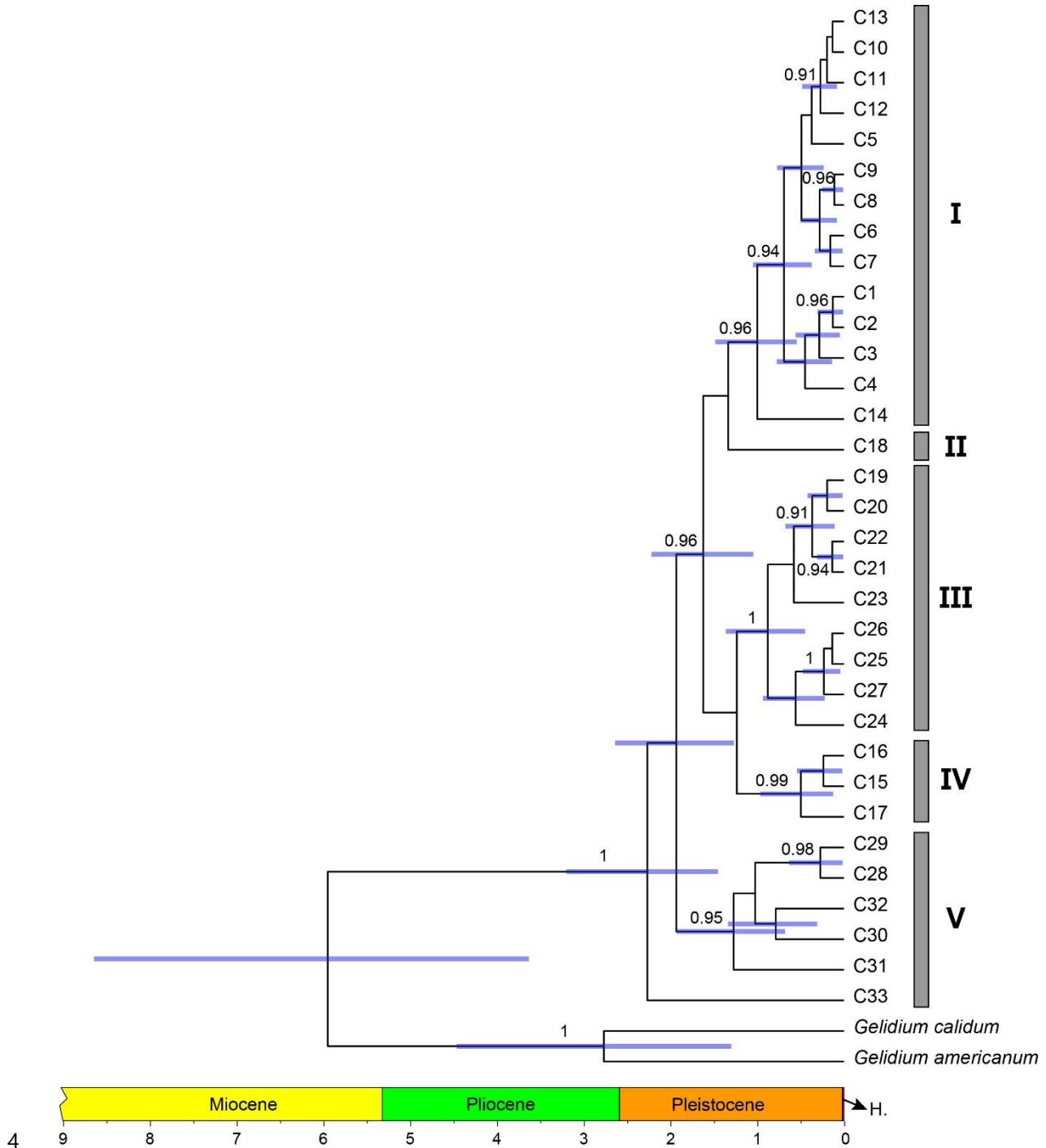


1 0.002

2 **Figure S1.** Maximum likelihood (ML) phylogeny of *Gelidium crinale* using plastid *rbcL* sequences. ML bootstrap  
3 values ( $\geq 50\%$ ) and Bayesian posterior probabilities ( $\geq 0.9$ ) are shown at branches. Dash indicates values <50 or <0.9.



