

### Supplementary material

Title: Confirmation of statin and fibrate use from small-volume archived plasma samples by high-throughput LC-MS/MS method.

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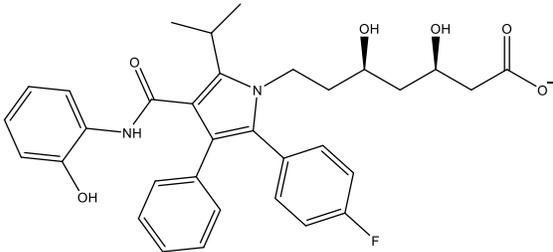
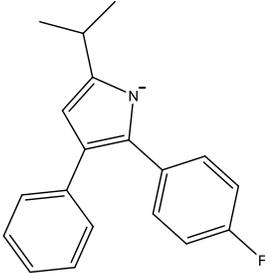
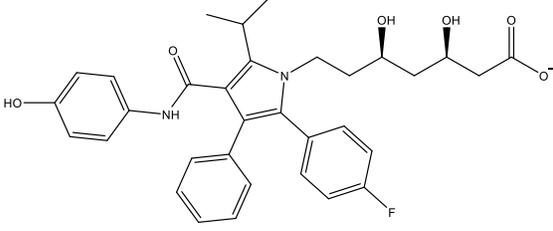
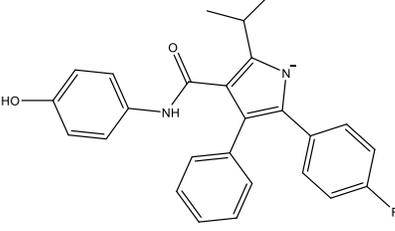
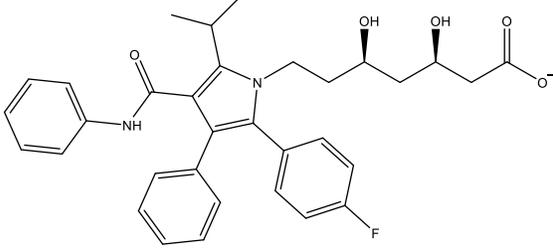
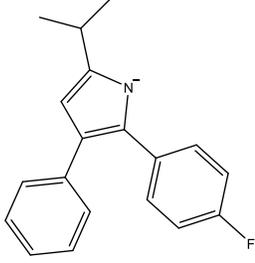
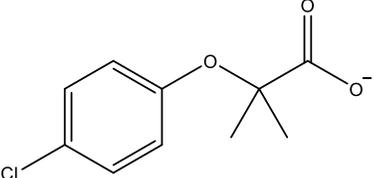
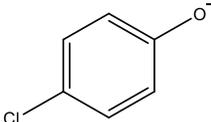
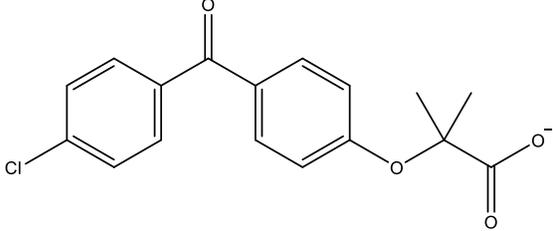
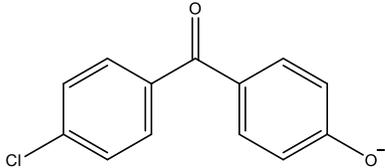
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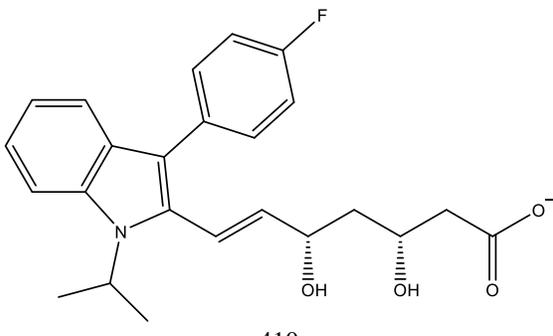
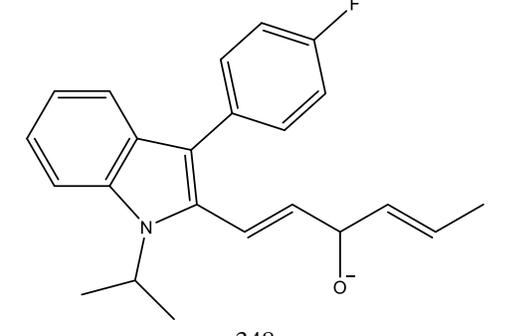
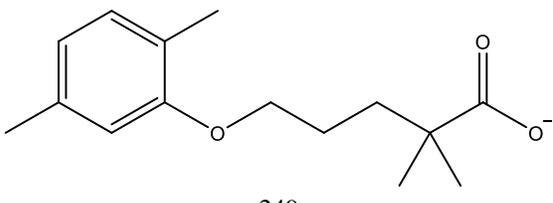
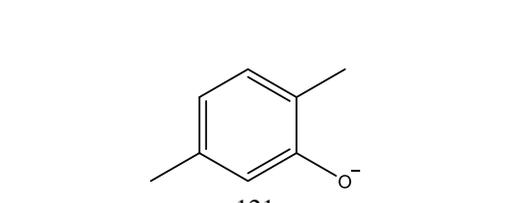
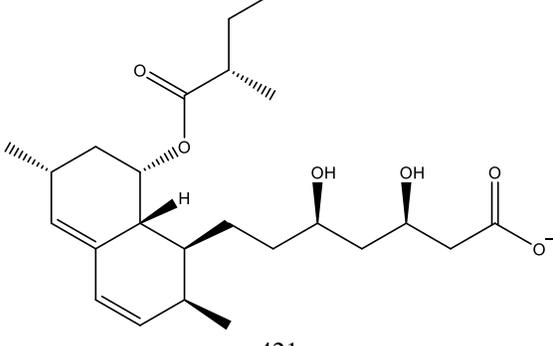
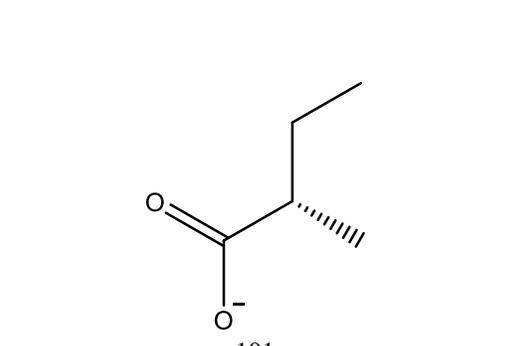
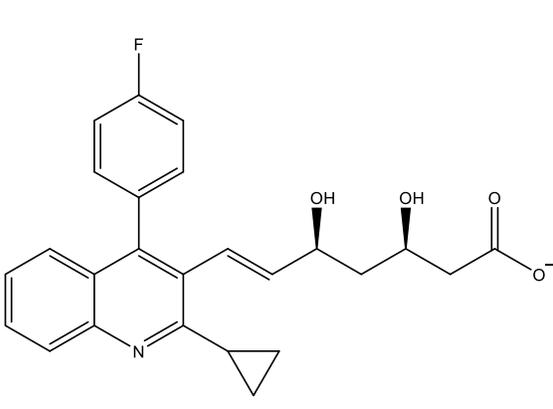
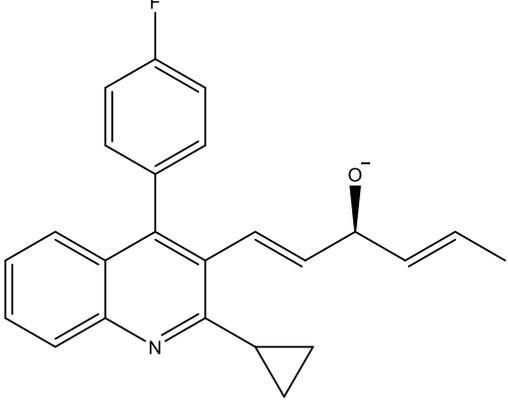
<sup>2</sup>Duke Molecular Physiology Institute, Duke University School of Medicine, Durham, NC, USA

