

Biomimetic Robust Starch Composite Films with Super-hydrophobicity and Vivid Structural Colors

Yateng Wang ^{a,b}, Jianru Fan ^a, Hao Zhao ^a, Xiaoming Song ^a, Zhe Ji ^a, Congxia Xie ^a, Fushan Chen ^a, Yao Meng ^{a, b, c*}

^a. College of Marine Science and Biological Engineering, College of Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, Eco-chemical Engineering Cooperative Innovation Center of Shandong, Qingdao University of Science & Technology, Qingdao 266042, PR China

^b Key Laboratory of Pulp and Paper Science & Technology of Ministry of Education, Qilu University of Technology (Shandong Academy of Sciences), Jinan, 250353

^c. State Key Laboratory of Fine Chemicals, Dalian University of Technology, Dalian 116024, PR China

* Corresponding author.

E-mail addresses: mengyao@qust.edu.cn, Qingdao University of Science & Technology, 53# Zhengzhou Rd, Qingdao 266042, PR China.

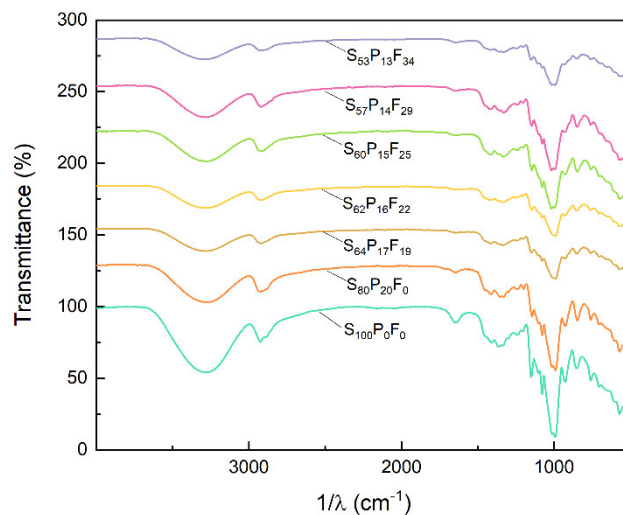


Figure S1. FT-IR spectra of starch-PVA-fiber composite films with different fiber content

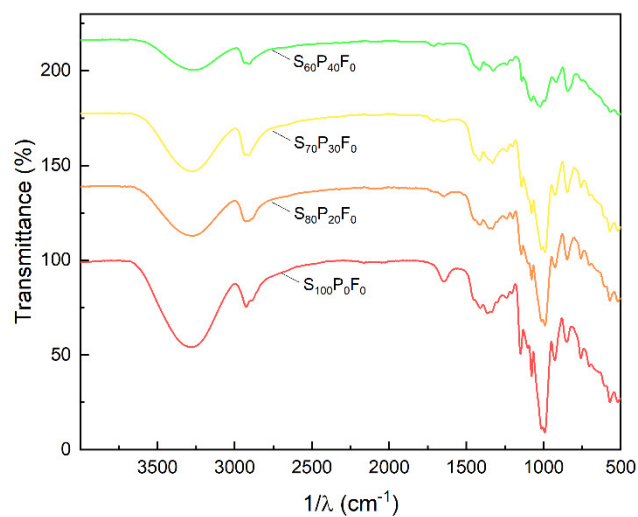


Figure S2. FT-IR spectra of starch-PVA composite films with different PVA content

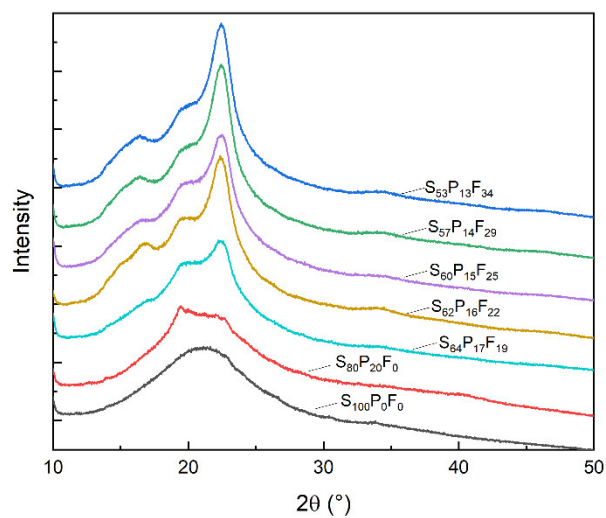


Figure S3. XRD spectra of starch-PVA-fiber composite films with different fiber content

