

Supplementary information to:

Effect of long-term low-dose arsenic exposure on DNA methylation and gene expression in human liver cells

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Supplementary Table S1: Genes and the respective encoded proteins analysed in the present study. Genes marked with * are reference genes.

Gene	Encoded protein
<i>ACTB</i> *	β-actin (ACTB)
<i>APAF1</i>	apoptotic protease activating factor (APAF1)
<i>ATM</i>	ataxia telangiectasia mutated (ATM)
<i>ATR</i>	ataxia telangiectasia and Rad3-related protein (ATR)
<i>B2M</i> *	beta-2-Microglobulin (B2M)
<i>BAX</i>	bcl2-associated x protein (BAX)
<i>BRCA1</i>	breast cancer 1, early onset (BRCA1)
<i>BRCA2</i>	breast cancer 2, early onset (BRCA2)
<i>BTRC</i>	transducin repeat containing E3 ubiquitin protein ligase, beta (β-TrCP)
<i>CAT</i>	catalase (CAT)
<i>CCL22</i>	C-C motif chemokine ligand 22 (CCL22)
<i>CCND1</i>	cyclin D1 (CCND1)
<i>CDKN1A</i>	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1A (p21)
<i>CDKN1B</i>	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1B (p27)
<i>CDKN2A</i>	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A (p16)
<i>CDKN2B</i>	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2B (p15)
<i>CDKN2D</i>	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2D (p19)
<i>COX2</i>	cytochrome C oxidase assembly factor (COX2)
<i>DDB2</i>	damage-specific DNA binding protein 2 (DDB2)
<i>DDIT3</i>	DNA damage inducible transcript 3 (DDIT3)
<i>DNMT1</i>	DNA methyltransferase 1 (DNMT1)
<i>DNMT3A</i>	DNA methyltransferase 3A (DNMT3A)
<i>DNMT3B</i>	DNA methyltransferase 3B (DNMT3B)
<i>E2F1</i>	E2F transcription factor 1 (E2F1)
<i>EGFR</i>	epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR)

<i>EHMT2/G9a</i>	euchromatic histone lysine methyltransferase 2(EHMT2)
<i>EP300</i>	E1A binding protein P300 (EP300)
<i>ERCC2</i>	excision repair cross-complementation group 2 (XPD)
<i>ERCC4</i>	excision repair cross-complementation group 4 (XPF)
<i>ERCC5</i>	excision repair cross-complementation group 5 (XPG)
<i>FOXO1</i>	forkhead box O1 (FOXO1)
<i>FOXO3</i>	forkhead box O3 (FOXO3)
<i>FTH1</i>	ferritin heavy chain 1 (FTH1)
<i>G6PD</i>	glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PD)
<i>GADD45A</i>	growth arrest and DNA-damage-inducible, alpha (GADD45A)
<i>GAPDH*</i>	glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH)
<i>GCLC</i>	glutamate-cysteine ligase, catalytic subunit (GCL)
<i>GPX1</i>	glutathione peroxidase 1 (GPX1)
<i>GPX2</i>	glutathione peroxidase 2 (GPX2)
<i>GSR</i>	glutathione reductase (GSR)
<i>GUSB*</i>	glucuronidase, beta (GUSB)
<i>HDAC1</i>	histone deacetylase 1 (HDAC1)
<i>HDAC10</i>	histone deacetylase 10 (HDAC10)
<i>HDAC2</i>	histone deacetylase 2 (HDAC2)
<i>HDAC3</i>	histone deacetylase 3 (HDAC3)
<i>HMOX1</i>	heme oxygenase (decycling) 1 (hMO-1)
<i>HPRT1*</i>	hypoxanthine phosphoribosyltransferase 1 (HPRT1)
<i>HSPA1A</i>	heat shock 70kDa protein 1A (HSP70)
<i>IL1a</i>	interleukin 1 alpha (IL1a)
<i>IL1b</i>	interleukin 1 beta (IL1b)
<i>IL6</i>	interleukin 6 (IL6)
<i>IL8</i>	interleukin 8 (IL8)
<i>JUN</i>	jun proto-oncogene (c-JUN)
<i>KDM3A</i>	lysine demethylase 3A (KDM3A)
<i>KEAP1</i>	kelch-like ECH-associated protein 1 (KEAP1)
<i>LIG1</i>	ligase I, DNA, ATP-dependent (LIG1)
<i>LIG3</i>	ligase III, DNA, ATP-dependent (LIG3)
<i>MAP3K5</i>	mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 5 (MAP3K5/ASK1)
<i>MBD4</i>	methyl-CpG binding domain 4 (MBD4)
<i>MDM2</i>	MDM2 Proto-Oncogene (MDM2)
<i>MeCP2</i>	methyl-CpG binding protein 2 (MeCP2)
<i>MGMT</i>	O-6-methylguanine-DNA methyltransferase (MGMT)
<i>MLH1</i>	mutL homolog 1 (MLH1)
<i>MSH2</i>	mutS homolog 2 (MSH2)
<i>MT1X</i>	metallothionein 1X (MT1X)
<i>MT2A</i>	metallothionein 2A (MT2A)
<i>MYC</i>	v-myc avian myelocytomatosis viral oncogene homolog (c-MYC)