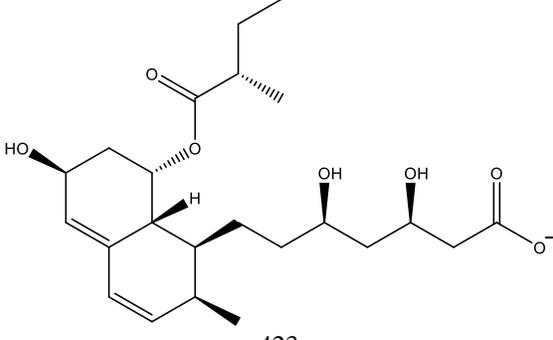
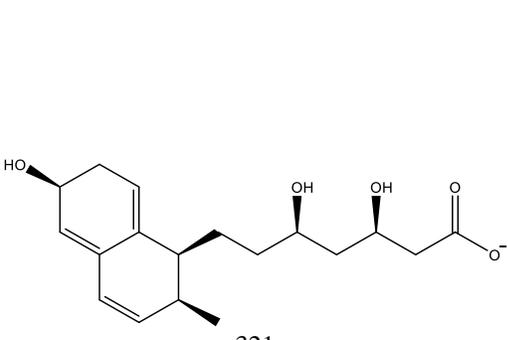
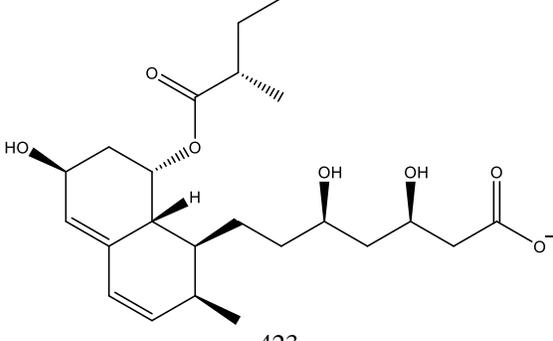
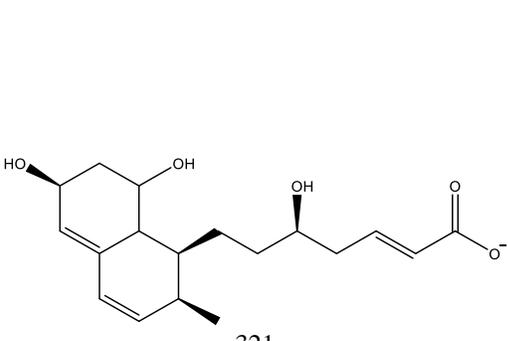
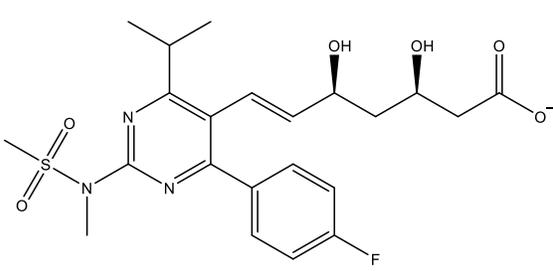
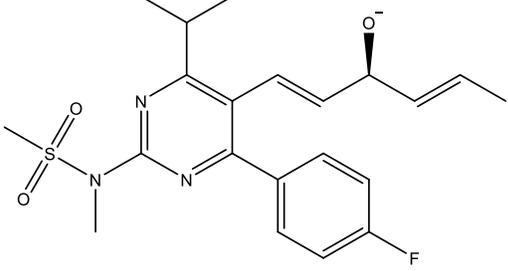
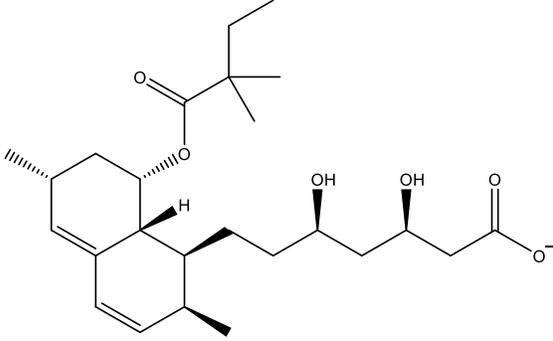
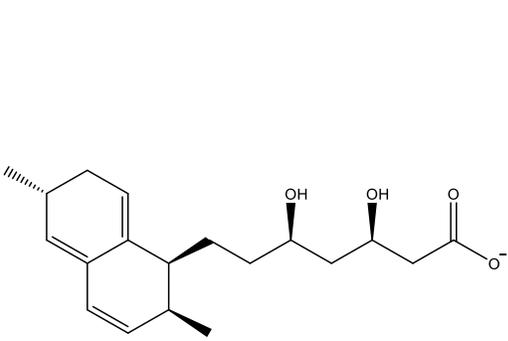
\*Corresponding Authors:

