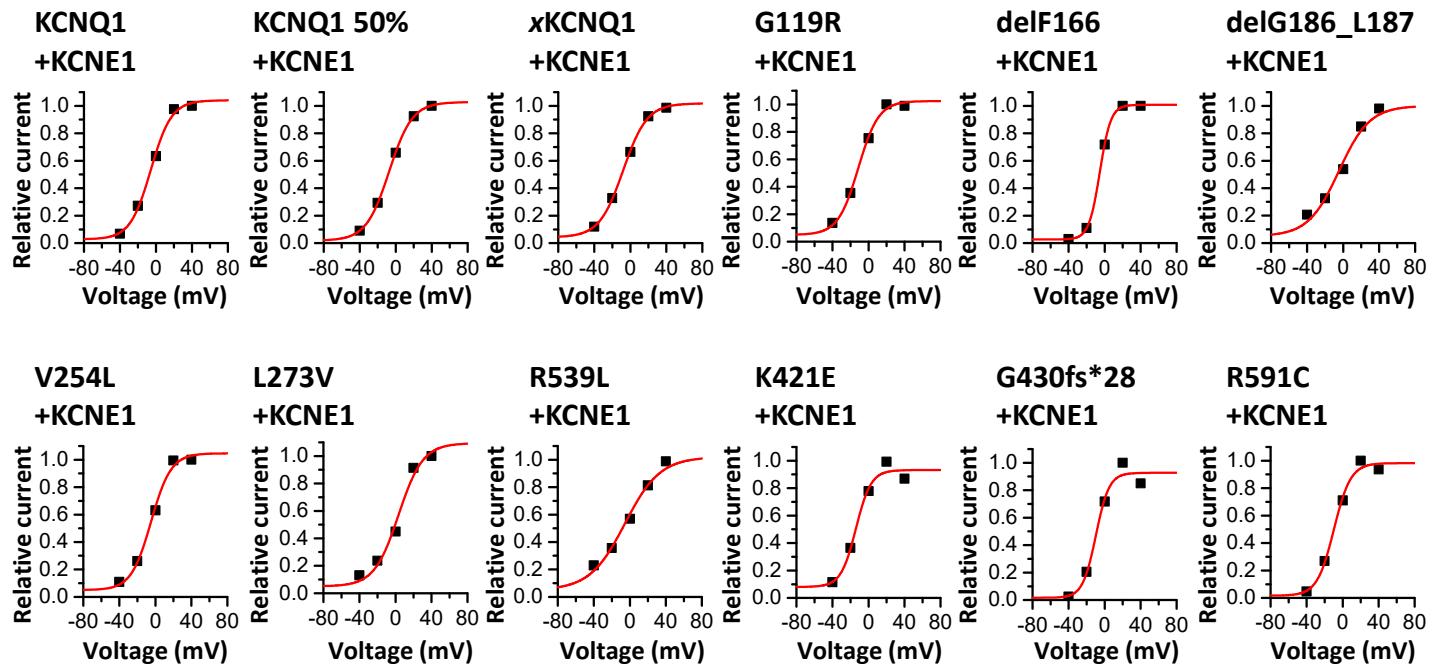
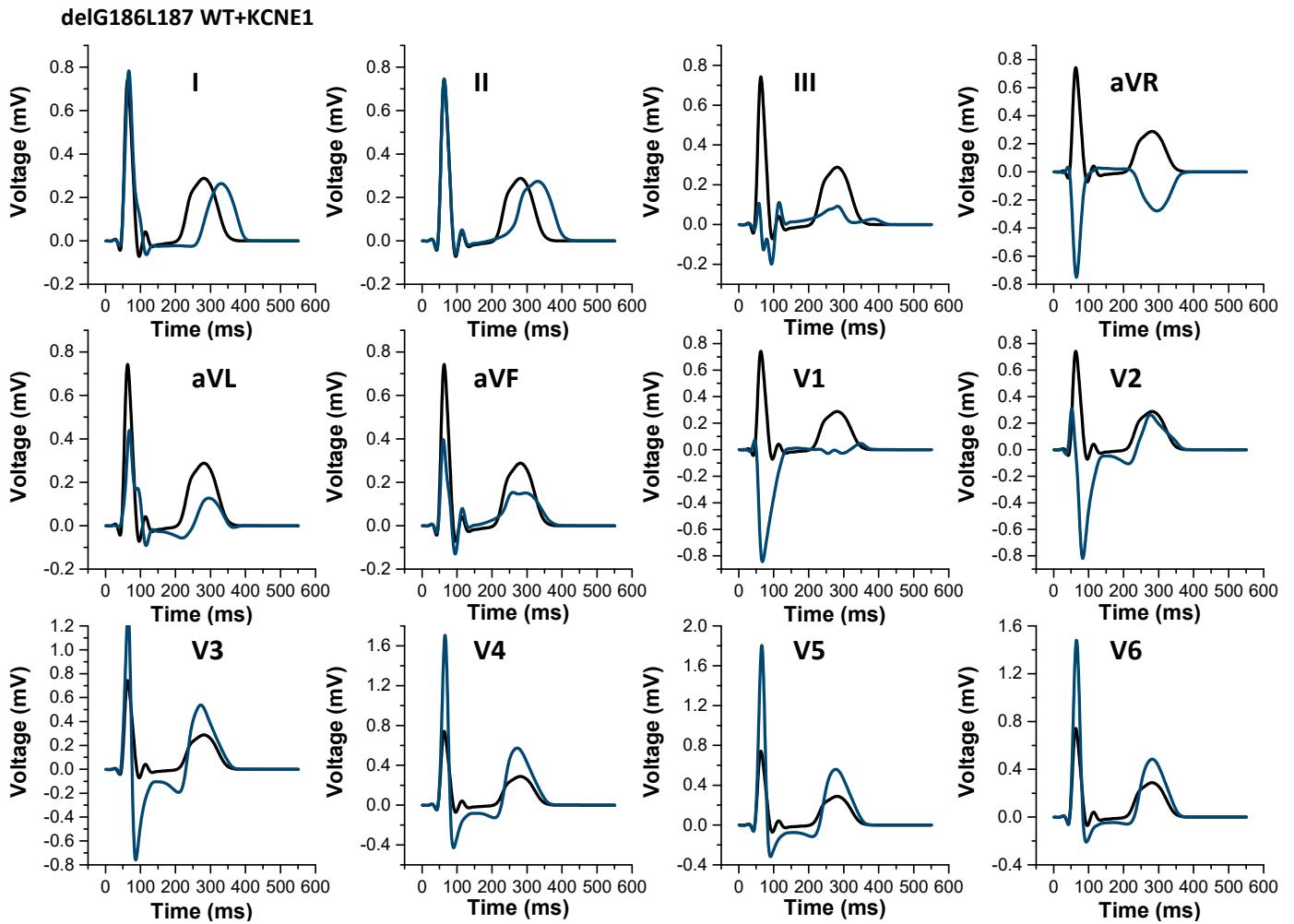