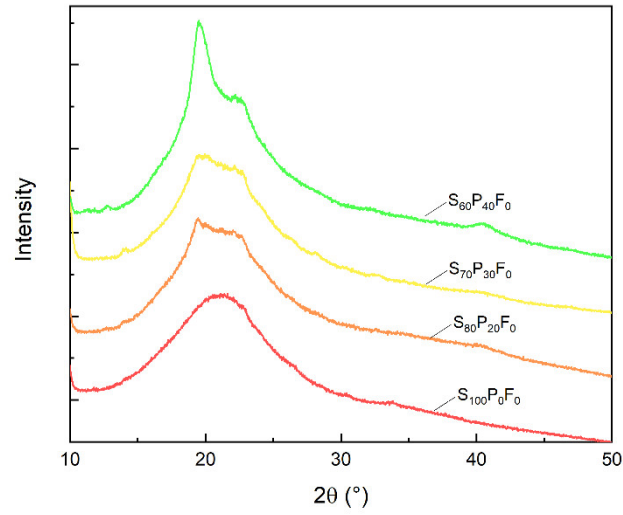


Figure S4. XRD spectra of starch-PVA composite films with different PVA content

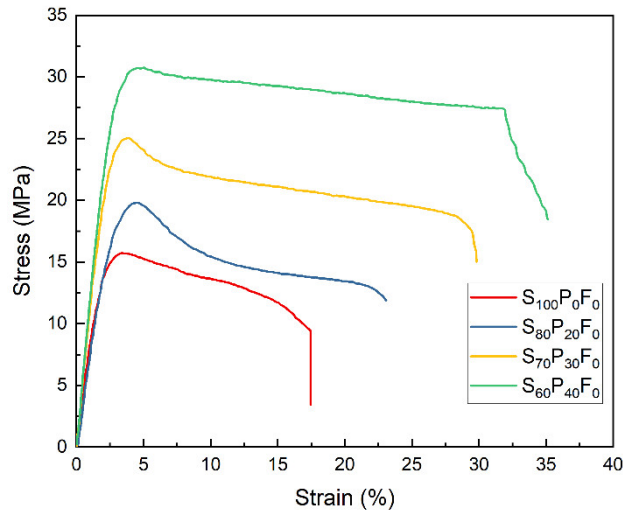


Figure S5. Stress-strain curves of starch-PVA composite films with different PVA content

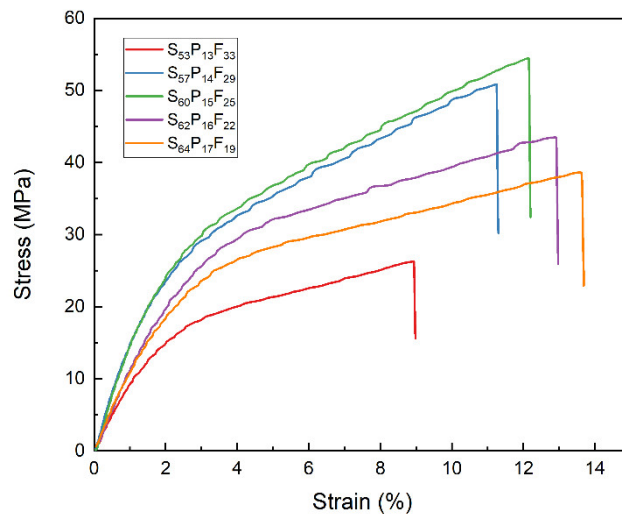


Figure S6. Stress-strain curves of starch-PVA-fiber composite films with different fiber content