<i>NFKB1</i>	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells 1 (p50/p105)
<i>NFKB2</i>	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells 2 (p49/p100)
<i>NFKBIA</i>	nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells inhibitor, alpha (IKBA)
<i>OGG1</i>	8-oxoguanine DNA glycosylase (hOGG1)
<i>PARP1</i>	poly (ADP-ribose) polymerase 1 (PARP1)
<i>PLK3</i>	polo-like kinase 3 (PLK3)
<i>PMAIP1</i>	phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate-induced protein 1 (NOXA)
<i>PRDX1</i>	peroxiredoxin 1 (PRX1)
<i>RAD50</i>	RAD50 homolog (<i>S. cerevisiae</i>) (RAD50)
<i>RAD51</i>	RAD51 recombinase (RAD51)
<i>RRM2B</i>	ribonucleotide reductase M2B (TP53 inducible) (p53R2)
<i>SETD2</i>	SET Domain Containing 2 (SETD2)
<i>SIRT2</i>	sirtuin 2 (SIRT2)
<i>SLC30A1</i>	solute carrier family 30 (zinc transporter), member 1 (ZnT1)
<i>SOD1</i>	superoxide dismutase 1, soluble (SOD1)
<i>SOD2</i>	superoxide dismutase 2, mitochondrial (SOD2/MnSOD)
<i>TET1</i>	tet methylcytosine Dioxygenase 1 (TET1)
<i>TET2</i>	tet methylcytosine Dioxygenase 2 (TET2)
<i>TET3</i>	tet methylcytosine Dioxygenase 3 (TET3)
<i>TGFb</i>	transforming growth factor beta (TGFB)
<i>TNFa</i>	tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNFalpha)
<i>TNFRSF10B</i>	tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 10b (DR5)
<i>TXN</i>	thioredoxin (TXN)
<i>TXNRD1</i>	thioredoxin reductase 1 (TXNRD)
<i>VEGFA</i>	vascular endothelial growth factor A (VEGFA)
<i>XPA</i>	xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group A (XPA)
<i>XPC</i>	xeroderma pigmentosum, complementation group C (XPC)
<i>XRCC5</i>	X-ray repair complementing defective repair in Chinese hamster cells 5 (XRCC5)

Supplementary Table S2: Detailed information on the primers newly established in addition to the existing gene set [16].

