

Article



The detection of ALDH3B2 in human placenta

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Supplementary Materials:

Unedited images of the western blot analyses of placenta homogenates are shown in Figure S1.



Figure S1. Western blot analysis of placenta homogenates using anti-ALDH3B2 (A) and anti-GAPDH (B) antibodies revealed bands corresponding to the molecular weight of 53 kDa (long isoform of ALDH3B2) and bands corresponding to molecular weight of 37 kDa (GAPDH). Proteins in homogenates were applied onto the polyacrylamide gel. After separation, they were transferred onto the PVDF membrane. Immunodetection of ALDH3B2 protein was performed using anti-ALDH3B2 antibody (A). After membrane stripping the immunodetection was repeated with anti-GAPDH antibody (B). GAPDH detection was used as a loading control, as GAPDH gene is constitutively expressed at high levels in many tissues. The image was taken using ChemiDoc XRS+ (Bio-Rad). As size standard PageRulerTM Prestained Protein Ladder (cat. No 26616) was used.

The images of western blot analyses of recombinant ALDH1A1, ALDH3A1 and short ALDH3B2 proteins as well as colons and ovaries homogenates are shown in Figure S2.



Figure S2. Western blot analyses using anti-ALDH3B2 antibody revealed bands corresponding to the molecular weight of 53 kDa (long isoform of ALDH3B2) in colons and ovaries homogenates and a band corresponding to molecular weight of 43 kDa in the case of purified short recombinant ALDH3B2. No bands were obtained in the case of purified recombinant ALDH1A1 and ALDH3A1 proteins. Homogenates and recombinant proteins were applied onto the polyacrylamide gel. After separation, proteins were transferred onto the PVDF membrane. Immunodetection was performed using anti-ALDH3B2 antibody. The chemiluminescence was detected using BioMax MR Film, Kodak.

The mass spectrum for sequencing of peptide AAQLQGLGHFLQENK found among tryptic fragments of long recombinant ALDH3B2 protein as well as sequence coverage of the recombinant long ALDH3B2 protein are shown in Figure S3.

A Protein sequence coverage: 74%

Matched peptides shown in **bold red**.

1	MDPFEDTLRR	LR EAFNAGRT	RPAEFR AAQL	QGLGHFLQEN	KQLLR DVLAQ
51	DLHKPAFEAD	ISELILCQNE	VDYALKNLQA	WMKDEPRSTN	LFMKLDSVFI
101	WKEPFGLVLI	IAPWNYPLNL	TLVLLVGALA	AGSCVVLKPS	EISQGTEK VL
151	AEVLPQYLDQ	SCFAVVLGGP	QETGQLLEHK	LDYIFFTGSP	RVGKIVMTAA
201	TKHLTPVTLE	LGGKNPCYVD	DNCDPQTVAN	RVAWFCYFNA	GQTCVAPDYV
251	LCSPEMQERL	LPALQSTITR	FYGDDPQSSP	NLGHIINQKQ	FQRLRALLGC
301	SRVAIGGQSN	ESDRYIAPTV	LVDVQETEPV	MQEEIFGPIL	PIVNVQSVDE
351	AIK FINR QEK	PLALYAFSNS	SQVVNQMLER	TSSGSFGGNE	GFTYISLLSV
401	PFGGVGHSGM	GR YHGK FTFD	TFSHHRTCLL	APSGLEK LKE	IHYPPYTDWN
451	QQLLR WGMGS	QSCTLL			





Figure S3. A. Sequence coverage of the recombinant long ALDH3B2 (from Mascot report). Peptides found experimentally are marked with red color, amino acid sequence encoded by nucleotides located upstream the second start codon is underlined, amino acid sequence of unique peptide identified also in analysis of placenta homogenate is framed with a black box. B. MS/MS spectrum registered for AAQLQGLGHFLQENK peptide. The upper left corner indicates the source of the fragment ions identified as either a, b or y ions. ⁺⁺ designates doubly charged fragment ions, ^{*} designates fragment ions with neutral loss.

The probability curve for the formation of transmembrane helices by long ALDH3B2 isoform obtained using TMHMM Server v. 2.0 [1,2] is shown in Figure S4.



Figure S4. Prediction of transmembrane helix formation by long ALDH3B2 isoform. The probability curve for the occurrence of transmembrane helix in case of long ALDH3B2 isoform was obtained using TMHMM Server v. 2.0 [1,2] and the ALDH3B2 sequence, the product of translation of mRNA transcript number U37519.1 from NCBI obtained using ExPASy server [3] with alanine in the position encoded by premature stop codon.

The alignment of all ALDH3B2 mRNA sequences available in NCBI is shown in Figure S5.