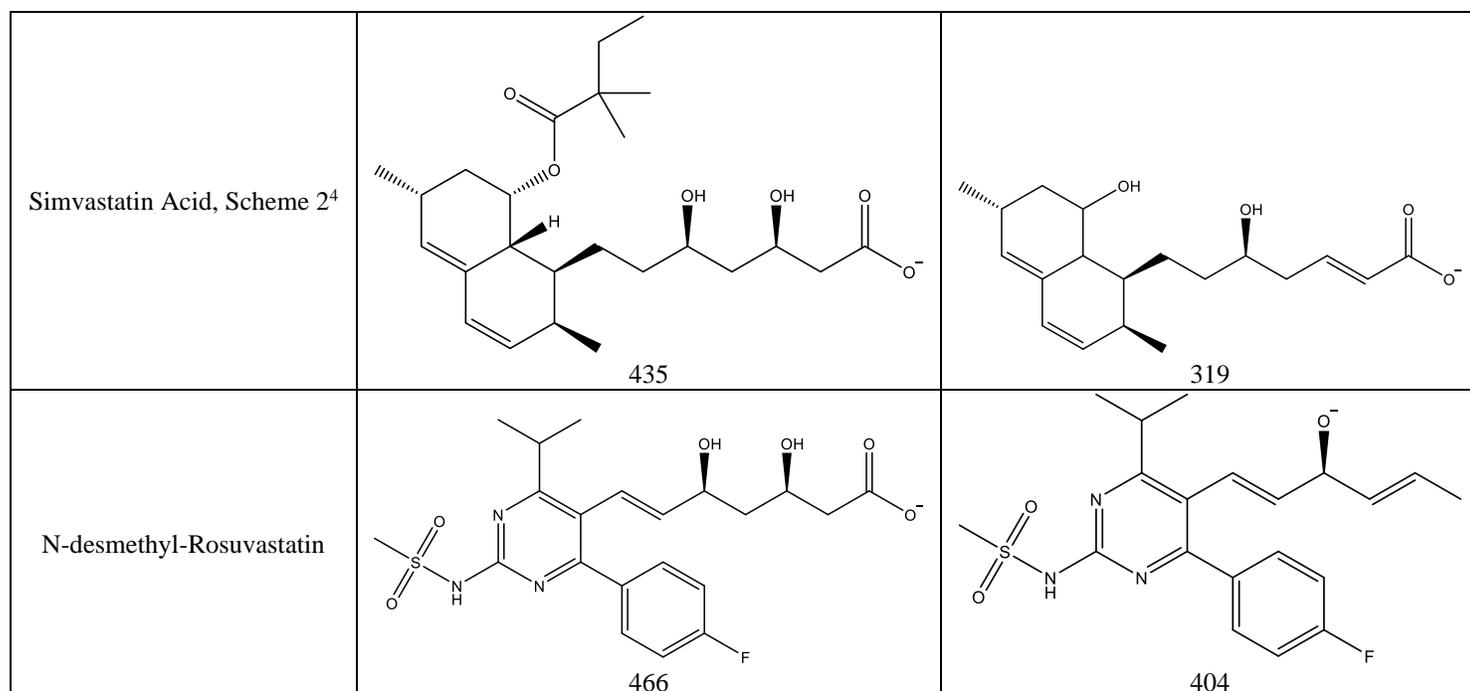
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Target	Precursor Nominal Mass (Da) and Structure	Product Nominal Mass (Da) and Proposed Structure
2-OH-Atorvastatin <sup>1</sup>	 <p>573</p>	 <p>278</p>
4-OH-Atorvastatin <sup>1</sup>	 <p>573</p>	 <p>413</p>
Atorvastatin <sup>2</sup>	 <p>557</p>	 <p>278</p>
Clofibrlic Acid <sup>3</sup>	 <p>213</p>	 <p>127</p>
Fenofibrlic Acid <sup>3</sup>	 <p>317</p>	 <p>231</p>

