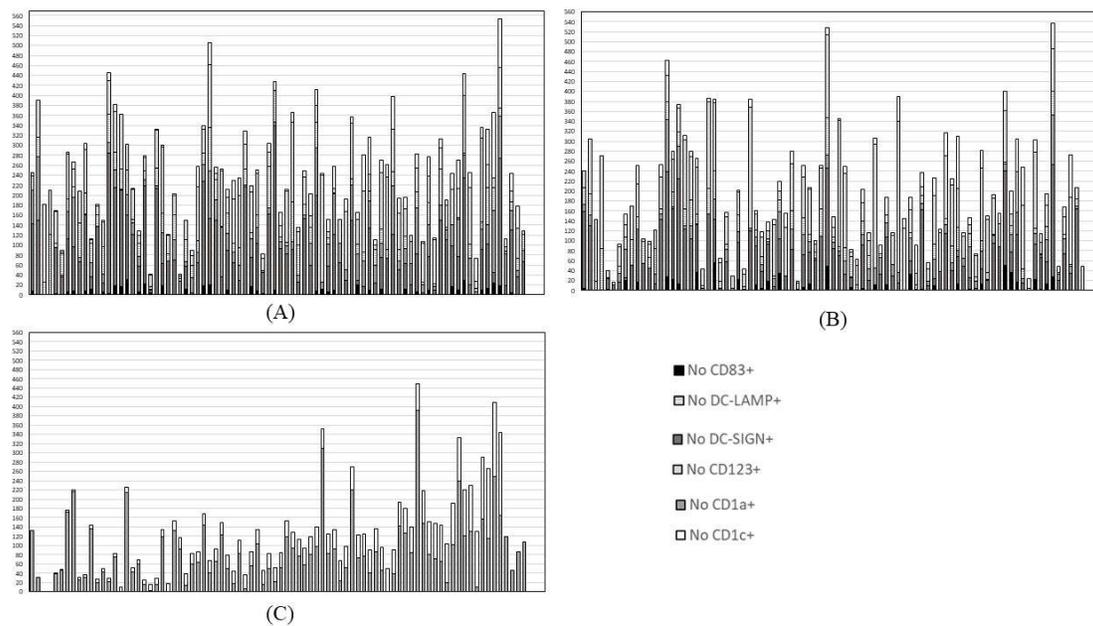
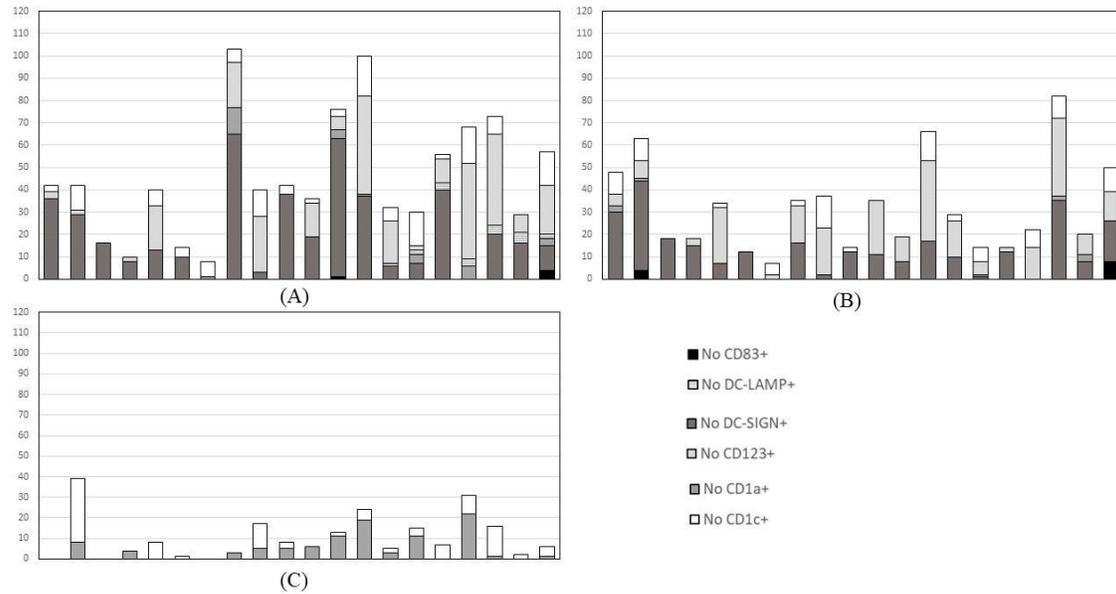


**Figure S1.** Counts [/1mm<sup>2</sup>] of DCs positively identified for the stated antibodies, in different ar-eas (stroma, margin, glands) of endometrial neoplasms: **(A)** clear cell carcinoma; **(B)** mucinous carcinoma; **(C)** mixed carcinoma; **(D)** carcinosarcoma.



