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Supplementary Materials: The Novel Mechanisms Concerning the Inhibitions of Palmitate-Induced Proinflammatory Factor Releases and Endogenous Cellular Stress with Astaxanthin on MIN6 β-cells

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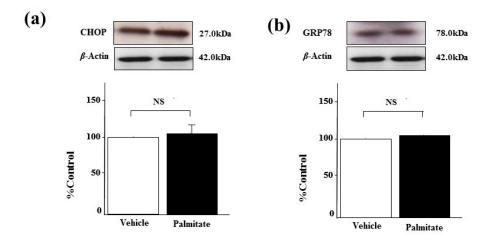


Figure S1. Palmitate (0.3 mmol/L) can not induce endoplasmic reticulum stress in hypertrophied 3T3-L1 adipocytes, in contrast to in MIN6 β-cells. Mature 3T3-L1 adipocyte were preloaded with 0.3 mmol/L palmitate or ethanol vehicle alone for 24 h (A, B). A and B: Intraceller CHOP (**a**) and GRP78 (**b**) protein content were quantified by immunoblot analysis. β-Actin served as an internal control. Results are means \pm SE (n = 4). ** p < 0.01 compared to vehicle. NS; no significant difference compared to vehicle.