Supplementary Figure S1



Supplementary Figure S1. Representative examples of the conductance-voltage (G/V) relationships for the different KCNQ1 variants. Recordings were performed with the protocol as described in Figure 6. The tail currents recorded after the 7 s pulse were normalized to the respective maximal tail current of each recording to obtain the conductance-voltage (G/V) curves. Normalized tail currents were fitted to a Boltzmann equation.

Supplementary Figure S2



Supplementary Figure S2. 12-lead ECG modelling of wild-type KCNQ1+KCNE1 and the delG186_L187 variant. Lead I to lead V6 were calculated and plotted for wild-type KCNQ1 + KCNE1 (black) or the G186_187 variant (blue).

Supplementary Table S1: Simulation parameters for the *in silico* ECG computation. The scaling factors for the repolarization gradients were applied as described by Gillette *et al.* [1].

Feature	Parameter	Value
Conduction velocities	Transversal CV in myocardium	$CV_{m,t} = 0.3\text{m/s}$
	Longitudinal CV in myocardium	$CV_{m,l} = 0.6\text{m/s}$
	Transversal CV in subendocardial layer	$CV_{se,t} = 1.1\text{m/s}$
	Longitudinal CV in subendocardial layer	$CV_{se,l} = 1.1\text{m/s}$
Initially activated regions	Left ventricular anterior stimulus, Position in ventricular coordinates	$LV_{ant,ab} = 0.3042$ $LV_{ant,rot} = 0.4750$
	Left ventricular anterior stimulus, delay	$LV_{ant,t} = 9.62\text{ms}$
	Left ventricular anterior stimulus, radius	$LV_{ant,r} = 19.29\text{mm}$
	Left ventricular posterior stimulus, Position in ventricular coordinates	$LV_{post,ab} = 0.6250$ $LV_{post,rot} = 0.1500$
	Left ventricular posterior stimulus, delay	$LV_{post,t} = 4.25\text{ms}$
	Left ventricular posterior stimulus, radius	$LV_{post,r} = 14.33\text{mm}$
	Right ventricular stimulus, Position in ventricular coordinates	$RV_{ab} = 0.4208$ $RV_{rot} = 0.7000$
	Right ventricular stimulus, delay	$RV_t = 0\text{ms}$
	Right ventricular stimulus, radius	$RV_r = 19.29\text{mm}$
	Minimum action potential duration at 90% repolarization	$APD_{90,min} = 215.29\text{ms}$
Repolarization	Maximum action potential duration at 90% repolarization	$APD_{90,max} = 381.36\text{ms}$
	g_{ks} scaling factor in apico-basal direction	$f_{gks,ab} = 0.9957$
	g_{ks} scaling factor in transmural direction	$f_{gks,tm} = 0.2276$
	g_{ks} scaling factor in transventricular direction	$f_{gks,tv} = 0.5751$
	g_{ks} scaling factor in circumferential direction	$f_{gks,rot} = 0.4956$
Forward calculation	Torso conductivity	$g_{Torso} = 0.2 \text{ S/m}$

1. Gillette, K.; Gsell, M. A. F.; Prassl, A. J.; Karabelas, E.; Reiter, U.; Reiter, G.; Grandits, T.; Payer, C.; Stern, D.; Urschler, M.; Bayer, J. D.; Augustin, C. M.; Neic, A.; Pock, T.; Vigmond, E. J.; Plank, G., A Framework for the generation of digital twins of cardiac electrophysiology from clinical 12-leads ECGs. *Medical image analysis* **2021**, 71, 102080.