**Figure S2.** Counts [/1mm<sup>2</sup>] of DCs positively identified for the stated antibodies, presented for every sample individually, in different areas of cancerous tissues: **(A)** tumor stroma; **(B)** invasive margin; **(C)** tumor glands (CD1a+ and CD1c+ DCs were the only DCs subtypes found in glandular epithelium).



**Figure S3.** Counts [1/mm<sup>2</sup>] of DCs positively identified for the stated antibodies, presented for every sample individually, in **(A)** normal endometrial stroma; **(B)** normal endometrial margin; **(C)** normal endometrial glands (CD1a+ and CD1c+ DCs were the only DCs subtypes found in normal glandular epithelium). Areas of non-cancerous endometrium within ECs' slides were initially examined at 10× magnification; within areas most abundant in positively identified DCs, their number from five representative fields of view was summed up at high 40× magnification and expressed per 1 mm<sup>2</sup>.

**Table S2.** Associations between counts of different DCs subtypes and clinicopathological features of endometrioid cancers (ECs). For every DCs subtype, compared cancer groups were distinguished based on either histological grade (3 groups: grade 1, 2, 3), pT score (six groups: pT1, pT1a, pT1b, pT2, pT3a, pT3b), or pN score (3 groups: pN0, pN1, pN2). The numbers of samples allocated to different grade or stage scores are unevenly distributed between different antibodies subgroups, increasing the risk of biased results. The statistics were calculated using the Krustal-Wallis ANOVA; \* p < 0.05 was considered statistically significant pT, pN – elements of pathological TNM classification established for uterine cancers

<b>Table S2. Associations between counts of different DCs subtypes and clinicopathological features of ECs</b>		
<b>dependent variable</b>	<b>independent (grouping) variable</b>	<b>p-value *</b>
DC CD83+ stroma	Grade (3 groups)	0.7468
DC DC-SIGN+ stroma		0.9557
DC CD1a+ stroma		0.3100
DC DC-LAMP+ stroma		0.0540
DC CD123+ stroma		0.4190
DC CD1c+ stroma		0.1138
DC CD83+ margin		0.6624
DC DC-SIGN+ margin		0.5754
DC CD1a+ margin		0.1879
DC DC-LAMP+ margin		0.0897
DC CD123+ margin		0.4359

DC CD1c+ margin		0.4471	
DC CD1a+ glands		0.6203	
DC CD1c+ glands		0.0977	
DC CD83+ stroma	Stage: pT (6 groups)	0.2054	
DC DC-SIGN+ stroma		0.8625	
DC CD1a+ stroma		0.6990	
DC DC-LAMP+ stroma		0.7274	
DC CD123+ stroma		0.7943	
DC CD1c+ stroma		0.3045	
DC CD83+ margin		0.1066	
DC DC-SIGN+ margin		0.8745	
DC CD1a+ margin		0.4552	
DC DC-LAMP+ margin		0.7943	
DC CD123+ margin		0.2407	
DC CD1c+ margin		0.7928	
DC CD1a+ glands		0.3568	
DC CD1c+ glands		0.4303	
DC CD83+ stroma		Stage: pN (3 groups)	0.6773
DC DC-SIGN+ stroma			0.2926
DC CD1a+ stroma	0.2545		
DC DC-LAMP+ stroma	0.5580		
DC CD123+ stroma	0.5853		
DC CD1c+ stroma	0.9522		
DC CD83+ margin	0.4261		
DC DC-SIGN+ margin	0.6166		
DC CD1a+ margin	0.3360		
DC DC-LAMP+ margin	0.8122		
DC CD123+ margin	0.5893		
DC CD1c+ margin	0.4168		
DC CD1a+ glands	0.3053		
DC CD1c+ glands	0.4110		