Gene	RefSeq	Sequence 5' --> 3'	Product size [bp]	Annealing T _m (°C)
<i>CDKN2A</i>	NM_000077	fwd: CCCACTACCGTAAATGTCCATT rev: GACTCAAGAGAAGCCAGTAACC	242	66.5
<i>CDKN2D</i>	NM_001800	fwd: TTGTGGCTTATAGGTGTTGGTT rev: ACCGTTTAGGTGGCTGTG	126	66.4
<i>DNMT1</i>	NM_001130823	fwd: GGCAAACCACCATCACATCTCATT rev: GCGGTCTAGCAACTCGTTCTCT	162	67.9
<i>DNMT3A</i>	NM_022552	fwd: CGGCAAATTCTCAGTGGTGTGT rev: GCAGGACCTCGTAGATGGCTT	122	67.8
<i>DNMT3B</i>	NM_006892	fwd: CTCCTCCATATCTCCCTCTCCCTA rev: ACTGCTGTCACTGCCTCTGA	181	67.9
<i>EHMT2</i>	NM_006709	fwd: TCCGCATGAGTGATGATGTCCA rev: CGCTCATCCACAGAGTAGGAATCA	223	68
<i>EP300</i>	NM_001429	fwd: GTGCTGGCAACTTACTGACTGAG rev: CACTGGCTCCAATCTGCTGTC	165	67.6
<i>FOXO1</i>	NM_002015	fwd: ACCCAGCCCAAACCTACCA rev: AGTCAGAAGTCAGCAACTCCTT	161	67.6
<i>FOXO3</i>	NM_001455	fwd: GTGTTCCGACCTTCATCTCTG rev: TCGCTGTGGCTAAGTGAGT	149	66.8
<i>HDAC1</i>	NM_004964	fwd: GGGTCAAGGAGGAGGTCAAGTT rev: GGA CTCAGCAGGAAGCCAGA	84	67.5
<i>HDAC10</i>	NM_032019	fwd: CTCTTAGATGGGATGCTGGATGG rev: CTGATGTT CAGCCACAGACTCC	200	66.4
<i>HDAC2</i>	NM_001527	fwd: GCCAGTTAGTATCAGTGAAGATTAACATCC rev: TAGGCAAGTCTGGTCAATACAAGTTCT	173	67.5
<i>HDAC3</i>	NM_001355039	fwd: CCACTCCGAGGACTACATTGACT rev: TTAAGACTCTTGGTGAAGCCTTGC	75	67.6
<i>KDM3A</i>	NM_001146688	fwd: TGTGAGGAGATTCCAGCACTGAA rev: CAGCTCCAATTCTTGCAGAATTACCA	106	67.8
<i>MBD4</i>	NM_003925	fwd: GCCGAATGACCTCCGCAAAG rev: GCAGAAGCGATGGGTTCTTGTAG	126	68.2
<i>MeCP2</i>	NM_004992	fwd: CCGCTCTGCTGGGAAGTATGA rev: GATTTGGGCTTCTTAGGTGGTTTCTG	192	68.2
<i>SETD2</i>	NM_014159	fwd: CCCGACCCCTGAAGAAGAAGA rev: GGCTGAAGCTGAATGACACCTT	176	67.6
<i>TET1</i>	NM_030625	fwd: AACCTTAGGGAGTAACACTGAGACC rev: GCGGATGGCATCAGCGAAT	114	67.5
<i>TET2</i>	NM_001127208	fwd: CCTGTGATGCTGATGATGCTGATAA rev: AATTGCTGCTGGAACCTGAACA	195	67.2
<i>TET3</i>	NM_001366022	fwd: TCAAGGTGGAGCCGCAGAA rev: TGGTAGGAGTACACGCTGTTT CAT	130	68.1

