

Figure S1. Fluorescence quenching spectra of BSA incubated with different concentrations of gliclazide (0–14 μM) in the presence of (A) amlodipine besylate (AML) and (B) atenolol (ATN) at excitation 280 nm, and corresponding Stern–Volmer plots (C, D).

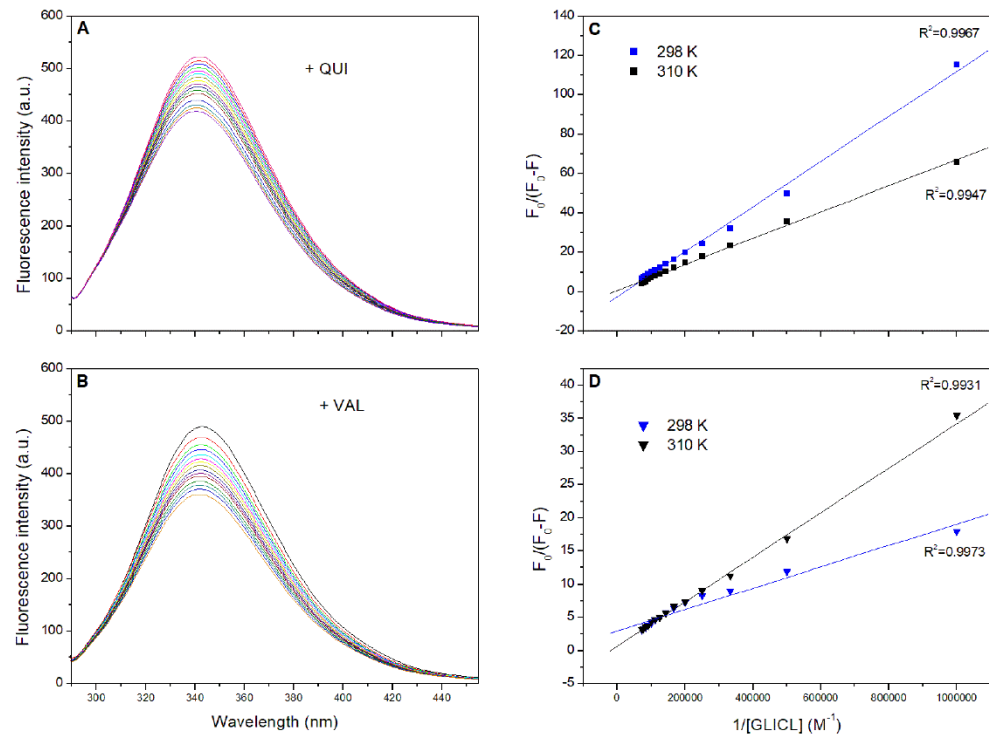


Figure S2. Fluorescence quenching spectra of BSA incubated with different concentrations of gliclazide (0–14 μM) in the presence of (A) quinapril hydrochloride (QUI) and (B) valsartan (VAL) at excitation 280 nm, and corresponding Stern–Volmer plots (C, D).

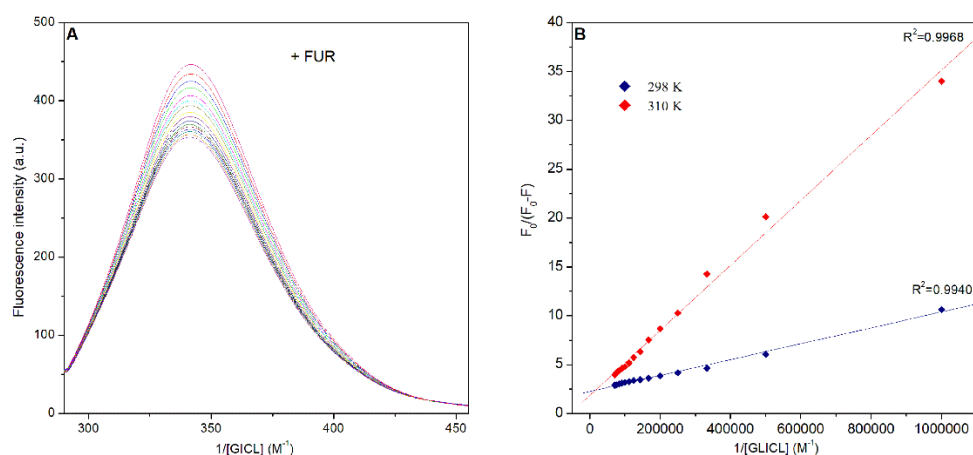


Figure S3. (A) Fluorescence quenching spectra of BSA incubated with different concentrations of gliclazide (0–14 μM) in the presence of furosemide (FUR) at excitation 280 nm, and corresponding Stern–Volmer plot (B).

Table S1. The effect of the ligands (ATN, AML, QUI, VAL, and FUR) on the α -helix content of the BSA–GLICL complex after incubation at 310 K. Molar ratio (BSA):(Ligand) = 1:4, (BSA):(GLICL) = 1:7.

BSA Complex	α -Helix Content (%)	Decreased α -Helix (%)
BSA	68.7	-
BSA-ATN	68.2	0.5
BSA-ATN-GLICL	66.5	2.2
BSA-VAL	67.7	1.0
BSA-VAL-GLICL	65.2	3.5
BSA-AML	68.0	0.7
BSA-AML-GLICL	65.1	3.6
BSA-FUR	67.3	1.3
BSA-FUR-GLICL	64.8	3.9
BSA-QUI	67.6	1.1
BSA-QUI-GLICL	63.1	5.6