5 **Figure S2.** Time-calibrated phylogeny of *Gelidium crinale* based on COI-5P haplotypes. The time scale is printed in  
6 Ma. Blue bars represent 95% highest posterior density intervals. Numbers above or below branches are posterior  
7 probabilities ( $\geq 0.9$  are shown).

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11 **Supplementary Table S1.** Comparison of partial *rbcL* sequences (124 bp) at which base-pair variation occurred  
 12 between *Gelidium crinale* and *Pterocladia heteroplatos* including two outgroups (*G. americanum* and *G. calidum*).

	13	16	32	106	118	124
<i>Gelidium crinale</i> -Group I (UK)	A	A	G	C	C	G
<i>G. crinale</i> -Group II (Italy)	•	•	•	•	T	•
<i>G. crinale</i> -Group III (Korea)	•	•	•	•	T	•
<i>G. crinale</i> -Group IV (Italy)	•	•	•	•	T	•
<i>G. crinale</i> -Group V (Western Australia)	•	•	•	•	T	T
<i>G. crinale</i> -Group V (New Zealand)	•	•	•	•	T	T
<i>G. crinale</i> -Group V (Spain)	•	•	•	•	T	T
<i>G. crinale</i> -Group V (Tanzania)	•	•	•	•	T	T
<i>Pterocladia heteroplatos</i> (holotype, Børgesen 5275)	•	•	•	•	T	T
<i>Pterocladia heteroplatos</i> (co-type, PC 0452740)	•	•	•	•	T	T
<i>Gelidium americanum</i>	•	•	A	T	T	•
<i>Gelidium calidum</i>	G	G	A	•	T	•

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15 **Supplementary Table S2.** Pairwise divergence comparison of mitochondrial COI-5P and plastid *rbcL* sequences  
 16 between five groups.

	1	2	3	4	5
1. Group 1	COI-5P: 0.2-1.6 <i>rbcL</i> : 0.08-1.1	0.2-0.9	0.2-1.0	0.3-1.1	0.3-1.4
2. Group 2	1.6-2.4	na	0.2-0.4	0.4-0.5	0.4-0.8
3. Group 3	1.4-2.6	1.8-2.2	0.2-1.6 0.08-0.2	0.3-0.6	0.3-0.9
4. Group 4	1.0-2.0	1.4-1.6	0.8-2.0	0.2-0.6 0.08	0.5-1.0
5. Group 5	1.4-3.6	1.8-3.0	1.0-3.2	0.8-2.8	0.2-3.0 0.08-0.8

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28      **Supplementary Table S3.** Estimates of average gene diversity within populations ( $H_s$ ), total gene diversity ( $H_T$ ),  
 29      interpopulation differentiation ( $G_{ST}$ ) and number of substitution types ( $N_{ST}$ ) for mitochondrial COI-5P haplotypes  
 30      of *Gelidium crinale*.

	$H_s$	$V_s$	$H_T$	$V_T$	$G_{ST}$	$N_{ST}$
Population-level	0.535 (0.110)	0.274 (0.097)	0.978 (0.027)	1.000 (0.085)	0.453 (0.113)	0.726 (0.098)**
Phylogroups	0.632 (0.166)	0.473 (0.138)	1.000 (0.063)	1.038 (0.142)	0.368 (0.170)	0.544 (0.119)*
Realms	0.772 (0.035)	0.467 (0.116)	1.000 (0.024)	1.094 (0.030)	0.228 (0.039)	0.573 (0.148)**