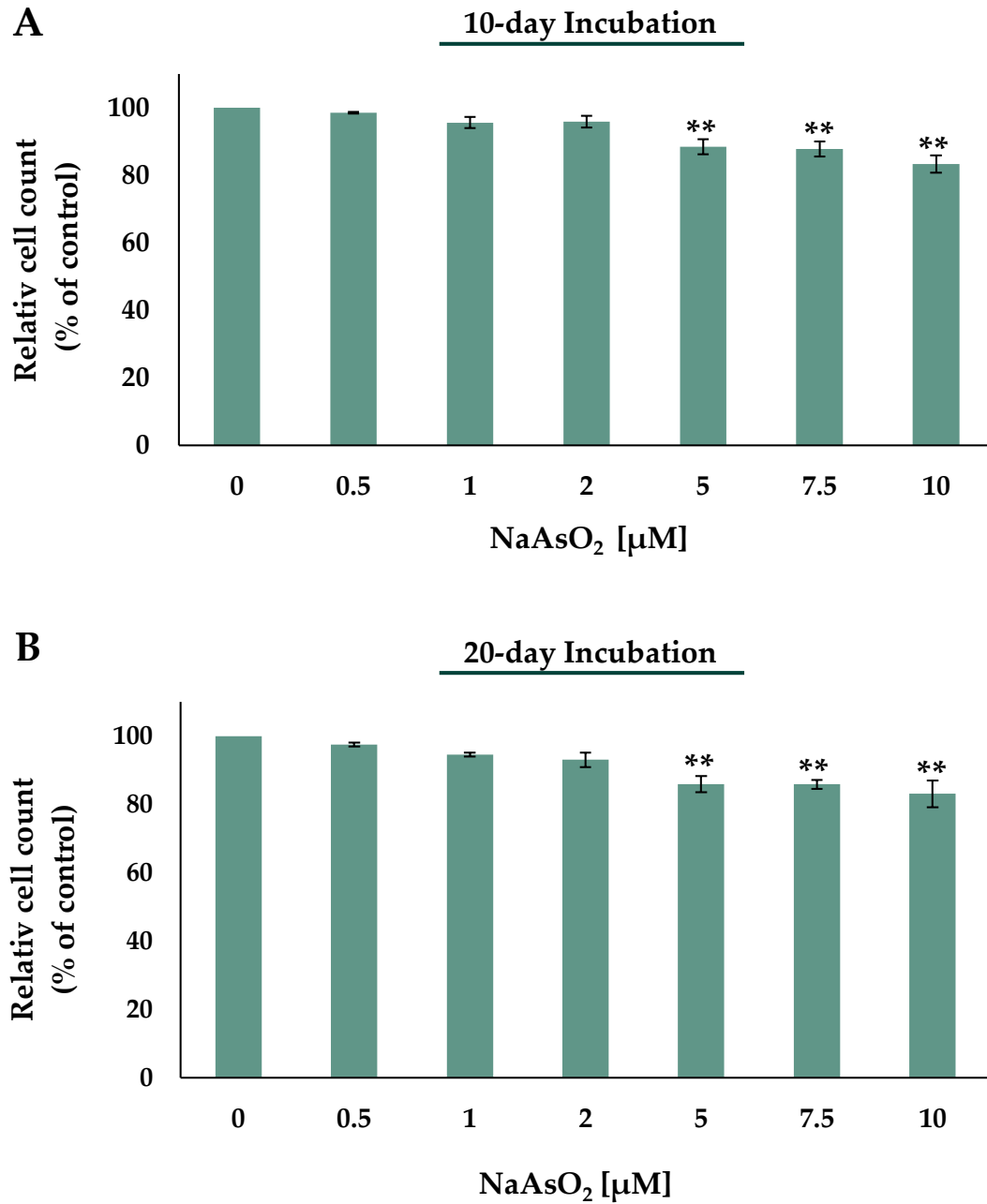


Figure S1: Relative cell counts of HepG2 cells after 10-day (A) as well as 20-day (B) exposure to NaAsO₂. Mean values \pm standard deviations (SD) from three independent experiments are shown. Statistical analysis was performed to determine the differences between the exposed cells and the negative control using one-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's post hoc test: ** ($p \leq 0.01$).