Fluvastatin <sup>3</sup>	 <p>410</p>	 <p>348</p>
Gemfibrozil <sup>3</sup>	 <p>249</p>	 <p>121</p>
Lovastatin Acid	 <p>421</p>	 <p>101</p>
Pitavastatin <sup>3</sup>	 <p>420</p>	 <p>358</p>

Pravastatin, Scheme 1 <sup>4</sup>	 <p>Chemical structure of Pravastatin, Scheme 1. It features a bicyclic core with a hydroxyl group, a methyl group, and a side chain containing two hydroxyl groups and a carboxylate group. A side chain is shown with a dashed bond to the bicyclic core.</p> <p>423</p>	 <p>Chemical structure of Pravastatin, Scheme 2. It features a bicyclic core with a hydroxyl group, a methyl group, and a side chain containing two hydroxyl groups and a carboxylate group. A side chain is shown with a solid bond to the bicyclic core.</p> <p>321</p>
Pravastatin, Scheme 2 <sup>4</sup>	 <p>Chemical structure of Pravastatin, Scheme 1. It features a bicyclic core with a hydroxyl group, a methyl group, and a side chain containing two hydroxyl groups and a carboxylate group. A side chain is shown with a dashed bond to the bicyclic core.</p> <p>423</p>	 <p>Chemical structure of Pravastatin, Scheme 2. It features a bicyclic core with a hydroxyl group, a methyl group, and a side chain containing two hydroxyl groups and a carboxylate group. A side chain is shown with a solid bond to the bicyclic core.</p> <p>321</p>
Rosuvastatin <sup>3</sup>	 <p>Chemical structure of Rosuvastatin. It features a pyrimidine ring substituted with a methylsulfonyl group, a methyl group, a 4-fluorophenyl group, and a side chain containing two hydroxyl groups and a carboxylate group.</p> <p>480</p>	 <p>Chemical structure of Rosuvastatin. It features a pyrimidine ring substituted with a methylsulfonyl group, a methyl group, a 4-fluorophenyl group, and a side chain containing two hydroxyl groups and a carboxylate group.</p> <p>418</p>
Simvastatin Acid, Scheme 1 <sup>4</sup>	 <p>Chemical structure of Simvastatin Acid, Scheme 1. It features a bicyclic core with a hydroxyl group, a methyl group, and a side chain containing two hydroxyl groups and a carboxylate group. A side chain is shown with a dashed bond to the bicyclic core.</p> <p>435</p>	 <p>Chemical structure of Simvastatin Acid, Scheme 2. It features a bicyclic core with a hydroxyl group, a methyl group, and a side chain containing two hydroxyl groups and a carboxylate group. A side chain is shown with a solid bond to the bicyclic core.</p> <p>319</p>



