

Supplementary Information

Supplementary Figures

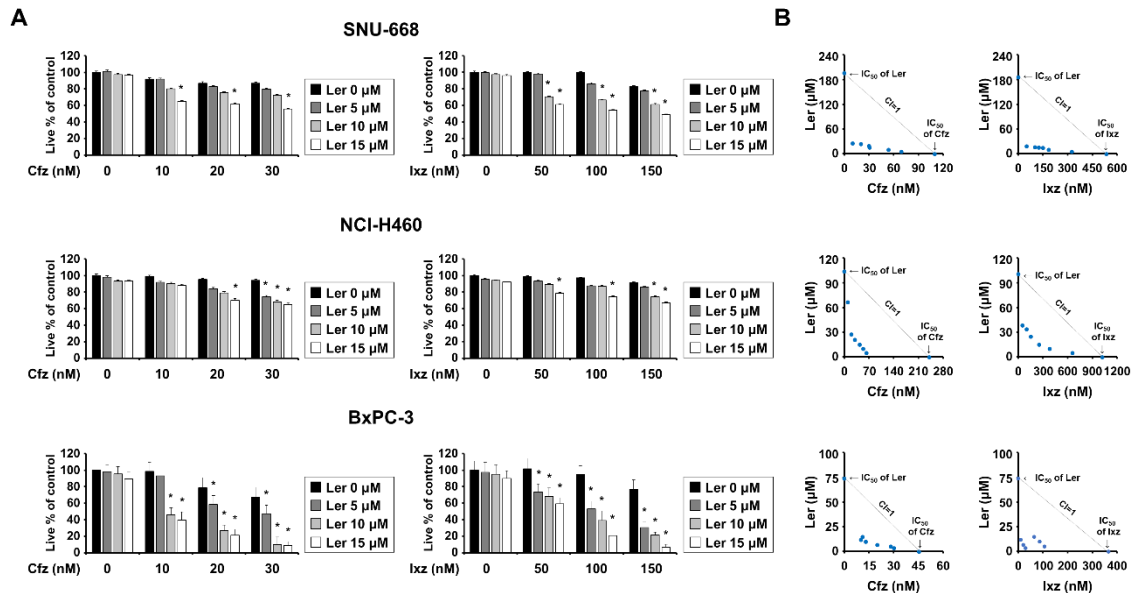


Figure S1. Ler sensitizes various cancer cells to PIs-mediated cell death (A) Cells were treated with the indicated concentrations of PIs and/or Ler for 24 h and cellular viability was assessed using [the](#) IncuCyte as described in Materials and Methods. The percentage of live cells was normalized to that of untreated control cells (100%). Data represent the means $\pm$ S.D. ($n = 7$). One-way ANOVA and Bonferroni's post hoc test. * $p < 0.001$ vs PI treated cells. (B) Isoboles for the combination of PIs and Ler that proved iso-effective (IC_{50}) for inhibiting cell viability.

