

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Tumor-intrinsic nuclear β -catenin associates with an immune ignorance phenotype and a poorer prognosis in head and neck squamous cell carcinomas

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Supplementary Table S1. Clinicopathological characteristics of the 372 HNSCC patients selected for study.

Characteristic	No. Patients (%)
Age, mean (range)	58.6 (30–86 years)
Tobacco	
Non-smokers	12 (3.5)
Moderate (1-50 packs-year)	207 (55.5)
Heavy (>50 packs-year)	153 (41)
Alcohol	
Non-drinkers	37 (10)
Drinkers	335 (90)
Location	
Oropharynx	241 (65)
Hypopharynx	64 (17)
Larynx	67 (18)
pT classification	
T1	38 (10)
T2	77 (21)
T3	125 (34)
T4	132 (35)
pN classification	
N0	103 (28)
N1	46 (12)
N2	183 (49)
N3	40 (11)
Stage	
I	20 (5)
II	24 (6)
III	64 (17)
IV	264 (71)
Degree of differentiation	
Well-differentiated	147 (39)
Moderately differentiated	148 (40)
Poorly differentiated	77 (21)
Total	372

Supplementary Table S2. Associations of PD-L1 combined proportion score (CPS), nuclear β -catenin expression and CD8+ TIL infiltration with the clinicopathological parameters in the studied cohort of 372 HNSCC patients.

Parameter	Negative PD-L1 CPS (%)	Positive PD-L1 CPS (%)	<i>P</i>	Negative nuclear β -catenin (%)	Positive nuclear β -catenin (%)	<i>P</i>	Low CD8+ TIL (%)	High CD8+ TIL (%)	<i>P</i>
Localization			0.74			0.01			0.8
- Oropharynx	143 (60%)	96 (40%)		200 (83%)	41 (17%)		119 (51%)	115 (49%)	
- Hypopharynx	31 (54%)	26 (46%)		49 (87%)	7 (13%)		28 (48%)	30 (52%)	
- Larynx	35 (60%)	23 (40%)		57 (95%)	3 (5%)		31 (53%)	27 (47%)	
pT classification			0.04			0.6			0.4
- T1-T2	54 (51%)	52 (49%)		91 (84%)	17 (16%)		49 (47%)	55 (53%)	
- T3-T4	155 (62%)	93 (38%)		215 (86%)	34 (14%)		129 (52%)	117 (48%)	
pN classification			0.32			0.35			0.27
- N0	50 (54%)	42 (46%)		85 (88%)	11 (12%)		43 (46%)	51 (54%)	
- N1-3	159 (61%)	103 (39%)		221 (85%)	40 (15%)		135 (53%)	121 (47%)	
Disease stage			0.01			0.03			0.01
- I-II	19 (50%)	19 (50%)		35 (90%)	4 (10%)		15 (39%)	23 (61%)	
- III	28 (45%)	34 (55%)		58 (95%)	3 (5%)		23 (38%)	38 (62%)	
- IV	162 (64%)	92 (36%)		213 (83%)	44 (17%)		140 (56%)	111 (44%)	
Degree of differentiation			0.57			0.06			0.18
- G1	84 (60%)	57 (40%)		121 (86%)	20 (14%)		70 (50%)	69 (50%)	
- G2	84 (61%)	53 (39%)		124 (90%)	14 (10%)		76 (56%)	60 (44%)	
- G3	41 (54%)	35 (46%)		60 (78%)	17 (22%)		32 (43%)	43 (57%)	

Supplementary Table S3. Associations between the type of immune tumor microenvironment (TME) and the clinicopathological parameters.

Parameter	Type I TME (%)	Type II TME (%)	Type III TME (%)	Type IV TME (%)	<i>P</i>
Localization					0.75
- Oropharynx	63 (27%)	88 (38%)	30 (13%)	52 (22%)	
- Hypopharynx	18 (33%)	19 (34%)	7 (13%)	11 (20%)	
- Larynx	17 (31%)	25 (45%)	5 (9%)	8 (15%)	
pT classification					0.04
- T1-T2	33 (33%)	29 (29%)	18 (18%)	20 (20%)	
- T3-T4	65 (27%)	103 (42%)	24 (10%)	51 (21%)	
pN classification					0.42
- N0	29 (33%)	28 (31%)	13 (15%)	19 (21%)	
- N1-3	69 (27%)	104 (41%)	29 (11%)	52 (20%)	
Disease stage					0.01
- I-II	12 (34%)	7 (20%)	7 (20%)	9 (26%)	
- III	24 (40%)	14 (23%)	9 (15%)	13 (22%)	
- IV	62 (25%)	111 (45%)	26 (10%)	49 (20%)	
Degree of differentiation					0.12
- G1	38 (28%)	52 (38%)	18 (13%)	29 (21%)	
- G2	30 (23%)	54 (41%)	20 (15%)	29 (22%)	
- G3	30 (41%)	26 (36%)	4 (5%)	13 (18%)	

Supplementary Figure S1. Kaplan-Meier disease specific (*left*) and overall survival (*right*) curves according to the combined proportion score (CPS) of PD-L1 (A, B) and CD8+ TIL density (C, D). *P* values were estimated using the Log-rank test

