



## Supplementary materials

# Induction by Phenobarbital of Phase I and II Xenobiotic-Metabolizing Enzymes in Bovine Liver: An Overall Catalytic and Immunochemical Characterization

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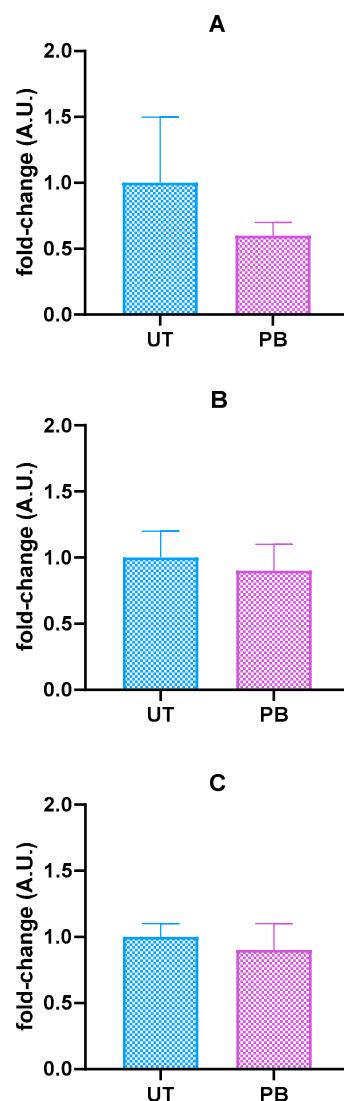
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**Figure S1.** Hepatic nuclear receptors mRNA levels in untreated control (UT, n=3) and phenobarbital-treated cattle (PB, n=4). Total RNA was extracted from cattle liver aliquots; then, constitutive androstane receptor (CAR) (A), pregnane X receptor (PXR) (B), and retinoid X-receptor alpha ( $RXR\alpha$ ) (C) mRNA levels were measured by using a quantitative real-time RT-PCR (qPCR) approach. Data (arithmetic means  $\pm$  SD) are expressed as n-fold change (arbitrary units, A.U.), normalized to  $\Delta\Delta Ct$  mean value of  $\beta$ -actin (ACTB, the chosen internal control gene, ICG), to whom an arbitrary value of 1 was assigned.

**Table S1.** Cytochromes P450 and  $b_5$  content, NADPH cytochrome  $c$  (P450) reductase and NADH cytochrome  $b_5$  reductase activities, and extent of metyrapone binding in untreated control (UT, n = 3) and phenobarbital-treated (PB, n = 4) cattle.

Parameter	UT	PB
total CYP <sup>†</sup>	0.80 ± 0.10	1.63 ± 0.24**
total cytochrome $b_5$ <sup>‡</sup>	0.35 ± 0.13	0.45 ± 0.08
NADPH cytochrome $c$ (P450) reductase <sup>‡</sup>	81.67 ± 10.10	87.38 ± 13.29
NADH cytochrome $b_5$ reduc- tase <sup>‡</sup>	1077.00 ± 108.67	383.50 ± 75.79***
metyrapone binding <sup>†</sup>	0.12 ± 0.03	0.96 ± 0.23**

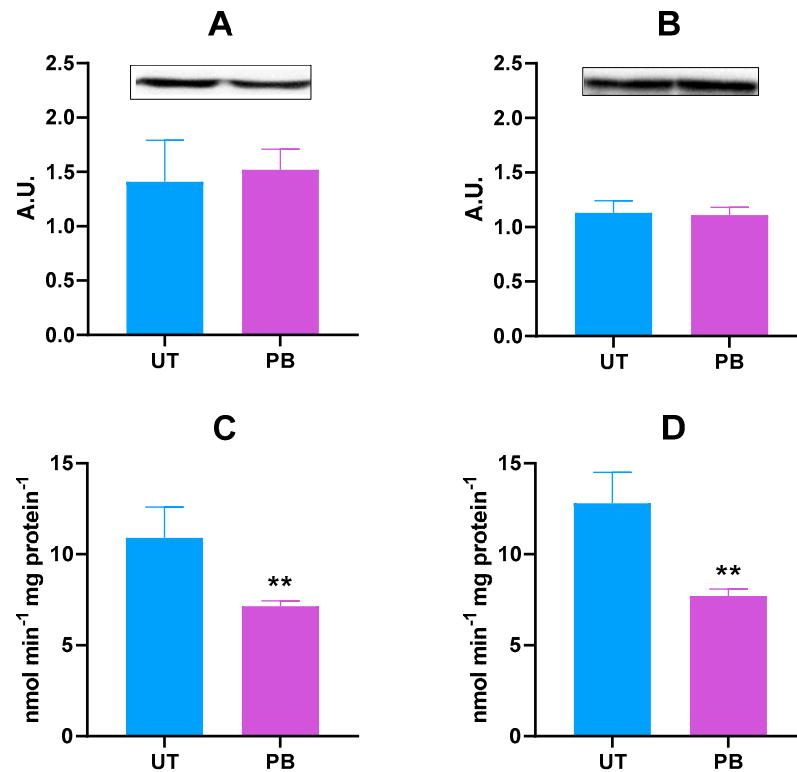
Data are expressed as means ± SD. CYP: cytochrome P450. \*\*  $p < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$  (unpaired  $t$ -test).

<sup>†</sup> nmoles/mg protein. <sup>‡</sup> nmoles/min·mg protein<sup>-1</sup>.

**Table S2.** Cytochrome P450 (CYP) 1A, CYP2A, and CYP2E1 protein expression and *in vitro* metabolism of marker substrates in untreated control (UT, n = 3) and PB-treated (PB, n = 4) cattle.