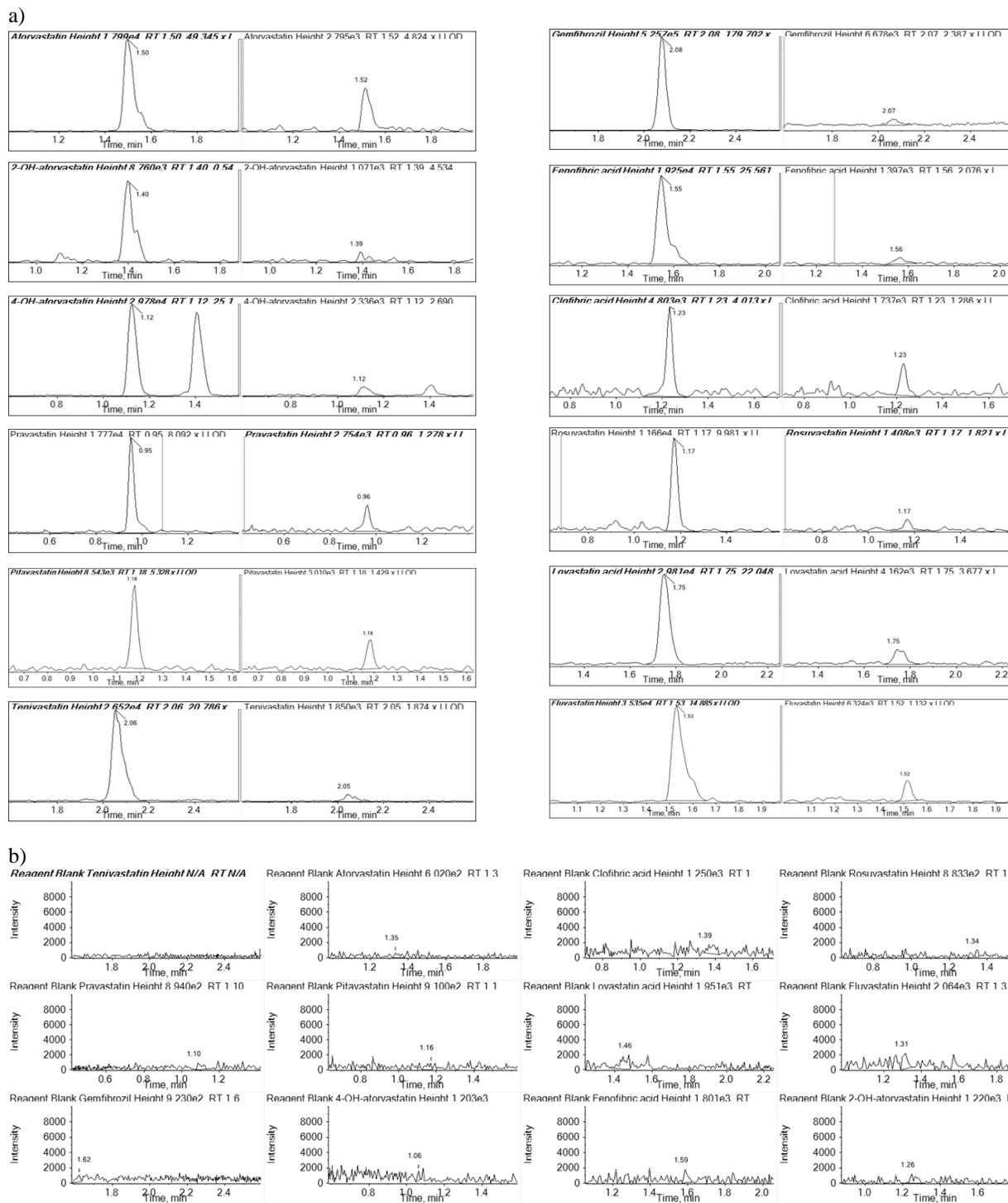
**Figure S1. Target precursor and fragment products as analyzed by SMRM.**

