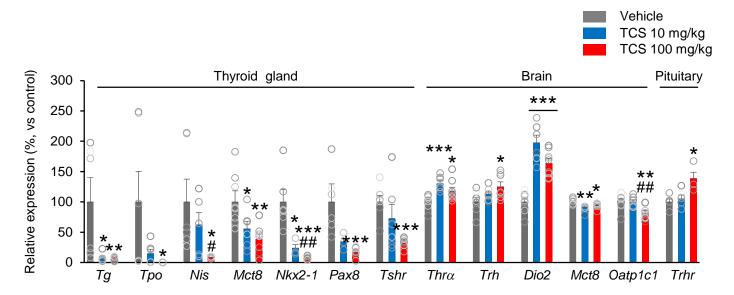
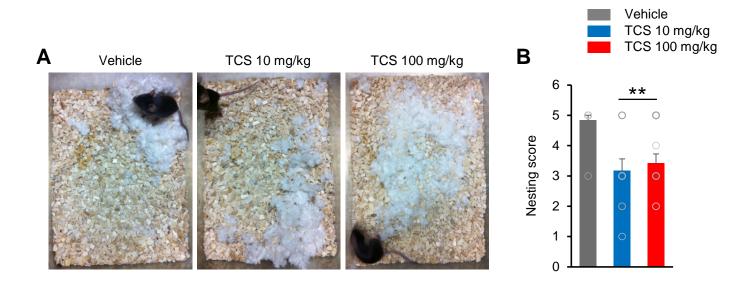


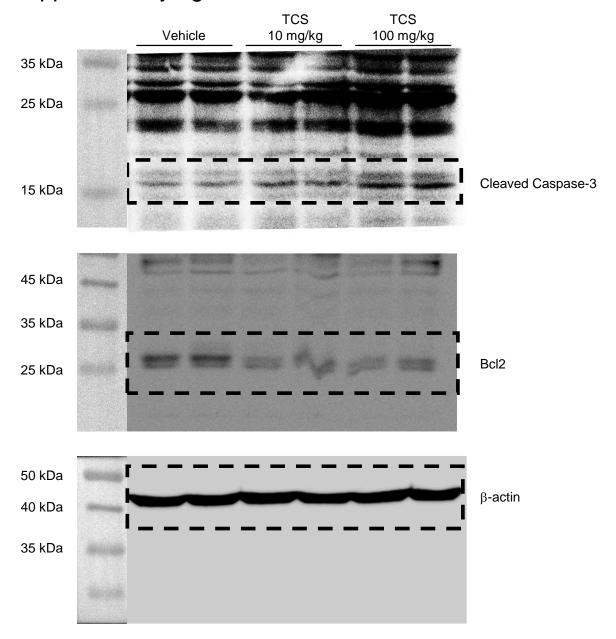
Supplementary figure 1. Impair of TCS on the growth of offspring mice. (A) The body weight of offspring mice at PND1. At dose 100 mg/kg, TCS-exposure showed significantly decreased the birth weight compare to vehicle group. There was no change in TCS 10 mg/kg group and vehicle group. (B) The numbers of per litter were significantly decreased in the TCS-treated groups compared to the vehicle group. (C) The body weight of offspring mice was weekly assessed. TCS 100 mg/kg group delayed the offspring growth and development compared to vehicle group. (D) Brain weight of offspring mice at PND 119. There was significantly decreased in the brain weight in TCS 100 mg/kg group compare to vehicle. (E) Ratio of brain weight to the whole bodyweight at PND 119. TCS-groups showed significant decreased in the ratio of brain weight to whole body weight compared to vehicle group. Total brain caspase-3 and Bcl2 protein content of adult offspring mice were analyzed through Western blotting, using β-actin as loading control. (F) Representation of western blots. (G) Quantification of **F**. There were markedly higher in the protein level of cleaved caspase-3 in TCS 100 mg/kg group compared to the TCS 10 and vehicle groups. The expressions of Bcl2 protein were significantly lower in both TCS-treated groups. n= 10 mice (4 male, 6 female) for vehicle, 6 mice (4 male, 2 female) for TCS 10 mg/kg, 9 mice (5 male, 4 female) for TCS 100 mg/kg). Data represent mean ± SEM. Data represent mean ± SEM. Statistical significance was determined by one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction. \*p < 0.05 vs. vehicle, \*p < 0.01 vs. vehicle, \*\*\*p < 0.001 vs. vehicle, \*#p < 0.01TCS 10 mg/kg vs. TCS 100 mg/kg. Treatments: corn oil; vehicle, TCS; 10 mg/kg/day, TCS; 100 mg/kg.