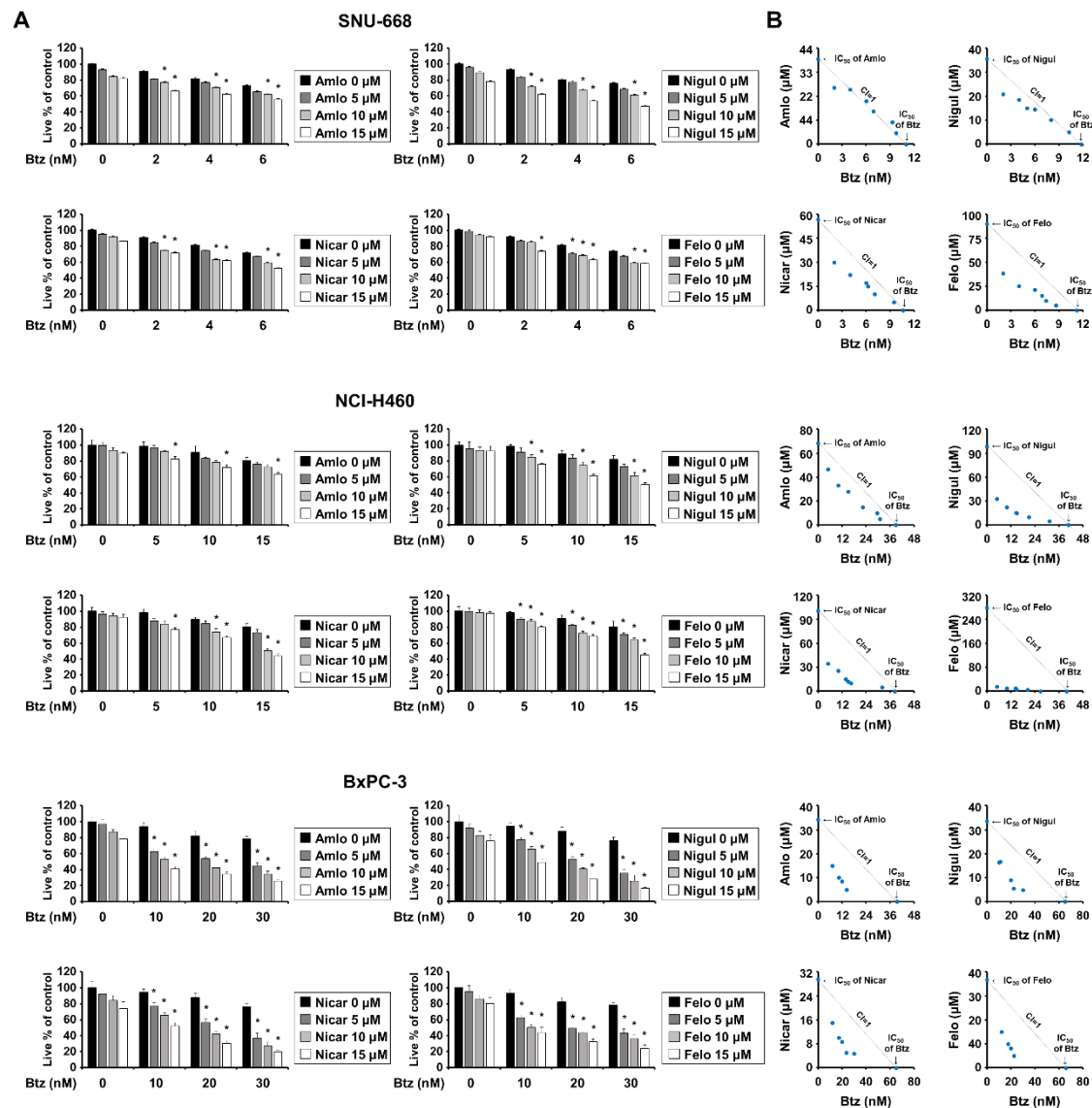


Figure S2. Combinations of each DHP and Btz selectively induce cell death in various cancer cells. (A) Cells were treated with the indicated concentrations of Btz and/or DHPs for 24 h and cellular viability was assessed using the IncuCyte as described in Materials and Methods. The percentage of live cells was normalized to that of untreated control cells (100%). Data represent the means $\pm$ S.D. ($n = 7$). One-way ANOVA and Bonferroni's post hoc test. * $p < 0.001$ vs PI treated cells. (B) Isoboles for the combination of PIs and Ler that proved iso-effective (IC₅₀) for inhibiting cell viability.

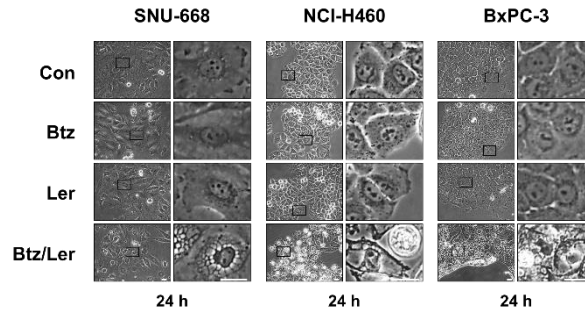


Figure S3. Combination of Btz and Ler induces cytoplasmic vacuolation in various cancer cells. Cellular morphologies were observed by phase-contrast microscopy. Bars, 20 μ m. Cells were treated with Btz and/or Ler (for SNU-668 cells, 4 nM Btz and/or 10 μ M; for NCI-H460 cells, 15 nM Btz and/or Ler 10 μ M; for BxPC-3 cells, 20 nM and/or 10 μ M Ler) for 24 h. Bars, 20 μ m.

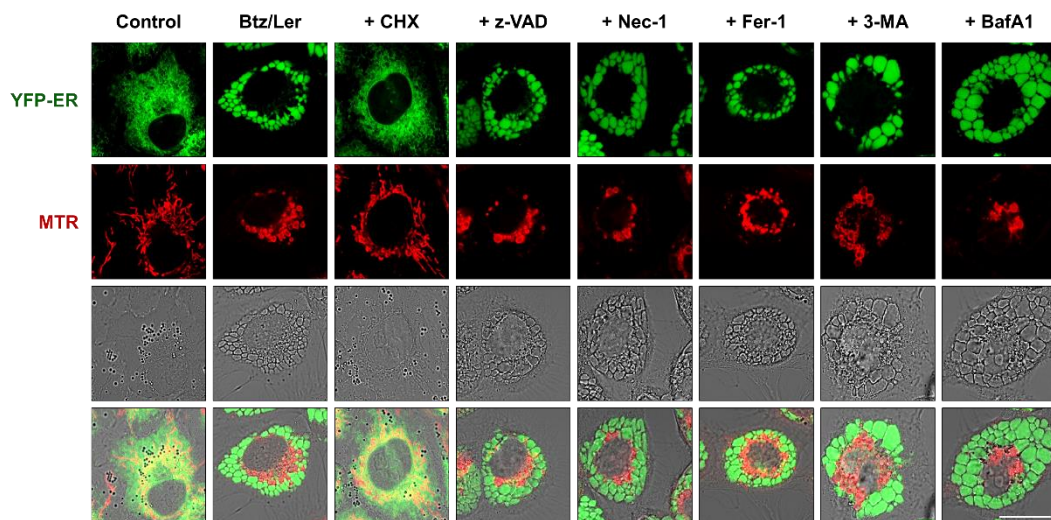


Figure S4. Btz/Ler-induced dilation of mitochondria and the ER does not depend on apoptosis, necroptosis, ferroptosis, or autophagy. YFP-ER cells were untreated or pretreated with 2 μ M CHX, 20 μ M z-VAD, 20 μ M Nec-1, 1 μ M Fer-1, 0.25 mM 3-MA, or 10 nM BafA1 and further treated with 4 nM Btz and/or 10 μ M Ler for 12 h. Cells were stained with MTR and observed by confocal microscopy. Bars, 20 μ m.