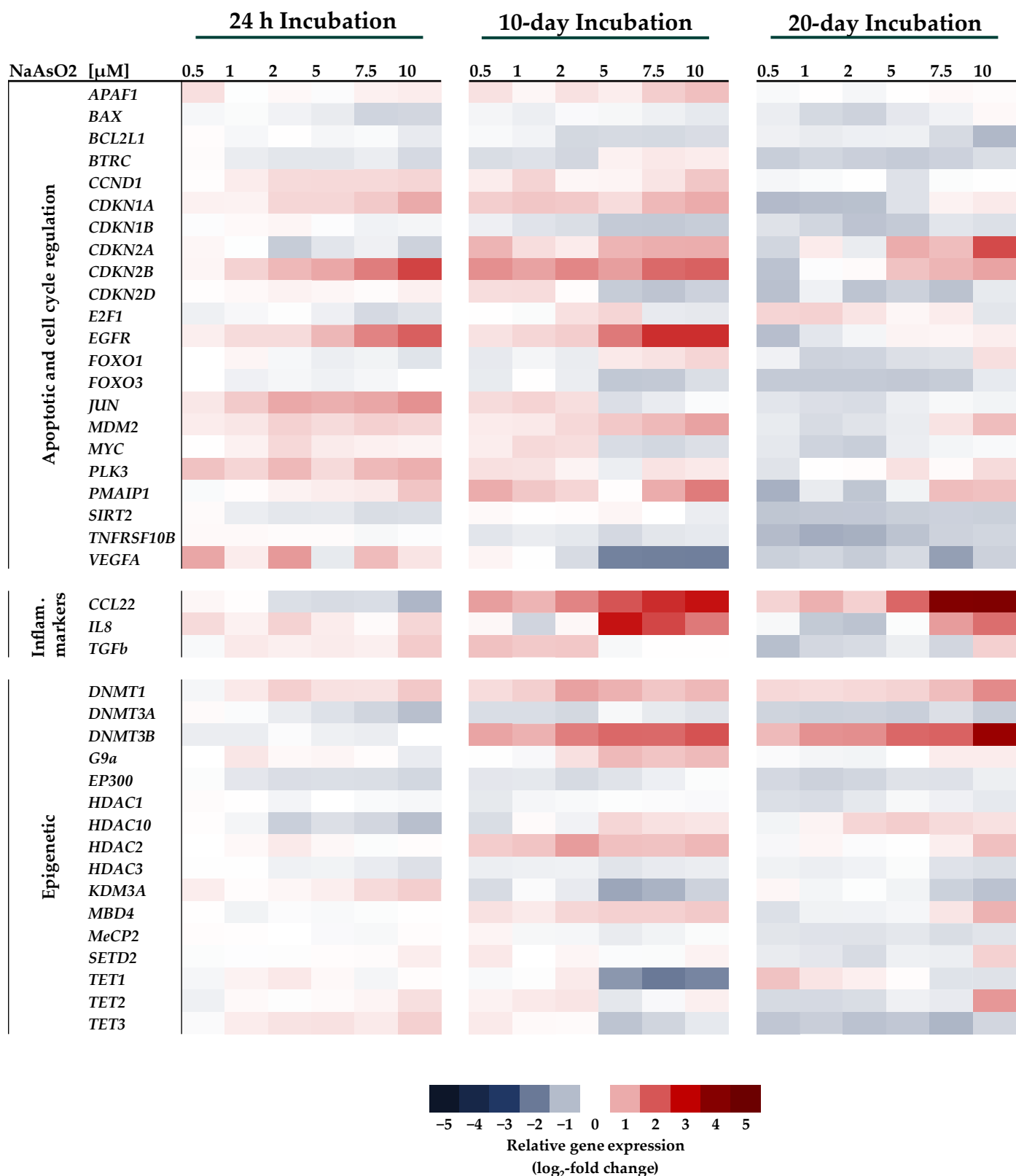


Figure S2: Gene expression profile of HepG2 cells after 24-hour, 10-day, and 20-day treatment with NaAsO₂. The clusters of genes involved in cell cycle, apoptotic and senescence, inflammation and epigenetic regulation are presented. The log₂-fold changes are provided for three independent experiments, normalized to the untreated control, where the control is set to 0.