Supplementary figure 2. Impair of TCS on thyroid development and function in mice. Gene expression assessed by realtime quantitative PCR and normalized to *GAPDH* mRNA content in thyroids, brains and pituitary of offspring mice. Thyroid expression of Tg, Tpo, Nis, Mct8, Nkx2-1, Pax8 and Tshr mRNA levels were reduced in TCS-treated groups compared to vehicle group. Brain Thro, Trh, and Dio2 mRNA levels were higher in TCS-treated groups compared to vehicle group. Whereas, brain Mct8 and Oapt1c1 mRNA levels were lower in TCS-treated group compared to vehicle group (n= 10 mice (4 male, 6 female) for vehicle, 6 mice (4 male, 2 female) for TCS 10 mg/kg, 9 mice (5 male, 4 female) for TCS 100 mg/kg). Pituitary Trhr mRNA content was increased in TCS 100 mg/kg group compared to vehicle group. n= 5 mice (3 male, 2 female) for vehicle, 4 mice (2 male, 2 female) for TCS 10 mg/kg, 5 mice (3 male, 3 female) for TCS 100 mg/kg. Data represent mean  $\pm$  SEM. Data represent mean  $\pm$  SEM. Statistical significance was determined by one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction.  $^*p < 0.05$  vs. vehicle,  $^*p < 0.01$  vs. vehicle,  $^{***}p < 0.001$  vs. vehicle.  $^*p < 0.05$  TCS 10 mg/kg vs. TCS 100 mg/kg. Treatments: corn oil; vehicle, TCS; 10 mg/kg/day, TCS; 100 mg/kg.



Supplementary figure 3. Impair of TCS on nesting-building behavior in offspring mice. (A) Representative images showed the built nest after 12 h after introduction of nesting material. (B) Nesting score (mean  $\pm$  s.e.m.) represents the amount of nesting material used and shape of the nest during the 12-h test period. Score 1 represents an almost untouched nestlet, for score 3 >50% was shredded but not into a specific nest shape, and score 5 represents an almost perfect nest were >90% of the nestlet was used to build the nest as a crater and the walls were higher than the mouse body height. Data represent mean  $\pm$  SEM. Data represent mean  $\pm$  SEM. Statistical significance was determined by one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction. n= 14 mice (8 male, 6 female) for vehicle, 11 mice (8 male, 3 female) for TCS 10 mg/kg, 13 mice (8 male, 5 female) for TCS 100 mg/kg. \*\*p < 0.01 vs. vehicle. Treatments: corn oil; vehicle, TCS; 10 mg/kg/day, TCS; 100 mg/kg.



**Supplementary figure 4.** Western blot images. Western blot images for supplementary figure 1E.

#### **Supplementary Table 1.** Primers used for gene expression analysis through Real-Time PCR.

	Forward	Reverse 45
Tg	ACAGCATTGAAAGGGCGGTA	ATACAAGGTGGTGTCCGCTG
Tpo	GCAGGTGGACACATGCTGATA	CTGGATCCACTTGCAGGTTC
Nis	CCAGTACCTAGAACTGCGCTT	ATGTCCAACCCGGTCACTTG
Mct8	CTTCGGCTGGATAGTGGTGT	GACCCATGCTGCTTGGAACT
Nkx2-1	AACAGAAGTACCTGTCGGCG	CTTAGCCTGGCGCTTCATCT
Pax8	ACTCGATCAGATCCGGCCAT	AATATCACAGGGCCTCACGC
Tshr	CAAAGCTGGATGCTGTTTACCT	GATTTGTGCCTGGTGGAAATCA
$Thr\alpha$	AAGCTGCTGATGAAGGAGAGAG	CCTGAACAACATGCATTCCGA
Trh	TTGGTGCTGCCTTAGATTCCT	GGCTCCCACTTCTCCCAAAT
Dio 2	AACCAAGAGGACCGATGTGC	CGTTCAAAGGCTACCCCGTA
Oatp1c1	TGTAGGGGATTCCAGCTCCT	GTCTGCACACACCCGATGTA
Trhr	CTATGGACATGCTGGCTGCT	CGATGTACCTCTCCACAGTGA
GAPDH	AAGGTCATCCCAGAGCTGAA	AGGAGACAACCTGGTCCTCA

