Supplementary material

Recombinant tissue plasminogen activator (r-TPA) induces in-vitro human

neutrophil migration via low density lipoprotein receptor-related protein 1

(LRP-1)

Luca Liberale^{1,2*}, Maria Bertolotto^{2*}, Silvia Minetti², Paola Contini³, Daniela Verzola⁴,

Pietro Ameri^{5,6}, Giorgio Ghigliotti^{5,6}, Aldo Pende^{5,7}, Giovanni G. Camici¹, Federico

Carbone^{2,5}, Fabrizio Montecucco^{2,5}

¹ Center for Molecular Cardiology, University of Zürich, Wagistrasse 12, 8952 Schlieren,

Switzerland. ² First Clinic of Internal Medicine, Department of Internal Medicine, University

of Genoa, 6 Viale Benedetto XV, 16132 Genoa, Italy. ³ Clinical Immunology, Department of

Internal Medicine, University of Genoa, 6 viale Benedetto XV, 16132 Genoa, Italy, 4 Division

of Nephrology, Dialysis and Transplantation, Department of Internal Medicine, University of

Genoa, 6 Viale Benedetto XV, 16132 Genoa, Italy. ⁵ IRCCS Ospedale Policlinico San

Martino Genoa – Italian Cardiovascular Network, 10 Largo Benzi, 16132, Genoa, Italy. ⁶

Laboratory of Cardiovascular Biology, IRCCS Ospedale Policlinico San Martino &

Department of Internal Medicine, University of Genoa, Genoa, Italy. 7 Clinic of Emergency

Medicine, Department of Emergency Medicine, University of Genoa, Genoa, Italy.

* These authors equally contributed as first author.

Running title: r-TPA favours neutrophil migration

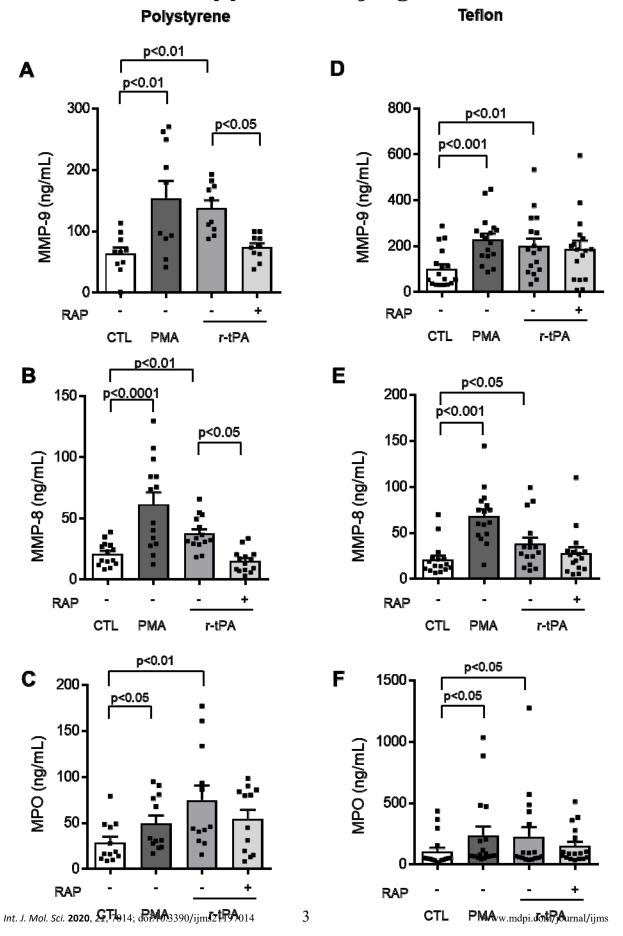
Corresponding Author: Fabrizio Montecucco, MD, PhD, First Clinic of Internal Medicine,

Department of Internal Medicine, University of Genoa, 6 viale Benedetto XV, 13132 Genova.

Tel: +39 010 353 8694; Fax: +39 010 353 8686; E-mail: fabrizio.montecucco@unige.it

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Supplementary figure1



Suppl. Figure 1: Pre-treatment with receptor-associated protein (RAP) reduces recombinant tissue plasminogen activator (r-tpA)-induced human neutrophil degranulation under adhesion conditions. Cells under adherent (polysterene dishes, A-C) or suspension (Teflon™ dishes, D-E) were pre-treated for 1 hour with control medium (CTL) or 0.5 μM RAP and then stimulated with 0.1 mg/mL r-tPA or 10 ng/mL phorbol myristate acetate (PMA) as positive control for 30 minutes. Degranulation products metalloproteinases (MMP)-9 (A, D), MMP-8 (B, E) and myeloperoxidase MPO (C, F) were quantified by ELISA in the cell surnatants. Data are expressed as mean ± 1SD, n=11-17.