

Supplementary materials for

Impact of SMTP targeting plasminogen and soluble epoxide hydrolase on thrombolysis, inflammation, and ischemic stroke

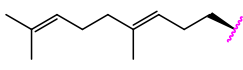
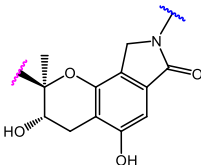
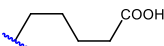
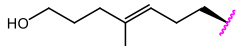
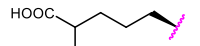
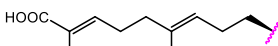
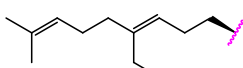
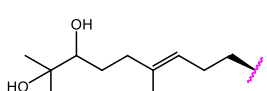
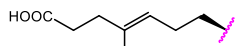
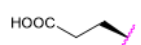
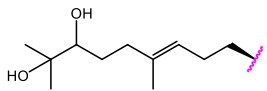
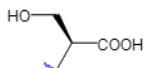
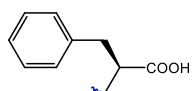
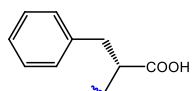
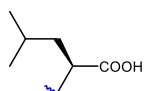
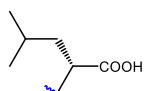
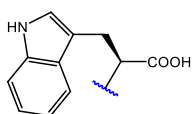
Keiji Hasumi ^{1,2, *} and Eriko Suzuki ¹

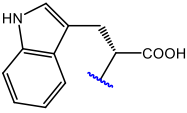
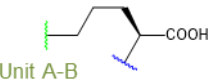
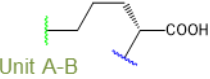
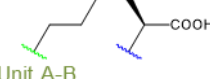
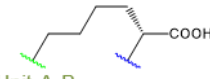
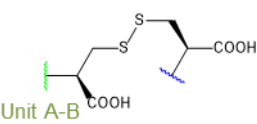
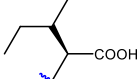
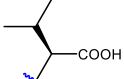
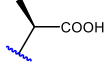
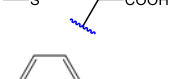
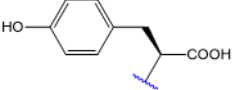
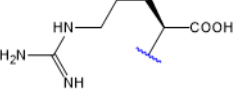
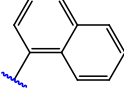
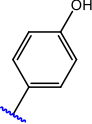
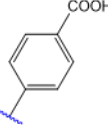
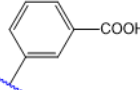
¹ Department of Applied Biological Science, Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology, Tokyo 183-8509, Japan; hasumi@cc.tuat.ac.jp (K.H.) and ersuzuki@cc.tuat.ac.jp (E.S.)

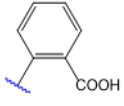
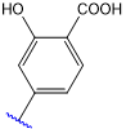
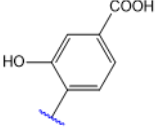
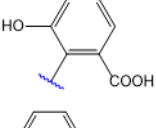
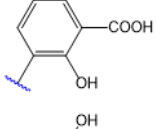
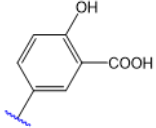
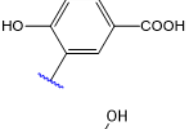
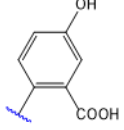
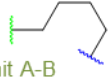
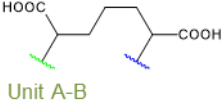
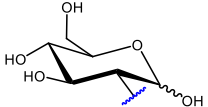
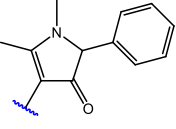
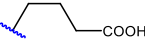
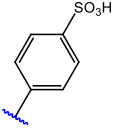
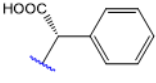
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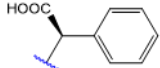
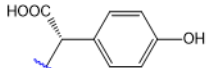
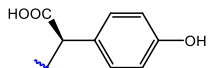
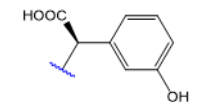
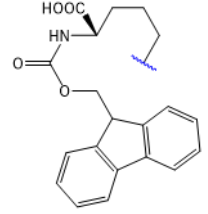
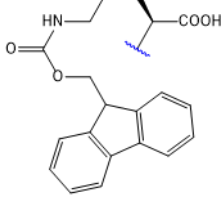
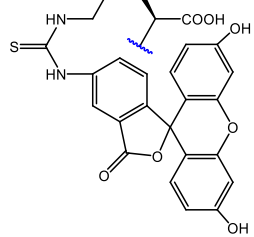
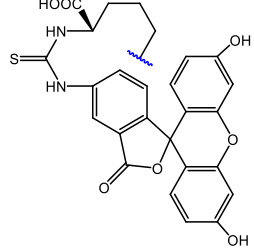
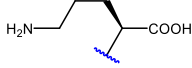
* Correspondence: hasumi@cc.tuat.ac.jp; Tel.: +81-42-367-5710 (K.H.)

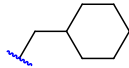
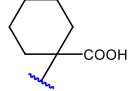
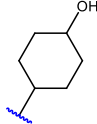
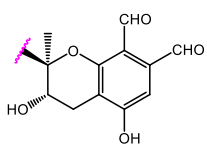
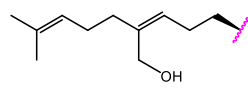
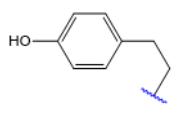
Table S1. The SMTP congeners.