mRNA1 mRNA2 mRNA3	GTAGGAGCAGAGCCTGCGCATCTGGAGGCAGCATGTCCAAGAAAGGGAGTGGAGGTGCAG GTAGGAGCAGAGCCTGCGCATCTGGAGGCAGCATGTCCAAGAAAGGGAGTGGAGGTGCAG	341 131 32			
mRNA4	GTAGGAGCAGAGCCTGCGCATCTGGAGGCAGCATGTCCAAGAAAGGGAGTGGAGGTGCAG	165			
mRNA5	GTAGGAGCAGAGCCTGCGCATCTGGAGGCAGCATGTCCAAGAAAGGGAGTGGAGGTGCAG	288			
	FIRST START CODON				
mRNA1	CGAAGGACCCAGGGGCAGAGCCCAC-GCTGGGGATGGACCCCTTCGAGGACACACTGCGG	400			
mRNA2	CGAAGGACCCAGGGGCAGAGCCCAC-GCTGGGGATGGACCCCTTCGAGGACACACTGCGG	190			
mRNA3	CCCCTTCCACCATAACTGATGGACCCCTTCGAGGACACGCTGCGG	77			
mRNA4	CGAAGGACCCAGGGGCAGAGCCCAC-GCTG-GGATGGACCCCTTCGAGGACACGCTGCGG	223			
mRNA5	CGAAGGACCCAGGGGCAGAGCCCAC-GCTGGGGATGGACCCCTTCGAGGACACGCTGCGG	347			
	TAKE-OFF SITE PREMATURE STOP CODON A A Q				
mRNA1	CGGCTGCGTGAGGCCTTCAACTGAGGGCGCACGCGGCCGGGCCGAGTTCCGGGCTGCGCAG	46			
mRNA2	CGGCTGCGTGAGGCCTTCAACTGAGGGCGCACGCGGCCGGGCCGAGTTCCGGGCTGCGCAG	250			
mRNA3	CGGCTGCGTGAGGCCTTCAACTGAGGGCGCACGCGGCCGGGCCGAGTTCCGGGCTGCGCAG	137			
mRNA4	CGGCTGCGTGAGGCCTTCAACTGAGGGCGCACGCGGCCGGGCCGAGTTCCGGGCTGCGCAG	283			
mRNA5	CGGCTGCGTGAGGCCTTCAACTGAGGGCGCACGCGGCCGGGCCGAGTTCCGGGCTGCGCAG	407			
	LANDING SITE				
	L Q G L G H F L Q E E N K				
mRNA1	CTCCAGGGCCTGGGCCACTTCCTTCAAGAA <mark>AA</mark> CAAG CAGCTTCTGCGCGACGTGCTGGCC	520			
mRNA2	CTCCAGGGCCTGGGCCACTTCCTTCAAGAAAACAAGCAGCTTCTGCGCGACGTGCTGGCC	310			
mRNA3	CTCCAGGGCCTGGGCCACTTCCTTCAAGAAAACAAGCAGCTTCTGCGCGACGTGCTGGCC	197			
mRNA4	CTCCAGGGCCTGGGCCACTTCCTTCAAGAAAACAAGCAGCTTCTGCGCGACGTGCTGGCC	343			
mRNA5	CTCCAGGGCCTGGGCCACTTCCTTCAAGAAAACAAGCAGCTTCTGCGCGACGTGCTGGCC	467			
	LANDING				
mRNA1	CAGGACCTGCATAAGCCAGCTTTCGAGGCAGACATATCTGAGCTCATCCTTTGCCAGAAC	580			
mRNA2	CAGGACCTGCATAAGCCAGCTTTCGAGGCAGACATATCTGAGCTCATCCTTTGCCAGAAC	370			
mRNA3	CAGGACCTGCATAAGCCAGCTTTCGAGGCAGACATATCTGAGCTCATCCTTTGCCAGAAC	257			
mRNA4	CAGGACCTGCATAAGCCAGCTTTCGAGGCAGACATATCTGAGCTCATCCTTTGCCAGAAC	403			
mRNA5	CAGGACCTGCATAAGCCAGCTTTCGAGGCAGACATATCTGAGCTCATCCTTTGCCAGAAC	527			
	LANDING SITE SECOND START CODON				
mRNA1	GAGGTTGACTACGCTCTCAAGAACCTTCAGGCCTGGATGAAGGATGAACCACGGTCCACG	640			
mRNA2	GAGGTTGACTACGCTCTCAAG <mark>AAC</mark> CTTCAGGCCTGG <mark>ATG</mark> AAGGATGAACCACGGTCCACG	430			
mRNA3	GAGGTTGACTACGCTCTCAAGAACCTGCAGGCCTGGATGAAGGATGAACCACGGTCCACG	317			

mRNA2GAGGTTGACTACGCTCTCAAGAACCTTCAGGCCTGGATGAAGGATGAACCACGGTCCACG430mRNA3GAGGTTGACTACGCTCTCAAGAACCTGCAGGCCTGGATGAAGGATGAACCACGGTCCACG317mRNA4GAGGTTGACTACGCTCTCAAGAACCTGCAGGCCTGGATGAAGGATGAACCACGGTCCACG463mRNA5GAGGTTGACTACGCTCTCAAGAACCTGCAGGCCTGGATGAAGGATGAACCACGGTCCACG587

Figure S5. Alignment of different *ALDH3B2* **mRNA sequences available in NCBI.** The following *ALDH3B2* mRNA sequences were aligned using Clustal Omega server [4]: mRNA1 (NCBI: U37519.1), mRNA2 (NCBI: NM_000695.3), mRNA3 (NCBI: NM_001354345.1), mRNA4 (NCBI: NM_000695.2) and mRNA5 (NCBI: NM_001031615.2). Green indicates start codons, red indicates stop codon, yellow indicates potential matching take-off and landing sites of ribosome during bypassing event and violet indicates the nucleotides encoding the peptide identified in MS/MS analysis. Its sequence is annotated above the corresponding nucleotides.

Supplementary materials can be found at www.mdpi.com/xxx/s1.

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