## Serum Tau Proteins as Potential Biomarkers for the Assessment of Alzheimer's Disease Progression

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**Figure S1.** Total tau protein levels in human serum are correlated with Global Deterioration Scale (GDS) scores but not with age. Correlations of serum **A**) t-tau, **B**) p-tau (S202), and **C**) p-tau (S202)/t-tau with GDS were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. Correlations of serum **D**) t-tau, **E**) p-tau (S202), and **F**) p-tau (S202)/t-tau with CDR-SOB were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. Graphs show regression lines with 95% confidence intervals. Serum t-tau levels were correlated with GDS scores. Correlation of serum **G**) t-tau and **H**) p-tau (S202) with age were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test.



**Figure S2.** Enrichment and characterization of exosomes. **A**)Workflow of the neuronal cell-derived exosome (NEX) enrichment protocol. **B**) Workflow of the tissue exosome (tEX) enrichment protocol. **C**) Exosome (EX) particle size was measured using NanoSight. **D**) NEX enrichment was validated by Western blotting for the exosome marker CD63 and neuronal marker NCAML1. NEX, neuronal cell derived exosome-enriched fraction; EX-NEX, exosomes except NEX fraction. **E**) TEM image of exosomes.



**Figure S3.** Phosphorylated tau protein levels in human neuronal cell-derived exosomes are correlated with GDS and Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR)-Sum of Boxes (SOB) scores but not with age. Correlations of hNEX **A**) t-tau, **B**) p-tau (S202), and **C**) p-tau (S202)/t-tau with GDS scores were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. Correlation of hNEX **D**) t-tau, **E**) p-tau (S202), and **F**) p-tau (S202)/t-tau with CDR-SOB scores were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. Graphs show regression lines with 95% confidence intervals. hNEX p-tau (S202) levels were correlated with GDS and CDR-SOB scores. The correlations of hNEX C) t-tau and **D**) p-tau (S202) with age were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. There were no correlations between tau proteins and age.



**Figure S4.** Phosphorylated tau (T181) and amyloid beta levels are not elevated in serum and neuronal cell-derived exosomes of Alzheimer's disease patients. **A**) Phosphorylated tau (p-tau (T181)), **B**) amyloid beta (A $\beta_{1-42}$ ), and **C**) p-tau (T181)/A $\beta_{1-42}$  ratio in human serum were quantified using ELISA. Serum A $\beta_{1-42}$  levels were significantly lower in the Mild-AD group than the MCI group. **D**) p-tau (T181)/A $\beta_{1-42}$  in hNEX were quantified using ELISA. There were no differences between groups. All data were shown as means ± SEM. *### p* < 0.001 compared to the MCI group by one-way ANOVA and Bonferroni's multiple comparison test. The correlations of serum A $\beta_{1-42}$  with **G**) MMSE, **H**) GDS, and C) CDR-SOB were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. Graphs show regression lines with 95% confidence intervals. There was no correlation between serum A $\beta_{1-42}$  and cognition test scores.



**Figure S5.** Phosphorylated tau (S202) protein levels in human neuronal cell-derived exosomes are lower in female AD patients. Comparison of serum **A**) t-tau, **B**) p-tau (S202), **C**) p-tau (T181) and **D**) A $\beta_{1-42}$  between male and female AD patients. Comparisons of hNEX, **E**) t-tau, **F**) p-tau (S202), **G**) p-tau (T181), and **H**) A $\beta_{1-42}$  between male and female AD patients. hNEX p-tau (S202) levels were lower in female patients than male patients. All data were shown as means ± SEM. \* *p* < 0.05 compared to males by Mann–Whitney test.



**Figure S6.** Phosphorylated tau protein levels in human serum and neuronal cell-derived exosomes are correlated with  $\Delta$ MMSE scores. Correlations of serum **A**) t-tau, **B**) p-tau (S202), **C**) p-tau (T181), and **D**) A $\beta_{1-42}$  with  $\Delta$ MMSE were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. Correlations of hNEX **A**) t-tau, **B**) p-tau (S202), **C**) p-tau (T181), and **D**) A $\beta_{1-42}$  with  $\Delta$ MMSE were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. Correlations of hNEX **A**) t-tau, **B**) p-tau (S202), **C**) p-tau (T181), and **D**) A $\beta_{1-42}$  with  $\Delta$ MMSE were assessed using the nonparametric Spearman's rank correlation test. Serum p-tau (S202) levels were correlated with  $\Delta$ MMSE scores.



**Figure S7.** Total tau and phosphorylated tau protein expression levels in neuronal cell-derived exosomes increase with Alzheimer's disease severity. Total tau and phosphorylated tau protein expression levels in hNEX were validated by Western blot. **A**) Representative Western blot. Relative expression levels of **B**) t-tau, **C**) hyper-phosphorylated tau (p-tau (S202, T205)), **D**) p-tau (T181), **E**) p-tau (T231), and F) NCAML1 as well as **G**) p-tau (S202, T205)/t-tau ratio, H) p-tau (T181)/t-tau ratio, and I) p-tau (T231)/t-tau ratio in hNEX. hNEX t-tau and p-tau (T181)/t-tau were higher in the Mild-AD group than the AMC group. hNEX p-tau (S202, T205) was higher in the Mild-AD group than the AMC and MCI groups. All data were shown as means ± SEM, and each experiment was repeated five times (*n* = 9 per group). \* *p* < 0.05 and \*\* *p* < 0.01 compared to the AMC group, and \**p* < 0.05 and \*\* *p* < 0.01 compared to the AMC group test.



**Figure S8.** Characterization of JNPL3 mice. **A)** Representative genotyping. 4-month-old wild type mice (4M-WT, n = 14), 4-month-old JNPL3 mice (4M-Tg, n = 14), 15-month-old wild type mice (15M-WT, n = 17) and 15-month-old JNPL3 mice (15M-Tg, n = 19). B-l) Expression of the hyper-phosphorylated tau marker AT8 was evaluated using immunohistochemistry (n = 3 per group). **B**) 4M-WT, **C**) 4M-Tg, **D**) 15M-WT, and **E**) 15M-Tg at low magnification (40×). High magnification (200×) images of **a-c**) hippocampus and **d-f**) cortex in 4M-Tg mice, and **g-i**) hippocampus and **j-l**) cortex in 15M-Tg mice.