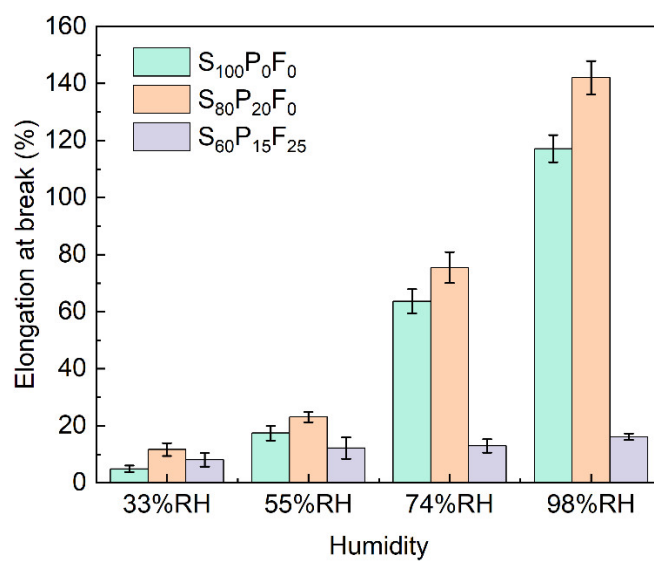


Figure S7. The elongation at break of composite films under different humidity

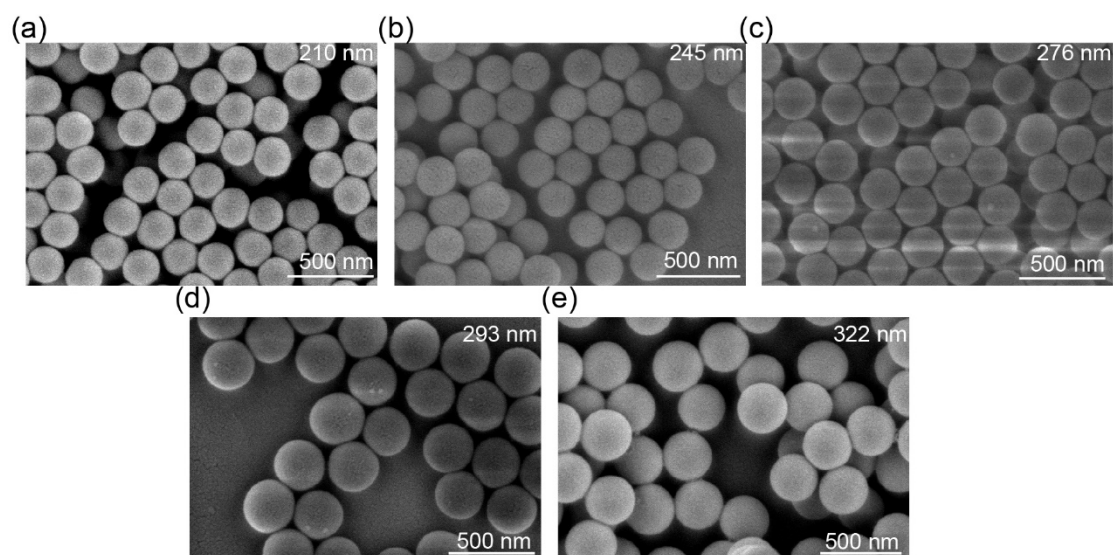


Figure S8. The monodispersed SiO₂ nanoparticles with diameters of (a) 210 nm, (b) 245 nm, (c) 276 nm, (d) 293 nm and (e) 322 nm, respectively.

Table S1. Diameters and Zeta-potential of Six Silica Nanospheres Samples

Sample	NH ₃ ·H ₂ O Dosage (mL)	Size (nm)	PDI	Zeta Potential (mV)
(a)	5	210	0.037	-33.8
(b)	10	245	0.026	-31.1
(c)	15	276	0.019	-35.3
(d)	20	293	0.030	-39.3
(e)	25	322	0.041	-42.6

