Supplementary Materials for:

Field Evaluation of Low-Cost Particulate Matter Sensors in Beijing

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Figure S1. Photo of Dylos DC1700 at the Beijing (IAP, CAS) site.

PM2.5 range	0~35	35~75	75~115	115~150	150~250	>250
count	12383	6764	2142	626	1170	15
mean	10.84	-5.64	-10.61	-11.38	-14.88	-17.09
std	89.45	30.30	27.63	25.36	22.02	17.96
min	-100.00	-98.33	-88.81	-88.40	-97.25	-37.96
25%	-40.13	-22.68	-31.42	-26.57	-29.18	-26.00
50%	0.50	-5.79	-12.60	-14.54	-17.61	-24.82
75%	38.00	11.10	6.34	4.62	-1.23	-12.25
max	1999.00	199.54	118.75	82.43	65.34	21.86

Table S1. Record of statistical variables shown on the boxplot in Figure 6.

std: standard deviation;

25%,50%,75%: 25th ,50th and 75th percentile values (the interquartile range)



Figure S2. Aerosol extinction efficiency factor calculated by Mie theory. The x axis is scale factor equal to $2\Lambda r/\lambda$, m is complex refractive index. The y axis is aerosol extinction efficiency factor.



Figure S3. Histogram of average relative bias (mean) and median relative bias (median) of PMSA003 sensors under different concentrations.

RH range	0~20	20~40	40~60	60~75	>75
count	4239	10229	3645	1332	258
mean	-3.74	-1.58	0.00	8.55	15.02
std	9.54	11.23	14.08	15.41	17.68
min	-56.30	-68.00	-63.87	-33.85	-24.93
25%	-6.68	-6.49	-7.54	-0.90	2.17
50%	-2.23	-0.42	-0.15	7.96	14.71
75%	1.20	4.27	7.19	16.59	26.42
max	35.23	195.04	299.64	74.51	59.51

Table S2. Record of statistical variables shown on the boxplot in Figure 8.



Figure S4. Histogram of average relative bias (mean) and median relative bias (median) of PMSA003 sensors under different relative humidity (RH) ranges.