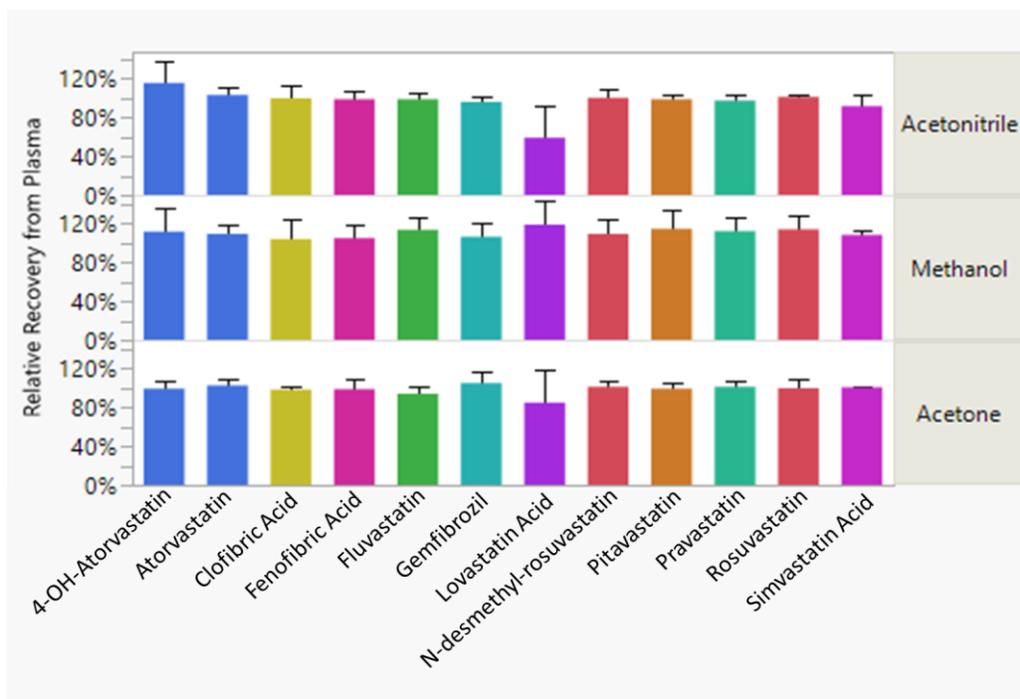
<sup>1</sup>Inferred from atorvastatin fragmentation.

<sup>2</sup>Kant Shandilya, D. , Israni, R. and Edward Joseph, P. (2018) Prediction of the Fragmentation Pathway of Atorvastatin De-Protonated Ion. *Open Access Library Journal*, 5, 1-14. doi: 10.4236/oalib.1104547.

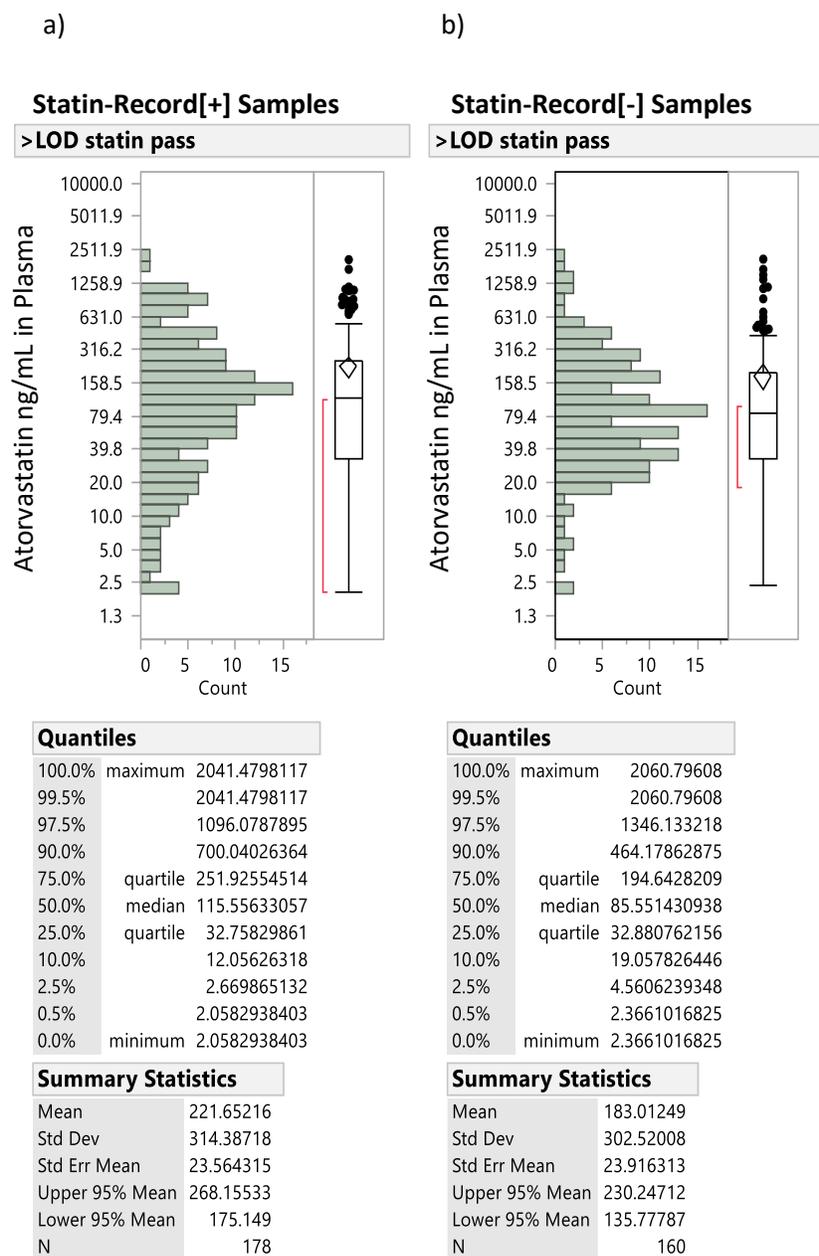
<sup>3</sup>Proposed by us, and confirmed by labeled IS. Not definitive.