Parameter	UT	PB
CYP1A expression <sup>†</sup>	214.00 ± 33.50	139.50 ± 25.60*
7-ethoxyresorufin deethyla- tion <sup>‡</sup>	209.72 ± 40.71	138.15 ± 33.01*
7-methoxyresorufin deethyl- ation <sup>‡</sup>	43.60 ± 1.18	165.57 ± 36.59**
benzo[ <i>a</i> ]pyrene hydroxyla- tion <sup>§</sup>	1.22 ± 0.12	2.19 ± 0.35**
7-ethoxycoumarin deethyla- tion <sup>#</sup>	0.71 ± 0.15	1.41 ± 0.29*
CYP2A expression <sup>†</sup>	N.A.	N.A.
coumarin hydroxylation <sup>‡</sup>	104.00 ± 41.00	95.00 ± 75.00
CYP2E1 expression <sup>†</sup>	125.50 ± 34.40	363.30 ± 192.80
Aniline hydroxylation <sup>#</sup>	0.65 ± 0.10	1.37 ± 0.33*
4-Aminophenol hydroxyla- tion <sup>#</sup>	0.28 ± 0.05	0.79 ± 0.14**

Data are expressed as means ± SD. \* p < 0.05; \*\* p < 0.01 (unpaired *t*-test). <sup>†</sup> arbitrary units (A.U.). <sup>‡</sup> pmoles/min·mg protein<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>§</sup> µg quinine/mL. <sup>#</sup> nmoles/min·mg protein<sup>-1</sup>. N.A. not available.



**Figure S2.** Hepatic flavin monooxygenase 1 and 3 (FMO1 and FMO3) protein expression (A-B) and *in vitro* metabolism of marker substrates ethylenethiourea and methimazole (C-D) in untreated control (UT, n=3) and phenobarbital-treated (PB, n=4) cattle. A.U., arbitrary units; ETU, ethylenethiourea; MTZ, methimazole. Data are expressed as arithmetic means  $\pm$  SD. \*\*  $p < 0.01$ ; \*\*\*  $p < 0.001$  (unpaired  $t$ -test).

**Table S3.** *In vitro* metabolism of carboxylesterase and epoxide hydrolase marker substrates in untreated control (UT, n = 3) and phenobarbital-treated (PB, n = 4) cattle.

Parameter	UT	PB
APA hydrolysis <sup>∞</sup>	5.55 ± 0.78	8.18 ± 1.08*
IPA hydrolysis <sup>#</sup>	334.87 ± 83.54	368.72 ± 18.56
PNP hydrolysis <sup>∞</sup>	5.65 ± 2.39	6.69 ± 0.90
<i>trans</i> -stilbene oxide epoxide hydrolysis <sup>#</sup>	2.46 ± 0.08	1.95 ± 0.36

APA:  $\alpha$ -naphthylacetate; IPA: indophenyl acetate; PNP: *p*-nitrophenylacetate. Data are expressed as means ± SD. \*  $p < 0.05$  (unpaired *t*-test). <sup>∞</sup>  $\mu$ moles/min·mg protein<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>#</sup> nmoles/min·mg protein<sup>-1</sup>.

**Table S4.** Gene acronyms, GenBank accession numbers, qPCR primers (references and oligonucleotide sequences) and amplicon size.

Gene	GeneBank ID	Primer reference	5' → 3' primer sequence	Amplicon size (bp)
<i>ACTB</i>	NM_173979	Giantin et al., 2008	F: GTCGACACCGCAACCAGTT R: AAGCCGGCCTTGCACAT	85
<i>CYP2B22</i>	NM_001075173	Giantin et al., 2008	F: GC GGACCTCATCCCCATT R: GTGCCCTTGGGAACGGATGT	80
<i>CYP2C18</i>	NM_001076051	Giantin et al., 2008	F: ATGTTAAGAACATTGGCAAATCCTT R: GGCCATAGGTGTTGAGAGATTG	51
<i>CYP2C31</i>	XM_600421	Giantin et al., 2008	F: TCCCAGGGCACACCATA R: CCTTGCCATCGTGCAGG	56
<i>CYP2C42</i>	XM_612374	Giantin et al., 2008	F: TCCCTGGACATGAACAACCC R: TTGTGCTTTCTGTTCCATCTT	71
<i>CYP3A</i>	NM_174531	Cantiello et al., 2009	F: GCCAGAGCCCAGGGAGTT R: GCAGGTAGACGTAAGGATTATGCT	77
<i>PXR</i>	NM_001103226	Cantiello et al. 2009	F: TGAAGGCCTACATCGAGTTCAAC R: GGCCATGATCTCAGGAACAA	68
<i>CAR</i>	NM_001079768	Cantiello et al. 2009	F: GAAGGACATGATCCTATCGACAGA R: CGTCGCTGGGCCTGTCT	63
<i>RXR<math>\alpha</math></i>	XM_881943	Cantiello et al. 2009	F: GCCTCAATGGTGTCTCAAAG R: AGCTGTACACCCCGTAGTGCTT	120

*ACTB*: β-actin; bp: base pairs; *CAR*, constitutive androstane receptor; *CYP2B22*, cytochrome P450 2B22; *CYP2C18*, cytochrome P450 2C18; *CYP2C31*, cytochrome P450 2C31; *CYP2C42*, cytochrome P450 2C42; *CYP3A*, cytochrome P450 3A; *PXR*, pregnane X receptor; qPCR, quantitative Real time RT-PCR; *RXR $\alpha$* , retinoid X-receptor alpha.