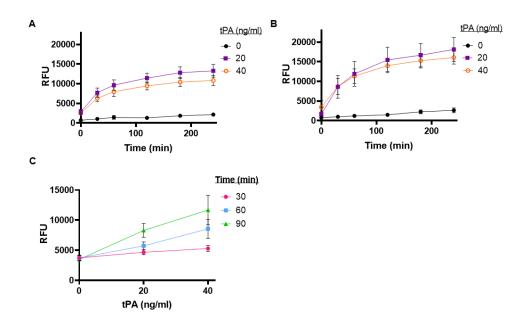
Role of shear stress and tPA concentration in the fibrinolytic potential of thrombi Whyte et al.



Supplementary Figure 1 – Chandler model thrombi formed at different rotation times. Whole-blood model thrombi containing FITC-fibrinogen were formed by rotation for (A) 90 or (B) 60 min in the presences or absences of 20 ng/ml or 40 ng/ml added tPA (C) Serum collected after formation of thrombi under rotation for 90, 60 or 30. Fibrinolysis was measured as fluorescence release (RFU). Data shown are mean \pm SEM (n= 7).