31      Parentheses indicates standard error. \*  $p < 0.05$ , \*\*  $p < 0.01$ .

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34      **Supplementary Table S4.** Pairwise  $F_{ST}$  comparison between six realms of *G. crinale*.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
1. Eastern Atlantic	–					
2. Western Atlantic	<b>0.4676</b>	–				
3. Asia	<b>0.5353</b>	<b>0.7621</b>	–			
4. Temperate Australia	<b>0.5180</b>	<b>0.8273</b>	<b>0.5758</b>	–		
5. Western Indo-Pacific	<b>0.5900</b>	<b>0.8247</b>	<b>0.6366</b>	<b>0.4356</b>	–	
6. Eastern Indo-Pacific	0.6153	0.8656	0.6972	0.6410	-0.1567	–

35      Bold indicates  $p < 0.05$ .

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**Supplementary Table S5.** Pairwise  $F_{ST}$  comparison between populations of *G. crinale*.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1. France	–																		
2. Spain		<b>0.2667</b>																	
3. UK	0.0000		-0.7799																
4. Italy	<b>0.7515</b>	<b>0.6382</b>		0.5152															
5. Slovenia	<b>0.6457</b>	0.1948		-0.7512	0.3008														
6. USA	<b>0.9098</b>	<b>0.7568</b>	0.7005	<b>0.5991</b>	<b>0.4662</b>														
7. Brazil	<b>0.9119</b>	<b>0.8414</b>	<b>0.8499</b>	<b>0.7697</b>	<b>0.7583</b>	<b>0.6972</b>													
8. Puerto Rico	1.0000	0.8718	1.0000	0.4987	0.1260	0.7946	0.8958												
9. Korea	<b>0.9391</b>	<b>0.8847</b>	0.8742	<b>0.6303</b>	<b>0.7635</b>	<b>0.8930</b>	<b>0.9253</b>	0.8741											
10. China	<b>0.9306</b>	<b>0.8361</b>	0.7366	<b>0.5712</b>	<b>0.6083</b>	<b>0.8329</b>	<b>0.9090</b>	0.7164	<b>0.6554</b>										
11. Japan	1.0000	0.9313	1.0000	0.5693	0.4849	0.8825	0.9412	1.0000	0.8067	0.1081									
12. Hong Kong	<b>1.0000</b>	<b>0.9290</b>	1.0000	<b>0.5229</b>	0.6503	<b>0.9047</b>	<b>0.9419</b>	1.0000	<b>0.6705</b>	<b>0.5586</b>	1.0000								
13. Singapore	1.0000	0.9371	1.0000	0.5658	0.5369	0.8707	0.9356	1.0000	0.8359	0.3324	1.0000	1.0000							
14. Vietnam	<b>1.0000</b>	<b>0.9626</b>	1.0000	<b>0.6985</b>	<b>0.8432</b>	<b>0.9362</b>	<b>0.9528</b>	1.0000	<b>0.8625</b>	<b>0.5541</b>	0.0000	<b>1.0000</b>	1.0000						
15. Australia	<b>0.9303</b>	<b>0.8206</b>	0.6910	<b>0.5149</b>	<b>0.5458</b>	<b>0.8313</b>	<b>0.9093</b>	0.6910	<b>0.7742</b>	<b>0.6689</b>	0.6972	<b>0.6917</b>	0.7276	<b>0.8639</b>					
16. New Zealand	1.0000	0.9040	1.0000	0.3884	0.3007	0.8742	0.9355	1.0000	0.8360	0.6681	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	-0.5582				
17. Tanzania	1.0000	0.9422	1.0000	0.6713	0.6053	0.9161	0.9568	1.0000	0.9069	0.7864	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6129	1.0000			
18. India	1.0000	0.9532	1.0000	0.7345	0.6714	0.9204	0.95805	1.0000	0.9264	0.8211	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7813	1.0000	1.0000		
19. Chile	1.0000	0.9370	1.0000	0.6383	0.5665	0.9081	0.9496	1.0000	0.8982	0.7806	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6022	1.0000	1.0000	–	

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Bold indicates  $p < 0.05$ .

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