<sup>4</sup>Qin, X.-Z. (2003), Collision-induced dissociation of the negative ions of simvastatin hydroxy acid and related species. *J. Mass Spectrom.*, 38: 677-686. <https://doi.org/10.1002/jms.482>

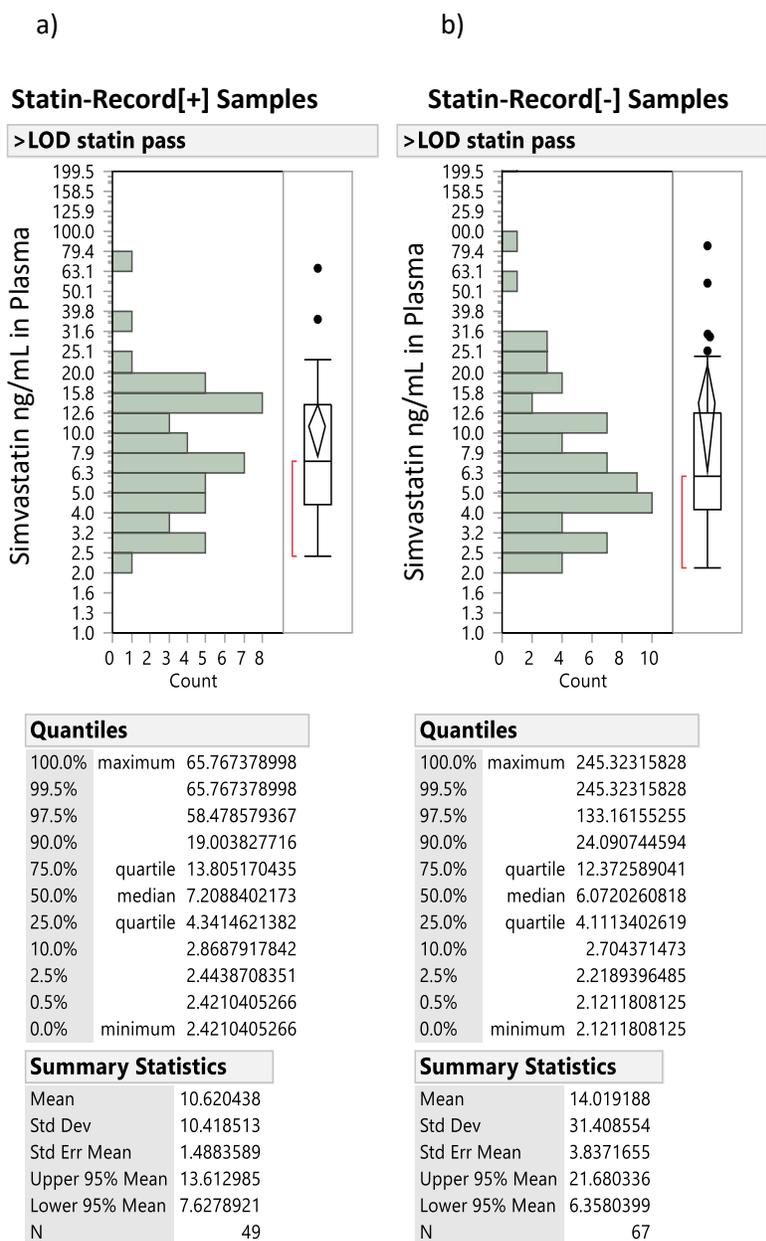




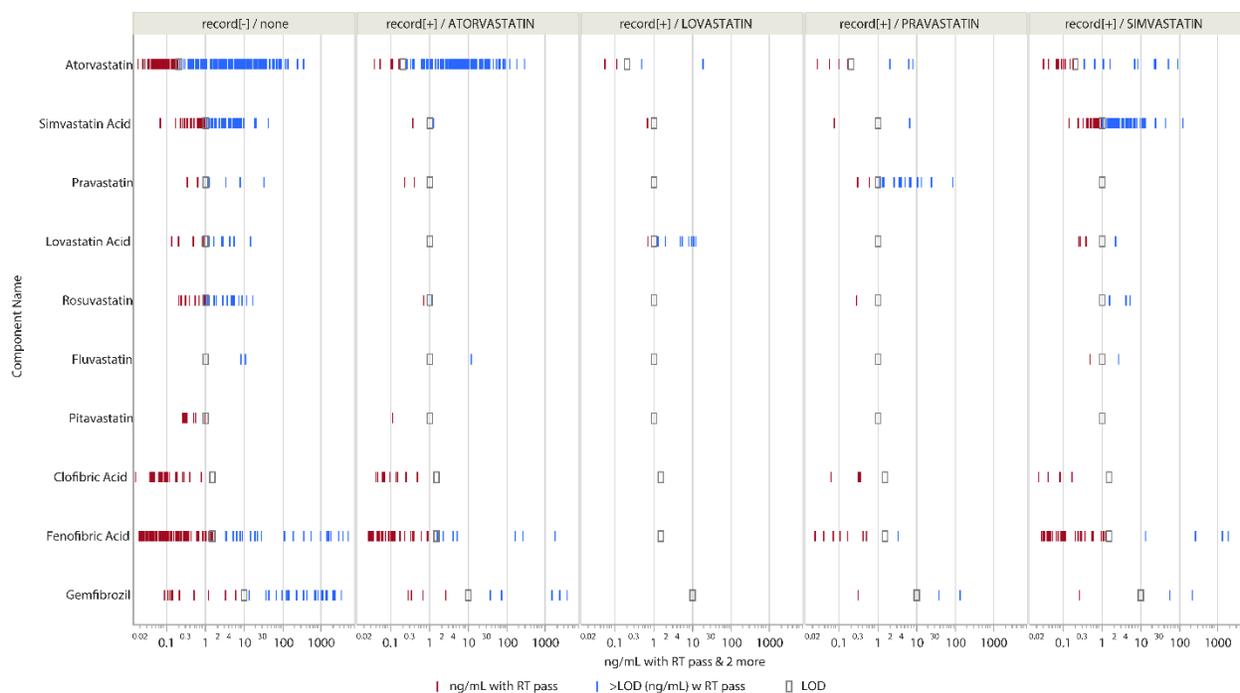
**Figure S3. Comparison of Precipitation Solvents for Analyte Recovery.** Comparison of protein precipitation solvents by analyte recovery from spiked plasma relative to spiked water. Error bars represent standard deviation of repeats ( $n = 5$ ). Acetone provided sufficient recovery with greater confidence in measurements and consistency in recovery.



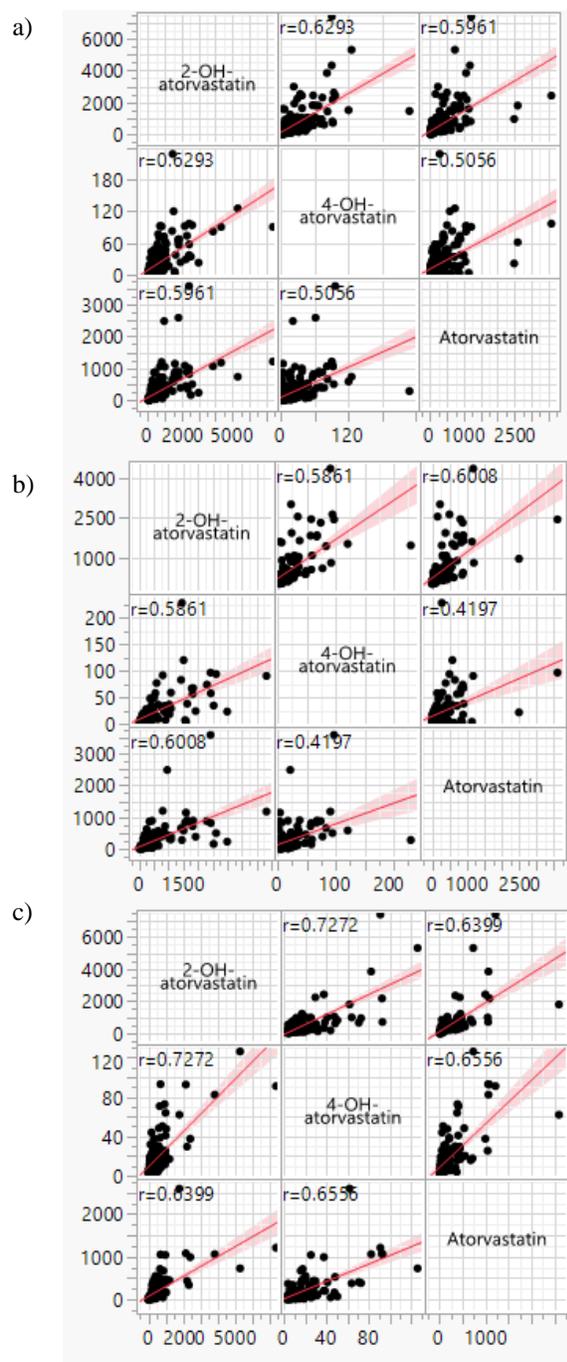
**Figure S4. Distribution Plot of Atorvastatin Detects.** Frequency distribution of detections for Atorvastatin Statin-Record [+] (a) and [-] (b) sample groups.



**Figure S5. Distribution Plot of Simvastatin Detections.** Frequency distribution of analytical detections for Simvastatin Statin-Record [+] (a) and [-] (b) sample groups.



**Figure S6. Comparison of Analyte Concentration in Statin-Record[-] and Statin-Record[+].** Results of analysis for all samples with retention time criteria pass groups; the LOD levels are indicated by a small rectangle, above LOD level detect is shown with blue lines and below LOD level detect with red lines.



**Figure S7: Correlation between Atorvastatin and its Metabolites.** a) All samples; b) Statin-Record[-] samples c): Statin-Record[+] samples. All correlations had p-value < 0.0001.