Table S2. Coding nformation and formulation of composite films

Code	Starch (o.d.) / g	PVA (o.d.) / g	Fiber (o.d.) / g	Glycerol (o.d.) ^a / g
S ₁₀₀ P ₀ F ₀	10.00	0	0	2.00
S ₈₀ P ₂₀ F ₀	8.00	2.00	0	1.60
S ₇₀ P ₃₀ F ₀	7.00	3.00	0	1.40
S ₆₀ P ₄₀ F ₀	6.00	4.00	0	1.20
S ₆₄ P ₁₇ F ₁₉	6.40	1.70	1.90	1.28
S ₆₂ P ₁₆ F ₂₂	6.20	1.60	2.20	1.24
S ₆₀ P ₁₅ F ₂₅	6.00	1.50	2.50	1.20
S ₅₇ P ₁₄ F ₂₉	5.70	1.40	2.90	1.14
S ₅₃ P ₁₃ F ₃₄	5.30	1.30	3.40	1.06
S ₅₂ P ₂₃ F ₂₅	5.20	2.30	2.50	1.04
S ₄₅ P ₃₀ F ₂₅	4.50	3.00	2.50	0.90

a: the addition of glycerol was based on mass (o.d.) of potato starch.

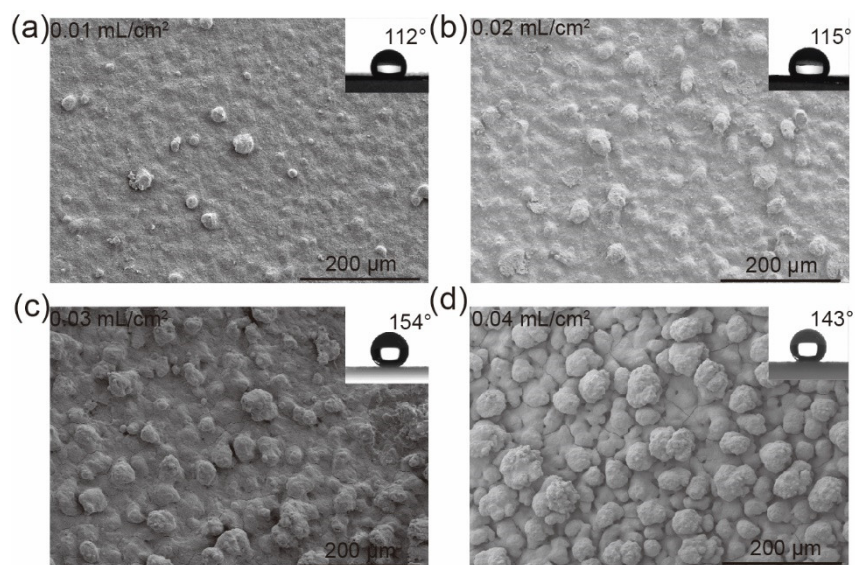


Figure S9. The surface morphology and CAs changes of the SPF films with different spraying quantity of SiO₂/ethanol dispersion.

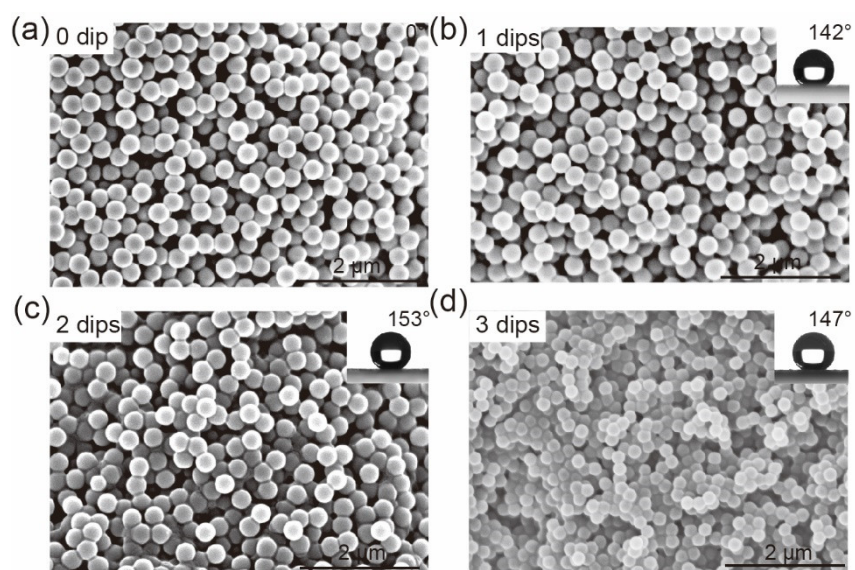


Figure S10. The surface morphology and CAs changes of the SPF films with different dipping times in PDMS/n-hexane dispersion.

The video of the dripping water was listed in Video S1.