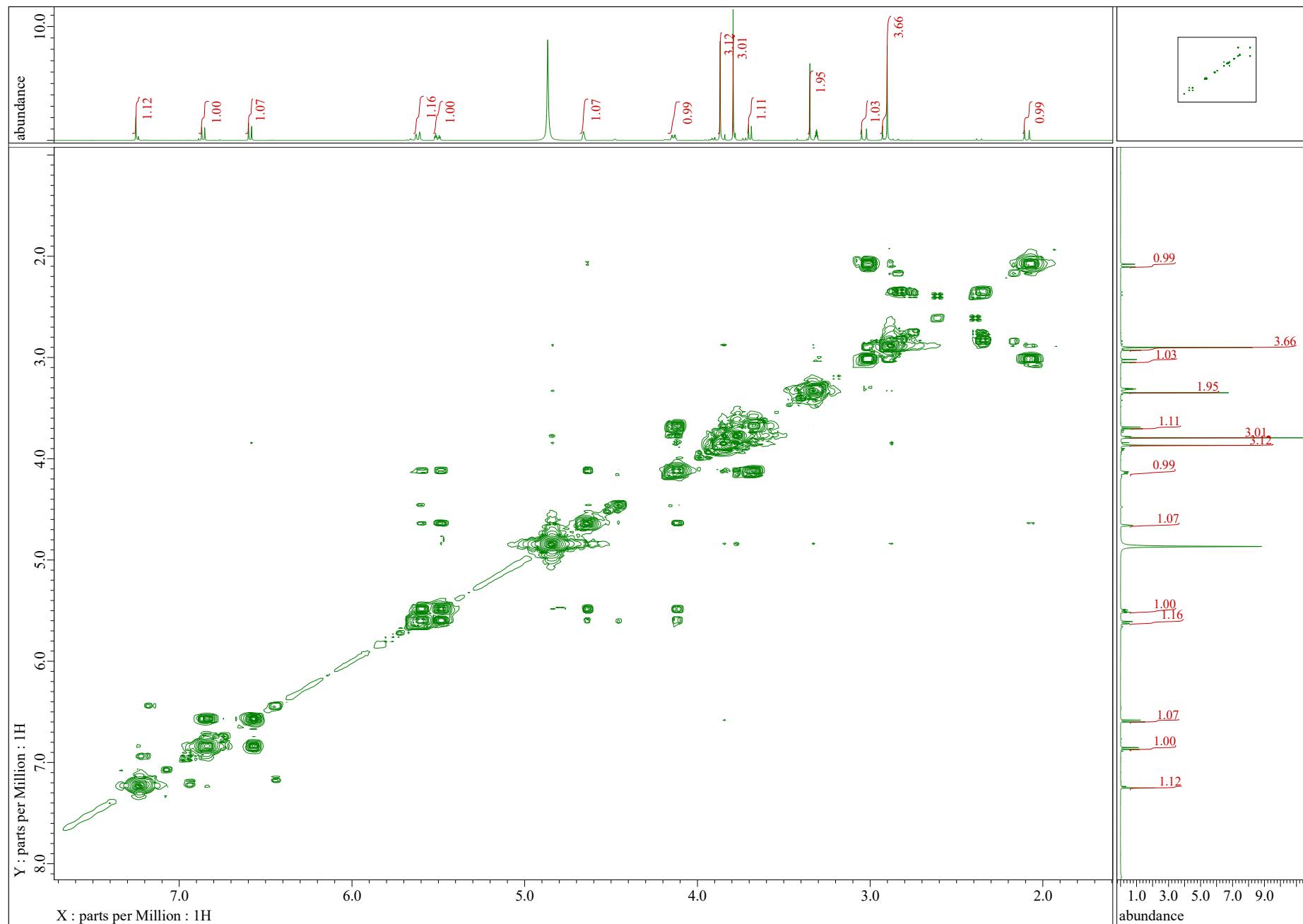


Figure S12.  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY (500 MHz, methanol- $d_4$ ) spectrum of **2**