Entry	Designation	Isoprene side chain	Core unit	N-linked side chain	Remarks	Ref.
1	Staplabin	 (Unit A)	 (Unit B)		Prototype	[49]
2	SMTP-0	A	B		Simplest	[55]
3	SMTP-0a		B			[60]
4	SMTP-0b		B			[60]
5	SMTP-0c		B			[60]
6	SMTP-0d		B			[60]
7	SMTP-0e		B			[60]
8	SMTP-0f		B			[60]
9	SMTP-0g		B			[60]
10	SMTP-1	A	B			[50]
11	SMTP-2		B			[50]
12	SMTP-3	A	B			[51]
13	SMTP-4	A	B			[51]
14	SMTP-4D	A	B			[54]
15	SMTP-5	A	B			[51]
16	SMTP-5D	A	B			[54]
17	SMTP-6	A	B			[51]

18	SMTP-6D	A	B		[54]
19	SMTP-7	A	B		Intensively characterized [52]
20	SMTP-7D	A	B		[54]
21	SMTP-8	A	B		Potent [52]
22	SMTP-8D	A	B		[54]
23	SMTP-9	A	B		[19]
24	SMTP-10	A	B		[56]
25	SMTP-11	A	B		[56]
26	SMTP-12	A	B		[56]
27	SMTP-13	A	B		[56]
28	SMTP-14	A	B		[56]
29	SMTP-15	A	B		[56]
30	SMTP-16	A	B		[56]
31	SMTP-18	A	B		[57]
32	SMTP-19	A	B		Potent [57]
33	SMTP-20	A	B		[57]

34	SMTP-21	A	B		[57]
35	SMTP-22	A	B		Potent [57]
36	SMTP-23	A	B		[57]
37	SMTP-24	A	B		[57]
38	SMTP-25	A	B		Potent [57]
39	SMTP-26	A	B		[57]
40	SMTP-27	A	B		[57]
41	SMTP-28	A	B		[57]
42	SMTP-30	A	B		[19]
43	SMTP-31	A	B		[19]
44	SMTP-33	A	B		[56]
45	SMTP-38	A	B		[56]
46	SMTP-40	A	B		[56]
47	SMTP-42	A	B		[56]
48	SMTP-43	A	B		Potent [58]

49	SMTP-43D	A	B		[58]
50	SMTP-44	A	B		[58]
51	SMTP-44D	A	B		Well-characterized [58]
52	SMTP-45D	A	B		[58]
53	SMTP-46	A	B		Fluorescent probe Patent 9
54	SMTP-47	A	B		Fluorescent probe Patent 9
55	SMTP-48	A	B		Fluorescent probe Patent 10
56	SMTP-49	A	B		Fluorescent probe Patent 10
57	SMTP-50	A	B		Affinity ligand [25]
58	SMTP-52	A	B		[20]
59	SMTP-54	A	B		[59]
60	SMTP-55	A	B		[59]

61	SMTP-57	A	B			[20]
62	SMTP-58	A	B			[20]
63	SMTP-60	A	B			[20]
64	SMTP-61	A	B			[20]
65	SMTP-62	A	B			[20]
66	Pre-SMTP	A		—	Biosynthesis precursor	[59]
67	Stachybotrin A		B (possibly)		Possibly identical to SMTP-0d	[84]
68	Stachybotrin B	A	B (possibly)		Possibly identical to SMTP-0	[84]
69	Stachybotrin C	A	B		Identified as a neuritogenic	[85]

The following is the structure of unit A-B:

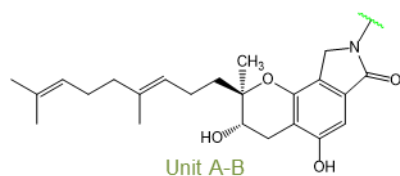


Table S2. The search for bioactive molecules leading to the discovery of the concept of zymogen modulator.

Screening	Target system	Compound identified	Mechanism
1	Plasminogen-cell binding	Complestatin [47] Chloropeptin I [48]	Zymogen modulation (plasminogen) [101]
2	Plasminogen-fibrin binding	SMTP/staplablin Thioplabin [100] Stachybotrydial [89]	Zymogen modulation (plasminogen) [19,90,101]
3	Cell-mediated fibrinolysis in plasma	Plactins [105,106] Malformins [S1,S2]	Zymogen modulation (prothrombin [107] and pro-PHBP [108]) Altered plasminogen localization [S3,S4]
4	Vascular endothelial cell-surface generation of plasmin	Chaetoglobosin A [S5] Crinipellin B [S5] Geodin [S5] Triticone B [S5] 11-Keto-9(<i>E</i>),12(<i>E</i>)-octadecadienoic acid [S6]	Induction of u-PA [S5] PAI-1 inactivation [S5] PAI-1 inactivation [S5] PAI-1 inhibition [S5] PAI-1 inhibition [S7]
5	Reciprocal activation of plasminogen and scu-PA	Surfactins [102] and iturins [103] Glucosyldiacylglycerol [104]	Zymogen modulation (plasminogen) [102] Zymogen modulation (scu-PA) [104]

PHBP, plasma hyaluronan-binding protein; PAI-1, plasminogen activator inhibitor-1; scu-PA, single-chain urokinase-type plasminogen activator.

References to Table S2

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