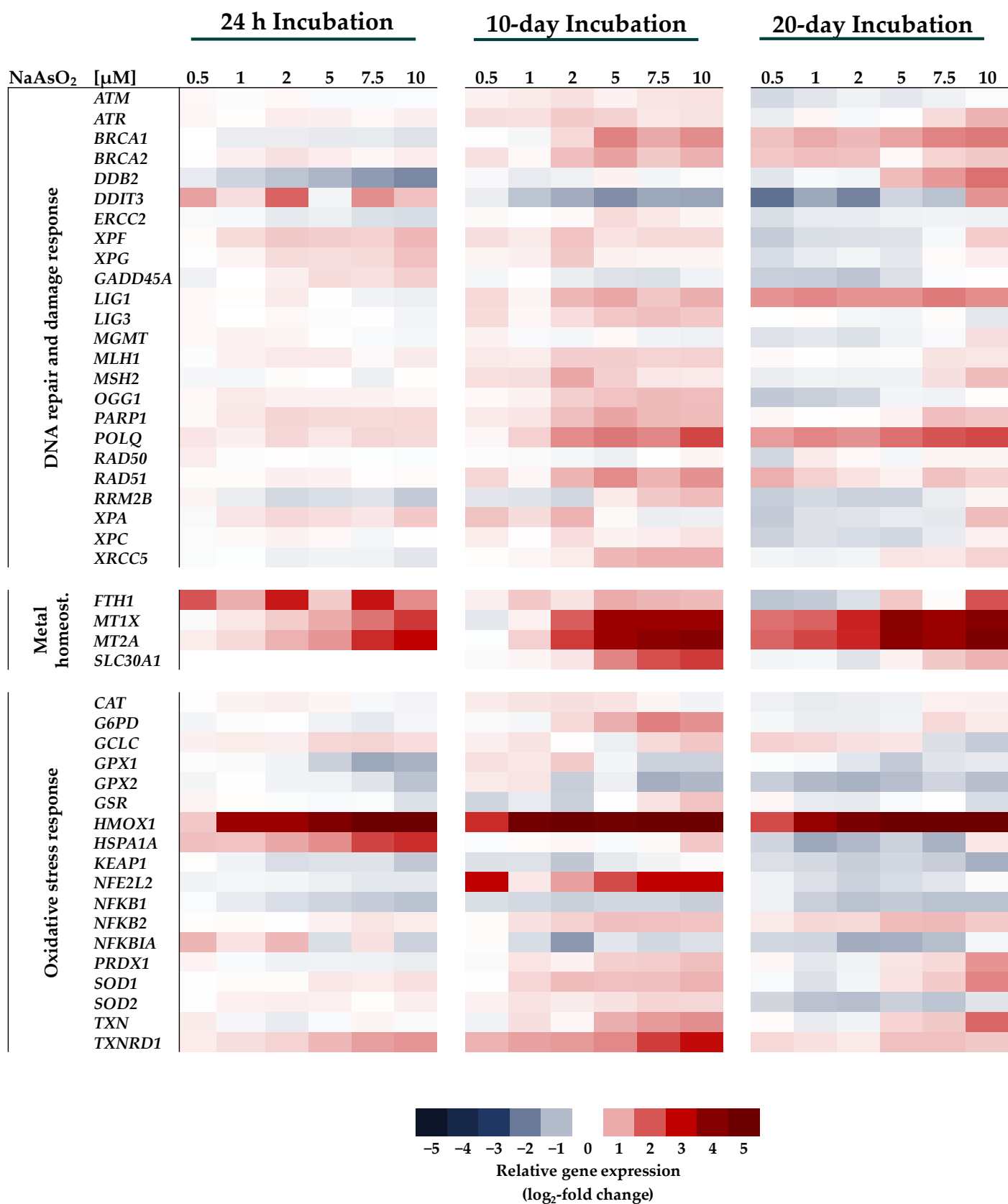


Figure S3: Gene expression profile of HepG2 cells after 24-hour, 10-day, and 20-day treatment with NaAsO₂. The clusters of genes involved in metal homeostasis, response to oxidative stress, and DNA damage response are presented. The log₂-fold changes are provided for three independent experiments, normalized to the untreated control, where the control is set to 0.