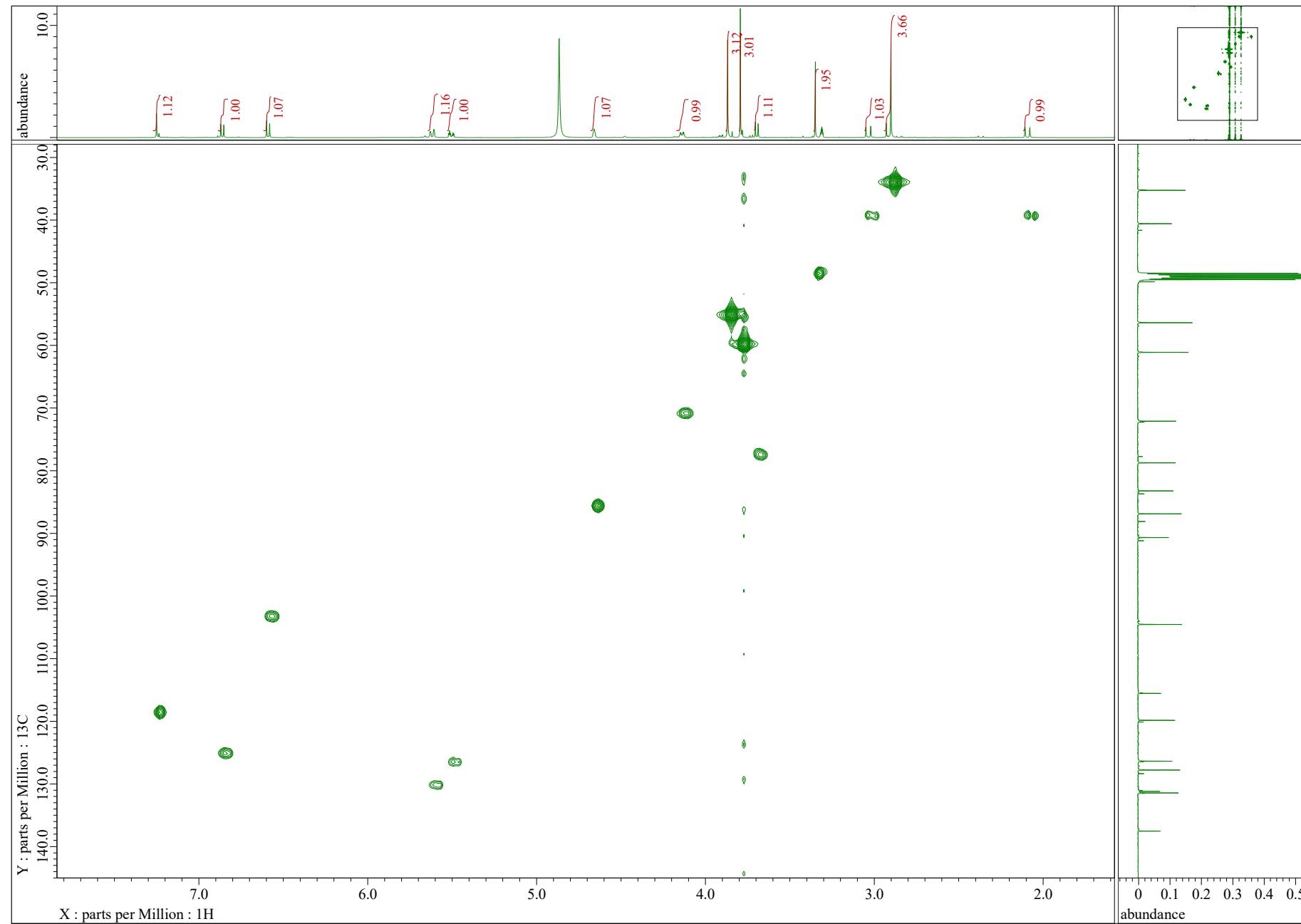


Figure S13. HMQC (500 MHz, methanol-*d*<sub>4</sub>) spectrum of **2**

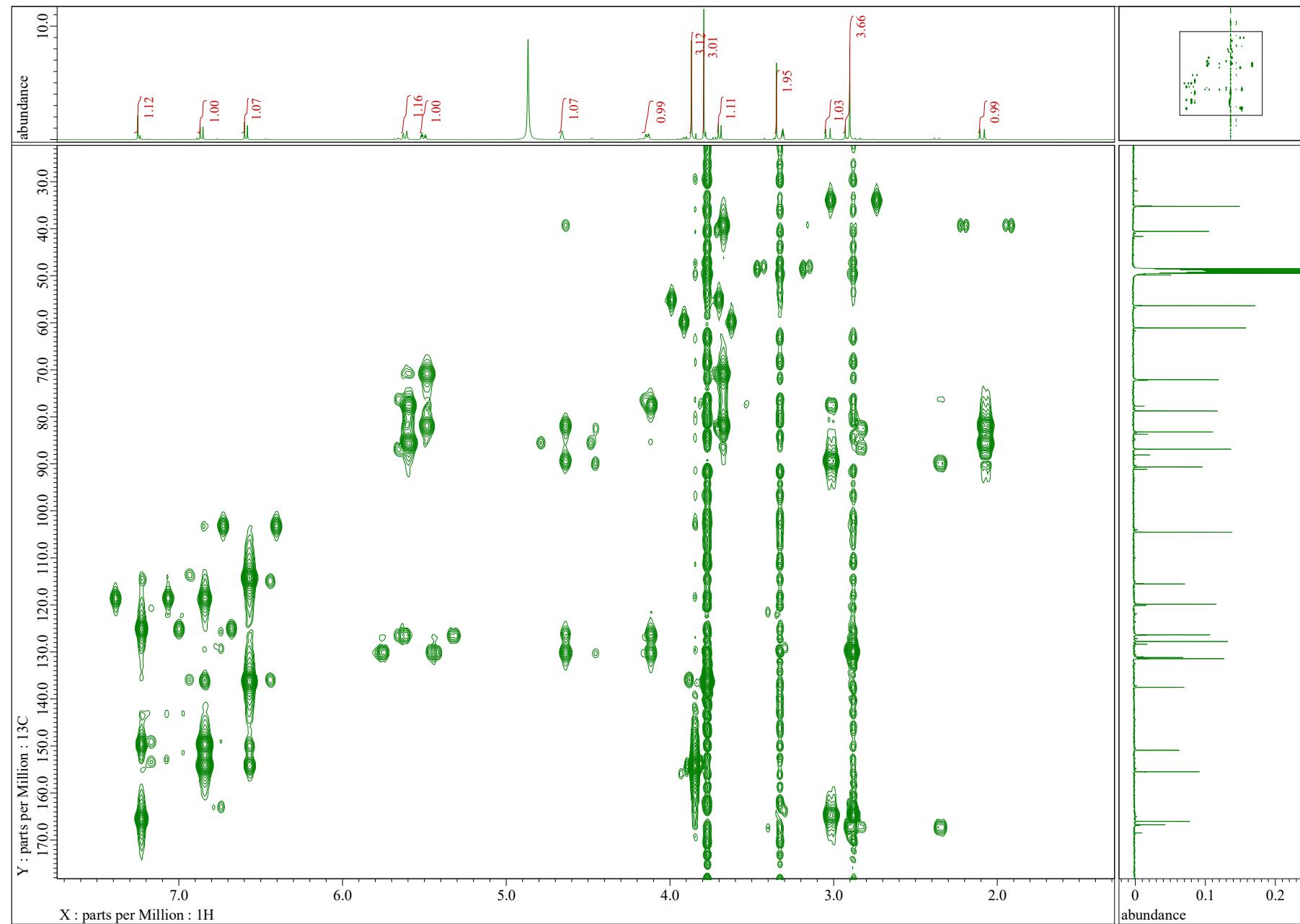


Figure S14. HMBC (500 MHz, methanol-*d*<sub>4</sub>) spectrum of **2**



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