Test	Duration	Measurement	Number of animals		Values	Statistical test
Morris water maze	1 min	Escape latency (sec)  Platform crossing  Distance move (cm)	VE = 18 TCS10 = 11 TCS100 = 17	Day9 Day8 Day7 Day6 Day5 Day4 Day3 Day2 Day1	$VE = 36.79 \pm 2.63$ $TCS10 = 47.39 \pm 2.76$ $TCS100 = 49.51 \pm 2.27$ $VE = 13.07 \pm 1.08$ $TCS10 = 31.70 \pm 2.74$ $TCS100 = 17.93 \pm 1.88$ $VE = 8.64 \pm 0.73$ $TCS10 = 16.66 \pm 2.31$ $TCS100 = 15.32 \pm 1.90$ $VE = 6.47 \pm 0.55$ $TCS10 = 11.64 \pm 1.67$ $TCS100 = 9.72 \pm 1.09$ $VE = 7.10 \pm 0.34$ $TCS10 = 11.59 \pm 1.54$ $TCS100 = 9.54 \pm 0.82$ $VE = 6.14 \pm 0.45$ $TCS10 = 8.55 \pm 0.87$ $TCS100 = 8.47 \pm 0.86$ $VE = 5.22 \pm 0.44$ $TCS10 = 8.59 \pm 0.72$ $TCS100 = 6.66 \pm 0.40$ $VE = 6.47 \pm 0.49$ $TCS10 = 8.66 \pm 0.40$ $VE = 3.57 \pm 0.30$ $TCS10 = 8.07 \pm 0.98$ $TCS100 = 5.87 \pm 0.64$ $VE = 6.06 \pm 0.45$ $TCS100 = 4.45 \pm 0.45$ $TCS100 = 4.70 \pm 0.32$ $VE = 730.64 \pm 25.90$ $TCS10 = 681.77 \pm 22.86$	One-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction test
		Velocity (cm/s)			$TCS100 = 713.50 \pm 19.54$ $VE = 12.17 \pm 0.42$ $TCS10 = 11.32 \pm 0.37$ $TCS100 = 11.94 \pm 0.31$	
Novel object recognition	10 min	Recognition index (%)	VE = 18 TCS10 = 9 TCS100 = 14	-	VE; Familiar = $45.97 \pm 1.71$ VE; Novel = $54.03 \pm 1.71$ TCS10; Familiar = $48.00 \pm 1.62$ TCS10; Novel = $52.00 \pm 1.62$ TCS100; Familiar = $49.39 \pm 1.82$ TCS100; Novel = $50.61 \pm 1.82$	Two-tailed Student's t test

Social behavior	10 min	Time spent in chamber (sec)	VE = 18 TCS10 = 11 TCS100 = 17	Sociability	VE; Empty = $153.83 \pm 5.59$ VE; Stranger I = $274.15 \pm 8.67$ TCS10; Empty = $186.19 \pm 11.16$ TCS10; Stranger I = $237.18 \pm 16.23$ TCS100; Empty = $151.51 \pm 7.40$ TCS100; Stranger I = $251.19 \pm 13.90$	Two-tailed Student's t test
				Social novelty	VE; Stranger I = 149.92 ± 14.48 VE; Stranger II = 220.07 ± 15.36 TCS10; Stranger I = 207.47 ± 11.56 TCS10; Stranger II = 192.23 ± 19.74 TCS100; Stranger I = 183.92 ± 6.94 TCS100; Stranger II = 212.21 ± 13.12	
Open field	5 min	Time in center (sec)  Number of entries into center	VE = 18 TCS10 = 11 TCS100 = 17		$VE = 14.27 \pm 2.17$ $TCS10 = 13.89 \pm 2.95$ $TCS100 = 7.22 \pm 1.17$ $VE = 11.00 \pm 0.82$ $TCS10 = 12.90 \pm 1.63$ $TCS100 = 5.88 \pm 0.64$	One-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction test
Forced swim	5 min	Immobility time (sec)	VE = 18 TCS10 = 1 TCS100 = 1		$VE = 188.66 \pm 11.08$ $TCS10 = 189.05 \pm 6.95$ $TCS100 = 191.19 \pm$ 7.92	One-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction test
Tail suspension	5 min	Immobility time (sec)	VE = 18 TCS10 = 11 TCS100 = 17		$VE = 77.56 \pm 11.22$ $TCS10 = 60.21 \pm 8.59$ $TCS100 = 78.78 \pm 9.49$	One-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction test
Nesting behavior	12 hour	Nesting score  S 10 mg/kg/day: T	VE = 14 TCS10 = 11 TCS100 = 13		$VE = 4.64 \pm 0.27$ $TCS10 = 3.18 \pm 0.38$ $TCS100 = 3.54 \pm 0.33$	One-way ANOVA with Bonferroni correction test

VE: Vehicle; TCS10: TCS 10 mg/kg/day; TCS100: TCS 100 mg/kg/day